CHARTERNOTSICNED

Governor Chamberlain Has Not Read It Yet.

PORT OF PORTLAND BOND BILL

Some of the Members of the Lower House Who Are Earning Their Salaries - Complaints of Petit Larceny.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 21 - (Staff correspond-BALEM, Or., Jan. 21—(Staff correspondence.)—Governor Chamberlain has received the Portland charter as passed by both houses and eigned by the President and Speaker. President Brownell affixed his signature to the instrument this morning.

"No, I have not yet signed the charter," and the Governor this afternoon. said the Governor this afternoon.
"When do you expect to do so?" was

"Perhaps tomorrow. I have not yet read it." asked.

C. F. Adams, treasurer of the Port of Portand Commission, and J. C. Flanders, attorney for the commission, are at the capital in the interest of the bill to author-ize the board to issue \$300,000 in bonds for the the board to issue \$30,000 in bonds for refunding purposes. The bill was in-troduced in the House by Sanderson Reed, of Multnomah. It authorizes the com-mission to issue bonds in denominations of not less than \$100 nor more than \$100, bearing interest of not more than 4 per cent.

"You can't trust these Salem or Port-land fellows much," remarked C. P. John-zon candidly, "I keep my deek locked." "Why?" was asked.

"Well, you see, I don't know what might happen. Here's my friend Mr. Ginn, he lost a brand new code."

"That's right," put in Mr. Ginn. 'I had hardly one giance at the books until they were gone—hardly a single glance."

"You ought to feel relieved," suggested a bystander. "They're pretty hard reading."

Mr. Ginn looked as if the loss did not concern him very much. Then somebody

"Where did the books go?"
"Don't ask me," replied Mr. Ginn, very much immersed in the work of lawmak-

"You don't mean to intimate that they're in souk?"
"Not that I know of," returned Mr. Ginn, and looked so innocent that the

Ginn, and looked so innocent that the questioner was ashamed of himself.

"Oh, no," interjected Mr. Johnson, "Mr. Ginn doesn't have to put anything in soak. I can vouch for that."

"Thank you," was what Mr. Ginn said in a grateful look and then remarked:
"Sas this key? It came from a hotel at "See this key? It came from a hotel at Portland. I didn't do it on purpose, no indeed," he nided hastlly. "But I feel as

if I was closer toward getting even." "You might think," remarked Mr. John-son busily engaged with his bill file, "that I was a sheepherder, but I'm not."

'How's that?" "From the way I'm getting things posted up in this file. Guess I'll have to call for a basin of water—and a towel he added, "But I'm going to put it carefully away. You can't trust these Salem or Portland fellows much," and Mr. Johncompanionable pipe.

'I'm a poor lawmaker," modestly said C. N. Burgess, of Wasco. His friends couldn't believe him and it

was up to him to explain. "I'm a cowpuncher. A cowpuncher can't be a very good lawmaker."

be a very good lawmaker."

Mr. Burgess' friends couldn't believe this either, and so he defended himself once more by saying: "Yes, I'm a cowpuncher. I've punched cows all my life,"

"Well," said one of his auditors, "if you're as good a cowpuncher as you are a legislator, you must be a pretty big

Mr. Burgess is active in the House and than I do at home," one of its handsomest members. He has an eye wide open to business and watches every opportunity that comes his way to every opportunity that comes his way to a horse falling upon his foot. Mr. County of Stockman, in Eastern Oregon, to a special committee of the Twenty-first and Twenty-eighth Districts, Under ordinary circumstances this bill would go to the committee on counties.

B. L. Eddy, of Tillamook, who was defeated by Harris of Lane for Speaker, is one of the most active members of the House. He has a good knowledge of preliamentary procedure and is an effec-tive speaker. Mr. Eddy's acquaintance with parliamentary usage has made him an authority among his fellow lawmakers. The Tillamook gentleman is more at his desk than any member of the House. "You're the hardest worker of the

House," said a reporter.
"Indeed?" responded Mr. Eddy, and added: "Now if that's meant as a complient, what can I do for you?" Give us some news," req

"Well, now, I don't think I have any we. But, there's the Senatorial —" Good! You certainly know something

'No, I'm sorry to say I don't." "Don't you know how it's going to go?"
"Wish I did." replied the gentleman. "I
might tell you—and yet again," he added
suspiciously eyeing the questioner, "I

"But," added Mr. Eddy, "you might write a story about the prudent man that foreseeth and hideth away." "You mean the dark horse for Senator?"
"Oh, no. I mean the fellow that gets
usy around here and takes things that

ousy around her him." Have you lost anything?" "No. I haven't, but others have, And," continued Mr. Eddy, "there's another thing. See all those papers and bills?"
"Yes, what about them?"
"Well I think the about them?"

