

OPPOSED TO TREATY

Morgan Speaks Against Panama Canal Deal.

HE OFFERS MANY AMENDMENTS

Alabama Senator Dwells on Inability of Colombian Government—Alaskan Boundary Treaty Suggests Another Attack.

The Senate yesterday refused to reconsider its action in ratifying the Alaska boundary treaty.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The Senate spent five hours in executive session today, the time being devoted to the Alaskan boundary treaty and the Panama Canal treaty.

Immediately after the Senate went into executive session Senator Pettus moved to reconsider the vote by which the Senate yesterday ratified the Alaskan boundary treaty.

Senator Morgan immediately took the floor to urge that the treaty be amended in many respects and to oppose it unless amended.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

ARMY. The list includes a large number of names of officers whose nominations have been held up because of confusion resulting over the date of transfer from the volunteer service to the Regular Army.

Those of this class whose nominations were acted upon today were designated by the War Department because they are clearly free from the objections urged against others.

HE OFFERS MANY AMENDMENTS

Alabama Senator Dwells on Inability of Colombian Government—Alaskan Boundary Treaty Suggests Another Attack.

The Senate yesterday refused to reconsider its action in ratifying the Alaska boundary treaty.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The Senate spent five hours in executive session today, the time being devoted to the Alaskan boundary treaty and the Panama Canal treaty.

Immediately after the Senate went into executive session Senator Pettus moved to reconsider the vote by which the Senate yesterday ratified the Alaskan boundary treaty.

Senator Morgan immediately took the floor to urge that the treaty be amended in many respects and to oppose it unless amended.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

Senator Morgan directed special attention to the fact that there had been a failure to embody the act of Congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty.

COST OF WHITE HOUSE

DEMOCRATS OBJECT TO INCREASE OF EXPENSES.

They Attempt to Cut in Two the Vote for Relief of Philippines, but Are Defeated.

ALABAMA SENATOR DWELLS ON INABILITY OF COLOMBIAN GOVERNMENT—ALASKAN BOUNDARY TREATY SUGGESTS ANOTHER ATTACK.

The House made slow progress with the work on the bill yesterday. The delays were occasioned by a rather protracted discussion of the item for the maintenance of the White House, and considerable debate upon the item appropriating \$1,000,000 for the relief of the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—In the House today the conference report on the bill to create a general staff in the Army was adopted.

The House went into committee of the whole to resume consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill. When the item appropriating \$50,000 for the care, repair and refurnishing of the executive mansion, to be expended by the President, was reached, Gained (Tenn.) asked why this appropriation had been increased from \$25,000 to \$50,000.

After considerable further discussion, Gained offered an amendment to reduce the appropriation from \$50,000 to \$40,000, which was voted down without division.

Jones (Va.) made a point of order against the item to appropriate \$3,000,000 for the relief of the Philippines by the "purchase and distribution of all farm implements, farm animals, supplies and necessities of life and through the employment of labor in the construction of government wagon roads, railroads and other public works."

He withdrew the point of order, however, upon the understanding with Cannon that the word "purchase" should be stricken out and that the provision should be amended for a detailed report of expenditures under the appropriation. The point was subsequently renewed by Greene (Pa.), but was overruled.

The amount suggested by Cannon was offered by him and he explained the reasons which moved the committee almost unanimously to report the item. He had read the recommendation of the President and the Philippine commission urging the necessity for some such measure of relief as that given Cuba and Porto Rico.

Benton (Mo.), of the appropriations committee, supported the provision.

Jones (Va.) moved to reduce the appropriation from \$3,000,000 to \$1,000,000. He stated that if there was any necessity for relieving distress in the Philippines, the money should be loaned and not donated.

After some debate by Williams (Ill.), Crumpacker (Ind.) and others, the amendment was voted down, 21 to 56. Cannon's amendment was adopted without division. After completing only 27 pages of the bill, the House adjourned.

Saturday was substituted for tomorrow for the consideration of private bills, in order that the House might proceed with the sundry civil bill tomorrow. At 5:15 P. M. the House adjourned.

INDIAN BILL IN SENATE.

