TO VOTE ON TRUST BILL

WASHINGTON HOUSE RECONSIDERS ITS ACTION.

Easterday's Bill Comes Up Again and He Reminds Members of Pledges—Much Debate on School Law.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The House will be afforded an opportunity to act again on the Easterday anti-trust bill. This morning Roth's motion to reconsider was carried and on Easterday's suggestion the matter went over until Monday for final action. Easterday in approving of Roth's motion said that he wished to make it plain to every member exactly what he was voting on and had no desire to "buffalo" any one into voting on something they did not understand. He wished them to take plenty of time to figure out the bill, and asked them to consider the recent action of Judge Grosscup in relation to the beef trust. He called their attention to the fact that both houses of the Legislature had passed a memorial approving of the attitude of President Roosevelt regarding trusts, and that the President was now threatening an extra session of Congress unless anti-trust legislation was taken up. He also passed a few bouquets to the members who were inclined to be distrustful of his bill, but who had introduced less sweeping measures covering lines in which they were not interested, but failing to mention those in which they were.

Cameron objected to the reconsideration of the bill, as he said it was a good measure and should become a law.

Merill, the chief objector yesterday, said it was the "most momentous measure ever permitted to slip through the House."

Levy of King, fearing that the first hour of the session would slip by without his having an opportunity to be heard, offered a resolution that a committee of three from the House and three from the Senate be appointed to visit the various Indian reservations of the state and report on the amount of land that should be thrown open for settlement, said committee to be allowed $5 per day, mileage and incidental expenses.

The Speaker feelingly referred the matter to the printing committee. The following new bills were introduced.

H. B. 412, Cole of King—Providing for incorporation and regulation of mutual casualty insurance companies and associations.

H. B. 413, Parcel and Ranck of Clark—Providing for river improvement districts (same as Rand's bill introduced in the Senate a few days ago).

H. B. 414, Wells of Spokane—Providing for the submission to a vote of the people the question of amending certain sections of the constitution of the state. Section 39 to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the Legislature to pass laws requiring all railroads and transportation companies having or hereafter acquiring franchises through the state, to carry, free of charge, any state, county or municipal officer of the state when traveling upon public business.

H. B. 11, which has been pretty fully explained in The Oregonian as the Quinn bill, intended to take the election of Superior and Supreme Court Judges out of politics, was the first on the calendar this morning. It had been so thoroughly threshed out that no discussion was made, except the customary remarks by Levy of King. He again rebuked Mr. Quinn for daring to come here as one of the minority party and ask the Republicans to pass a law affecting elections. Even the opposition of Levy failed to save the bill, however, and it was lost by a vote of 33 to 48, with 13 absent or not voting. The House then passed, under suspension of the rules, House bill 197, by Brewer of Chehalis, amending the tideland act so that a buyer who had become delinquent in payments and lost the land could again come in as a buyer and have the amount previously paid credited on the second purchase. The Jones bill establishing truant schools in cities of 10,000 inhabitants was also passed, under suspension of the rules.

The afternoon session of nearly three hours was taken up in reading and discussing House bill 65, a measure correcting and amending the school law. There were nearly 10,000 words in the bill, and progress was slow. The only debate was over an amendment which makes Memorial day a legal school holiday. On this point Gunderson, Ranck, Ralne and a number of others spoke in favor, while Easterday, Gleason and others opposed it on the ground that instead of school children taking part in the beautiful exercises which are a part of their school work on that day, they would devote the day to pleasure. The amendment carried, and, on the plea from Easterday that some of the members had voted under a misunderstanding of the case, the vote was reconsidered. It resulted in the amendment carrying by a vote of 30 to 27.

Between sections of the bill Mr. Levy, of King, rose to a question of personal privilege. He stated that he had been assailed in print by a certain newspaper man and vilified and termed a low comedian. He said the reason for the attack was his failure to contribute money to the representative or the misrepresentative of the press. He notified the House that he would rather be a low comedian than a high sucker. His preference thus expressed was accepted by the House, and appears in the minutes of the session.