Well, I think we should pass a resolution to keep that stuff from piling up. A man can't make laws when he can't even see his desk. But, ho, hum," sighed man and went to supper

"Don't get my name in the newspaper, ordered D. M. C. Gault, Representative from Washington County. "Don't do it

"Well, if you do, I won't give you any more news.

Why-why, what's the matter?" "I'm not stuck after getting my nam-print. I run a newspaper myself," in print. I run a newspaper myself," added the Washington County gentleman

proudly.

"Did you ever have your photograph taken on Sunday?"

"Not on your life," responded Mr. Gault positively, and the reporter's attempt to get him tangled up falled dismally. Mr. Gault is fathering a bill to prohibit photograph of the property of

ographers from doing busin

Mr. Gault is the man who fought the Lewis and Clark Fair bill. He doesn't think that Portland should have the Fair until it allows the Hillsboro Electric Railroad to enter the city. When Mr. Eddy, acting Speaker, was hurrying along the business of the House so as to get prompt action on the Fair blil, Mr. Gault was try

ling to stay the proceedings.

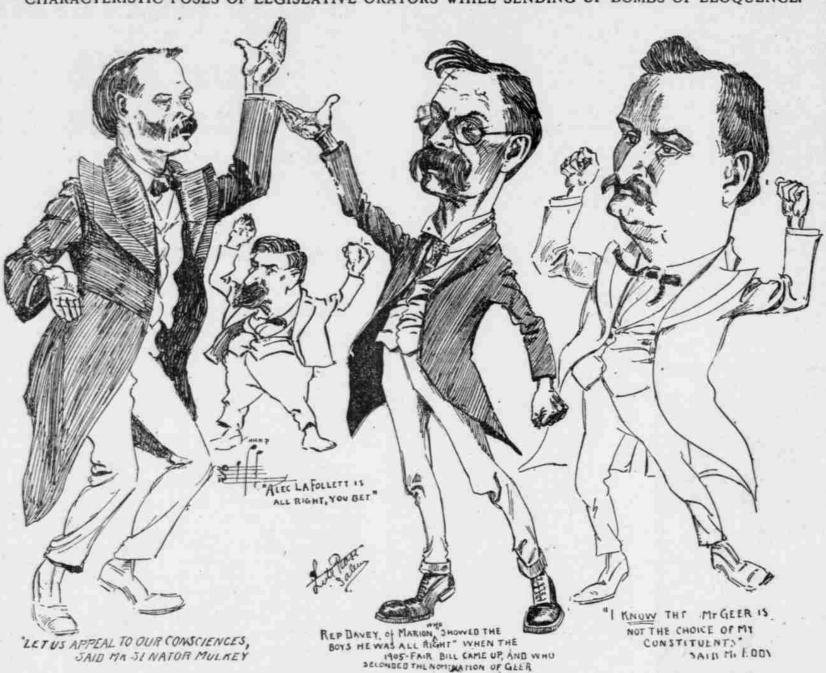
"That man Eddy," sputtered Mr. Gault after adjournment, "that man Eddy is the most arbitrary officer I ever saw."

"Why?" was asked.

"Oh, he's a tyrant. I hate arbitrary Mr. Gault is one of the gentlemen who woted for Mr. Harris for Speaker.

Esvesdroppers at the telegraph booths sary.

CHARACTERISTIC POSES OF LEGISLATIVE ORATORS WHILE SENDING UP BOMBS OF ELOQUENCE.



Capitol. They have been regular em-ployes at other Legislatures also, es-pecially during Senatorial contests. They appear so innocent that they seem to be only lobbyists or members of the "third House." Their common occupation is to lean against the columns of the Capitol. or against the rail of the lightwell or against the rain of the lightwen, of the loiter about the cigar stands. "They're always here," said a telegraph operator. One of the companies has a secret "ticker" which successfully folis the

"I'm earning my salary," remarked G

eavesdroppers.

