

OUTBREAK AT HAND

China Planning to Repeat Work of 1900.

YUNG SU GATHERING FORCES

Plot for Murder of Foreigners in 1900 Failed Through Weakness of Viceroy—Orders Will Be Carried Out Next Time.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 29.—According to advices received from North China, fears are being entertained that China is planning another outbreak similar to that of 1900.

It has been learned on good authority that Yung Lu, the real ruler of China, and the man who is reported to be responsible for the murder of Professor Hubert James, of the Peking University, will centralize the command of the military forces of the empire, or at least the provinces north of the Yangtze under himself and his henchmen Yuan Shih Kai and Tung Fuh-shang.

A correspondent of the Shanghai paper says: "A census of Christian converts has been carried out and neighbors are to be held responsible for an exact declaration as to all friends of foreigners in each group of 10 families."

From other sources the paper learns that threats are being made in several provinces against foreigners such as "next time not one will escape."

The disturbances in West Che Kiang continue. The insurgents who were defeated by the troops sent against them, rallied and cut up the regulars so badly that they retired to Yenchen to await reinforcements.

The Kiangnan arsenal has been working night and day for some time turning out quick-firing field pieces and mountain guns, which are being hurried to the Governor at Nanking.

NEW VOTE ON PROHIBITION

Kansas House Takes Action in Favor of Constitutional Convention.

TO CENTRALIZE POWER

Bill to Abolish Town Governments in Chicago—Prizefight Bill.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 29.—In the Senate today Senator Humphrey introduced a joint resolution for a Greater Chicago. The resolution provides for the abolition (with the consent of a majority of the legal voters) of township government, park and school boards and any other local municipal corporations within the city.

New Bills in Utah Legislature.

SALT LAKE, Jan. 29.—The most important bill introduced in the Legislature today was one by Representative Condon providing for the initiation of a initiative and referendum authorized by the constitutional amendment adopted four years ago.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 29.—The eighth ballot for United States Senator resulted:

Long term, Adickes, 21; Black, 21; S. A. Dupont, 10. Short term, Adickes, 21; Higgins, 8; Dupont, 2; H. A. Richardson, 2; John Biggs, 2. Total vote, 82; necessary to a choice, 27.

To Exclude Negroes From Voting.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 29.—A resolution was introduced in the Kansas Legislature today to amend the state election laws so as to exclude all negroes from voting and to require all foreigners to become fully naturalized before voting.

Overman Wins in North Carolina.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 29.—Lee S. Overman was nominated for United States Senator in the Democratic caucus tonight on the first ballot. The final ballot was: Overman, 23; Watson, 58; Craig, 11. The nomination is equivalent to an election.

Aimed at Smelter Trust.

DENVER, Jan. 29.—A bill has been introduced in the House by Representative

Seiford, providing for the submission of an amendment to the Constitution which will give the state control of smelter and ore-reduction mills and enable it to fix their charges.

CHANGELING IS HEIR.

Strange Charge of Fraud Brought Against Polish Countess.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—Countess Isabella Weisenska Kwolecki, belonging to a rich and aristocratic Polish family, has been arrested by the criminal police here on the charge of pretending to have borne a son six years ago and presenting him as the heir to an estate at Wroblewo, Province of Posen, consisting of 10,000 acres and having a yearly rental roll of \$10,000.

The Countess and the Count, her husband, continued living quietly on the Polish estate after the trial, spending the winters in fashionable Berlin society. The Countess is said to have been born, and the rearrest of the Countess followed.

MONEY FOR HAGUE COURT.

French Chamber Votes Expenses—Mission Schools Under Fire.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—The Chamber of Deputies today discussed the budget of foreign affairs. Baron de Constant, Republican, criticized the omission of a credit for the Hague International Court of Arbitration, and Foreign Minister Delcasse replied that it was the desire of the Government not to permit a tribunal to lapse into disuse.

A motion of M. Sembat, Socialist, providing for the suppression of the French Embassy at the Vatican, was defeated by 235 to 221 votes.

