TO BE FEW CHANGES

Little Stir With Advent of New Administration.

THREE STATE OFFICIALS QUIT

Governor, State Printer and Attorney-General the New Incumbents —New Enacting Law—Some Proposed Legislation.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 9.—(Special.)—There will be comparatively few changes around the Capitol as a result of the beginning of a new term. Only three of the members of the old administration step out to give place to members of the new regime. They are the Governor, Attorney-General and State Printer. State Printer W. H. Leeds will make his home in Salem for the present, though he and his family will probably spend the remainder of this Winter in California, for the benefit of the health of his children. Attorney-General Blackburn will return to Albany and resume the practice of law. It is yet undetermined whether Governor Geer will go to Washington or return to his Waldo Hill farm. Attorney-General Blackburn has already packed up his library and practically vacated his office-room for his successor. Governor Geer is gathering up his personal belongings around the executive office, and will be ready to turn over the keys to the office as soon as Mr. Chamberlain has taken the inaugural oath. The property in the State Printing Office belongs principally to ex-State Printer F. C. Baker, so Mr. Leeds has little packing-up to do.

Walter Lyon, private secretary to the Governor, has put new pen-points in all the holders on his desk, and has adjusted the revolving chair, so that it will be about the right height for W. N. Gatens, who is suspected of being his successor. Mr. Lyon is uncertain whether he will go to Washington as the private secretary of Senator Geer, or return to the newspaper business. He has made an excellent private secretary, and if Geer should be elected Senator, there is no doubt that Lyon would go to Washington with his chief.

Miss Merle Davey, who has served so acceptably as stenographer in the Governor's office, will probably give up her place at the typewriter to a lady who has been employed for some time as a stenographer in the office of District Attorney Chamberlain.

State Land Agent L. B. Geer has been moving for some time, and will be ready at a moment's notice to deliver possession of the 66 state farms and any amount of lieu land troubles to Henry Blackman or any handsomer man whom the new Governor may designate.

There is no movement in the office of the Clerk of the Land Board that indicates that the incumbent of that office expects a change there. The clerk is named by the board, of which two members remain in office, and no change is looked for in the immediate future.

Out at the penitentiary Superintendent Lee has counted up his boarders and filled out a receipt to be signed by the man who shall receive an appointment at the hands of Governor Chamberlain. The boarders are a rascally lot, and each has been watching for a chance to change landlords. The change will come, but the gentlemen in striped uniforms will continue to take their meals at the same old stand.

The terms of office of the superintendents of the asylum, Mute School, Reform School and Blind School do not end for from six months to a year, so no changes will be made in those institutions.

Change in Enacting Clause.

"Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon." This is the clause which must be placed at the beginning of every bill for a law at this session of the Legislature. Heretofore all bills have had as an enacting clause: "Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon." But the members of this Legislature will be constantly reminded that the People (spelled with a big P) hold a referendum club over them, and that in the final analysis all power rests with the voters of the state. All legislation hereafter has either the silent or expressed indorsement of the people.

It is remarkable how many citizens of this state have already forgotten, or rather overlooked, the terms of the initiative and referendum amendment. Among the numerous bills recently drawn by a special committee of the Marion County Bar Association, there were a number that bore the old form of enacting clause and also the emergency clause, though the latter is abrogated except as to such measures as are necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health or safety. Some members of the Legislature have already drawn bills with the old form of enacting clause and closing with the emergency clause, although the measures have no bearing whatever upon the public peace, health or safety.

There is very little probability that the people will exercise their referendum power upon any measure that passes this Legislature. To have the power and to exercise it are two different things. To demand the referendum requires the filing of a petition signed by 4500 voters. To secure this number of signatures would require considerable time and expense, unless the measures opposed were so unpopular that nearly every voter approached would be willing to sign the petition. In the case of a very unpopular measure it would be an easy matter to secure the signatures. Knowing that the people have the referendum power, the Legislature is likely to be more careful than usual.