Nearly Million and Half Added, and Several Agencies Abolished.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The Senate committee on Indian affairs today concluded consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. The committee recommended a number of changes, and its amendments add \$1,488,116 to the aggregate of the bill as passed by the House, making a grand total of \$1,488,116.

The most important item of the bill is to pay \$1,000,000 to loyal Creek Indians whose property was destroyed during the War of the Rebellion.

The House appropriations for the pay of Indian agents and the salaries of the Indian agency, Oklahoma; Klamath agency, Oregon; Ponce and Pawnee and Oakland agency, Oklahoma, and the Indian reservation at Fort Hall, Idaho, which are within five miles of the town of Pocatello, are made subject to settlement and sale unimproved lands for the sale of the lands outside of the five-mile limit.

Chief Joseph in Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt's reception in honor of the Army and Navy, the final formal event of the season at the White House, was the most largely attended of the series.

A picture of the reception was taken by the photographer of the presence of Chief Joseph, of the Nez Perce Indians, with half a dozen of his followers. They were attired in typical Indian costume, with their blankets wrapped around them. As they were introduced, the President greeted them cordially and invited them to join the evening party.

DAY'S DEATH ROLL.

First White Man Born in Chicago.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12.—Clement F. Miller, the first white man born in the City of Chicago, a veteran of the Civil War and a civil engineer of distinction, passed away at noon today at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. John Lablanc, in Alameda, after an illness of many years' standing.

Intimate Friend of Jefferson Davis.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 12.—Seriously injured while assisting in the removal of the body of his intimate friend, President Jefferson Davis, to the funeral car which bore it to Richmond, and an invalid ever since, Colonel M. R. Powers, long the local representative of the Southern Railway, is dead, at the age of 65.

Judge Simonton, of Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 12.—Presiding Judge John W. Simonton, of the Dauphin County Court, died today of pneumonia, after an illness of one month. He was serving his third term as presiding Judge of the local courts, and was regarded as one of the ablest jurists in the state.

Head of Chicago Jewelry Firm.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—C. D. Peacock, head of the jewelry firm of that name, died today of pneumonia. Mr. Peacock had resided in Chicago continuously for 43 years, and comes of a long line of jewelers.

Grave-Robbing Case Argued.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 12.—Arguments in the Dr. Alexander grave-robbing trial were completed this afternoon. The court

NO MORE INDIAN AGENTS

SENATE CUTS OUT THOSE AT KLAMATH AND UMATILLA.

No Hope for Purchase of Klamath Lands—Chief Joseph Visits President—Is Invited to Reception.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU. Washington, Feb. 12.—The Senate Indian committee, in reporting the Indian appropriation bill today, cut off the appropriations for agents at Klamath and Umatilla, Or., and, if their amendments prevail, both these reservations, as well as the schools, will be placed in charge of bonded superintendents. Umatilla is now so conducted, but the House restored the appropriation for the agent after a fight.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Lincoln's birthday was celebrated by the Republican Club with a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria. The dinner was served in the big ballroom, and in the adjacent hall a stunner of more of the women friends of the club members enjoyed the hospitality of the club. Louis Stern presided. Among those at the guest table with him were Jacob H. Schiff, J. S. Clark, ex-Governor Black, Congressman Cushman and J. S. Fassett.

A seat reserved for Mayor Low beside the dining table remained vacant all the evening. The dinner was so conducted, but the House restored the appropriation for the agent after a fight.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The House today the conference report on the bill to create a general staff in the Army was adopted.

The House went into committee of the whole to resume consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill. When the item appropriating \$50,000 for the care, repair and refurnishing of the executive mansion, to be expended by the President, was reached, Gained (Tenn.) asked why this appropriation had been increased from \$25,000 to \$50,000.

After considerable further discussion, Gained offered an amendment to reduce the appropriation from \$50,000 to \$40,000, which was voted down without division.

Jones (Va.) made a point of order against the item to appropriate \$3,000,000 for the relief of the Philippines by the "purchase and distribution of all farm implements, farm animals, supplies and necessities of life and through the employment of labor in the construction of government wagon roads, railroads and other public works."

He withdrew the point of order, however, upon the understanding with Cannon that the word "purchase" should be stricken out and that the provision should be amended for a detailed report of expenditures under the appropriation. The point was subsequently renewed by Greene (Pa.), but was overruled.