The House passed Senate bill 199, appropriating $500 for the celebration of the 50th anniversary of territorial organization.

At the conclusion of the reading of the educational bill an attempt was made to suspend the rules and pass the measure, but there were so many of the members absent that this was not assented to.

Mr. Cameron presided at the afternoon session with dignity and affability.

IN THE SENATE.

Resolution Passed Asking Congress to Pass Anti-Trust Legislation.

OLYMPIA, Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The Senate this morning passed the Roosevelt memorial instructing the representatives in both branches of Congress to support the President in anti-trust legislation. It went through without a dissenting vote, although some of the friends of Cushman and Foster seem to regard it as not exactly complimentary to them on account of their attitude on Cuban reciprocity and the sugar tariff.

The Senate reconsidered the vote by which it passed House bill 21, and this time it was lost and afterward indefinitely postponed. The bill provides that all matter relating to the selling, leasing, or making of contracts, concerning real estate belonging to a city or the granting of franchises or special privileges, shall be submitted to the people for vote upon petition of 25 per cent of the qualified voters of such city. The reconsideration of the bill was not accomplished without a spirited discussion of parliamentary law. The bill was passed by the Senate Wednesday, and at that time Palmer of King gave notice that he would move for a reconsideration. Later a motion was passed transmitting all bills passed that day to the House. This was done under suspension of the rules.

Senator Palmer made his motion for reconsideration this morning, and Senator Tolman, of Spokane, at once made the point that the bill had been transmitted to the House, and, being no longer in the custody of the Senate, could not be reconsidered. It then developed that Secretary Lysons, owing to Palmer having given notice of reconsideration, had not transmitted the bill to the House along with the others, and that it was still in the Senate.

There was a long discussion of parliamentary law on Senator Tolman's point of order. Senators Graves, Crow, Moultray and Moore supported the point of order, and contended that the time had gone by when the Senate could reconsider. Vandevanter, Palmer and Rands took the other side. In support of his point, Senator Tolman produced a precedent made in the Senate two years ago, where Governor McBride, as president of the Senate, had ruled that the Legislative reapportionment bill could be immediately transmitted to the House, notwithstanding the fact that notice of a motion to reconsider had been given. Tolman pointed out that this ruling of Governor McBride had been appealed from, and that the Senate had sustained the decision of the chair.

Senator Graves taunted Senator Rands with having voted at that time to sustain the decision of the chair.

"I know, though," continued Graves, "that the Senator from Clark, like a majority of this Senate, holds to the doctrine that consistency is not a jewel."

"A wise man changes his mind," retorted Rands. "You know the rest."

Finally the president overruled Tolman's point of order, and held Palmer's motion to reconsider in order. Tolman appealed, but the Senate sustained Smith's ruling. The motion to reconsider prevailed by a vote of 24 to 14.

Senator Baker moved to indefinitely postpone the bill. There was no debate, and the motion prevailed by a vote of 22 to 16, with four absent. The Senate passed Senate bill No. 100, by Welch, which provides that all persons who purchased timber lands from the state prior and subsequent to June 13, 1901, should have ten years to remove the timber. As introduced, the bill provided that the ten years should apply on land purchased prior to the date mentioned, but Senator Clapp got in an amendment making it apply to lands purchased subsequently thereto. The present law gives purchasers but five years to remove such land. Senator Welty, of Lewis, led the fight on the bill and said it was a barefaced attempt to give timber speculators the right to hold their lands for a long period of time, in order that they might take advantage of the constantly advancing price of timber, and a further attempt to let such speculators escape from the intent of the law that timber-land purchases shall be made in good faith. Several Senators supported Senator Welty, but the bill passed by a vote of 25 to 12.

The Senate passed under suspension of the rules Senate bill No. 199, by Stewart, appropriating $500 for the celebration of the 50th anniversary of the organization of Washington Territory.

After the introduction of the following bills the Senate adjourned until Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock:

S. B. 199, Stewart—Appropriating $500 for the celebration of the organization of Washington Territory.

S. B. 200, Graves—Defining the liability of railroad companies for damages sustained by their employes, to define who are fellow-servants and who are not fellow-servants, and to prohibit contracts limiting liability under the act. This is a fellow-servant bill that applies only to railroads, and was introduced in lieu of the general fellow-servant law, also introduced by Graves, which the Senate yesterday referred to the committee on manufactures.