When the Lewis and Clark Fair Commission announced its intention to ask for an appropriation of $500,000, there was talk everywhere of a demand for the referendum, and if the appropriation had been made at that time there is little doubt that the people would have signed the petition in numbers sufficient to sumbit the appropriation to a vote of the people. Since that time the people have learned more about the plans for the fair and the benefits that will result therefrom, and nothing is now heard about asking that the matter be submitted to a vote. On the other hand, it is probable that any person who started a referendum petition would find that the people would not only disapprove of the petition, but would censure the man who fathered it.

Transportation of Insane Persons.

The Legislature will be asked at its coming session to pass a law providing a reform in the method of transporting insane persons. An attempt has been made several times to secure the passage of a bill requiring that all patients be transported by attendants sent out from the Asylum, and that in the case of female patients the Asylum authorities shall send female attendants. Investigation of the subject has shown that this plan would be open to as many objections as the old system, for in distant counties the patients would be detained in poorly arranged jails while awaiting the arrival of the attendants. The patients, as a rule, would be better off if they were on their way to the Asylum in the custody of an untrained guard than they would be if kept in jail waiting the arrival of an attendant, after which the trip to Salem would have to be made. The plan which seems to be most practicable is to require that in all cases a female attendant be sent with a female patient, and that in those counties within easy railroad connection with Salem the committing Judge should notify the Asylum authorities of the commitment and then hold the patient until an Asylum attendant could be sent to convey the committed person to Salem. A continuance of the present system of sending patients in the care of Sheriffs or special guards will probably be best in the distant counties, while in the counties traversed by the Southern Pacific, and perhaps the O. R. & N., the best results would be obtained by sending out a trained nurse. This is the opinion of a number of persons who have investigated the subject with the view to ascertaining what method will be the best for the patients.

Sheriffs are generally in favor of continuing the present system, and whenever it has been attacked they have had a strong lobby in Salem defending it. Conveying a patient to the Asylum means a trip to the capital, and usually to Portland as well, at the expense of the state. The trips are not as profitable as they were before Secretary of State Dunbar went into office and began lopping off the grafts in the expense bills, but the Sheriffs still manage to save something out of the allowance for the trip. The state could probably save a little in the cost of transporting insane persons by adopting the proposed plan of sending out attendants instead of paying the per diem of Sheriffs. The principal question is not one of money, however, so much as benefit to the patient. The Legislature will also be asked to pass an act requiring the county authorities to provide stiff leather muffs for insane persons, so as to prevent them from injuring themselves while being brought to Salem.

Executions at State Prison.

Another reform measure, and one that has been before the Legislature at previous sessions, is a bill requiring that all executions take place at the State Prison. The argument in favor of this change is that a hanging has a very bad effect upon a community, especially when it takes place where it may be witnessed by a large number of people, and in the locality where the commission of the crime makes the hanging of particular interest to the people. Representative Flagg, of Marion County, introduced a bill such as that referred to in the Legislature of 1899, but the measure fell by the wayside. His bill provided that immediately judgment had been pronounced upon one guilty of murder the condemned man should be taken to the State Prison to await execution, which must take place on a day fixed by the Superintendent of the Penitentiary not less than 30 nor more than 60 days after the judgment.

Flagg's bill also provided that when an appeal is taken from a judgment of death the appeal shall operate to stay the execution of the sentence. The present law is defective in this respect, for an appeal from a judgment in criminal cases does not stay execution. The judgment of the court must be carried out, unless the trial court or the Supreme Court grants a writ of probable cause for appeal, when the execution will be stayed. While the present law is as it should be as to all judgments of imprisonment, it is manifest that an appeal from a judgment of death should stay the execution. Under the terms of the Flagg bill the condemned man would be kept at the state prison pending an appeal.

New Board of Charities.

A movement has been on foot for some time for the creation of a State Board of Charities and Corrections, such as that which existed from 1891 to 1895. The plan is to have a board created, with about the same powers as those of the old board, though some favor giving the board more than a power of inspection at the Reform School. The act of 1891 provided for a board composed of six members, appointed by the Governor, and holding office for six years. The first members were divided into three classes, two going out of office in two years, and two more in four years, so there were always four members who had had more or less experience in the work. The authority of the board consisted principally of inspecting jails, poorhouses, prisons, asylums, hospitals and all charitable and correctional institutions. Testimony could be taken whenever deemed advisable, and reports showing the condition of public or private institutions could be submitted to the Governor. The board succeeded in making trouble enough to arouse opposition which resulted in a repeal of the law by which it was created.