W. Phelps, of Morrow, as he bustled by in a hurry. "I'm earning my salary."

Mr. Phelps is one of the active young members of the House. Although he sits at the rear he makes himself heard by every member of the chamber. He is chairman of the committee on assessment and taxtion, one of the most important and taxation, one of the most important working bodies of the House. He has prepared two bills, which will take promi-nent place. One of them is for a more effective system of accessment and collec-tion of taxes. It makes taxes payable in the Fall of the year. Another bill of his relates to the use of water from flowing streams and to riparian rights. Mr. Phelps is confident that he will succeed

od a cowpuncher as you are you must be a pretty big my \$3 a day. I am working harder here

help him along with the measures in his charge. His diligence has resulted in Danneman has been limping around on a the referring of his bill to create the cane with his foot in a bundle. He is cane with his foot in a bundle. He is fast recovering and has already resumed the use of the usual sized boot. He thinks his recovery is due largely to the curative powers which his deep interest in legis-lation has exerted.

"I'm forgetting all about that foot." "I'm forgetting all about that foot," said Mr. Danneman, "and its getting better," and he looked at it for the first time that day. "Why," he went on. "I have so much to do that I don't even have time to think of my cane."
"Could you use the toe of your boot on anybody yet?"

"Not very effectively, but I shouldn't wish to do that anyway. I'm no kicker." and Mr. Danneman resumed lawmaking where he had left off.

Bills were introduced in the House to-day to amend the charters of Falls City, Polk County; Cornelius, Washington County; Corvallis, Bandon, Ashland and Coquille and Oregon City. Bills were passed to incorporate the town of Ione, Morrow County, and to amend the char-ter of Tillamook. Bills were introduced to incorporate Adams, Umatilla County; Milwaukie, Clackamas County, and Sublimity, Marion County.

Senator Smith, of Umatilla, is father of a bill requiring that petitions for liquor licenses must bear the signatures of a majority of the legal voters of the precinct, which voters must have resided in the precinct not less than 30 days preced-ing the signing and filing of the petition. The number of legal voters in the pre-cinct is determined by the number at the time the petition is presented.

Biacklisting of employes is prohibited by a bill introduced in the House by Balley of Multnomah. The penalties for violation of the act are to range from fines of from \$50 to \$250, and imprison-ment from 30 to 30 days.

TO PERFECT CLERK SHIP LAW.

Bills May Be Enrolled With Typewriters Instead of With Pen.

SALEM, Jan. 21.-(Special.)-Senator Kuykendall this morning introduced a bill in the Senate, which, if passed, will make several needful changes in the clerkship law which bears his name. The bill provides that on the first day of a legislative session five expert stenographers be employed, and that the committee clerks shall not be employed until the commit-tees have been named. Then the clerks are to be nominated by the several com-mittees, and elected by the Senate. This means that the clerks will be satisfactory to the committees. No clerks except the five expert stenographers are to be employed before the second Monday. The purpose of this is to provide clerks sufficlent to take dictations and write letters and bills for the Senators without burden ing the state with an unnecessary payroll

Another proposed change, which will greatly expedite business, is a provision that the enrolling and engrossing of bills may be in typewriting. Heretofore it has been the rule that bills must be enrolled with a pen. The change, if made, will make it possible to copy bills more rap-idly and if members and committees prepere all their bills in duplicate or tripli cate, by the use of carbon sheets, a very large amount of copying may be saved. Kuykendall's new measure also provides

TO PREVENT THE TRUSTS

SENATOR DALY INTRODUCES BILL AGAINST MONOPOLIES.