S. B. 201, Cornwell—Appropriating $5334 for the relief of Franklin County for taxes erroneously paid in 1901.

S. B. 202, O'Donnell—Permitting the employment of convicts in any part of the state in crushing rock for roads, and authorizing the Board of Control to purchase all necessary rock-crushing machinery.

S. B. 203, Graves—Prohibiting railroads from working their employes more than 16 hours a day.

S. B. 204, Hemrich—Providing for the incorporation of mutual casualty insurance companies.

S. B. 205, Tucker—Relating to all associations and corporations engaged in gathering news and the distribution thereof; declaring the same to be common carriers and providing penalties for discrimination between patrons thereof or persons desiring to be patrons, and declaring an emergency. The object of this bill is to declare the Associated Press a common carrier.

S. B. 206, judiciary committee—Relating to the powers and duties of Superior Court Commissioners.

S. B. 207, Rands—Amending laws relating to municipal elections so that notices thereof shall be published but two weeks preceding such elections in the official city newspaper.

ALMOST CAUSES A RIOT.

Change of Venue Bill Passed by Senate in Montana.

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 20.—A special to the Miner from Helena says the change of venue bill, which nearly caused a riot in the Senate Wednesday night, passed the Senate tonight by a vote of 17 to 8, after a very stormy session. Senator Kennedy announced his determination to hold the floor and amend every section of the bill. The ile was passed, and the Sergeant-at-Arms was compelled to seat Kennedy.

The House today passed a bill appropriating $25,000 for a Montana exhibit at the St. Louis Exposition.

Sunnyside Notes.

SUNNYSIDE, Wash., Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The Federated Ladies' Aid Society, of Sunnyside, an organization of 100 members, embracing four divisions, has charge of the lecture, moral and philanthropic work of the community. Mr. Naaman Wooding, a wealthy farmer from Carroll County, Illinois, threw open yesterday to the ladies probably the best house, just completed, in the community.

C. Rowland, of Lanark, Ill., is expected to arrive Friday with a car of homeseekers. There have been quite a number of people looking over the country the past two weeks.

At a meeting of the patrons of the Sunnyside High School District, for the purpose of selecting a site for the proposed building, seven tracts were offered. A five-acre lot lying just outside the platted portion of the town was selected, the price being $300 per acre.

It is confidently expected that the railroad surveyed by the Northern Pacific to Satus will be continued next year to Coulee City by way of Sunnyside.

San Francisco Recommends Man.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—A committee representing the leading wholesale tea and grocery houses of this city has recommended the appointment of C. J. Toohey for the position of Chief of the Bureau of Manufactures in the new Department of Commerce and Labor. The chief commercial bodies of the Coast will be asked to second their choice. Mr. Toohey is at present Government Inspector of Teas at this port. It is understood that the President desires to appoint a Pacific Coast man.

Want Sons to Attend School.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—A movement is on foot among the Chinese merchants to force admittance for their sons to the public schools. The Examiner says that it has been decided to petition the Legislature to amend the law which restricts the Chinese youth to the Chinese public schools. The Chinese fathers of native sons declare the exclusion of their boys from the public schools is not only unjust, but at variance with the Constitution of the United States.

Falls to His Death.

SPOKANE, Feb. 20.—The body of James Dignan, a well-known railroad contractor, was found this morning lying in a light shaft just outside a basement window of the Pedicord Hotel. He was dressed in his underclothing and apparently had been dead for hours. Investigation shows that Dignan had fallen from the window of his room on the third floor of the hotel. It is supposed he raised the window and sat on the sill, but lost his balance.

G. A. R. Party en Tour.

DENVER, Feb. 20.—General Thomas J. Stewart, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, and a large party of the officers and leading members of the order and of the Woman's Relief Corps are in the city as the guests of the Department of Colorado. General Stewart and party are on a tour of the United States, and will go from here to the Pacific Coast today.