The appropriation for the board was $5000 per year, and from this sum the expenses of conducting investigations and maintaining a secretary and clerk were paid. The members of the board drew no salaries. It is understood that those who favor a new law on the same subject will advise an appropriation of only $3000 a year.

Assessment of Franchises.

Many who are in favor of the bill prepared by the special committee of the Marion County Bar Association for the assessment of the franchises of telegraph, telephone, express and oil companies, believe that a mistake was made when railroads were added to the list. The question whether the railroads should be included was discussed in the committee, and it was decided that they should be left out. When the bill was presented to the Bar Association railroads were added. The purpose of the measure is to tax the franchises of those companies which transact a large amount of business in the state, but own very little tangible property which the Assessors find when they make the list of taxable property. Railroads were not included in the list of companies for the reason that they have a large amount of property which can be reached, and if the railroads do not pay their share of the taxes, they can be compelled to do so by increasing their assessments.

The Ohio law, from which this was taken, does not include railroads, for the reason stated. Other acts make provision for this class of corporations. In most of the states where laws have been passed for the assessment and taxation of franchises, separate provision is made for telegraph, telephone, express and oil companies. It is quite probable that the bill will be amended before being introduced, so as to leave out railroads, thus relieving the measure of considerable opposition and increasing the chances of its passage.

Godfrey Foreman in Printing Office.

P. J. Beckett, foreman of the State Printing Office, who died suddenly this morning, had been engaged by State Printer-Elect J. R. Whitney to continue in that position for the next four years. Upon learning of the death of Mr. Beckett, Mr. Whitney engaged J. B. Godfrey to serve as foreman. Godfrey was foreman for a number of years and was the Democratic candidate for the office of State Printer in the last campaign. He is very popular among the printers and is probably the only man qualified to fill the position of foreman just at the beginning of a session of the Legislature.

WANTED SPECIAL ROAD TAX.

But Clatsop Commissioners Cannot Grant Astoria's Request.

ASTORIA, Jan. 9.—(Special.)—The ways and means committee of the City Council and the City Attorney waited on the County Commissioners' Court today and requested that a levy of 4 mills for road purposes be made. They asserted that without the levy the city would be handicapped; as the amount thus raised goes into a repair fund that is used for repairing streets, and unless such a fund is provided the only street work that can be done is by assessment on the adjacent property. The collections for poll taxes are turned into this fund, but they are not sufficient and there is not time to have the charter amended so that the city can levy a road tax and have it effective this year. The court decided that no road tax levy be made, as the court had no authority to make a special levy for any one district and if any levy was made it must be for the whole county. As the matter now stands very few repairs to streets can be made at the expense of the city during the present year.

DON'T WANT LIMITED PASSES.

Montana Legislators Will Return Northern Pacific Passes.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 9.—A number of members of the Montana Legislature who have received passes from the Northern Pacific Railway Company, threaten to to send them back. The action is not to be taken because the members object to riding on complimentary transportation, but because the passes are limited to 60 days, the length of the session. The Great Northern has sent the members passes, but they are good for a year. This is the first time either road has issued transportation to members of the Legislature for a shorter time than one year.

Newberg Chicken Show a Success.

NEWBERG, Or., Jan. 9.—(Special.)—The poultry show, which closed here yesterday, is declared by many to have been the best held in the state this season. Fowls were exhibited not only from this county but from all parts of the Willamette Valley. The attendance was good and the show has been a success financially as well as otherwise. At a meeting of the association yesterday afternoon the following officers were elected for the coming year: C. A. Hodson, Newberg, president; C. C. Jacobs, McMinnville, vice-president; George Martin, McMinnville, secretary, and C. H. Fleming, McMinnville, treasurer. The next annual show will be held at the county seat. The date has not been fixed.