It Is Made Criminal Offense to Form Combinations to Fx Prices pr to Restrain Trade.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 21 .- (Staff correspondnce.)-Senator Daly has introduced in the Senate a sweeping measure for the pre-vention of trusts and monopolies. The bill proposes to declare it a criminal offense for any person or corporation to en-ter into any agreement for or with any other person or corporation for the pur-pose of fixing the price of any article, merchandise or commodity, or to fix the rates for insurance. Heavy penalties are tion of pools, or for the carrying out of their purposes or for the sale of their any political lines. Democrats generally products are declared void. Purchasers oppose the change, for the reason that in of articles made and sold in violation of Oregon the holding of state and county this act need not be paid for, and if paid for the purchase price may be recovered. elections would lessen the chance of Dem-The scope of the Daly bill is shown by the first section, which is as follows: "Any corporation organized under the laws of this or any other state or country, and transacting or conducting any bind of business in this state, or any partnership, or individual, or other association of persons whatsoever, who shall cre-ate, enter into, become a member of or a party to any pool, trust, agreement, combination, confederation or understanding with any other corporation, partnership, individual or any other person or association of persons, to regulate or fix the price of any article of manufacture, mechanism, merchandise, commodity, convenience, repair, any product of mining, or any article or thing whatsoever, or the price or premium to be paid for insuring property against loss or dam-age by fire, lightning or storm, or to maintain said price when so regulated or fixed, or shall enter into, become a member of or a party to any pool, agree-ment, combination, contract, association or confederation to fix or limit the amount or quantity of any article of manufacture. mechanism, merchandire, commodity, con-venience, repair, any product of mining, or any article or thing whatsoever, or the price or premium to be paid for insuring property against loss or damage by fire, lightning, storm, cyclone, tornado, or any other kind of policy issued by any corporation, partnership, individual, or association of persons aforesaid, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a compiracy to defraud, and to be subject to

the penalties as provided by this act."

A monopoly is defined as follows:
"A 'monopoly' is any union or combination or consolidation or affiliation of capital, credit, property, assets, trade, custom, skill or acts, or of any other valuable thing or possession, by or between persons, firms or corporations, or associations of persons, firms or corporations, whereby any one of the purposes or objects mentioned in this act is accomplished or sought to be accomplished, or whereby any one or more of said pur-poses are promoted or attempted to be executed or carred out, or whereby the several results described herein are reasonably calculated to be produced; and a 'monopoly' as thus defined and con-templated includes not merely such combinations by and between two or more persons, firms or corporations acting for themselves, but is especially defined and intended to include all aggregations, amalgamations, affiliations, consolidations or incorporations of capital, skill, credit, assets, property, custom, trade or other valuable thing or possession, whether ef-fected by the ordinary methods of partnership or by actual union under the le-gal form of a corporation or an incor-porated body resulting from the union gal form of a corporation or an incor-porated body resulting from the union of one or more distinct firms or corpora-land transactions is intended to call out tions, or by the purchase, acquisition or full information upon that subject. The control of shares or certificates of stock resolution was adopted. It calls for a list or bonds or other corporate property or of all lands used as mineral "base" and franchise, and all corporations or partner-ships that have been or may be created nlso asks for a list of the selections the consolidation or amalgamation of the separate capital, stock, bonds, assets, credit, properties, custom, trade or corporate or firm belongings of two or more firms or corporations or companies are especially declared to constitute olies within the meaning of this act, if so created or entered into for any one or more of the purposes named in this act; and a 'monopoly,' as defined in this section, is hereby declared to be un-lawful and against the public policy, and any and all persons firms, corporations or association of persons engaged therein shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a conspiracy to defraud, and shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in this

It is made a crime to enter into any that at the beginning of the sixth week of the seasion, the Senate may employ as many additional clerks as may be necessary.

It is made a crime to enter into any combination for the purpose of limiting trade, shutting off competition, or to refuse to buy from or sell to any other person for the reason that such other

person is not a member of the pool, or to boycott any person corporation or use any threats for the purpose of inducing any person to deal or not to deal with any on or corporation.

Violation of the act is made punishable by fine of \$200 to \$5000, and any corpora-tion which violates the act may suffer forfeiture of its franchise. The Attorney-General and Prosecuting Attorneys are charged with the duty of bringing actions to prosecute violations of the act.

SENATE ACTION ON AMENDMENTS

Division on Change of Date of Elec-tion-House Rule to Be Considered. SALEM, Jan. 21.—(Special.)—There was a division in the Senate on the adoption of the resolution for an amendment to the constitution changing the time of holding general elections in November instead of in June. The vote stood 17 in favor and 9 against the adoption of the resolution, with four Senators absent. Those voting "no" were Senators Daly, Dimmick, Hol-man, Howe, Mays, Myers, Pierce, Wade and Wehrung. The resolution was not discussed, and the division was not upon elections at the same time as National ocratic success in local matters.

