ANTIS BREAK OUT

Rawlins and Carmack Throw Mud at the Army.

CHAMPION A REBEL PRIEST

They Charge That Man Who Instigated Filipino Insurgents Was Murdered-Beveridge and Proctor Defend the Army.

The old charge that officers of the Army tortured rebels in the Philippines was revived in the Senate yesterday. and caused a fierce debate.

Hawlins called up his resolution directing the Secretary of War to furnish the proceedings of courts-martial, and remarked that Father Augustin was murdered in cold blood by Captain Corsellur and Mr. Brownell.

The reputation of the Army was mploned by Beverlage and Proctor, and was assailed by Carmack, Hoar

Quay brought the Senate back to the statehood bill, and 'refused assent to a moton of Aldrich to divide the time between statehood and other business. He forced adjournment on a point of no

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.-In the Senate today the resolution offered yesterday by Rawlins calling on the Secretary of War Rawlins calling on the Secretary of War for information regarding certain trials by court-martial in the Philippines was called up. Lodge protested that the resolution called for the printing of proceedings of a voluminous nature.

Rawlins urged that the resolution be adopted because neighbors and relatives of the persons concerned had demanded the facts. He referred to the death of Pather Augustin, who, he said, had been

Father Augustin, who, he said, had been irdered in cold blood. "We have reason to infer," said be, "that a foul crime has been committed and that the criminal is within our bor-

ers and under the present law cannot Beveridge said he had hoped an end

had been reached of the policy of insin-uation and hadger about American sol-diers. Replying, Rawlins said he had not specifically charged any person with hav-ing committed cold-bigoded murder, but his statement was based on affidavits on

file in the War Department.
"It is the old charge," said he, "that we have called attention to tortures and thereby have been arraigning the American Army. It is a false and infamous charge, and I will crowd it down the throats of the men who have falsely given It utterance. I brand the statement as infamous if not cowardly. It is simply an attempt to put me in a false position which I will not occupy."

Excuse a Poor One.

"If that is the best explanation the Senstor can give." remarked Beveridge, "for his remarkable language here. I think the best friend the Senator has would advise him to accept the alterna-

Army and said that Rawlins had given the best argument why the resolution should not be adopted. Hoar interrupted and asked if it was fair to impute to snyhody a desire to at-tack the American Army when the Gov-ernment of the United States itself through its military authority has made

such charges. Beverldge reverted to the use of the words "cold-blooded murder" and said that Rawlins would not undertake the

esponsibility of saying it. Carmack characterized the charge that

the Democrats were assalling the Army as the "meanest and dirtiest" of all that had been made. "It has been the very vermin," he said, "of this debate, and I am a little surprised to find it crawling in the hair of the honorable Senator from Indiana. Jake Smith is no more the American Army than the Senator from Indiana is the American Senate, and not half as much as he thinks he is.

Whoever made the charge, he said, consciously took a falsehood upon his lips when he spoke it. He declared that the Senate committee on the Philippines had refused to investigate the facts of the murder of Father Augustin. There had been a policy of suppression, he asserted, and one witness, who, he said, had testi-fied falsely before the committee, had been

allowed to go unpunished.

He insisted that whatever action had been taken by the President and War Department had been because they were driven to it by the minority of the Sen-ate, and that even then no single fact was brought to light.

Beveridge, replying, said Carmack had made his charge because the investigation did not result as he (Carmack) had hoped "It did not result in putting on the

American Army the brand which the Senator had thought would be put there, but which resulted in a complete and brilliant, vindication."

Carmack again reverted to the investi gation by the committee on the Philip pines as to the conduct of the Army in the Philippines, and said it occupied but four days of seven hours each, "although the Secretary of War, with his us ose and lavish unveracity, had said it occupied five months."