ACTIVE FOR LEWISTON

DELEGATION AT BOISE BOOSTING PROPOSED BOOM BILL.

Citizens Are Greatly Incensed at G. W. Thompson for His Opposition to the Measure.

BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The Lewiston delegation was very active today. During the day they had several consultations with G. W. Thompson, of Lewiston, whose opposition to their boom bill, now pending in the Senate, has greatly incensed the people of Lewiston and the delegation of business men from there now in the city. During the day it was stated that one reason for the intensity of the feeling against Mr. Thompson in Lewiston was that he had been sent here to represent the people there, and that a fund had been raised—something like $1000—to defray his expenses.

Naturally, said members of the delegation, when it was learned he had arrayed himself against the measure the town most wanted, and moreover had inspired the introduction of a bill that, they said, if passed, would blight the hopes of that section of ever having a great lumbering enterprise started there, the people, as one man, lifted up their voices in indignation.

Mr. Thompson, when his attention was called to the statement that he was sent here with an expense fund behind him to represent the interests of Lewiston, said:

"I was sent here by the people of Lewiston to represent them on only one matter—the Supreme Court building bill, just signed by the Governor. They raised a fund of $900 for my expenses. When I learned, however, that they expected me to support their boom bill, I ceased drawing on the fund."

Members of the Lewiston delegation, hearing of this statement, said it was generally understood in Lewiston that Mr. Thompson was to represent the City of Lewiston on all matters, he being the president of the Commercial Club, which was especially organized to advance the commercial interests of the city.

CHING SING'S SAD HONEYMOON.

He and His Bride Accused of Being Illegally in Country.

SEATTLE, Feb. 20.—Ching Sing, who claims to be a partner in the wealthy Chinese firm of Quong Tuck, in this city, and his bride of a few months were put in jail today, he charged with unlawfully importing the woman into the United States and she with being unlawfully in the country. The couple were arrested in Port Blakeley by officers on the revenue cutter Guard.

Ching claimed to be a merchant, and his certificate is made out as such, so there was no question of admitting his wife. But for some time past he had been running a laundry, which brings him under the class of laborers, hence his arrest.

TAKES WRONG BOTTLE.

Hailey Merchant Swallows Strychnine With Fatal Effects.

BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 20.—A special to the Statesman from Hailey, Idaho, says:

R. B. Brownell, senior member of the firm of Brownell Bros. Hardware Company, died very suddenly here this afternoon, supposedly from strychnine poisoning. While a drug clerk was engaged in putting up a prescription for him Mr. Brownell went behind the counter to what he thought was the calomel jar and took some of the drug. He went into convulsions immediately, and died in a short time. He has been in the habit of helping himself to calomel, and it is believed he got hold of the strychnine jar by mistake.

WOMAN MEMBER'S BILL.

Would Forbid Candidates Giving Drinks, Cigars or Free Rides.

SALT LAKE, Feb. 20.—Mrs. Coulter, the only woman member of the Utah Legislature, today introduced a bill in the House limiting election expenses of candidates and requiring the filing of the same.

The bill makes it unlawful for any candidate to give away or treat to any cigars, drinks or other refreshments, or to furnish voters carriage or other transportation to the polls. Violation is made punishable by fine, imprisonment and loss of office to which the candidate has been elected. The bill also makes it a misdemeanor for any voter to solicit cigars, drinks or anything of value from candidates.

PRISONER ATTEMPTS ESCAPE.

Jailer Subdues Him After Fierce Fight, Breaking His Arm.

KALISPELL, Mont., Feb. 20.—W. F. Dodd, who is confined in jail here awaiting trial for defrauding creditors, attempted to break jail last night. He filed off the head of the bolt holding the lock on the cell door, and when the night jailer was busy with the stove he forced the door and jumped on Jailer Frank Shuber. The jailer, in trying to overpower his man, struck him with a club and was forced to use his gun, which he did with telling effect upon the prisoner. One bullet grazed Dodd's eye, and another broke his left arm above the elbow, and the arm had to be amputated today. This is Dodd's second attempt at escape.