M. De Jaente, Socialist, proposed the suppression of the appropriation for the French educational establishments in the East and the Far East, on the ground that these institutions were mainly in the hands of religious congregations, which were hostile to the Republic.

The remaining clauses of the foreign budget were then adopted and the Chamber adjourned.

GOOD WORK OF MISSIONARIES.

Earl Cromer Praises Those in Sudan—Future of Mahdi's Land.

KHARTOUM, Jan. 29.—Earl Cromer, the British agent in Egypt, speaking at a banquet here today, paid a tribute to the work of the American missionaries in the Sudan, where the natives were learning that the foreigners visiting them were no longer slaveholders.

"Let me testify to the special pleasure afforded me by a visit to the admirably conducted establishments of the American missionaries at the Sobat River, and to that of the American missionaries on the White Nile. One is a Catholic institution and the other a Protestant, but I know no distinction between such efforts anywhere."

IN MEMORY OF M'KINLEY

West Side Republicans of New York Hold Banquet—Shaw's Speech.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The memory of William McKinley was honored tonight at the annual dinner of the West Side Republican Club at the Waldorf-Astoria, more than 900 Republicans joining in the tributes voted by the speakers.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw was the principal speaker. He said in part: "There are indications that another campaign is to be waged against high prices. It is again urged that American-made goods can be bought on foreign markets cheaper than at home. I suppose this is true in some instances. But this is not the outgrowth of protection. It may be that you gentlemen will go with me tomorrow to the office of the Board of General Appraisers. I promise to show you 100 articles that are regularly sold cheaper in the United States than where produced. Sugar at 7 1/2 cents wholesale in France, Holland and in Russia is imported, charged with a duty of 30 per cent and sold in this city at least 10 cents. This is not only true of sugar but of chocolate and macaroni, of steel, chipware, glassware and many other articles."

Colorados Wear Carnations.

DENVER, Jan. 29.—Every member of the House of Representatives wore a pink carnation at the session this afternoon in honor of the late President McKinley. A resolution was adopted providing for the commemoration of the late President's birthday. A large number of citizens observed carnation day likewise.

Day Observed in California.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 29.—The 60th anniversary of the birth of the late President McKinley was observed in both houses of the Legislature today by the passage of eulogistic resolutions and a lavish decoration of red carnations.

Memorial Given to Mrs. McKinley.

CANTON, O., Jan. 29.—A handsomely engraved memorial was presented to Mrs. McKinley this afternoon by a committee of the Society of Sons of the American Revolution.

Olds, Wortman & King

ALL GOODS BOUGHT ON ACCOUNT TODAY AND TOMORROW WILL BE CHARGED ON NEXT MONTH'S BILL . . . .

Last Days of Sale

Only Two Days More of Them Saturday Evening Closes Our 25th Annual and the Greatest Value-Giving Sale Portland Has Ever Witnessed

What woman does not welcome such opportunities as the present offers—to secure nice, substantial things for her household—warm, pretty garments, light and comfortable bedding that add so much to the comfort of her family; what woman does not delight in lovely things to make her house attractive and "homey"—fresh, airy curtains, handsome draperies, thick rugs, soft couch cushions, pretty bedspreads with shams, and dainty dishes. And, too, what a boon it is to a housekeeper to secure the many conveniences and contrivances that lighten household work, and really convert it into pleasure.

There now remains but two days when EVERYTHING IN OUR STORE from pit lace to iron pot IS GREATLY REDUCED. As good values in all lines can be secured today as could be at the beginning of this great sale of ours. Take advantage of them, provide amply now, for there are bargains that will not come again for a whole year.

OPPOSED TO SUBSIDIES

GERMAN STEAMSHIP MAN SAYS THEY ARE DEADENING.

Subsidy to Cunard Line Sets Bad Example—Subsidized Steamers Always Prove Failures.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—Herr Ballin, director-general of the Hamburg-American line, announces that the agreement signed at Cologne on Saturday last by the French Trans-Atlantic Company with the shipping companies, which has been introduced into the Chamber, is not to be accepted.