Proctor Defends Brownell.

roctor said that Captain Cornellus Brownell, who is charged in the Rawins resolution with being responsible for the death of Father Augustin was a Ver-mont man, and that there was no better specimen of the Volunteer soldier in Ver-mont or any other state. He had read a statement by Captain Brownell detailing the circumstances of the plot to measurers the circumstances of the plot to massacre his company and the methods adopted to

Proctor declared that Father Augustin was the head and front of the insurrection in his district. From his standing in the church, he said, Father Augustin was able to divert, contrary to the canons of the church, its revenues from their legitimate purposes and use them to further the insurrection. He read a letter by Father Augustin addressed to the priests of the islands calling for contributions to aid the Filipino cause.

Proctor, replying to Tillman, said that aptain Brownell had been mustered out of service and the judge advocate-general had held that he could not now be court-

martialed.
Tillman interrupted and said that, if Captain Brownell is innocent of murder, he ought to be able to prove it, but that those who desired to do so should be allowed to produce evidence showing than

ing his defense. Proctor Captain Brownell was justified in taking the eteps he did. He had, he said, seen a man hung for a much less violation of the rules of war than Father Augustin

was guilty of. an declared that "for the hone the American Army I would to God Father Augustin had been shot by a drumhead court-martial instead of tortured to

Quay Stops Business.

the regular order. Discussion of the statehood bill thereupon was resumed and Lodge addressed the Senate in opposition to the omnibus measure. Lodge spoke for two hours and a half and will continue

Aldrich sought to secure unanimous

ensent for a division of the time of the Senate so as to devote the morning hour to the business on the calendar and excutive business and the remainder of the day to the statehood hill, whenever that measure would not interfere with appro-

Quay would not consent to the arrange-ment unless an agreement for a vote on the statehood bill could be had. Aldrich then moved an executive session. The point of no quorum was made by Quay. A quorum not being present, Quay said he had no desire to send after absent Sena-tors and moved that the Senate adjourn, and at 5:15 P. M. the Senate adjourned un-

INDIANS AND STATEHOOD,

House Hears Plea of Arizona Against Payment of Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.-The House tolay made slow progress with the Indian appropriation bill, covering only about eight pages in over four hours.

Burton of Ohio hung on the flank of Sherman of New York, who had charge of the bill, and insisted upon an explana-tion of every item. He succeeded in hav-ing several appropriations cut down. In the course of the debate he furnished some interesting statistics on the subject of in-dian education, designed to show that the more money the Government spent the nore helpless the Indians became.

more helpless the Indians became.

The Senate amendments to the bill to amend the bankruptey act were agreed to.

The Speaker appointed Hildebrand (Rep. O.), Hughes (Rep. W. Va.) and Bartlett (Dem. Ga.) members of the temporary committee on accounts of the next Con-

Soon after the House convened, a motion was made to concur in the Senate amendments to the bankruptcy bill, and after some debate was agreed to, 13t to 32. The House then resumed consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. While the bill was being considered, Smith, the Delegate from Arizons, took the floor and replied to some of the charges made in the Senate during the debate on the estate-

the Senate during the debate on the state-hood bill, to the effect that Arizona had repudlated her debts.

Smith explained that he was compelled to reply in the House because Arizona had no representative in the Senate. He de-nied that Arizona had ever repudiated a single dollar of debt or defaulted on a lollar of it. The charge, he said, was based upon the fact that a horde of men owning bonds known to be fraudulent had come to Congress and had those bonds validated after they had been declared invalid by the Supreme Court. He explained how one of the counties in the territory had been induced to issue bonds to promote a railroad enterprise, but, he said, not an inch of railroad had been built for the \$400,000 of bonds which Congress had saddled on the people of Arizona. He thought the act validating the bonds should be reposled on the United States should be wning bonds known to be fraudulent had

the act validating the bonds should be repealed or the United States should assume their payment.

When the item relating to Indian education was reached Burton submitted some interesting figures, showing that as additional educational facilities were given, the number of Indians in particular tribes subsisting on Government bounty had increased.

