PEOPLE JAMMED IN

Crowds Watch the Balloting for Senator.

WAS NOISY, WARM AND DUSTY

Every Inch of Space Was Occupied—Only Those With Tickets Were inside Railing—Shelley of Lane Cracks a Joke.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 20. — (Special.)—No public occasion other than the election of a United States Senator could have drawn a larger and more intensely interested crowd to Oregon's Capitol than was gathered in the House of Representatives, in the lobby, on the stairways and in all the windows at the Statehouse tonight.

At noon today a large crowd was present to witness the regular ballot in joint convention. Scores of the people brought lunches with them and were still in their seats at 6 o'clock. The sergeant-at-arms tried to drive out the visitors, but as the lobby was free to all, the firstcomers refused to go. The persistency of the sergeant-at-arms in trying to drive them out led to the assertion by many that the purpose was to make room for the Fulton contingent, who had the sympathy of the sergeant. The perseverance of the men, women and children who wanted to see a Senator elected was almost beyond belief. People who ordinarily took no interest in politics, and who knew nothing whatever of the political line-up or mix-up, were willing to sit for 12 hours in a narrow seat that hardly permitted of a change of position.

The room was excessively close, except near the windows. In the lobby and in the corridors and outside the door of the House people stood packed together as close as they could stand. Around the wall is a broad molding at the top of the wainscoting, about five feet above the floor. Young men and boys stood upon this narrow ledge and clung to the ornamental work on the wall to keep themselves from falling.

Efforts to Get Inside.

No one was admitted inside the bar except on ticket. Each member was permitted to issue two tickets and each state officer and ex-Governor Geer were given two tickets. Representatives of the press who had been in attendance upon the session of the Legislature were also granted tickets. Members of the last Legislature were also accorded the honor of seats among the members of this Legislature.

Every sort of plea and argument was used in an effort to get tickets, but neither political influence, nor love, nor money could secure one of the little pieces of cardboard that would gain admission for the bearer. A few men conceived the plan of getting inside and then dropping their tickets out of the window to their friends, but the ticket-taker tore up each ticket as soon as he could get his hands on it. A number of young men crawled around the wall of the Statehouse on a coping about 20 feet from the ground, and climbed in a window in a cloakroom opening off the Representative chamber. The ledge upon which they groped their way was narrow, and in places they were compelled to pass projections where they were in imminent danger of being hurled to the ground below. It was anything to see a Senator elected.

Wished the Crowd Were "Still Born."

When the members of the Senate marched in at 8 o'clock they were received with applause. After the election of J. B. Putnam to succeed himself as State Librarian and James Keating as boatman at Astoria, the balloting for Senator began. The first ballot passed off without incident. On the second ballot of the evening Shelley of Lane made a diversion. Shelley's seat is near the rail, and the clamor of the crowd annoyed him greatly. Finally he could stand it no longer, so he arose to protest. He said: "I am about to say something to the people here back of me, and I do it of my own accord. There is a book called the New Testament, and it is one of the most widely read in the United States. In that book is an account of the new birth. I hope that when these people are born again they will be still-born."

Shelley's sally was greeted with mightier uproar than ever, which President Brownell broke his gavel in trying to quell. On the third ballot of the evening, the 28th of the session, Senator Fulton came into the joint convention and began voting for F. I. Dunbar.

There was a shout from the Geer people when the result of the second ballot was announced, showing that Hume had changed from Hermann to Geer. Hume sat so far up front that the change was not noticed by the crowd when he voted.

Chairs were as precious as diamonds everywhere in the Capitol. Out in the rotunda anxious men, wives, daughters, uncles, aunts, nephews and nieces rested one leg by standing on the other, and then the other leg by standing on the first. Pretty soon both legs got tired, but still the people waited for the ballots to be announced. The chairs of the bootblack stand early in the evening bore the placard, "For rent."

"How much?" asked somebody.

"Four dollars for two, $2 for one," answered the swarthy artist.

"Dear, dear," replied the inquirer, "do you know that my hip bones never felt so unmeasurably large before."

The 34th ballot, the ninth of the evening, showed Geer 29 votes, within four of Fulton. Mays was the new accession to the Geer forces. The announcement of the result was the signal for prolonged cheers from the Geer contingent in the lobby.

As the crowd got warm it also got dry, and a few boys did a big business selling lemonade and soda water at 10 cents a glass.

IN THE SENATE.