Elma News Notes.

ELMA, Wash., Jan. 9.—(Special.)—Work has been suspended at the Smith-Ray shingle mill, on account of the breaking of their large dam during the recent flood.

The White Star Lumber & Shingle Mill Company has been obliged to shut down because of a broken dam.

I. N. Harding, Police Judge of Elma, has a monster radish that probably excels any of its kind in size on the Pacific Coast. It measures as it grows 5 feet in height and 36 inches in circumference above ground. It is still green and growing, seemingly, as fast as ever.

Delegate to Brickmakers' Meeting.

NEWBERG, Jan. 9.—(Special.)—Oregon will be represented on the programme of the meeting of the National Brickmakers' Association at Boston, Mass., the fore part of February, by O. K. Edwards, secretary and manager of the Newberg Pressed Brick Factory. Young Mr. Edwards left for the East yesterday morning, and will spend the time between now and the convention in making a tour of the big pressed brick factories of the country.

Chief Joseph Going to Washington.

SPOKANE, Jan. 9.—Chief Joseph, the famous warrior of the Nez Perces, is in Spokane today en route to Washington to plead with officials of the Indian Department for permission to return to his old home in the Wallowa Valley, from which he was banished after the uprising of his tribe, which was crushed by Generals Howard and Miles many years ago.

First Royal Chinook.

The first Royal Chinook salmon of the season was caught by a gillnetter near Skamokawa last evening and brought to this city today. The fish is one of the finest examples of the species and weighs 25 pounds. There is no market price for these fish as yet, but 10 cents per pound has been offered for a number of those caught first.

JUDGE W. B. HEYBURN

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS NOMINEE FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM IDAHO.

BOISE, Jan. 9.—Judge Heyburn, who was chosen as the Republican nominee for the United States Senatorship yesterday, was the recipient of hundreds of congratulatory messages from all parts of the country today. The Legislature will ballot on the Senatorship at noon January 13, when Judge Heyburn will receive the entire Republican vote, which comprises a majority in each house.

NEW STEAMSHIP COMPANY

ORGANIZED IN SAN FRANCISCO WITH CAPITAL OF $500,000.

California & Oregon Coast Steamship Company Succeeds Business of George H. Gray & Co.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 9.—(Special.)—The California & Oregon Coast Steamship Company has been organized in this city, succeeding to the steamer business of George D. Gray & Co. The new corporation has a capital stock of $500,000, with the right to issue an equal amount in bonds.

The officers of the new company are: George D. Gray, president; E. J. Holt, vice-president; George C. Lake, secretary; George D. Gray, E. J. Holt, C. C. Martin, George Fritch and H. W. Goodall, directors. All are well known in connection with Coast shipping matters.

The fleet of steamers to be owned and controlled by the new California & Oregon Coast Steamship Company includes the Nome City, Alliance, Despatch, Prentiss, Fulton, Ruth, Nayarro and Gualala. The three last named have been prominent in the fleet of the Beadle Steamship Company, which retains the steamer Acme.

Though the new company's officers disclaim any intention of absorbing other steam schooner concerns, it is reported that expansion is the aim of the corporation, and that it is likely to become by far the strongest organization of its kind on the Coast. Lumber and grain are the principal items of freight to be carried by the steamers

WRECK OF PRINCE ARTHUR.

Strikes Rocks Off Washington Coast —Only Two of Crew Saved.

NEAH BAY, Wash., Jan. 9.—The bark Prince Arthur, from Christiania, Norway, which was wrecked two miles north of Paine Rock Friday night, struck at 6 P. M. three miles from shore during thick weather. The ship broke in two and was a total wreck by 1 A. M. The crew stuck to the ship until washed away. Two survivors from the crew of 29 came in on the high tide after being in the water an hour. The survivors are Christopher Hanson, the second mate, and Kuird Larson, the sailmaker.