The remaining clauses of the foreign budget were then adopted and the Chamber adjourned.

NEED A SUPREME COURT.

In Debate on Question, French Deputies Use Woman's Weapon.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—A proposition backed by Jules Roche and other Deputies has been introduced into the Chamber of Deputies, calling for a revision of the constitution. The main features of the bill are the declaration of the rights of man of the constitution of 1791, and the conversion of the Court of Cassation into a Supreme Court, empowered to pass on the claims of citizens that their constitutional rights have been violated by the legislative and executive branches of government.

A second bill was introduced by Charles Benoist, providing for the establishment of a Supreme Court entrusted with the protection of the rights and liberties of citizens, and organized on the same lines as the Supreme Court of the United States.

At the conclusion of the sitting Deputies Cadent and Chapuis got into a heated discussion, culminating in a personal encounter, in which M. Cadent badly scratched his adversary's face. The colleagues of the two Deputies intervened and separated them.

ORGANIZE IN BERLIN.

Chamber of Commerce of Americans Engaged in Business There.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—The American Chamber of Commerce was organized here today with 101 members who are engaged in business in this city, Hamburg and other German cities. H. Kreissmann, of Chicago, formerly United States Consul-General and now a street railway owner here, was elected president of the Chamber.

PRETENDER IS BEATEN.

Sultan of Morocco Obtains Declivote Victory Near Fez.

MADRID, Jan. 29.—A dispatch to the Imparcial, from Tangier, announces that El Hammara, the pretender to the throne of Morocco, has been repulsed and is retreating rapidly.

Will Forbid Phosphorus Matches.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—In the Reichstag today Home Secretary von Posadowsky-Wehner, supporting a government measure absolutely prohibiting the use of phosphorus in the manufacture of matches, said the government had acquired the patent of a new lighting substance which was harmless to the health of the working people, and had placed it at the disposal of all the match factories which were still using phosphorus. He knew some manufacturers contended that phosphorus was not injurious to the health of the United States, and the government had accumulated testimony showing that even years after men had ceased to work in match factories they contracted phosphoric necrosis. The bill was referred to a committee.

General Miles in Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Lieutenant-General Miles was the guest of honor at a dinner given yesterday evening at the residence of General Brugere, Commander-in-Chief of the French army. The American General and his party will leave Paris Sunday for London and will sail for home February 7.

Special Train for Schwab.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 29.—It is understood that Charles M. Schwab is negotiating for the haulage of a special train from Vibrodol, a station on the Russo-Prussian frontier, to Port Arthur, the Russian authorities promising to stop the heavy international sleeper at Irku and substitute lighter cars from that point onward.

Makes Princess an Outcast.

DRESDEN, Jan. 29.—A royal decree has been gazetted announcing that the Crown Princess Louise is henceforth excluded from all the rights, titles and dignities of a member of the Saxon royal house as a result of her elopement with Professor Giron. The Princess voluntarily renounced these rights January 9.

Henry Norman Gets Divorce.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Henry Norman, M. P., the author and traveler, has been granted a divorce from his wife, Monie Muriel, the traveler and authoress, on the ground of the latter's infidelity. Lieutenant Edward Fitzgerald, of the Dragon Guards, was named as co-respondent.

ASK UNCLE SAM TO HELP

CHINA AND MEXICO SEEK TO MAINTAIN PARITY OF METALS.

President Sends Message to Congress Recommending Action in Interest of Oriental Commerce.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—President Roosevelt today sent the following message to Congress:

"I transmit herewith a report from the Secretary of State, with accompanying notes from the Mexican Ambassador and the Chinese Charge d'Affaires ad Interim, which seek the co-operation of the United States in such measures as tend to restore and maintain a fixed relationship between the moneys of the gold standard and of the silver-using countries. I request that the executive be given sufficient powers to lend the support of the United States in such manner, and to such degree, as he may deem expedient, to the purposes of the two Governments."