Many Bills Passed at Last Day's Session.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The Senate was opened with prayer by Rev. C. A. Rabing, of the Evangelical Church.

H. B. 85, Bilyeu, to appropriate $100,000 for the Indian War veterans, was passed.

The Senate adopted a resolution by Myers, declaring that no censure is due Adjutant-General Gantenbein for the manner in which the history of the Second Oregon was compiled.

H. B. 280, Carnahan, a general revision of the road laws, was read three times and passed.

H. B. 219, Orton, to prescribe the form of official ballot, was postponed indefinitely.

Reports from the committees appointed to investigate the Reform School and the books of the Secretary of State. The reports were favorable and were adopted.

H. B. 107, Phelps—To make taxes payable in the Fall; passed.

H. B. 222, Murphy—To fix the salaries of County Treasurers; passed.

H. B. 339, committee on fisheries—To amend the fishery laws; passed.

H. B. 352, Cobb—Granting State Board of Horticulture power to appoint deputies; passed.

H. B. 182, Gault—Regulating fees of County Clerks; passed.

H. B. 277, Shelley—Requiring sureties for administrators, etc.; passed.

S. B. 240, Carter—To provide close season for elk and pheasants; read three times and passed.

H. B. 292, Hale—To amend the law relative to exemption from taxation; passed.

H. B. 317, Emmitt—To create a Prosecuting Attorney district from the Counties of Jackson and Josephine; passed.

H. B. 368—For the payment of special claims; passed.

H. B. 329—To authorize State Board of Capitol Building Commissioners to negotiate for lights for state institutions; passed.

H. B. 272, Webster—To provide for payment of District Attorneys' fees in Fifth Judicial District; passed.

H. B. 318, judiciary committee—To punish assault; passed.

The special clerks appointed for each Senator were allowed $3 per day each.

H. B. 6, Banks—Authorizing general denials in pleadings; passed.

H. B. 44, Blakley—To require butchers to preserve hides 30 days; passed.

H. B. 327, Malarkey—To authorize Portland to construct additional ferry across Willamette; passed.

H. B. 204, Judd—To provide for allowance of costs and disbursements; passed.

H. B. 138, Shelley—To abolish deficiency judgments; passed.

H. B. 226, Orton—To require that the polls at general elections be kept open until 7 P. M.; passed.

H. B. 161, Kay—To fix plan of assessing stock of National banks; passed.

H. B. 328, Davey—To amend Salem charter; passed.

H. B. 163, Kay—For flat salaries; failed to pass.

H. B. 206, Shelley—To extend the provisions of the Australian ballot law; passed.

H. B. 260, Hahn—To fix qualifications of executors and administrators; passed.

H. B. 334, Miles—To amend charter of Newberg; passed.

H. B. 349, Malarkey—To fix fees of officers in Multnomah County; passed.

H. B. 223 was reconsidered and referred to the committee on railways.

H. B. 254, Reed—To provide for recording of assignments of certificates of sale; passed.

H. B. 265, Whealdon—To prevent cattle from running at large, was indefinitely postponed.

H. B. 218, Test—To fix compensation of commissioners in certain counties; passed.

H. B. 113, Jones of Lincoln—To creat a Summer normal school at Newport. Failed to pass over the Governor's veto.

H. B. 256, Ginn—To facilitate sale of school bonds; passed.

H. B. 55, Nottingham—Requiring that commitments to the Reform School be made by the County Judge; passed.

H. B. 158, Davey—To amend law permitting prosecuting attorneys to file information so as to require calling of grand jury at least once a year; failed to pass.

H. B. 230, Judd—To authorize board of Capitol building commissioners to condemn water rights; passed.

The Senate adjourned until 7 o'clock.

IN THE HOUSE.

Busy Day Acting Upon Senate Bills.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The House was called to order at 9:30 A. M. by Speaker Harris.

S. B. 156, Wehrung—Providing for increase of fees in appealed cases; failed to pass.

H. B. 368, ways and means committee—For payment of claims against the state; passed.

S. B. 99, Sweek—To prohibit fishwheels in Necanicum River; passed.

S. B. 154, Steiwer—Providing for selection of indemnity school lands and sale of same; passed.

S. B. 173, Williamson—Relating to incorporation of societies; passed.

S. B. 237, committee on mines—For Bureau of Mines; passed.

Courtesies of the House were extended to John Driscoll.

Amendments to H. B. 85, to appropriate $100,000 for Indian War veterans; concurred in.