To Regulate Liquor Traffic.

SALT LAKE, Feb. 20.—A comprehensive bill regulating the liquor question and repealing the existing laws on the subject was introduced in the House today by Representative Spry. The most unique feature in the bill is that it prohibits all persons from treating or giving away any intoxicating beverage in any saloon or other public place where such liquors are kept for sale. Heavy penalties are prescribed for violations.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS ARE CLOSED.

Pullman City Authorities Guard Against Smallpox.

PULLMAN, Wash., Feb. 20.—(Special.)—Mayor Staley today issued a proclamation closing the public schools and forbidding all public gatherings in Pullman for a period of 15 days. This action was taken after the City Council had canvassed the situation and decided it was unsafe longer to permit public meetings, owing to the prevalence of scarlet fever, measles and smallpox.

A special policeman has been appointed to assist Marshal Raymiller to keep all children off the streets. The town is not quarantined, but this measure was considered advisable to prevent the diseases now prevalent in Pullman from becoming epidemic. The Washington Agricultural College is not closed and the situation there is improving, there being no new cases of smallpox among the students.

Wife Sues Him for Divorce.

ALBANY, Or., Feb. 20.—(Special.)—F. M. Rumbaugh, the prominent Linn County man who disappeared some time ago, has been sued for a divorce by his wife, E. J. Rumbaugh. The plaintiff alleges that defendant absconded with one Mert Berry on December 16, 1902, and that the two are illegally living together in Port Townsend, Wash., claiming to be man and wife, under the assumed name of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Marion. F. M. Rumbaugh owns considerable property in Linn County, and also in Portland and Skagway, Alaska.

Takes His Own Life.

SALT LAKE, Feb. 20.—(Special.)—John B. Glenz, a laborer who came here a year ago from Portland, Or., today poured a quantity of carbolic acid into a beer glass, and then laughing, drank it. He died in agony soon after. Glenz's suicide followed a quarrel with his wife, who is said to have been a woman of ill-repute, whom he but recently married. Glenz is said to have a brother living at Salem, Or.

Second Battalion En Route.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 20.—The Second battalion of the Fourteenth Infantry, Colonel Jocelyn commanding, with headquarters, staff and band, arrived in Omaha today from Fort Wayne, near Detroit, and spent some time at the Union station. A special train of 12 cars was necessary to handle the force. The train came in over the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad and went out on the Union Pacific.

Granted Stay of Execution.

SALEM, Feb. 20.—(Special.)—Governor Chamberlain today granted a stay of execution and reprieve until March 20 in the case of State vs. A. M. Humphrey, of this city, who was convicted in the Marion County Circuit Court of the crime of larceny by bailee, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment in the State Penitentiary.

Soldiers Leave Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 20.—The battalion of the Fourteenth United States Infantry which has been located at Forts Porter and Niagara, left today for San Francisco, en route to the Philippines. This will be the second trip of the Fourteenth to the Philippines.

Women Injured in Runaway.

ELMA, Wash., Feb. 20.—(Special.)—Mrs. Arthur E. Waddell and her sister, Miss Etta White, were severely injured in a runaway today. The horses they were driving became unmanageable, the women were thrown from the buggy, which shortly after was smashed to pieces and one of the horses killed.

"Those city sportsmen come down into our stubble fields and chase the half-grown birds around with clubs. If they'd wait 'till the birds are grown, us farmers would have our work done and we'd all have a chance at 'em."—(Rep. Cornett in speech on game law.)

SENT TO MANILA AGAIN

FOURTEENTH INFANTRY TO LEAVE NEXT WEEK FOR PHILIPPINES.

This Is the Second Trip of the Gallant Regiment and It Goes to Relieve the First Infantry.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—The transport Kilpatrick will sail on February 28 for Samar with the Fourteenth Infantry Regiment. The men are to take the place of the First Infantry. The Logan, to sail on the last day of this month, also will carry the first squadron of the Thirteenth Cavalry, 100 marines and a large number of saloon passengers. The Sheridan, next to arrive from the Philippines, will be due on March 3.

