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PORTLAND, OREGON, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1903.

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Death of Paper Manufacturer.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 1.-Elisha Morgan," head of the Morgan Envelope Company, president of the American Fine Writing Paper Company and a director in many other paper manufacturing indus-tries, died here today from angina pec-toris. Mr. Morgan was a Presidential elector in 1884 and 1892, and was a mem-ber of Governor William E. Russell's Consell in 1995 Mc and and the set and the set of the Council in 1892 and 1883. He was one of the judges of paper manufactures at the World's Fair in Chicago.

Hobson Confirms the Report. LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. L-Captain Richmond P. Hobson, who arrived here from New York to visit relatives, confirmed the report that he had resigned as a naval constructor in the Navy, on ac-count of the condition of his eyes. As to his future plans he said he would con-tinue to the second to be sold continue lecturing for at least three years, a plea for a greater Navy; one that shall claim rank above the greatest of any in the world.

modified to the extent of adding that the Fulton opposition finds expression of preference for some other candidate, or candidates. It is by no means the sole reason for fighting him. It has been rare in Oregon that any candidate has so completely commended himself to a Legisla ture that no votes have been recorded This was the fortune of against him. Senator Mitchell in 1891, and of Senato Dolph in 1889. Both were up for re-election, and both received the unanimous ndorsement of the Legislature. Take the case of Governor Geer. On

political, and so far as Eastern Oregon

is concerned, they rest on much the same

his merits as the most proper person in the state for United States Senator, he has some votes. Because of the fact that he halls from Marion County he has strength with his own delegation. And there are others who consider seriously the popular vote last June, and think that he is entitled to their consideration on that account. All these are sufficient reasons, and all these have had their influence. The Governor has conducted a very dignified campaign, and his followers are evidently anxious for his success. The reason that he has not got along better is probably that he has been too dignified. He has gone into the business of coliciting votes very little, or not at all. His headquarters are in his hat. When any supporter wants to see him, he hunts him With Mr. Fulton it is different. He up. hunts his friends up. And he does not discriminate against the opposition, for he also hunts them up. This may not be so high-toned, but it counts with the average Legiciator, who may not be looking so much for dignity as results. The voice of the people is all right, and it is a fine thing to feel that it has spoken in clarion

sometimes is a genial and persuasive interpreter. Speaking of the arts of geniality and persuasiveness naturally brings to mind the great still hunt Jonathan Bourne is conducting in Salem for the Senatorship. Mr. Bourne is probably the most powerful persuader that ever took a confiding Legislator by the lapel of his coat, and imparted to him conclusive advice as to the propor course for him to pursue. Mr. Bourne has the most magnificent and impressive whisper of any man in the world. It has been known to lead more than one satisfied auditor along the mysterious paths of uncertainty to the broad and beautiful highway of political success. It has been known by its pleasing and attractive magic to summon from one candidate for United States Senator a band of 30 enthusiastic Legislators, who permitted themselves to be delivered to another and the other got there with both feet. It has been known by its gentle and irresistible potency to hold up an entire Legisla-

ture and prevent the election of another United States Senator or of any Senator at all. It has been wafted by insinuat ing breezes through the corridors of the Capitol so often that no legislative session is complete without it. And now when

men incline a waiting car to its murmur inge, they stand, hearken, believe and act. These are talents to be reckoned with. But they are by no means the only qualities Mr. Bourne possesses. He knows how to de things as well as to undo others. He knows how to organize as well as to disorganize. He has political genius of a high order. He played a most important part in the battle for organization of

gain by which Mr. Eddy agreed to throw his strength to Mr. Harris was that his loyal friend Kay should be well looked after. He was. He got the most important committee in the House, and is in a position to influence the portion of the state appropriations which his immediate constituency biennially expects. The House being a strong Fulton organization -Mr. Fulton looked after that very carefully through his friend, the Speaker-it is perhaps natural that the very keystone of the Fulton arch in that particular body should permit the Fulton decoration to be

is well understood that a part of the bar-

inscribed thereon. If Mr. Kay goes, Mr. Fulton will then have gained two from Mr. Geer's home-Senator Farrer is the other-and he has besides from Marion County Representative LaFoliett, who has been with him from the first,