Without completing consideration of the

RETURNS TO WASHINGTON. President Gives Railroad Men Re-

ception at Harrisburg. WASHINGTON, Jan. 28. - President Roosevelt and party arrived at Washington from Canton at 5 o'clock this after-noon. On alighting from the train the President walked briskly forward to the locomotive, where he shook hands with the engineer and fireman. He and Secrethe engineer and fireman. He and Secre-tary Cortelyou then entered one of the White House carriages and were driven directly to the White House. Several times today the President seid he had a most enjoyable trip. No especially nota-ble incidents occurred during the return journey. It was late before the Presi-dent and party arose this morning, and the day was passed quietly in the pri-vate car.

vate car.

At Harrisburg the President, accompanied by General S. B. M. Young, took a walk for exercise along the station platform. Subsequently he held an informal reception on the platform, greeting heart-ffy a large number of railroad employes and mechanics.

Charles Emory Smith accompanied the party as far as Harrisburg, and then pro-ceeded directly to Philadelphia.

Crank Tries to See President. HUNTINGTON, Pa., Jan. 28.-An effort was made by a strange man to force his way into the President's room at the Hotel McKinley just before the dinner He carried a bundle in his hand and de clined to make known his business fur ther than that he desired to "see the President." He was refused admittance by the officers and left the hotel seem ingly in an angry mood.

Lessler Committee Did Not Meet. WASHINGTON, Jan, 28 .- The subcom mittee of the House navai affairs com-mittee appointed to draw up findings for the committee in the matter of the inestigation of the Lessier bribery charges did not meet today, owing to the absence from Washington of one of the members.

Denn Will Retnin Office.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.-Charles Racan, who has been the private secretary David J. Hill, the Assistant Secretary of State, for the past three years, has been invited by Francis B. Loomie, who succeeds Dr. Hill, to remain with him in the same capacity and he will do so.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.-The bill pro-iding for the construction of a revenue utter to be stationed at Honolulu was favorably reported to the House today by the House committee on interestate and foreign commerce.*

MEXICANS STEAL BULLION They Enter Bonded Car and Escape With \$40,000 in Silver.

ALAMOGORDO, N. M., Jan. 28.-Some where between this place and El Paso, Tex., a United States bonded car, in transit from the El Paso smelter to Chicago loaded with 600 bars of eliver built

At Jarilla Junction, the broken seal was iscovered and an investigation revealed three Mexicans in the car. When an attempt was made to eject them they pulled knives and a lively fight took place, in which the crew was victorious and drove

the robbers away.
At Dog Canyon, Sheriff Hunter saw three Mexicans, who took to the brush. A call to halt was answered by a fusillad A running fight ensued. Hunter shot a Mexican through the heart. The other two men escaped, but posses are after them. Officials are of the opinion that the bonded car was entered by robbers just outside El Paso, who threw the bars out of the car, to be gathered up by confederates.

value of the missing bullion is estimated at \$40,600.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.-David W. in, the reported manager of Canfield's alleged gambling-house, today pleaded not guilty to the indictment found against him by the grand jury of abetting the

Pretender Advancing on Fez. MADRID, Jan. 28.—The government has eccived news that the Moorish pretender is advancing to attack Fez.

BRINGS CHICAGO NEARER.

Seventy Hours Is the Time East Via

The time between Portland and Chicago via the "Chicago-Portland Special" now is 79 hours, or two hours less than three days. Train leaves every morning at 9:20 o'clock. Inquire O. R. & N. ticket office, Third and Washington.

Olds, Wortman & King

Last Days of Our 25th Annual Clearance Sale Fair Warning

Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Are the only remaining days on this, the biggest and best bargain time Portland has ever known.