H. R. 32, Gault—For a calendar after adjournment; adopted.

Senate amendments to H. B. 338, committee on fisheries, to amend code relative to protection of salmon industry; concurred in.

Senate amendments to H. B. 223 were concurred in.

Committee on joint clerks recommended payment of compensation.

S. B. 198, Hunt and Marsters—To regulate form of ballots; passed.

S. B. 126, Mulkey—To submit to people constitutional amendment relating to election of State Printer; passed.

S. B. 306, Pierce—To incorporate town of Weston; passed.

S. B. 231, Carter—To protect co-owners of mining claims; passed.

S. B. 169, Rand—To provide for manner of organization of corporations; passed.

S. B. 238, Rand—To incorporate town of Greenhorn; passed.

S. B. 184, Myers—Limiting expenditures to amount of annual levy; passed.

S. B. 182, Dimmick—Relating to duties of District Attorneys; passed.

S. B. 183, Smith of Umatilla—To regulate care of insane patients on way to asylum; failed to pass.

Senate amendments to H. B. 218, Test—Relating to County Commissioners; concurred in.

S. B. 158, Sweek—To provide for licensing of plumbers; passed.

Senate amendments to H. B. 256, Ginn—Relative to sale of school books; concurred in.

Senate amendments to H. B. 55, Nottingham—Relating to commitments to State Reform School; concurred in.

Report of special committee to investigate land affairs was received and adopted.

S. B. 226, Johnson—To fix salary of School Superintendent of Baker and Wasco Counties; postponed indefinitely.

S. B. 236, Croisan—To amend charter of Jefferson; passed.

S. B. 152, McGinn—To provide great seal for the state; passed.

S. B. 74, Wehrung—To regulate practice of veterinary medicine and surgery; passed.

S. B. 112, Fulton—Designating what articles of personal property shall be exempt from execution.

Additional Appropriations.

SALEM, Feb. 20.—(Special.)—A bill passed the House this morning to appropriate money as follows:

To Douglas County for support of nonresident poor in 1897-98 and 1899, for which past appropriations were insufficient	$ 250.80
To Salem Hospital for hospital attendance to John Campbell, a prisoner at the Oregon State Penitentiary from November 27 to December 10, 1902, inclusive	24.00
To Chester V. Dolph, for legal services before the Supreme Court of the State of Oregon in case of Amos T. Young et al, vs. the State of Oregon and the case of Amos T. Young et al. vs. the State of Oregon	300.00
To State Biologist for planting and propagating Eastern oysters, Eastern lobsters and other food fishes	1000.00
For State Engineer, to be appointed by State Land Board, to carry out act of 1901 accepting "Carey arid land grant"	3000.00

Grange to Meet at Rainier.

RAINIER, Or., Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The committee appointed to arrange for time and place of holding the Columbia County Grange has decided in favor of Rainier on March 19, 1903. The County Grange will hold two sessions. In the morning delegates will be elected to attend the State Grange, which meets at Oregon City in May. In the afternoon an open farmers' meeting will be addressed by Aaron B. Jones, National Master of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry. This promises to be one of the largest farmers' gatherings ever held in Columbia County.

FOR BUREAU OF MINES

HOUSE APPROPRIATES $20,000 FOR THE SAME.

The Bill Passed the Senate Last Week and Will Now Go to the Governor.

SALEM, Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The House this morning passed a bill for a bureau of mines. The sum of $20,000 is appropriated to support the bureau, "to develop the mineral resources of and to promote the welfare of mineral industries in the State of Oregon, to prescribe rules and regulations for the equipment, management and operation of mines and mining and metallurgical plants" and to provide punishments for violation of those regulations and of the act. The bill passed the Senate last week and will now go to the Governor.

The management of the bureau is to be vested in a board of seven members to be appointed by the Governor. One of these members is to be a resident of Multnomah County, three of Western Oregon and three of Eastern Oregon. This board is to elect a commissioner thoroughly versed in mining and metallurgy. His salary is not to exceed $250 per month. The bureau is to be located at Portland.

The bill had a hard time in the House, at first, on account of its length and the impatience of its members. It was about to be indefinitely postponed, when Malarkey, by a strong and eloquent plea, rescued it from that fate.