But what of it? Mr. Fulton has been conceded by the opposition to have 35 or 37 votes, and he has not got them yet, When he gets them, they say, he will come to a standstill, and then it will be practicable to formulate a definite policy on which the opposition can unite, and inroads will be made into his preserves. No one has thought that there would be desertions from Fulton as long as he continued to gain, or seemed to have a rea sonable prospect of making gains. The difficulty of making converts from a cause that seems to be growing is acknowledged by everybody; and it is only when a candidate reveals his real weakness by reaching a given point, and failing for a few days to get further, that his own followers become dissatisfied and are ripe for the advances and arguments of other candidates. The Geer people say there are men in the Fulton camp who are anxious tones in your behalf; but what it needs to get away, and that they will get away when the time comes; and that time, they

leclare, will soon be at hand. Mr. Fulton was expected to make his greatest effort last week. He did make a very great effort, but he failed to achieve the goal. He was hampered somewhat by the fact that he failed to get a good start on the week, through the enforced absence Monday of 10 of his men. Saturday too, is a bad day to hope for anything tangible or satisfactory, because of the almost uncontrollable desire of everybody to go home. On that account the accession of Mr. Hawkins did not help to swell the Fulton total. The impression is general, too, that Mr. Hawkins is not there to stay, but only for experimental purposes. That this common rmise docs Mr. Hawkins an injustice is likely enough. Anyway, he will be able himself to confirm it, or to dispel it, as the case may be, after a few days, There is some talk of a deadlock. There need not be. There will be no deadlock,

SALT LAKE, Feb. 1 .- An unsuccessful attempt was made tonight to burn the State Reform School at Ogden, which contains about 160 inmates. Shortly after 7 o'clock fire was discovered in both the boys' and girls' dormitories, and for a time the flames threatened to envelope the entire building. The fire was got under control before serious damage was done to the buildin

between the boy and girl inmates in a plan to destroy the institution. The of-ficials have already begun an investiga-

nations be placed on the same footing. After the expiration of that time 30 per cent of the receipts of these two ports shall be divided among all the claimant nations in ratio based on the amount of each nation's claim. The plan is regarded as a compromise which will enable the allies to withdraw their ships from Venesuelan waters without a serious loss of prestige.

of this period, the exact length of which

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s yet open to de

Øregoman.

Whether the claimant nations outside the tripartite agreement will assent to this scheme is not yet known. The British Ambassador called by appointment on Secretary Hay this afternoon at 2 o'clock, and it is believed that some such plan as this was under discussion, the British Am bassador wishing to acquaint himself with the exact attitude of the United States regarding Lord Lansdowne's contention for preferential agreement for the allies, France has it in her power to continu

the present deadlock in the Washington negotiations: for, while the other unallied claimants have outstanding against Veneguela certain unadjusted claims, all of the French claims are in a very forward state. France contends that, so far from assisting her in the collection of the Venezue lan claims, the blockade, if anything, has hampered her, in that it has closed all the Venezuelan ports to commerce and has prevented for the time being the collection of the 13 per cent of the receipts pledged her by treaty.

It is the hope of the representatives of the allies in Washington that in case their governments accept in principle the kind insist that the period for preferential payacceptance by the other claimant nations. Mr. Bowen has been assured that the representatives of the alles will give him : final answer at the earliest possible moment. Meantime exchanges are still in progress between the allied governments and their respective embassies here in the effort to agree on a plan of settlement that will be acceptable at once to Venezuela and to the octagonal alliance of France, Belgium, Spain, Denmark, Holland, Norway, Sweden and the United States. By his evident desire to take up the ne

gotiations at Washington with all the speed consistent with prudence and good form, Baron Speck yon Sternberg has gained from the Washington officials the same favor that made him a popular member of the diplomatic corps here many years ago. The fact that he asked permission to waive the customary presentation ceremonies, which ordinarily are for several days, has convinced Mr. Bowen, and incidentally the Washington Government, that Germany wants the Venezueian question settled with all possible dispatch.

The Italian Ambassador, Signor Mayor des Planches, paid an informal call on Mr. Bowen this afternoon to assure the latter that the representatives of the alles were still communicataing with their governments, and hoped to present an answer in a few days. Signor Mayor des Planches afterward called at the British Embassy. Minister Bowen returned the call of Baron von Sternberg at 4 this afternoon. and remained for some time discussing the situation. The German Minister also received a call from the British Ambassador today. The German Minister has cabled at length his personal views to his

wages on the railroad during the several months the strike was in progress. The distribution will come as a complete surprise.