The amount suggested by Cannon was offered by him and he explained the reasons which moved the committee almost unanimously to report the item. He had read the recommendation of the President and the Philippine commission urging the necessity for some such measure of relief as that given Cuba and Porto Rico.

Benton (Mo.), of the appropriations committee, supported the provision.

Jones (Va.) moved to reduce the appropriation from \$3,000,000 to \$1,000,000. He stated that if there was any necessity for relieving distress in the Philippines, the money should be loaned and not donated.

After some debate by Williams (Ill.), Crumpacker (Ind.) and others, the amendment was voted down, 21 to 56. Cannon's amendment was adopted without division. After completing only 27 pages of the bill, the House adjourned.

Saturday was substituted for tomorrow for the consideration of private bills, in order that the House might proceed with the sundry civil bill tomorrow. At 5:15 P. M. the House adjourned.

INDIAN BILL IN SENATE.

Nearly Million and Half Added, and Several Agencies Abolished.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The Senate committee on Indian affairs today concluded consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. The committee recommended a number of changes, and its amendments add \$1,488,116 to the aggregate of the bill as passed by the House, making a grand total of \$1,488,116.

The most important item of the bill is to pay \$1,000,000 to loyal Creek Indians whose property was destroyed during the War of the Rebellion.

The House appropriations for the pay of Indian agents and the salaries of the Indian agency, Oklahoma; Klamath agency, Oregon; Ponce and Pawnee and Oakland agency, Oklahoma, and the Indian reservation at Fort Hall, Idaho, which are within five miles of the town of Pocatello, are made subject to settlement and sale unimproved lands for the sale of the lands outside of the five-mile limit.

Chief Joseph in Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt's reception in honor of the Army and Navy, the final formal event of the season at the White House, was the most largely attended of the series.

A picture of the reception was taken by the photographer of the presence of Chief Joseph, of the Nez Perce Indians, with half a dozen of his followers. They were attired in typical Indian costume, with their blankets wrapped around them. As they were introduced, the President greeted them cordially and invited them to join the evening party.

DAY'S DEATH ROLL.

First White Man Born in Chicago.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12.—Clement F. Miller, the first white man born in the City of Chicago, a veteran of the Civil War and a civil engineer of distinction, passed away at noon today at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. John Lablanc, in Alameda, after an illness of many years' standing.

Intimate Friend of Jefferson Davis.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 12.—Seriously injured while assisting in the removal of the body of his intimate friend, President Jefferson Davis, to the funeral car which bore it to Richmond, and an invalid ever since, Colonel M. R. Powers, long the local representative of the Southern Railway, is dead, at the age of 65.

Judge Simonton, of Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 12.—Presiding Judge John W. Simonton, of the Dauphin County Court, died today of pneumonia, after an illness of one month. He was serving his third term as presiding Judge of the local courts, and was regarded as one of the ablest jurists in the state.

Head of Chicago Jewelry Firm.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—C. D. Peacock, head of the jewelry firm of that name, died today of pneumonia. Mr. Peacock had resided in Chicago continuously for 43 years, and comes of a long line of jewelers.

Grave-Robbing Case Argued.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 12.—Arguments in the Dr. Alexander grave-robbing trial were completed this afternoon. The court

NO MORE INDIAN AGENTS

SENATE CUTS OUT THOSE AT KLAMATH AND UMATILLA.

No Hope for Purchase of Klamath Lands—Chief Joseph Visits President—Is Invited to Reception.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU. Washington, Feb. 12.—The Senate Indian committee, in reporting the Indian appropriation bill today, cut off the appropriations for agents at Klamath and Umatilla, Or., and, if their amendments prevail, both these reservations, as well as the schools, will be placed in charge of bonded superintendents. Umatilla is now so conducted, but the House restored the appropriation for the agent after a fight.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Lincoln's birthday was celebrated by the Republican Club with a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria. The dinner was served in the big ballroom, and in the adjacent hall a stunner of more of the women friends of the club members enjoyed the hospitality of the club. Louis Stern presided. Among those at the guest table with him were Jacob H. Schiff, J. S. Clark, ex-Governor Black, Congressman Cushman and J. S. Fassett.