In a spirit of fairness Senator Mulkey moved this morning that the committee to arrange for the admission of visitors to the House during the joint convention tonight be composed of one Senator who has been voting for Fulton, one who has been voting for Geer, and one who has been voting for Wood. When the vote was taken President Brownell declared the motion lost. When the chair appointed the committee he named Senators Marsters, Farrar and Smith of Yamhill, all Fulton men.

A resolution was also adopted commending the service of Chief Clerk S. L. Moorhead, Calendar Clerk F. C. Middleton, Journal Clerk D. H. Jackson and Reading Clerk Frank Motter.

Senators Miller of Linn and Kuykendall of Lane assured the passage through the Senate of the House bill appropriating $1,000,000 for the payment of the claims of the Indian War veterans. Both of the Senators named made brief addresses favoring the passage of the measure as a matter of justice to the Indian War veterans.

At the request of Senator McGinn H. B. 59, a bill for an act to prescribe the procedure under the initiative and referendum, was read three times in the Senate, under suspension of the rules, and passed.

There will be no more deficiency judgments on foreclosure of mortgages, if Governor Chamberlain signs Shelley's H. B. 138, which has passed both houses of the Legislature. The bill passed the Senate by a vote of 17 to 13.

The House this morning sustained Governor Chamberlain's veto to the $5000 appropriation for a summer normal school at Newport.

The Senate this morning adopted resolutions commending the service of President Brownell as presiding officer of the Senate. The motion for the adoption of the resolution was made by Senator Fulton and seconded by Senators Miller, Pierce and Daily. It was adopted by a rising vote.

The following committees have been appointed: To receive Captain Clark and to extend to him congratulations and welcome: Nottingham, Both, Phelps.

To receive President Roosevelt when he visits Oregon next June: Eddy, Banks, Gault, Hale, Hermann, Jones, Galloway, Bilyeu.

To co-operate with Speaker, Chief Clerk, Assistant Clerk and Calendar Clerk.

Relieve Gantenbein of Censure.

SALEM, Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The Senate today adopted the following resolution, which relieves Adjutant-General Gantenbein from the censure that was contained in a resolution adopted by the Senate a few days ago relative to the new history of the Second Oregon:

Whereas, The Legislative Assembly of 1901 passed a law directing the Adjutant-General to cause the muster rolls of the Oregon Volunteers in the Spanish-American War to be printed; and,

Whereas, Adjutant-General Gantenbein, in pursuance of said direction, did cause the said muster rolls to be printed, giving the complete military history of each officer and enlisted man, as signed by himself at the time of muster-out; be it, therefore,

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Senate, after careful examination of the purpose and contents of the said book of records, that no blame should attach to the Adjutant-General.

REPRESENTATIVE JOHNSON, OF EASTERN OREGON, WHO INTRODUCED THE PORTAGE BILL, IS AN EX-COWBOY, AND WHEN HE SAYS "MR. SPEAKER!!"

NO SUMMER SCHOOL

SENATE SUSTAINS GOVERNOR CHAMBERLAIN'S VETO.

The Scheme Looked Too Much Like a Summer Excursion to the Chief Executive.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 20.—(Special.)A bill for the creation of a Summer normal school at Newport was vetoed by the Governor this morning, passed through the House over the Governor's veto, but was killed in the Senate, where that body refused to pass it over the veto.

"This school looks to me as though it was intended for a Summer excursion," said the Governor in his veto message, "rather than for any ultimate good to the people of the state."

Jones of Lincoln made a strong speech to Republicans to stand behind him. The appeal was effective.

The bill passed originally with a majority of only three votes. The negative votes today were: Democrats—Bilyeu, Blakley, Cantrall, Claypool, Kramer, Murphy, Olwell, Test—8. Republicans—Both, Hines, Kay, LaFollett, Orton, Purdy, Simmons—7. The only Democrat who voted against the Governor was Burleigh. There was no debate upon the bill in the Senate, and the vote was not upon party lines.

Governor Chamberlain's veto message was as follows:

I return herewith House bill No. 113 with my disapproval. The object thereof is to establish a State Summer Normal School at the town of Newport, Lincoln County.

In my message to the Legislature I suggested the propriety of reducing to two the number of normal schools supported by the state, but instead of following this suggestion, which I feel assured meets with the approval of a majority of the taxpayers of the state, the Legislature has not only not seen fit to act upon it, but on the contrary, proposes to add to the burdens of taxation another normal school to be located at Newport. The proposed school is for the benefit of the teachers of the state rather than for the children. In the very nature of things very few teachers would be able to go to Newport to take advantage of this Summer normal school if it were thoroughly established. It looks as though it was intended for a Summer excursion rather than for any ultimate good the people of the state would derive therefrom.