The names of the drowned are:
Captain Hans Masson.
First Mate Harmon Doll.
Lars Larsen, steward.
Godfrey Olsen, Eagle Anderson, able seamen.
Gustave Moelenson, Emil Barnesen, Ferdinand Fredericksen, Polden, Frank Folkendal, Phillip Balsas, ordinary seamen.
Anders, donkeyman.
Christian Christopherson, Charles Christopherson, Oscar Marlin and Jorgen, apprentice boys.
Carpenter, whose name is unknown.

The two survivors state that they had had no reckoning for three days, and at 4 P. M. and the day of the wreck soundings gave 106 fathoms.

CLARK DEVELOPING MINES.

Making Extensive Improvements in Josephine Placers.

GRANT'S PASS, Or., Jan. 9.—(Special.)—T. M. Clark, brother of Senator Clark, who recently purchased the old Booth & Dysert placers, on Jump-Off-Joe, Josephine County, has transformed the mines and made of them a practically entire new hydraulic property. The new equipment is now busy night and day, and will be kept so for the remainder of the season. The ditches and flumes were enlarged, and the water supply increased. Hundreds of feet of new piping were laid, and greater pressure given to the giants, which are now operated under a pressure of 100 feet. To make night work easy, the diggings are brightly illuminated by the glare of a number of arc lights suspended high above, and supplied with electricity from the mine's new plant. These placers are now known as the Clark Hydraulic Mines, and can now be numbered with the leading placer gold producers of the West.

The Cook & Howland hydraulic mines, which are located in the same district, have enjoyed a splendid run thus far, and have several months of work yet before them. They have already cleared two acres of rich placer ground to the bedrock. Manager Howland reports that this has been the most successful and busiest season their mines have ever known.

DALLAS BUILDING ACTIVITY.

Large Brick Business House and Hotel to Be Erected Soon.

DALLAS, Or., Jan. 9.—(Special.)—H. L. and David Crider, are making arrangements for building a large brick on their Main-street property, in this city. Plans for the new structure have been drawn and accepted, and work will be begun in the near future. The building will have a frontage on Main street of 50 feet, and will extend back 80 feet on Oak street. It will be a first-class, modern structure throughout. This will be the fifth brick building built in Dallas within the past year, and from present indications the next year will witness even greater improvements made in the town. Charles Baker, proprietor of the Cottage Hotel, in this city, is contemplating the removal of his present wooden structure to another site, and erecting a large and commodious brick hotel on the ground now occupied by the old building. Several of the Dallas citizens will build new and handsome residences during the coming Summer.

NORTHWEST DEAD.

Was Oregon Pioneer of 1845.

WESTON, Or., Jan. 9.—(Special.)—John Richey Courtney, aged 77 years, whose death occurred recently near Weston, was an Oregon pioneer of 1845, and a veteran of the Cayuse Indian War. Upon crossing the plains to Oregon in 1845, his parents located in Linn County. Two years later young Courtney was fighting Indians, and he was among the first to arrive on the scene of the Whitman massacre, and assisted in the burial of the victims.

After the war he returned to Linn County, but came to Eastern Oregon again in 1859, locating at Umatilla, where he became owner of the "Umatilla Meadows" and engaged in stockraising. He was seriously injured in an accident one year ago at his home on Clover Creek, Idaho.

Mr. Courtney was married in Linn County in 1849, to Mrs. Caroline Finlay, and was the father of 11 children, seven of whom survive. His wife died five years ago.

Washington Pioneer Takes His Life.

WALLA WALLA, Jan. 9.—A special to the Union from Waitsburg says:

Marion McCubbins, a pioneer of the Inland Empire, committed suicide at his home near this city today by cutting his throat with a razor. Despondency over ill health is thought to have been the cause of the act. The dead body was found in a stall at McCubbins' barn beneath the feet of his horse and it was at first thought the man had been trampled to death. McCubbins was born in the Walla Walla Valley 45 years ago, and left a wife and one daughter.

Came West by Ox Team in 1852.