Three Days Only

To complete all the purchases that you may be contemplating during the special bargain time. Every floor of our store is filled with clearance bargains. All lines are strongly reduced. Just as a reminder we mention briefly these:

Big Reductions on Knit Underwear

LADIES' UNION SUITS, grav or white, fine jersey-ribbed, wool plated, Oneita or halfopen style, an excellent \$1.50 quality for, per \$1.19

LADIES' UNION SUITS, silver gray, winter weight cotton, half-open front, an excellent 75c quality, special 49c

Ladies' Muslin Underwear

LADIES' GOWNS, SKIRTS AND DRAWERS, attractive styles, none worth less that 90c each, now 69c LADIES' GOWNS, SKIRTS AND

DRAWERS, select materials and styles, generous sizes, everything to make a satisfactory garment and none worth less than \$1.25 each, 98c

Big Clearance Specials in Fur Trimmings

Handsome fur trimmings never go out of fashion and can be used over and over again in many different ways. Our sale offerings are on the handsomest kind of

FUR HEADS and tails to match in mink, stone marten and fox, 75c, \$1.00 and

FUR TAILS to match heads,

dark colors, special, 8c

65c and 75c grades, reduced to, a yard. 39c

CONFER TILL MIDNIGHT

AMBASSADORS NOT YET AGREED ON VENEZUELA.

Blockade Cannot Be Raised for Another Day-Other Powers Claim Share of Customs Receipts.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.-The British and Italian Ambassadors and Count vor Quadt, the German Charge, called on Mr. Bowen, the Venezuelan representative, looking to the raising of the blockade and a settlement of the claims against Vene-zuela, about 10:30 o'clock, and were still in conference with him at 11:30 o'clock. The conference was by appointment, and at the request of the representatives. It is believed that the purpose was to presen claims of the allies to preferential treat-ment in payments over those nations which have not exerted physical pressuron Venezuela, but it was impossible to get any direct information on this point.

The conference broke up at 12:30 o'clock and the representatives of the allies pro-ceeded at once to their homes. It was made known that no agreement had yet been reached for the raising of the block-ade, and that further word must be awalted from Europe before this stage of the negotiations is passed. Details respecting payment still remain to be adjusted to the common satisfaction of all concerned, and as under the fastructions of their govern-ments each diplomatic representative of the allies must report to his own country, these representations in turn being the subject of cablegrams between the allies, in order that the concert between them may be preserved, it will be at least 24 hours longer before the blockade can be removed. By common consent the duty of giving the press a statement of the conference, as far as it was deemed politic to make any announcement, was devolved on Mr. Bowen. That gentleman's state-

"We have been discussing tonight certain points which need to be clearly under-stood. These have been referred to us for ousideration, and our views are now to be mmunicated at once to Rome, London

The further statement was made after the conference that there is absolutely no foundation for charges that Germany was delaying the signing of the preliminary otocol. The representations considered night emanated from the London For-

eign Office. Signor Mayor Desplanches, the Italian Ambaszador, as the ranking representa tive of the allies, called on Mr. Bowen this afternoon and informed him of the dispatch of the joint cablegram to the powers and expressed the hope that

Partlal confirmation has been obtained here of cable dispatches that Belgium is to take a part in the administration of the customs receipts. Mr. Bowen declines to discuss the details of his plan, however, until the blockade has been raised. Late this afternoon he gave out a brief state-ment of the diplomatic debt of Venezuela and the methods for its future adjust-

In round numbers this debt amounted on December 31, 1901, to something over \$14,000,000, and consisted of claims which had previously been adjusted. Since that date, owing to the almost constant state of revolution which has prevailed in Venezuela, no payments have been made on the debt. Mr. Bowen's plan provides that 13 per cent of the customs receipts of all the Venezuelan ports shall go toward the payment of this debt. This arrange-ment, it is stated, will interfere in no wise with the plan of Mr. Bowen submitted to the powers for the settlement of the unadjudicated claims. For the payment of the latter, 30 per cent of the customs duties of the two ports of Puerto Cabello and La Guayra have been of-fered in pledge by Mr. Bowen. These ports were selected because they would the last to fall into the hands of the revolutionists.

