ACAINST THE BOXES

License Committee to Draft New Ordinance.

MINISTERS MAKE PROTESTS

Saloon Boxes to Be Defined and Private Boxes in Restaurants to Be Prohibited-Forty-five Applientions Held Up.

mon Council referred the Albee anti-saloon ordinance to a special committee, consisting of Councilmen Bentley and Flegel, with instructions to draft an ordinance defining saloon boxes and also prohibiting private boxes in

The applications of 45 saloon-keepers ere "held up," because they had been charged with having run combination ouses or with having gambling in their places or being located near to gambling houses. They will be taken ip Thursday afternoon, and the applicants will be given a hearing.

Two stern propositions confronted the liquor license committee of the Common incil at its meeting yesterday afternoon. One was the Albce anti-saloon box ordinance, which received the support of dozen different religious denominations in the city, and the second was the postponement of the consideration of the applications of 45 persons for permission to conduct saloons. To speak in favor of the former were Dr. E. L. House, pastor of the First Congregational Church; L. Quackenbush, J. A. House and a numof others. Before the courtesies of the floor had been extended to any of the religious gentlemen, some of the applications were taken up and Mr. Sentley moved that where the members could not agree upon any of them that they be referred to a special meeting of the committee, to be held Thursday afternoon "I am willing to lay matters over," said Flegel, "but no combination house will ever get my vote."

"Nor mine," said several of the com

Forty-five Licenses Held Up.

The applications of 340 saloon men for licenses were then read, and 45 were laid over until the meeting on Thursday. These were: A. Smoot, 380 Morrison street; William Thielman, 100 North Fourth; Sam Waffler, 160 North Fifth; Routh & Zerres, 124 North Third; Walker & Alien, 152 North Sixth; Toney Anerand; 280 Everett; W. W. Allen, 275 Burnelde; Blazier Bros., 248 Burnside: Adelbert Bedford, northeast corner of Fourth and Salmon; Blazier & Shapirer, 246 First; P. Costanzo, 221 Second street; Cactus Ho. tel, 125 Sixth; Clark Bros., 209 Everett; Capdeboseg & Clark, 275 Hall; the De Martini Company, 225



Mr. Gardner. First; Prank May, 35 North Second; J. P. Mechan, 554 Northup; A. Mittlestaedt 33 North First: A. J. Mor. ris, 74 North Third; W. J. Monteith, 101 Sixth; Otto W. Nelson, 153 Front; Frank Olcese, 79 First street: Olaf Olsen, 55 Pirst street; Peterson & Kitterung, 201 Morrison; Hans Peterson, 31 North Fourth; W. L. Pulliam, 281 North Third; Earl Ogle, 7974 Mississippi avenue; Port-land Club Cafe, 130 Fifth; C. Rivers, 274 Burnside; F. H. Redsecker, 190 Fourth.

All these saloons either have boxes or cambling games in their establishments or they have games near by. Some of them

have been listed by the Chief of Police as combination houses. The combina-tion houses being in the lower end, did not receive so much attention as the which young men are the victims. The re-port of the Chief of Police showed Police showed that there were gambling rooms over the Hote l Cactus, at 127 Sixth street, but the

Sixth street, but rooms had no con-rooms had no con-nection with the sa-"That box ordinance is nection with theregood," reflected Flegel was gambling in De Martini's, at First and Madison; Jack Blazier's, on First be-tween Main and Madison; Backstrom's, on the northeast corner of First and Morrison; Fred Fritz's, on the southwest corner of Second and Burnside; August ckson's, on the northwest corner of ond and Burnside; Ed Biazier's, on the south side of Burnside, between Second and Third. The houses kept by the col-ored men, Severe, the Clarkes and Walker Allen, were also in the gambling list. Of the white men named, Fritz Blazier and Erickson have the largest saloons and concert halls in Portland north of

Washington street. Argue Against Boxes.

your power for the protection of women. that establishments delivering goods free The siderooms are derogatory to the char- of charge shall not be subject to the liacter of a woman, and by them many a cense fee. woman has been led astray. In Boston and in Providence, after a full investigation, the siderooms have been abolished and an effort made to uplift women instead of dragging them down." used for a whole year, and if any one failed to pay his license on time he would have his tag taken from him.

hell itself that can compare with a woman on the downward path. I protest against any measure that will tend to drag a woman down instead of heip her up. This matter should be taken in hand by you, as the representatives of the City of Portiand. As citizens we do not feel that we are asking too much of you, and we think you should yield to the sentiment of the better element of the compared to t timent of the better element of the com-munity. The evils that cluster around the saloon box are something that all may

"Oh, they have done that before," said
Grutze, "but they would never back up Hood's Sarsaparilla."

imagine. In them the innocent and the unwary are ruined. Let men drink if they wish, but we should protect the women.