ALBANY, Or., Jan. 9.—(Special.)—Mrs. C. C. Vanderpool, of Benton County, near Albany, died Friday, January 9, 1903, of paralysis, at the age of 74 years. Mrs. Vanderpool crossed the plains with an ox team in 1852. She was born in Richmond, Ray County, Mo. With her husband she came to Oregon, settling in Clackamas County, where Mr. Vanderpool engaged in the lumber business. In the Fall of 1853 the family moved to Polk County. During the flood of 1861 all their property was lost and the family barely escaped with their lives. The Vanderpools removed to Benton County in 1862, and have since made their home near Wells Station. Mrs. Vanderpool left two sons—Avert and David—and one daughter—Mrs. J. Mead, of Scio.

Pioneer Montana Miner.

BUTTE, Mont., Jan. 9.—A special to the Miner from Basin says:

Allen L. Axe, the discoverer of the famous Ada mine, and pioneer resident of Montana, died today. The deceased was born at Valparaiso, Ind., and was 68 years of age. He had lived in Montana since 1864, and was unmarried.

CHARGED WITH FORGERY.

Young Man Arrested for Swindling Telegraph Company.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 9.—The police have arrested Clarence Rein, of New Orleans, accused of swindling the Western Union Telegraph Company out of about $20,000 with the assistance of one Andrew Houser, now awaiting trial in the Southern city. Rein was in the employ of the telegraph company, and the pair operated extensively with the telegraph money orders of the Fruit Dispatch Company, their method being to raise transfers of cash so that they could deliver the sum to the office it was consigned to and still retain a margin for themselves. When about to be discovered in his dishonesty Rein quit the Crescent City, finally arriving here about six weeks ago. While on a spree he visited the office of the Fruit Dispatch Company, and, being recognized, was arrested. Rein, who comes of an influential Southern family, freely admits his guilt and expresses his gratification that the chase is over with.

MUCH ENGAGED YOUNG MAN.

Aberdeen Swindler Promises to Marry Six Girls in a Week.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Jan. 9.—H. L. Owens, who planned a scheme to swindle a local groceryman, is a deserter from the United States Army. United States officers came here today, and are close on his trail. Owens, while on the harbor, became engaged to half a dozen girls, and today another came from Tacoma in response to a telegram which he had sent to her, with the understanding that they were to be married. The girl arrived here penniless, and some persons who heard of her predicament provided her with means to return to her home. Owens enlisted in Tacoma, and was a Corporal in a Washington regiment.

STATE BACTERIOLOGIST.

In Report to Governor He Recommends Better Inspection Laws.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 9.—(Special.)—Emile F. Pernot, state bacteriologist, today filed his report with Governor Geer. The report calls attention to some of the more important bacterial diseases that exist in the state, and urges the necessity of enacting and enforcing such laws as will be most effective in preventing diseased stock and poultry from entering the state, and to adopt such measures as seem necessary to stamp out all existing contagious diseases, for the safety of not only the health of the people, but for the protection of the stock industry.

Mr. Pernot calls attention to the necessity of surveillance of the vaccine that is sent into the state. Especial care should be taken in examining anthrax and blackleg vaccine, which are composed of virulent germs and spores, so attenuated as to produce immunity in inoculated animals. When this vaccine is furnished from reliable sources, the report continues, nothing but good will result from its use, but if the vaccine is too virulent there is danger of producing the disease instead of immunity.

County Leases Clackamas Streams.

OREGON CITY, Jan. 9.—(Special.)—The Board of County Commissioners this afternoon made an order declaring portions of Pudding River and Rock Creek public highways for the floating and transporting of logs. The board also entered into a 25 years' contract with Frank S. L. Bagby, a prominent sawmill man of this county, to lease a portion of Pudding River, the county to receive 75 cents per 1000 feet for transporting logs, lumber or timber, and for booming at any point within one mile from the mouth. A contract was also made regarding similar privileges on Rock Creek and the price fixed at 40 cents per 1000 feet.

To Sink New Shaft at Virtue Mine.

BAKER CITY, Jan. 9.—(Special.)—General Manager Arthur Buckbee, of the Virtue Consolidated Mines Company, who recently returned from Canada, where he consulted with the principal owners of the mine in regard to future developments, announces that it has been decided to sink a new three-compartment shaft at a convenient point for the development of the various ledges in the Virtue and the Virginia Consolidated mine, which is now owned by the Virtue company. The shaft on the old Virtue property, which is down 900 feet, and the shaft on the Virginia Consolidated, down 700 feet, will be abandoned.