The burdens of taxation are already heavy enough, and the appropriations made by this Legislature have increased rather than diminished the same, and under these conditions I return said bill to you with my veto.

IN MEMORY OF T. H. TONGUE.

The Senate Adopts Appropriate Resolutions.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The Senate tonight adopted the following resolution:

Whereas, Hon. Thomas H. Tongue, Representative from the First District of Oregon, in the Congress of the United States, died at Washington, D. C., January 11, 1903; therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Senate of the State of Oregon—

First—That in his death the Nation has lost a patriot, whose voice was uplifted in behalf of the common people; the state an advocate who was ever vigilant in guarding its welfare, and in advocating its interest; his friends a companion whose wise counsel and hearty cheer stimulated vigorous action and encouraged manly effort; his family a loving husband and a kind father, whose upright life affords a model for their guidance, and whose interest in their welfare was measured only by his ability.

Second—He possessed strong reasoning power, a sound judgment, a capacious and retentive memory, a vigorous and comprehensive understanding, which entitled him to a high place in the counsels of his fellow-men. He was a prodigious brain-worker, indefatigable in energy and tireless in all his efforts, by which he mastered the details of every subject which engaged his attention. From the time of his admission to the bar he took high rank as a lawyer. In this Senate he was one of the leaders, and in the Congress his influence was widely felt. In every station he occupied he was one of the leaders and always took high rank. His sudden death has caused widespread mourning among his friends, who are legion, and to his family irreparable loss.

Third—We tender to his bereaved wife and children our sincere sympathy.

Fourth—That a copy of this resolution be spread on the journal of the Senate and a copy be transmitted to his widow by the chief clerk of the Senate.

Bills Signed by the Governor.

SALEM, Feb. 20.—(Special.)—Governor Chamberlain has signed the following bills:

H. B. 243, Carnahan—To amend charter of Seaside.

H. B. 240, Webster—To make Sheriffs, Deputy Sheriffs and Constables ex officio fire, game and fish wardens.

H. B. 39, Banks—To regulate female labor.

H. B. 148, Bailey—To protect members of labor unions.

H. B. 257, Jones of Lincoln—To regulate fishing in Yaquina and Alsea Bays.

H. B. 153, Reed—To prohibit stealing of rides on railroads.

H. B. 146, Bailey—To prohibit blacklisting.

H. B. 94, Phelps—Relating to District Attorney and deputy in Umatilla and Morrow Counties.

The Governor has filed with the Secretary of State H. B. 142, Huntley, to incorporate Barlow, Clackamas County. H. B. 225, Ginn, to fix salaries of officers of Sherman County. H. B. 300, Test, to fix salaries of officers of Malheur County. H. B. 202, Ginn, to amend charter of Wasco, Sherman County. H. B. 362, ways and means committee, to appropriate money for departments of state. H. B. 190, Hawkins, to amend charter of the city of Dallas. H. B. 220, Galloway, to amend charter of North Yamhill. H. B. 244, Both, to fix salaries of certain officers of Columbia County.

FIGHT FOR SUGAR MACHINERY.

Idaho and Utah Company Have Both Bought Same Plant.

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 20.—A Blackfoot, Idaho, special to the Miner says the Idaho Sugar Company today wired Dwyer & Co., of Cleveland, O., that they would resist any effort of Mr. Hansen and his Utah associates to acquire possession of the beet-sugar machinery which Mr. Hansen contracted for and which the Utah Company proposes to locate near Idaho Falls. The local corporation has employed the best legal talent in the state.

It alleges that the plant was bought by Hansen, acting as trustee for it, and that he has no authority to assign or sell the same. As this is the only available plant in the country for this year, and as both concerns have agreed to put in factories this year, the fight for possession of the machinery will be an interesting legal battle. TheIdaho Company is now backed by Eastern capital, and as it has the contracts covering over 3000 acres of beet land, it will spare no effort to get the machinery.

Astoria News Notes.

ASTORIA, Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The County Surveyor and viewers appointed to lay out a route for a county road between Seaside and Elk Creek have completed their work and will submit their report to the County Commissioners' Court at its next meeting. They were successful in finding a route over the hill on which the heaviest grade does not exceed 5 per cent, and it will probably be adopted by the court. This is the first step toward the construction of a good public highway to the Tillamook County line where it will connect with a similar road to be built by the Tillamook County officials.