A seat reserved for Mayor Low beside the dining table remained vacant all the evening. The dinner was so conducted, but the House restored the appropriation for the agent after a fight.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The House today the conference report on the bill to create a general staff in the Army was adopted.

The House went into committee of the whole to resume consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill. When the item appropriating \$50,000 for the care, repair and refurnishing of the executive mansion, to be expended by the President, was reached, Gained (Tenn.) asked why this appropriation had been increased from \$25,000 to \$50,000.

After considerable further discussion, Gained offered an amendment to reduce the appropriation from \$50,000 to \$40,000, which was voted down without division.

Jones (Va.) made a point of order against the item to appropriate \$3,000,000 for the relief of the Philippines by the "purchase and distribution of all farm implements, farm animals, supplies and necessities of life and through the employment of labor in the construction of government wagon roads, railroads and other public works."

He withdrew the point of order, however, upon the understanding with Cannon that the word "purchase" should be stricken out and that the provision should be amended for a detailed report of expenditures under the appropriation. The point was subsequently renewed by Greene (Pa.), but was overruled.

The amount suggested by Cannon was offered by him and he explained the reasons which moved the committee almost unanimously to report the item. He had read the recommendation of the President and the Philippine commission urging the necessity for some such measure of relief as that given Cuba and Porto Rico.

Benton (Mo.), of the appropriations committee, supported the provision.

Jones (Va.) moved to reduce the appropriation from \$3,000,000 to \$1,000,000. He stated that if there was any necessity for relieving distress in the Philippines, the money should be loaned and not donated.

After some debate by Williams (Ill.), Crumpacker (Ind.) and others, the amendment was voted down, 21 to 56. Cannon's amendment was adopted without division. After completing only 27 pages of the bill, the House adjourned.

Saturday was substituted for tomorrow for the consideration of private bills, in order that the House might proceed with the sundry civil bill tomorrow. At 5:15 P. M. the House adjourned.

INDIAN BILL IN SENATE.

Nearly Million and Half Added, and Several Agencies Abolished.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The Senate committee on Indian affairs today concluded consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. The committee recommended a number of changes, and its amendments add \$1,488,116 to the aggregate of the bill as passed by the House, making a grand total of \$1,488,116.

The most important item of the bill is to pay \$1,000,000 to loyal Creek Indians whose property was destroyed during the War of the Rebellion.

The House appropriations for the pay of Indian agents and the salaries of the Indian agency, Oklahoma; Klamath agency, Oregon; Ponce and Pawnee and Oakland agency, Oklahoma, and the Indian reservation at Fort Hall, Idaho, which are within five miles of the town of Pocatello, are made subject to settlement and sale unimproved lands for the sale of the lands outside of the five-mile limit.

Chief Joseph in Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt's reception in honor of the Army and Navy, the final formal event of the season at the White House, was the most largely attended of the series.

A picture of the reception was taken by the photographer of the presence of Chief Joseph, of the Nez Perce Indians, with half a dozen of his followers. They were attired in typical Indian costume, with their blankets wrapped around them. As they were introduced, the President greeted them cordially and invited them to join the evening party.

DAY'S DEATH ROLL.

First White Man Born in Chicago.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12.—Clement F. Miller, the first white man born in the City of Chicago, a veteran of the Civil War and a civil engineer of distinction, passed away at noon today at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. John Lablanc, in Alameda, after an illness of many years' standing.

Intimate Friend of Jefferson Davis.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 12.—Seriously injured while assisting in the removal of the body of his intimate friend, President Jefferson Davis, to the funeral car which bore it to Richmond, and an invalid ever since, Colonel M. R. Powers, long the local representative of the Southern Railway, is dead, at the age of 65.

Judge Simonton, of Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 12.—Presiding Judge John W. Simonton, of the Dauphin County Court, died today of pneumonia, after an illness of one month. He was serving his third term as presiding Judge of the local courts, and was regarded as one of the ablest jurists in the state.

Head of Chicago Jewelry Firm.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—C. D. Peacock, head of the jewelry firm of that name, died today of pneumonia. Mr. Peacock had resided in Chicago continuously for 43 years, and comes of a long line of jewelers.

Grave-Robbing Case Argued.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 12.—Arguments