Committed to the Asylum.

ALBANY, Jan. 9.—(Special.)—William Ratsum, aged about 55 years, was today examined for insanity by the County Court and committed to the Asylum at Salem. Ratsum was discharged from the State Penitentiary about a month ago, where he was sentenced for two years from Lincoln County on a charge of larceny.

Suspected Train-Robber Released.

ANACONDA, Mont., Jan. 9.—Joseph Smith, arrested here several days ago on suspicion of having held up the Northern Pacific train and killed the engineer, was released tonight. He proved an alibi, having been working in the National Park at the time.

Smallpox on Board.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 9.—The British ship Ancona, which arrived at Port Angeles two days ago, ten days from San Francisco, was towed to William Head quarantine station this morning with one case of smallpox on board. She has been quarantined.

"An Entire Medicine Chest"

All any woman requires if she suffers from headache, nervousness or sleeplessness, is Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It just suits her womanly needs.

Miss MAYME A. LIDDIE,
Treasurer Independent Order Good Templars.

Weak and sick women who are suffering from womanly diseases are advised to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries unhealthy drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. If "Favorite Prescription" does not act as promptly as desired, weak and sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, *free*. All correspondence is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The "Favorite Prescription" is a *true temperance medicine*, containing neither alcohol nor narcotics, and is a purely vegetable preparation. No woman can be beautiful, have ruddy cheeks and round form who suffers from disorders of the feminine organs. The "Prescription" gives vigor and vitality to the organs of womanhood and builds up the whole system.

The offer of medical advice made by Dr. Pierce is a genuine offer made by a physician whose experience and success in the treatment and cure of womanly diseases has placed him in the front rank of physicians who successfully treat the diseases peculiar to women.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Gentlemen—I owe my excellent health to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and gladly do I give you full credit of the same. Two years ago I had serious trouble at stated periods, and doctored for this many months without getting any better. I had hot flushes, headache, nervousness and sleeplessness, but a few bottles of your medicine cured me. Whenever I have felt worn-out or badly during the last year, a few doses of "Favorite Prescription" was all I needed to make me well. I have no other medicine in the house and do not need any. This "Favorite Prescription" is my "entire medicine chest," and it keeps me in perfect health. Accept my heartfelt thanks for this fine remedy.

Yours very truly, Mayme A. Liddie
502 D Street, S. E., Washington, D. C.

SEND to Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y., for a FREE copy of the "People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." For paper-covered copy enclose 21 one-cent stamps to cover mailing only. Cloth-bound, 31 stamps.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Ayer's
Cherry Pectoral
For hard colds, chronic coughs, bronchitis, consumption. Ask your doctor if he has better advice. He knows. He has the formula. He understands how it soothes and heals. Tested for over half a century.
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

TWENTY YEARS OF SUCCESS

In the treatment of chronic diseases, such as liver, kidney and stomach disorders, constipation, diarrhoea, dropsical swellings, Bright's disease, etc.

KIDNEY AND URINARY
Complaints, painful, difficult, too frequent, milky or bloody urine, unnatural discharges speedily cured.

DISEASES OF THE RECTUM
Such as piles, fistula, fissure, ulceration, mucous and bloody discharges, cured without the knife, pain or confinement.

DISEASES OF MEN
Blood poison, gleet, stricture, unnatural losses, impotency, thoroughly cured. No failures. Cures guaranteed.

YOUNG MEN troubled with night emissions, dreams, exhausting drains, bashfulness, aversion to society which deprive you of your manhood, UNFITS YOU FOR BUSINESS OR MARRIAGE.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN who from excesses and strains have lost their MANLY POWER.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, painful, bloody urine, Gleet, Stricture, enlarged prostate, Sexual Debility, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Kidney and Liver Troubles, cured without MERCURY AND OTHER POISONOUS DRUGS. Catarrh and Rheumatism CURED.

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