Confesses to Most Anything.

ANACONDA, Mont., Feb. 20. — People here know a Franklin J. Baer, who closely resembles, from description, the Franklin Baer now in jail at Washington, and who says he took part in a railroad holdup in Montana. The man owned a ranch in the Deer Lodge Valley. His peculiarity was that when drunk he would confess to all kinds of terrible deeds. At one time he confessed to killing three men and a woman at his ranch. Investigation showed there was nothing to the story. He is believed to be mentally unbalanced.

New Bank Going to Spokane.

SPOKANE, Feb. 20.—The Bank of Montreal will establish a branch in Spokane. This announcement is made officially in Montreal and Vancouver. It is said the immediate purpose is to finance the construction of the projected Canadian Pacific branch line from Spokane to the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. There are now four National banks and one private bank here, with aggregate deposits of nearly $20,000,000.

Captain Pease Partially Paralyzed.

ASTORIA, Or., Feb. 20.—While the Government dredge, W. S. Ladd, was working near Brookfield on Wednesday morning, her master, Captain Pease, had a slight stroke of paralysis which affected his left leg and arm and also interfered with his articulation. He was brought to this city and after being examined by a physician, who did not consider his condition serious, he was taken to his home in Portland.

Was Once Well-Known Actor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Jean Clara Walters, once an actress of National fame, is dead in East Oakland. Forty-five years ago she made her debut, playing the Duchess of York in "Richard III" at the Newark Theater, Newark, N. J. Later she played in many cities with John McCollough, Fanny Davenport and other stars. She died in poverty, her estate being valued at $100.

Charged With Holding Up Street-Car

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 20.—Two men are under arrest on the charge of holding up and robbing an electric car between this city and Pasadena last Wednesday night. They give their names as Frank Metzger and James Burke. Nothing is known of their antecedents, but it is thought they recently came from Colorado. The conductor and motorman have positively identified the suspects.

Buying Up Colville Land.

SEATTLE, Feb. 20.—Herman G. Post, of Sault Ste. Marie, representing Canadian millmen, is here trying to get options on timber lands on the north half of the Colville reservation. A number of tracts have been acquired, and if they can carry out their plan of getting control of all of the timber, three large mills will be established at once. Mr. Post goes from here to Spokane.

Pioneer Newspaper Man Dead.

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 20.—A Great Falls special to the Miner says:

Arthur W. Delaney, aged 67, Postmaster at Sun River, and formerly publisher of the Sun River Press, and an old newspaper man of the Northwest, is dead.

To Defray G. A. R. Expenses.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Feb. 20.—Governor Pardee has signed a bill appropriating $25,000 to defray the expenses of the National G. A. R. encampment in San Francisco next August.

Aided Mme. LaBonta to Escape.

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 20.—Thomas Doyle has surrendered to the police, asserting that he assisted Mme. LaBonta, who figured in the sensational Cayley murder, to escape from Butte.

Received at the Asylum.

SALEM, Feb. 20.—(Special.)—Bert Wheeler, aged 25 years, was received at the asylum today from Morrow County.

Made Senior Class Orator.

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The senior class met yesterday and choose Homer I. Watts class orator. Several other members of the class were candidates for the place, but the popular football captain easily carried off the plum. Miss Gene Crawford was also made class poet.

Observed the Pope's Jubilee.

ALBANY, Or., Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The silver anniversary of the accession of Pope Leo XIII was made the occasion of a great celebration by the Roman Catholics of Albany today. High mass was pronounced at 10 o'clock A. M. by the Rev. Father Louis Metayer in the Catholic Church. The edifice was appropriately decorated, and the ceremonies were impressive.

DOES NOT LIKE LAW.

Merchant Who Was Fined for Displaying Goods on Sidewalk.

PORTLAND, Feb. 19.—To the Editor.)—Believing The Oregonian's intentions are to treat all justly, I desire to correct some false statements in today's Oregonian, in regard to making a display of friut on the sidewalk, and having to pay a $5 fine in consequence, after being "warned repeatedly," and "not heeding the warning," as Officer Caswell makes out.