The resolution adopted by the Legisla-ture of 1901 for an amendment to the constitution authorizing the establishment of state asylums and schools away from the capital was passed by the Senate without discussion. There were three or four dis-

senting votes, proposed "home rule for cities" amendment to the constitution came up in the Schate this morning, but because a number of the Senators did not understand it, the resolution was laid on the table until some later time. The resolution passed both houses at the last session and was printed in the session laws. If it passes both houses at this session it will go before the people for their approval. The proposed amendment provides that the people of a city may elect a board purpose of drafting a city charter and that the charter may be submit ted to a vote of the people and if it be adopted by the people it becomes the charter of the city. The intention is to provide a system of local home rule, so that it will not be necessary for the Legislature to pass charter bills. The proposed amendment has never aroused any adverse discussion.

Senator Daly will tomorrow morning in troduce a bill which will provide against any emergency such as the destruction of public buildings by fire. The purpose is to relieve the state of the expense of carrying insurance, and is based upon the theory that the state is stronger than any insurance company and can carry its own insurance cheaper than any company can

The bill provides that upon the burning of any state building or institution the board of public building commissioners shall have the power to authorize the repair or reconstruction of such building, the total cost thereof not to exceed the loss sustained. The bill does not provide for an appropriation but authorizes the Secretary of State to audit claims and is-sue certificates of indebtedness which shall draw 6 per cent interest.

Senator Daly believes that the state is bearing an unnecessary burden on account of the insurance on state institu-Senator Rand has introduced a bill for

code, which sections prohibit the sale of liquor within a mile of any mine. These sections were enacted by the last Legislature, and were introduced by Smith of Baker, which County Rand now repre sents.

Senator Daly's Senate resolution directing the clerk of the Land Board and the which have been approved, and for a list of the lands which have been used as

which have been approved, and for a list of the lands which have been used as "base" and also sold by the state. The Indian War veterans held a meeting in Salean yesterday and appointed a committee composed of W. H. H. Myers, John L. Sperry and J. R. Cooper to wait upon the committees of the Legislature to whom may be referred the bills now pending for the appropriation of money for the relief of the Indian War veterans.

The courtesies of the Senate were extended to Samuel Elmore, of Astoria, today, upon motion of Myers of Multnomah. The Senate this morning ordered that in distributing bills to the members of the Senate, the pages deliver the bills to the clerks and that the bills be pasted in the bill books by the clerks. The purpose of this resolution is to relieve the confusion of having bills placed upon the desks of Senators while they are at work.

The clerk's desk in the Senate was cleared of all business at 11 o'cleck this forenoon and the Senate took a recease for an hour. No afternoon session was held.

WATER FOR STATE USES

GOVERNOR CHAMBERLAIN SENDS MESSAGE TO HOUSE.

Asks for Immediate Action, as State Now Secures Water Under Lease Which Expires in April.

SALEM, Jan. 21.—(Staff correspondence,)
-Governor Chamberlain today transmitted to the House a message stating that it is absolutely necessary that immediate action be taken at this session of the Legislature with reference to supplying the state institutions at Salem with water. The facts are stated regarding the litiga-tion which resulted in the state being enjoined from using more water from Mill Creek than can be pumped through a 2-inch pipe. The state is now getting its water under a permit which expires days after the Legislature adjourns. The message continues as follows.

"In this connection it is proper to suggest that the contract for lighting the public buildings expires in April, 1903, and, some action looking to the future lighting of these institutions. The Board of Pub lic Building Commissioners has procured data relative to the cost of con structing a plant to be owned by private enterprises for furnishing light. and is advised that others are prepared to make offers for supplying future lighting, and it is important that this subject. well as that of supplying water, be promptly acted upon."

The appointment of a joint committee

to investigate the subject is recommend-

The bill for a special tax of one-fifth mill in Multnomah County for library purposes has been made a special order of business for tomorrow morning. This bill aims to assist the City of Portland in maintaining the Portland Library. tax of one-half mill allowed by the new charter is not sufficient for the institution The Multnomah delegation is unanimous for the bill, except Hudson, who lives outside of Portland. The measure will probably be passed.