Railroads Buy in Sloux City.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Feb. 1.-The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Company and the Great Western Railway Company have practically closed a deal for 160 acres of land in Sloux City. The deal is considered to mean that the extension of

these two lines to Sloux City is assured, THREE NEWSBOYS SCALDED

Somebody Threw Bolling Water Upon Them as They Slept.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 1 .-- Three newsboys, Fred White, 14; Fred D. Reck, 12, and Harry Hess, 12, were so seriously scalded shortly after midnight that White and Reck will die. They were sleeping in an areaway belonging to the First National Bank, when some unknown person threw two buckets of scalding water upon them. Hess is the only one who can talk, but he is unable to give the name of th person who threw the water.

ships in repair, man them and furnish officers. I stand for a gradual development

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Compromise is in sight by which the allies may

dorocco Sultan's forces capture the pretend

Domestics

froops and gatling guns are called to Water

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Ex-Secretary Long shows material improv

Appeal is made for funds to crect a Nationa

Pennsylvania Railroad sacrifices its 20-hour train in order to handle freight faster.

Pacific Const.

Nearly 40,000 acres of Government land will be opened in Crook County by removal of un-

First uniform examination of public school pu-

pils in Linn County shows they are poo

Newport, Or., widow goes to Aberdeen, Wash.,

to find work and gets a husband. Page 3. Northwest Legislatures.

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Portland and Vicinity.

General Charles F. Beebe, of the National Guard, resigns. Fage 10.

Local fruitgrowers will combine to establish

Cows poisoned near Mount Tabor by licking

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ment, and there is hope of his recovery.

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ture.

Henry

withdraw warships from Venezuela without loss of prestige. Page 1.

and enlargement of the fighting power of the Navy, and I think the knowledge of naval men on this subject should be given to Congress." Representative Wheeler, of Kentucky, a

minority leader on naval affairs in the House, said:

"I am heartily in favor of the resolution. Each Congress, however, has a desire to do as it likes, and would not be inclined to accept any plan of action laid down by the United States. If the officers of the Navy knew what to expect in the way of naval construction for 10 or more years to come, they could do much better.

can put the Army on a peace basis and

bring it to a war basis in a very short

time, because of the willingness and pub-

lic-spiritedness of the young men of the

country to come to their country's rescue.

men with years of training in order to

handle the ships, and then a good and

sufficient Navy is a good support to our

diplomats, and an expensive war can often

be avoided by expending a smaller amount

Representative Tayler, of Ohio, one of

"This information should be given to the

people. It is a fact that the American

people, as a whole, do not understand the

Navy. They think that when we appro-

priate \$5,000,000 to build a battle-ship, that

s the end of it. Such is not the case,

however, for it takes money to keep the

the members of the committee on naval

on our Navy.

affairs, said:

"With the Navy, it is necessary to have

"I favor more than four battle-ships year, as Mr. Dayton proposes. I would like to see the Navy of the United States in such a condition that it could meet any navy of the world in conflict, and when the meeting occurred I would like to feel certain that no harm could befall the United States. I am very much in favor of a greater Navy, and would like to see a naval programme adopted, for I am for peace. I believe a great Navy as-

sures peace." Similar views are held by many others in the House. The present situation in Venezuela has had considerable effect upon members of Congress, and, more than any event of late years, has impressed Congress with the necessity of placing the United States in a better position to defend itself against the European powers, if need be.

WORSE THAN MORMONISM

That's What Cardinal Gibbons Says of Divorce Mills.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 1.-Preaching at the Cathedral on "Christ the Only En-Name in History and the Only True Reformer of Society," Cardinal Gibbons today sounded a note of warning in a discussion of the growing number of divorce suits. "There is a social scourge more blighting and more destructive of femily life than Mormonism," said he. "It is the fearfully increasing number vorce mills throughout the United States, These millis, like the mills of the Gods, are slowly but surely grinding the domestic altars of the nation. Husband and wife are separated on the filmsicst pretexts, And as if the different states \ of the Union were not sufficiently ing in this respect, South Dakota has the enviable distinction of granting a divorce for the mere asking of it, on the sole condition of a brief sojourn within her borders.'

Fire in Reform School.

It is charged that there was collusion

E B P.

China is importing arms and ammun of compromise suggested, they will not House naval committee and other Congressmen favor more liberal appropriations for the ments be made so long as to prevent its What United States gets with Panama Canal route. Page 3.