Abraham Saanenen, of Uniontown, had a fall last evening which came near proving fatal. While attempting to go into the basement of his home one of the steps gave way and he fell a distance of nine feet to the bottom, fracturing his skull and otherwise bruising him severely. His condition this evening warrants the belief that he will recover.

Twenty pupils of the High School were suspended a few days ago because they were accused of having defaced their desks and refused to pay a sum fixed by the principal for a settlement of the damage done. All of these, except two, paid the amounts charged against them and were reinstated in the school. The parents of these two have taken the matter up and as they claim their children are innocent of the charge against them will appeal to the courts to have the pupils reinstated.

Agitation Over Eight-Hour Law.

WALLACE, Idaho, Feb. 20.—The eight-hour law agitation in the Idaho Legislature has caused extreme uneasiness in the Coeur d'Alene silver-lead mines district. A mineowner said today: "In view of the unsatisfactory market conditions, and difficulty of working properties at the great depth which has been obtained in mines within the past two years, it will result in great hardship to all classes of citizens. With most of the mines it will result in either a complete closedown of plants or else a cut in wages of the miners in proportion to the reduction of the hours of work. The average cut in wages will be 20 per cent. An increase of mining one ton of ore over present cost will be 20 per cent."

Miners work nine and ten-hour shifts. Wages are from $3 to $4.50. There has been no agitation here among laborers, owners or business men for passing of the bill. Agitation is from the south end. Its passage may affect the prosperity of the district.

Weiser Bridge Bill Not Yet Dead.

BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 20.—The much-contested bill for a bridge over the Snake River at Weiser is not yet dead. The Senate laid it on the table after it had been passed by both Houses. It is claimed that this was irregular, and the friends of the bill propose to make an effort to take it from the table and have it sent to the Governor. They claim enough votes to do that. The Senate today in committee of the whole, by a vote of 13 to 6 recommended the passage of Caton's bill for an eight-hour day for miners. Both houses adjourned until Monday.

Miners Lost on Thunder Mountain.

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 20.—A Miner special from Weiser, Idaho, says:

Advices from Thunder Mountain state that considerable alarm is felt with reference to the safety of Billy Robinson and Phil Creighton. They were working at Hollister's camp, on South Creek, and over a month ago started over the mountain to Jim Hands' camp, on Beaver Creek, expecting to be gone a week. Nothing has been heard from them since, and it is feared they have been caught in snowslides.

Chehalis News Notes.

CHEHALIS, Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The blacksmiths of Lewis County to the number of ten have organized a branch of the Master Horseshoers and Blacksmiths' Protective Association.

Yesterday afternoon the house committee on Reform School and penal institutions visited the State Reform School here. The purpose of the inspection was to consider the advisability of recommending an appropriation of $40,000 for a brick building at the school.

Amos Obe, an employe of the Chehalis Lumber Company's sawmill at Claquato, had a close call for his life Wednesday afternoon. He is the cutoff man and the belt of his machine needed fixing. While jumping between two belts his clothing caught on a set-screw on a flying shaft and every stitch of his clothing was torn from his body.

Confirmed by Upper Court.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Feb. 20.—(Special.)—The conviction of County Auditor Charles G. Raby, of Whitman County, of the crime of embezzlement, was affirmed by the Supreme Court today. Raby converted to his own use a warrant of $1753, drawn in favor of the American Bridge Company. He was sentenced to eight years' imprisonment.

Keep looking young and save your hair, its color and beauty with Parker's Hair Balsam. Hindercorns, the best cure for corns. 15cts.

AN IMMENSE SUCCESS

Gigantic Sale of Second-Hand Pianos by Eilers Piano House.

Pianos 'Most as Good as New and Not Nearly so High-Priced.

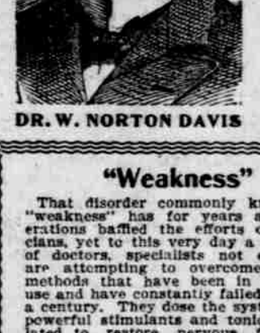
Instruments that have been taken in exchange for new ones of our own stock. Many of them nearly new, and all thoroughly renovated, tuned and in excellent condition. Many people are taking advantage of this opportunity. If you want one you will have to see about it at once. Here are some of the names and prices.