T. A. Townsend, of Portland, blew into the Capitol today. He is looking after the dairy and creamery industry. Tomorrow Townsend will appear before the Mr. committee of the House on food and dairy

STARVED OUT. Many a garrison has been forced to

give up the fight and hang out the white-fiag of surrender, when lack of food has weakened the men past all power to continue the struggle.



his store over to an-Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and

nutrition. It restores

strength to weak, nervous, run-down men and women. "About ten years ago I began to be afflicted with stomach trouble, also diar-rhes," writes Mr. Wm. Walters, of Antrim, Mo. In warm weather it grew worse, until it would throw

worse, until it would throw me into a cramping chill. Was troubled so often that I sometimes thought my end had come. Tried many remedies, but they gave only temporary relief. In November, 1800, thought I would try Doctor Pierce's Golden Redical Discovery. I got six bottles and took five in succession, then thought I would wait for a time and take the one left. Soon found I had symptoms of the trouble coming back, so took the sixth bottle and it cured me. I have enjoyed the best of health this summer, and the credit all belongs to your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I can't express my many thanks to Dr. Pierce for his remedy, for it did so much for me. Words cannot express how severely I suffered, "If any doubt the above statement let them address me, and I will take great pleasure in answering."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the bowels and stimulate the sluggish liver.

here for any special purpose," protested Mr. Townsend. I'm just feeling around; just feeling around. The House and Senate have adopted a

Carnahan, Eddy and Judd, "No, I'm not

joint memorial to Congress for the relief of settlers in Sherman County whose lands are claimed by the Eastern Oregon Land Company. The memorial urges the passage of a bill now pending in Congress

losses. The bill was introduced in Con-gress by Senator Mitchell. A joint resolution has passed both houses to amend the constitution so as to provide that the Legislature may fix the term of office and the compensation of the State Printer. The constitution now provides that the salary of the State Printer shall not be changed during his term of office. This resolution passed the last Legislature, and will now be submitted to the people.

for compensating the settlers for their

The House this week has been beginning its sessions with prayer. Yesterday Rev. George A. Ritchie led the body in prayer, and today Rev. E. W. St. Pierre.

Eddy of Tillamook has presided over the House twice when the body was in committee of the whole. He has showed that if he had been elected Speaker, he would have made an able presiding officer. When the House was discussing the Lewis and Clark Fair bill he conducted the proceedings of the body in an apt and ready manner. Mr. Eddy has a good knowledge of parliamentary law, and has been a prominent leader on the floor of the House.

A bill for an irreducible school fund in Douglas County has passed both houses. It was introduced by Senator Marsters. The County of Douglas has received in bequests and gifts for school uses over \$5000. This money is now in the hands of the County Treasurer, and the measure is intended to authorize the use of the money for the purposes intended.

Webster of Clackamas has introduced a bill in the House to repeal the law allow-ing rebate of taxes to persons owning wide-tired wagons. The measure says: "Inasmuch as the provisions (of said law) cause an inequality in the burden of tax-ation for road purposes, and the privileges granted have been abused, and counties defrauded of taxes for road purposes. an emergency is hereby declared to exist. and this act shall take effect from and after its approval by the Governor.

B. Van Dusen, of Astoria, one of the directors of the Lewis and Clark Fair, is at the capital. He expects to see the Fair bill pass the Senate promptly tomorrow.

A bill to punish attempts of employers prevent laborers and workmen from joining labor unions is in the House. It was introduced by Bailey of Multnomah. The penalties in fines range up to \$190, and in imprisonment up to six months An amendment to the insurance law

It requires all insurance companies to secure a certificate from the State Insurance Commissioner authorizing them to do business. But no company or association is to be entitled to a certificate until It requires all insurance companies to se-cure a certificate from the State Insur-



How an abscess in the Fallopian Tubes of Mrs. Hollinger was removed without a surgical operation.

"I had an abscess in my side in the fallopian tube (the fallopian tube is a connection of the ovaries). I suffered untold misery and was so weak I could scarcely get around. The sharp burning pains low down in my side were terrible. My physician said there was no help for me unless I would go to the hospital and be operated on. I thought before that I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which, fortunately, I did, and it has made me a stout, healthy woman. My advice to all women who suffer with any kind of female trouble is to commence taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once." — MRS. IRA S. HOLLINGER, Stilvideo, Ohio, - \$5000 forfelt if original of above letter produced.