Assurance has been given the Prench Sovernment that it shall receive fair treatment in the settlement of its claims. and that no previous arrangements which it has made with Venezuela shall be interfered with. The French Charge d'Affaires, Pierre de Margerie, today re ceived instructions from the Foreign Of fice at Paris to conduct negotiations with Mr. Bowen, whenever the latter desires to take up the French cialms. No instruc-Beigium Minister, Baron Moncheur, relative to the settlement of the claims of his government, but these instructions

are expected within a short time.

An Italian Consul has been ordered to Washington from Venezuela with all the States and Canada to adjust the Alaskan papers bearing on the claims of his gov-ernment. These will be placed at the dis-posal of the Italian Ambassador. The latter is being congratulated on his diplo-matic triumph in securing pro-rata pay-ment of the claims for the powers, as this means much for the Italian govern

learned today that the publication by the London Foreign Office of the fact that Great Britain and not Germany sought the alliance against Venezuela was brought about by representations from the German Foreign Office. It is said that Germany had threatened to publish the diplomatic exchanges between the Ger-man and British Foreign Offices unless

Great Britain immediately should bear the responsibility for the alliance. This threat was induced by the anti-German feeling aroused in the United States by events in Venezuelan waters.

FACTS AGOUT ALLIANCE. English Writer Says Germany Did

Not Seek It. LONDON, Jan. 28 .- Tomorrow's issue of the Empire Review, of which C. Kinlock Cook, a well-known writer on foreign and colonial affairs, is editor, will publish striking articles on Anglo-American rela-tions from important and thoroughly reliable sources in Berlin and London, which are sure to attract considerable at-tention. The articles are designed to promote a better state of feeling in England and Germany. During the course of a recapitulation of their relations during

a long period, the writer says:
"The public should be aware of the fact
that it was our Cabinet which asked the that it was our Cabinet which asked the German Government to co-operate with this country in the coercion of Venezuela. That decision was not, however, taken at That decision was not prevent any taken at this compensation was to prevent any Sandringham. Indeed, I think I am cor-rect in saying the subject of Venezuela was not mentioned by Emperor William during his visit to the King. Anyhow, it is in every sense a perversion of things to assert that the alliance was due to the cajolery of either the Emperor or his Chancellor. Germany did not force her al-liance upon us, nor did she dupe us into a conclusion of the alliance. Moreover, the contention that Germany would have been prevented by force of public opinion in the United States from alone coercing Venezuela, and that, but for the alliance with us, she would have run the risk of hostilities with the United States, is arbitrary, and would not be indorsed for a moment either by Downing street or at Washington."

FRANCE CLAIMS PRECEDENCE. Satisfy All Nations.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The attitude of the Government of France relative to the against Venezuela is that the French claims are in the nature of a first lien on the customs receipts, and that, under no circumstances, are they to be subordinated to other claims. This view has been communicated to the represent-atives of the allies, to Minister Bowen and to the State Department at Washington. For this reason the officials here express confidence that no arrangements will be nade between Mr. Bowen and the allies contemplating giving priority to the claims of the ailies over those of France

and other powers similarly situated.

It is said that 40 per cent of the cus oms receipts will probably be sufficient to satisfy France, the allies and all the other claimants. Previous to the meeting of Mr. Bowen and the representatives of the allies, France secured an agreement with Venezuela that the French claims shall receive treatment equal to that gives to any other power. The view is held here that Venezuela and all others taking here that Venezueia and an only take cog part in the negotiations should take cog part the agreement. The nizance and carry out the agreement. The French authorities evidently insist that equal terms are absolutely indispensable.

VON QUADT EXPLAINS, TOO. Denies Panther Was Trying to Enter Harbor of Marnenibo.