In the first place I was "warned" but once, and not "repeatedly," two weeks ago, and at once removed my goods to within the property line, my building not being built on a line with the street, and standing a number of inches farther back than the buildings on either side.

On this space I had a few boxes and kegs and not "oranges and nuts," as Officer Caswell stated in court.

I thought I had a right to use the property for which I am paying rent, Chief of Police Hunt holding the same opinion. Such, however, does not seem to be the case. I having taken particular pains to ask the court what the result would be if the front set back three feet, and receiving answer that I would have no right to use the space in front of the building set back three feet or any other distance. How is this for markets that have no fronts; is it all sidewalk?

In conclusion I would like to ask Special Officer Caswell why he does not cause the show cases in front of various large establishment projecting out over the walk 12 to 18 inches to be removed? Is he like a boy with his first sled, brave enough to tackle the small hills, but not the large ones? Again, why does not he go down on Front street, where they occupy all the walk, for displays, six days in the week? Is he afraid they will give him the horse laugh? Maybe he will get brave—some day. J. B. TRUE.

The Plague at San Francisco.

American Medicine.

At a conference of health officers of many states, held at Washington this week under the presidency of Surgeon-General Wyman, the chief topic of discussion was the danger of the spread of bubonic plague throughout the United States because of the action of the State Board of Health of California and the city government of San Francisco. The whole profession and country have stood aghast at the shame and ignominy whereby the existence of plague at San Francisco has been concealed and denied. Dr. Glennon, sent to San Francisco by the Surgeon-General to investigate and report upon the facts, telegraphs that 93 cases of the disease have occurred in the city—six in whites, four in Japanese and 83 in Chinese. Of 22 dead rats found in Chinatown, 11 were infected. The following was part of a resolution passed by the conference:

"The gravity of the situation is greatly increased by the gross neglect of official duty by the State Board of Health of California and the obstructive influences of the recent Governor of California, by the failure of the city government of San Francisco to support its City Board of Health, and by the obstacles opposed to the operations of the United States public health service.

It is incomprehensible that the professional conscience and the mere self-interest of the American people should so long have permitted this criminal selfishness of a few blind and stupid people in California. Let there be a speedy end of the disgrace. If Surgeon-General Wyman has not the power, it should be supplied by the President of the United States. "The public safety is the supreme law."

Not a Rare Occurrence.

Philadelphia Record.

Whatever may be the exact truth about the reported intervention of the Standard Oil Company or its representatives in the process of anti-trust legislation at Washington, the direct interference of outsiders in the proceedings of legislative bodies is not so rare an occurrence as might be inferred from the righteous indignation aroused by the reputed Rockefeller telegrams.

A VILLAGE WONDER

THE HAMLET OF BIG SPRING, WIS., HAS A SENSATION.

Agitation Over the Story of a Woman Who Wanted to Die—Her Condition Due to Serious Ill Health.

Big Spring, Adams County, Wisconsin, is much the same as other country villages where every resident's affairs are pretty well known to everybody else. It was no secret, therefore, that Mrs. Jennette Wilber led an unhappy life and had wished for death as a relief from her suffering. "For twenty-five years I was tortured with indigestion," she says, "but now I am well, thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I have told all my friends of the almost miraculous way in which I was cured.

"Every one in the village knows of my long sickness. After each meal gas would form in my stomach and cause me great distress. So great was my suffering that I thought many times it would be a relief to die. Of course I was treated by the best doctors in our section, but the help they give me was only temporary. I was very careful of my diet, but as I became worse I had difficulty in retaining the simplest food, in fact the smell of food often nauseated me. One day I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People mentioned in a newspaper, and, although I had tried many medicines without being benefited, I decided to try them. I knew that my case, being of long standing, could not be cured in a day, and I gave the pills a thorough trial. I began to improve slowly after taking the first box, and in a few months I was entirely free from indigestion and could eat anything I wanted. Since that time I have been troubled but once, when I became run down from overwork. I resorted to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills again and was soon entirely well."