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT." The message was referred to the Committee on Finance. In his communication Secretary Hay says:

"It is not asked that the United States modify its monetary system, and it is distinctly disavowed that any movement is contemplated for the restoration of international bimetalism. The opinion is expressed, however, by the representatives of both governments, that a consultation between the United States and European powers having dependencies in the Orient and the independent countries where silver money is in general use, may result in a plan for establishing a system which will prevent the great fluctuations in exchange which now occur in trade with the silver-using countries. If such a result can be achieved—and it is pointed out that at least a partial solution has been proposed in the United States in a bill now pending in the Senate in regard to the Philippine Islands—great benefits will follow to the trade of the world by making easier the access of the products of manufacturing nations to the markets of China and the other silver-using countries."

The consideration of this subject may have an important bearing also on the payment of the indemnity due by China to certain European powers and to the United States by enabling the Chinese Empire to meet these payments in a manner satisfactory to all the powers. This result, if it could be accomplished, would be of great importance to the United States, and the other powers having a share in the indemnity payments, but to China herself and her future development.

The memoranda submitted by China and Mexico are practically identical. The Chinese note can be taken as typical of that of Mexico. It says that the serious results which are threatened by the recent fluctuations in the value of silver bullion to the commerce both of gold and silver standard countries have induced the Chinese Imperial Government, acting in concert with the Mexican Government, to ask the co-operation of the United States in seeking a remedy of these conditions for the mutual benefit of all concerned. It is pointed out that trade relations between the United States, a gold country, and China, a silver country, is destroyed by a variation of 20 per cent in one year in the price of silver bullion, as happened last year. The memorandum urges that stability in this respect is as important to gold-using as to silver-using countries. It shows that the silver-using countries imported in 1902, almost exclusively from gold standard countries, goods to the value of \$74,656,324, exclusive of British India and several silver countries in South America, which might be brought into an agreement to maintain stability. It that, while a currency reform trade of \$3 per capita into China would represent a total of \$1,200,000,000. The encouragement of a commerce so important is declared to be worthy of serious consideration by the Western powers, giving promise of productive labor for untold thousands of workers. It is admitted that, while a currency readjustment itself would not accomplish such a tremendous revolution as would be in-

Silverfields LAST 2 DAYS OUR GREAT SALE

Thousands of bargains in thousands of useful and necessary fabrics and articles. Every article in our great stock of first-class merchandise at greatly reduced price. Today is a good day to come here and do your shopping, thereby avoiding the rush of the last day of our sale.

Silverfields NEARING THE END TWO DAYS MORE You will wait another year for such a money-saving opportunity as this remarkable sale presents . . . . FURS WILL NEVER BE LOWER PRICED The remarkable advance in the price of Sealskins, Sable, Marten, Mink and in fact all Furs, will cause a great increase in the price of all Fur Garments the coming season . . . . "A Word to the Wise Is Sufficient" RADICAL REDUCTION ON EVERY GARMENT IN OUR MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF CLOAKS AND SUITS SEND FOR RAW-FUR PRICE LIST

MEN Dr. Talcott & Co. You run no risk when you come to us. We cure and wait for our fee until you are convinced beyond the shadow of a doubt that you are well-cured to stay cured. "WEAKNESS" Affection of men commonly described as "Weakness," according to our observation, are not such, but depend upon reflex disturbances, and are almost invariably induced or maintained by appreciable damage to the Prostate Gland. As this may not be perceived by the patient, it is very frequently overlooked by the physician. Every case of contracted disorders. Every case of contracted disorders is treated in our institution. Our patients have no relapses. When we pronounce a case cured there is not a particle of infection or inflammation remaining, and there is not the slightest danger that the disease will return to its original form or work its way into the general system. No contracted disease is so trivial as in warfare to maintain itself. As treatment, and we respectfully solicit those cases that have been treated elsewhere during his journey. To the native chiefs the Colonial Secretary delivered the following message from King Edward: "His Majesty exhorts you to be loyal and peaceful, assures you that he will protect you and wishes you every prosperity." Mr. Chamberlain received a deputation praying for the annexation of Bechuana-land to the Transvaal, but he returned a reply which was tantamount to a refusal of the petition.