WASHINGTON, Jan, 28.-The following statement was made at the German Em bassy tonight by Count von Quadt relative to the Panther episode at Fort San

"We had thought until now that the Canther was trying to get into Maracaibo harbor, which it had a perfect right to do to make the blockade more effective and to stop the supposed importation of supplies from across the Colombian border Heretofore this opinion has prevailed in Berlin, and only now has a report come showing absolutely that the Panther had not the remotest intention of going into the harbor, and could not have done so, because she was drawing too much water to cross the bar.

near the bar, but when she approached the bar she was fired upon by the San Carlos forts.

CONDEMNS THE ALLIANCE. British Liberal Leader Criticizes

Policy in Venezuela. LONDON, Jan. 28.-Right Hon. Herbert Henry Asquith, M. P., speaking at Hull tonight, severely criticised the Angio-Ger-man Alliance in Venezuela, which he characterized as "an ill-conceived adventure from the risks and humiliation of which the British government should speedily extricate itself and the country."

INSIST ON PRECEDENCE,

Allies Object to Giving Equal Treat-

ment to Other Powers. LONDON, Jan. 28.-It was said at the Foreign Office today that there was no change in the Venezuelan blockade situa-tion. The reports that it will be raised immediately are premature. Everything depends on the compliance of Venezuela with the terms laid down by the representatives of the powers at Washington. The claims of powers other than those engaged in the blockade will not be included in the terms of the arrests.

This | the basis of the guarantee of Venezuela. The Foreign Office officials intimate that ounter-proposals for the equality of treatment of all claims, irrespective of the preferential rights of the three allied pow-ers, must delay the withdrawal of their ships. It is understood, however, that the German warships will refrain from enter-ing Lake Maracaibo.

FOR THIS OCCASION ONLY. British Statesman Says Anglo-German Alliance Is Temporary.

LONDON, Jan. 28.-Lord Balfour, of Burleigh, Secretary for Scotland, in a speech yesterday evening at Edinburgh, was the first Cabinet Minister to discuss Anglo-German co-operation in Venezuela since the crisis became acute. He said it was not an alliance for defensive purposes, ex-tending for a great length of time, and for all the interests of the two countries, but was a mere casual co-operation for a specific purpose, and for a limited time. He had not the slightest doubt that comthat this compensation was to prevent any breach of existing good feeling between the European countries and the United States. It was best for the peace of the world that Great Britain and Germany should have acted together.

GERMAN EXPLAINS AGAIN. New Version of Cause of San Carlos Affair.

CARACAS, Jan. 28 .- Every one here exsects the blockade to be raised at any noment. It has been learned from an of-

she tried to land a boat flying a red flag. state, county and city elections in Del-This signal was misinterpreted by the aware that there will bereafter be two which subsequently fired on the

BELGIUM AS COLLECTOR. Will Take Charge of Customs and

Distribute the Funds. PARIS. Jan. 28.-It was learned today that the Belgian Charge d'Affaires at Car-acas has informed his diplomatic and offidal colleagues that Belgium will undertake the administration of the Venezuelar foreign claimants, thus relieving the United States and other interested parties from the responsibility of administering the settlement. Belgian agents will be ap pointed to receive the customs and dis-tribute the respective proportion to the defendants.

Says the Julia Did Not Signal. NEW YORK, Jan. 28.-In a letter from

Captain Eckermann, of the German ship Panther, to Captain George Terrill, of the "The thorough groundlessness of this ccusation, which is likely to injure your

personal honor and to deprive you of your

position, induces me to place at your free disposal, you being absolutely unknown to me, the following statement:
"First-There was never any signassed between you and the Panther. "Second-H. M. S. Panther did not leave its anchorage as you passed her on the evening of December 20, 1902, coming from

Maracaibo, and, morsover, since the be-ginning of the blockade until the present day, has not passed over the bar of Mara-The Mirando, moreover, has not been seized. Bowen to Protect Germans. WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.-Impressed with the fair spirit in which Mr. Bowen

has conducted the negotiations for Venezuels, an appeal has come to the Minis-ter from one of the largest German firms in existence, asking that he protect German interests so far as he may be able in his representations to the powers. He is especially urged to call to the attention of the powers the serious harm that will accrue to foreign trade in Venezuela and throughout South America if the allies insist on any proposition involving the over-turning of the currency system of Venguela. This appeal, with Mr. Bowen's indorsement, has been communicated to the powers. Mr. Bowen is thus placed in the attitude of asking protection from the powers to rthe interests of their citizens.