Emerson, largest size, upright for $125, the Ludwig for $165, the Steinway, ebonized case, $325. Here are two big bargains, a Packard and a Harvard, both almost new, with carved walnut panels, taken in exchange for a Vose, and a Bush & Gerts. There is also a Wing & Son, used only eight months, cost $400, which we will sell for $200. This piano is in every respect good as new.

Bargains in Our Own Pianos.

Brand-new Hobart M. Cables, reduced. A few of these pianos, handsomely cased, came to us with the varnish slightly damaged through freezing. Otherwise they are in absolutely perfect condition. Still as we sell only flawless pianos at regular price, we will dispose of these at a liberal discount. The Hobart M. Cable is one of the finest pianos made. Any one securing one of these gets a prize. We also have a Lester, slightly damanged in shipment, which we have priced now at $335. This piano is accompanied by a factory gurantee covering everything except the damage on the case. It is an upright grand style with three pedals and muffler. It also is a superb instrument and a great bargain. This is bargain harvest time at our store, come in and get your share. It takes very little money. Eilers Piano House, Washington street, corner Park, Portland, Or. Other large stores, San Francisco, Spokane and Sacramento. Our leading pianos, the Weber of New York, the Chickering of Boston and the Kimball of Chicago. The three finest pianos in the world.

MEN'S DISEASES



DR. W. NORTON DAVIS

WEAK MEN MADE STRONG

There are few men who do not at some time in their lives need the services of a skilled specialist. Disorders and derangements come, and unless promptly and thoroughly cured are apt to pass into a chronic stage. A majority of the most difficult and complicated cases we treat have grown serious through neglect or improper treatment of minor ailments. Little symptoms have their meaning and should be heeded. For twenty-one years men's diseases have been our specialty. We positively cure cases where all other physicians have failed.

"Weakness"

That disorder commonly known as "weakness" has for years and generations baffled the efforts of physicians, yet to this very day a majority of doctors, specialists not excepted, are attempting to overcome it by methods that have been in constant use and have constantly failed for half a century. They dose the system with powerful stimulants and tonics calculated to restore nervous force or strength, that is not and never has been lacking, with the result that the functions are temporarily excited, to the positive detriment of the patient. Weakness, we will call it such for convenience just now, is only a symptom resulting from a chronically swollen and inflamed prostate gland and is curable by means of combined local treatment only. Either early dissipation or some improperly treated contracted disease is responsible for the inflammation in most instances, though accidental injury, strain, etc., may produce the same result. We have permanently cured thousands of cases, which demonstrates the absolute accuracy of our understanding and treatment of this disorder. We are equally certain that no treatment other than this can completely and permanently restore strength and vigor.

Specific Blood Poison

Until the perfection of our system of treatment specific blood poison was regarded as incurable and the limit of medical aid was to keep the disease dormant by the use of strong mineral drugs. We positively drive the last taint of virus from the system. Our cures are absolute. Every symptom vanishes to appear no more.

Varicocele

Varicocele interferes with local circulation and the process of waste and repair throughout the organs involved. When neglected, it brings total or partial loss of power and may result in wasting away of the organs themselves. We cure varicocele in the shortest time possible. Our method is absolutely painless, no surgical operation is required and there need be no detention from business.

Contracted Disorders

Absolute safety demands the most thorough treatment in all contracted diseases. If men but realized the danger attending such ailments they would not think of intrusting their cases in unskilled hands. Unless every particle of inflammation is removed a chronic stage follows just as surely as night follows day. We cure the disease thoroughly and will not dismiss a patient till every possibility of a relapse is past.

Stricture

We cure this disease without cutting or dilating. The treatment we employ is original with us and has been perfected to a degree that renders a cure an absolute certainty. All obstructing tissues are removed by a process of absorption, and the membranes of the urinary passage are thoroughly cleansed and restored to a healthy state.

Consultation free. Send for our question blank and book if you cannot call. Hours—9 to 5 and 7 to 8. Sundays—10 to 12.

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WE CLAIM TO BE THE ORIGINAL AND MOST RELIABLE SPECIALISTS FOR MEN EXCLUSIVELY ... IN PORTLAND ...

So-called "Weakness," Varicocele, Hydrocele, Specific Blood Poison, Contracted Disorders, Stricture and Reflex Ailments Our Specialty

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Dyspepsia makes you nervous, and nervousness makes you dyspeptic; either one renders you miserable. Carter's Little Liver Pills cure both.