It would seem by this statement that women would save time and much sickness if they would get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and also write to Mrs. Pinkhara at Lynn, Mass., for special ac-vice. It is free and always helps. No other person can give such helpful advice as Mrs. Pinkham

to women who are sick.

it has obtained from the Commissioner a uniform short-rate table containing the cancellation rate of refund or uncarned premium on each contract. The company or association is permitted to charge and retain the percentage named, and the dif-



CONTRACTED DISEASES

Improper treatment of

reveals this cause in a very large proportion of the cases of weakness. Lingering inflammation centering in the pros-tate gland is sure to result in disordered functions, and the condition will never be cor-rected until the in-flamed and swollen gland is restored to its cormal state. We thou oughly cure every con-tracted discase we treat. The remedies employ are known ourselves alone, and no other physician has yet produced equally prompt and thorough

TO STAY CURED

When we treat a patient there is no guesswork about it. Neither is there any question as to what the result will be. For 21 years we have devoted all our ef-forts to a single task. We began our professional career with the determination that if possible we would place the treatment of men's diseases on an absolutely scientific basis. This we have accomplished. We positively cure three-fourths of all cases that are absolutely incurable do not care who has treated you or how long or by what means he has treated you; the probability is that we can cure you, and we will be able to speak definitely in the matter when we know the details of your case.

AND FURTHERMORE

We accept no case the like of which we have never cured. What we have done we can do again. What we have in the past falled to do. We will not attempt to do. We therefore know just what we can do and what we cannot do. We will tell you your exact condition, and will tell you whether we can or cannot cure you. You can rely absolutely upon what we tell you,

VARICOCELE

Absolutely painless treatment that cures completely. Investigate our method. It is the only scientific treatment for this disease being on treatment for this disease being em-

STRICTURE Our treatment is absolutely painless, and perfect results

can be depended upon in every in-stance. We do no cutting or dilating

WE HAVE THE LARGEST PRACTICE BECAUSE WE INVARIABLY FULFILL OUR PROMISES.

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cured more cases of so-called weakness than any other physician. There may be doctors in the largest Eastern cities who have treat-ed more cases than we, but they oling to the old and ineffective practice of dosing with tonics. Weakness is merely a symptom of local disorder requiring local treat-ment. This is a truth that we have discovered, and that has been fully established by our success in effecting permanent cures. Our method is original and is employed by no other physician.

CONSULTATION, ADVICE AND OUR ILLUSTRATED BOOK DESCRIBING THE MALE ANATOMY AND OUR METHOD OF TREATMENT, FREE AT OFFICE OR BY POST IN PLAIN SEALED WRAP-

Specific Blood Polson Others dose the system with min

whatever.

Others dose the system with mineral poisons scarcely icas dangerous than the disease itself. The best they hape to do by this treatment, is to keep the disease from manifesting its presence upon the surface of the body. Under our treatment the entire system is cleansed. The last taint of the virus is destroyed. Every symptom vanishes to appear no more. We employ harmless blood-cleansing remedies. They are remedies heretofore unknown in the treatment of this disease. They cure by neutralizing and absolutely destroying the poison in the system. Such cures cannot be otherwise than complete and permanent.

OUR SYSTEM OF TREATING PA-TIENTS BY MAIL IS SO PERFECT THAT WE CAN MAKE A CORRECT DIAGNOSIS IN MOST CASES AND EFFECT A CURE WITHOUT EVEN A SINGLE PERSONAL INTERVIEW.

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In the treatment of chronic diseases, such as liver, mey and stomach disorders, constipation, diarrhoes, opsical swellings, Bright's disease, etc. KIDNEY AND URINARY emplaints, painful, difficult, too frequent, milky of body urine, unnatural discharges speedily cured.

DISEASES OF THE RECTUM as plies, fistula, fissure, ulceration, mucous and ly discharges, cured without the knife, pain of

DISEASES OF MEN

polson, gleet, stricture, unnatural losses, in-thoroughly cured. No failures. Cures guarnotency.

YOUNG MEN troubled with night emissions, dreams, exhausting drains, bash-fulness, aversion to society which deprive you of your mannood, UNFITS YOU FOR EUSINESS OR MARRIAGE MIDDLE-AGED MEN who from excesses and strains have lost their MANLY MfDDLE-AGED MEN who from excesses and strains have lost their MANLY POWER.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, Syphills, Gonorrhoea, painful, bloody urine, Gleet, Stricture, enlarged prostate, Sexual Debidity, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Kidney and Liver Troubles, cured without MERCURY AND OTHER POISONOUS DRUGS, Catarrh and Rheumatism CURED.

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