Ready to Raise Blockade. PARIS, Jan. 29.—A dispatch from Car-acas to the Matin says that the British cruiser Tribune is the only warship now at La Guayra, and that color is given to the assertion that the blocknde will be raised within 24 hours by the fact that the Tribune is under steam, ready leave. All is quiet at Caracas.

The Celebrated 1898 Vintage is represented in this market by G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champagne, to whose magnificent quality and natural dryness is due its unique position, manifested by 125,719 cases imported in 1902, being 407,304 bottles more than any other brand.

Brazilians Are Besieged, RIO JANEIRO, Jan. 28.-It is reported disputch from La Paz. Bolivia, that

\$1.25 grades reduced to, each ... 50c 25c and 29c kinds reduced to, each 15c

50c kinds reduced to, each 25c SMALLER HEADS, light or S

TRIMMINGS by the yard, black marten, black Thibet, coney and angora furs, 45c and 50c grades 29c

TODAY IN Blankets Comforts Hosiery Underwear

> Gloves Jackets Tailor-Made Suits Dress Goods Silks Lace Curtains Table Linens Flannels

> > Silks, Etc., Etc.

Lipman Wolfer Co.

LAST THREE DAYS

GREAT SALE

Every shrewd buyer in

Portland should take ad-

vantage of the thousands

of opportunities for

economical purchasing.

Every article in our en-

tire stock of first-class

merchandise can be

bought now at greatly

GREAT BARGAINS

reduced prices.

the Brazilians at Acre are besieged in the

ADDICKS DECLARES WAR ership of the Acre territory, no serious Will Hereafter Refuse to Act With DOVER, Del., Jan. 28.-J. Edward Ad-

dicks, who has within six votes of the necessary majority in the deadlocked Legislature for United States Senator, tonight issued a statement in which he says that the "bolters," or regular Republicans, beyond backet beautiful to the says that the "bolters," or regular Republicans, the ficer of the gunboat Marietia, which anchored today at La Guayra, that the German Commodore, Scheder, on arriving at Willemstad with the Vineta, said:

"The Panther did not fire first on Fort San Carlos on January 17. She was obliged by a storm to take refuge inside the bar, and, on coming near the fortress, the bar, and, on coming near the fortress, the future. This is taken to mean in the future. This is taken to mean in the future. This is taken to mean in the future.

> Republican tickete, WILL VOTE BY MACHINE.

Both Houses in Kansas Pass Bill to Adopt System.

TOPEKA, Jan. 28.—Kansas will use voting machines. Both houses of the Legisature have favorably reported bills authere have lavorably reported him au-thorizing the executive council to contract for a machine that will fill all the re-quirements of the state elections. The general opinion is that the Australian system at present in use is too cumbersome

Denver Honors Senator Teller. DENVER, Jan. 28.-Notwithstanding the severe snow storm which broke upon Dento United States Senator Brown Palace from 7:30 to 9 o'clock was largely attended. The rotunda was profusely decorated with flags and bunting and thousands of men and women of all parties crowded in to grasp the hand of the man whom the Colorado Legislature Red D line steamer Julia, regarding the charge of giving information leading to the capture of the Venezuelan warship Miranda, the German commander says:

| Red D line steamer Julia, regarding the recently honored for the sixth time by election to the United States Senate. The reception was followed by a banquet at the hotel in honor of Senator Teller, the guests including the Democratic members of the Legislature, the six Representatives who were unscated; members of the Democratic state central committee and 100 other prominent Democrats. Ex-Governor C. S. Thomas acted as toastmaster.