Any one having indigestion or dyspepsia can be cured if Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are given a sufficient trial. These pills act, not on the symptoms, but on the cause of diseases arising from impoverished blood or shattered nerves. They cure partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, nervous headache, after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions and all forms of weakness. At all druggists, or direct from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., fifty cents per box; six boxes for two dollars and a half.

Not a minute should be lost when a child shows symptoms of croup. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears will prevent the attack. It never fails, and is pleasant and safe to take.

TWENTY YEARS OF SUCCESS

In the treatment of chronic diseases, such as liver, kidney and stomach disorders, constipation, diarrhoea, dropsical swellings, Bright's disease, etc.

KIDNEY AND URINARY

Complaints, painful, difficult, too frequent, milky or bloody urine, unnatural discharges speedily cured.

DISEASES OF THE RECTUM

Such as piles, fistula, fissure, ulceration, mucous and bloody discharges, cured without the knife, pain or confinement.

DISEASES OF MEN

Blood poison, gleet, stricture, unnatural losses, impotency, thoroughly cured. No failures. Cures guaranteed.

YOUNG MEN troubled with night emissions, dreams, exhausting drains, bashfulness, aversion to society which deprive you of your manhood, UNFITS YOU FOR BUSINESS OR MARRIAGE.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN who from excesses and strains have lost their MANLY POWER.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, painful, bloody urine, Gleet, Stricture, enlarged prostate, Sexual Debility, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Kidney and Liver Troubles, cured without MERCURY AND OTHER POISONOUS DRUGS. Catarrh and Rheumatism CURED.

Dr. Walker's methods are regular and scientific. He uses no patent nostrums or ready-made preparations, but cures the disease by thorough medical treatment. His New Pamphlet on Private Diseases sent free to all men who describe their trouble. PATIENTS cured at home. Terms reasonable. All letters answered in plain envelope. Consultation free and sacredly confidential. Call on or address

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Vigor without Volume
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Nothing injurious in
BROWN'S
Bronchial Troches
A great relief for coughs, hoarseness, throat and lung troubles.
Sold in Boxes only. Avoid Imitations.

Irregularity and Nervousness

This Testimony of 1,500,000 Cured Women Confirmed by MRS. EMILIE DANFORTH, 233 Thirty-Second Street, Chicago, Vice-President Woman's Indian Association.

CHICAGO, ILL., Sept. 20, 1902.

I feel it my duty to let my afflicted sisters know of the potency of Wine of Cardui for female troubles. It takes the place of a doctor in my family. I have had experience with different kinds of medicine but nothing I ever saw or heard of would compare with your medicine. It is an ideal home medicine and when doctors fail Wine of Cardui will cure. It cured me of irregularities and nervousness when I felt as if nothing I did would help me. People don't sympathize with those suffering with unstrung nerves. I want to thank you most heartily for what Wine of Cardui has done for me and mine. I am in perfect health now and it is all due to your medicine which is certainly without an equal. *Emilie Danforth*

It is women's nature to be patient. A nervous, irritative woman is always sick. The scolding of the housewife is generally the cry of distress of some suffering mother, racked with unstrung nerves caused by irregular menstruation, bearing down pains or some other form of female weakness that is making her not herself. Household cares never wring from the heart the cry of anguish that the torture of bearing down pains do.

It is female weakness that is killing so many mothers. It is sad to see sweet tempered and loving mothers becoming haggard, sickly, cross and nervous unlovely creatures when even their nearest relatives and dearest friends never know enough of the truth to give sympathy.

People do not understand female weakness and its power to crush a woman's life. Mrs. Danforth knows about it and she wrote this letter to show sick, tired, nervous and worn out women the way to health.

She has shown you that Wine of Cardui is the best and surest medicine to take to secure health. You owe it to your family and friends to secure health. You can have health by taking Wine of Cardui. Why not begin now? There is no better time. There is no surer way. Wine of Cardui imparts health and strength to the female organism. This relieves the nerves of strain and tension. This medicine eliminates bearing down pains. It banishes the last traces of irritation of the membranes and maintains regularity in the menstrual flow.

All druggists sell $1.00 bottles.

WINE of CARDUI