> Senate Votes Down Female Suffrage. TOPEKA, Jan. 28.—The Senate today voted down the woman suffrage bill. It was proposed to grant them the privilege of voting for Presidential electors, which would require an amendment to the con-stitution. The House and Governor Bailey favored the measure.

> Utah Favors Statehood Bill, SALT LAKE, Jan. 28.—The House today agsed the Senate joint memorial asking ongress to pass the statehood bill for the dmission of Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico.

YAQUIS KILLS AMERICANS Attack Mexican Town, and Slav Many of Defenders.

CANANEA, Mexico, Jan. 28.-News has

just been received here that the Yaquis three days ago attacked the town of San

Marcial, the mining center of the state, and almost took possession of it. Among the defenders of San Marcial against the Yaquis were more than 20 Americans, eight of whom were killed. It is stated that there were a number of Americans on the side of the Yaquis.

Among the defenders killed by the Yaquis were Mr. McAillster, formerly superndent of the Puerto Citos mine of this place; Frank Pendleton, formerly fore-man of the same mine; Ed Schutt and

George Carroll. WILL ARBITRATE CLAIMS. United States Reaches Agreement With Santo Domingo.

SANTO DOMINGO, Jan. 28 .- The propo sition presented by United States Minister Powell to refer the disputed claims of the Santo Domingo Improvement Company, of New York, to international arbitration has been accepted by the Dominican government. They involve \$5,000,000.

No Fears of Serious Trouble. RIO JANEIRO, Jan. 28.-Although Brazil

tier, and has sent warships up the Amazon, as a result of the dispute between the two countries on the question of the own-

Much Paper, No Assets DAVENPORT, In., Jan. 28.—Develop-ments today show that the Northern Building Company, while failed yesterday,

has liabilities amounting to \$150,000, with no assets. About \$100,000 of the debt is on paper held by Iowa banks. Whole College Is Swallowed.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.-Illinois College, at Jacksonville, Ill., has been absorbed by

Long Feels Comfortable.

BOSTON, Jan. 28.-Ex-Secretary of the Navy Long was reported as being comfort-

FineArtPianos

Fine Artists

GABRILOWITSCH The great Russian planist, who enter-tained and delighted such a large audience of music-lovers at the Marquam last Thursday night, and who played a return

this afternoon, uses the

HAMBOURG

The distinguished planist, who is meeting with the greatest success in all the largest cities, and who, by special request of President Roosevelt, played at the White House on January 2, uses the KNABE. RAOUL PUGNO

The great French artist and master, who

is giving a series of concerts in this country at this time, and meeting with great success, suses the BALDWIN, the plane that took the Grand Prix at the Paris Exposition, 1990. Madame Sembrich, the great diva; Lillie Lebmann and Eduard Zeldenrust, also use the BALDWIN,

HAROLD BAUER Another distinguished planist, has just Another distinguished pinnist, has just completed a tour of concerts in Spain, during which time he played before the Queen. Bauer then went to Portugal and played in Lisbon to the Queen of Portugal, who conferred upon him the decoration of Knight of the Order of St. Thiago. This latter is the highest obtainable distinction for achievement in the field of art. Prior to his Spanish tour Bauer played 15 concerts in Holland, using the MASON & HAMLIN plano.

THEODORE THOMAS

Whose symphony concerts at music halls at the Columbia Exposition, at Chicago, in 1893, attracted and delighted thousands of music-lovers, used the FISCHER, a plane that took highest honors at same exposition. plane that took highest honors at same exposition.

Much could be said about other high-grade planes we handle, such as the LUD-Wild, the plane that took high honors at the Paris Exposition, 1900, and highest honors at the Pan-American, 1901; the old reliable STECK, the ever-popular HARDMAN, the PACKARD and many others, but space forbids. The above is sufficient to show that we are distinctively a high-grade piano house, and that our facilities for doing business make it possible to furnish our pianes at prices lower than others charge for the cheap kind. Special inducements this week. Our casy-payment plan applies to all.

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