Let the man, if he wishes, go into the saloon, take his drink and go out. we have no objection to that, but in the name of justice, virtue and bumanity yield to the request of those who stand for righteousness and close the boxes. If you grant our prayer, we shall say

J. A. Rockwood, representing the Y. M. C. A., Baptist Young People's Union, the Young Peo-ple's Society of Christian Endeavor and the Epworth League, said that all oung Christians of

Portland desired the Let me think awhile, passage of the ordi-said John D. Mann. nance and the erad-leation of an evil which had been the

ownfall of many.
"The ordinance," said Councilman Albee, "provides simply for the eradication of the evil Mr. Rockwood spoke of. Nothing further than the cutting out of the hoxes is attempted. The boxes I consider the most pernicious and vilest element of

the saloon business." "What effect would the ordinance if amended have upon the applications now coming in?" inquired Councilman Bent-

ley.
"None," said Councilman Flegel, the lawyer of the committee.
"If a license should be granted it may be revoked at any time," said J. D. Mann, attorney for a brewing company. "The license is simply a permit to do busi-

How About Restaurants! "But should not the restaurant boxes

"But should not the restaurant boxes be included in this?" inquired Councilmin Zimmerman of Mr. Menn.
"Let me think a while," said Mr. Mann.
"Weil it is this way: I have a saloon with boxes, and you cut out the boxes. Very well. I will start a restaurant or tamale place or some other such an es tablishment, and I will put in boxes and Il whisky. The proper way is to cut out boxes in both saloons and restaurants. They have done it in San Francisco, and they have either large rooms set apart for families or boxes which have neither

doors or curtains." "We want to take the evils one at a time," interjected Dr. House. "After we get through with the saloons we will be-

gin with the restaurants."

"We are taking a step in the right direction now," said Albec. "We can amend the ordinance further to fit the restaurant was cannot rid the rants. The fact that we cannot rid the town of all its evils at once should not

stand 'n our way."
"But some of the places mostly complained of have restaurants in the sa-loons," said Zimmerman.
"But," said Councilman Bentley, "those

places will have to pay licenses on the first of the year, and that will have the effect of friving them out of business. We now hold up a big batch of applications. and they will have to lay over. In my opinion, the Albee amendment cannot pass. It is too sweeping, and we shall have to devise some other measure to acmplish the result we wish."
"The amendment should be passed,"

said W. T. Gardner, superintendent of the Boys' and Girls' Aid Society. "The boxes are the worst evil in the city. We have more complaints from them than from any other source, and any number of girls are rulned there."

"We cannot get away from that fact," said Albee, triumphantly.
"I favor the abolishment of the boxes, but I want the restaurants included," said

"I move that we refer the ordinance back to the Council with a recommenda-tion that it pass," said Flegel. "And I

said Fiegel. "And I am willing to introduce a second ordi nance for the abol-ishment of boxes in restaurants.

Before the motion was put Chairman Sigier said that in San Francisco restaurants large rooms, one for men, and another for families. There were also stalls or boxes naving walls six feet in height, but having neither doors or cur-

tains, The motion was O. K. then put and carried.

As Dr. House was leaving, he thanked the committee for the courtesies extended

and Mr. Bentley said:
"Next year we shall not have so many of those places that you have complained The committee itself will cut them

Theodore Kruse, the restaurant man, filed an application for a license, and it was reported favorably.

To Draw Up New Ordinance.

Then the anti-box ordinance was recor sidered, and the committee decided that the saloon box had not been defined, and the saioon box had not been defined, and that a new ordinance should be drawn up defining the box and also prohibiting boxes in restaurants. Zimmerman sug-gested that Fiegel draw up such an ordi-nance, and the Eleventh Ward Councilman agreed to accept the task, but he asked for assistance. Councilman Bentley was appointed the second member of the committee, and he and Mr. Fiegel ad-journed to draft the new organizates, which they will present to the Council Wednes-

BRAYMEN'S PETITION GRANTED. License Committee Will Allow Quarterly Payments.

The Council license committee, after a short discussion yesterday, decided to grant the petition of the Portland Draymen's Association, asking that licenses be paid quarterly, as at present, instead of yearly and in advance, as provided by the new ordinance. An amendment was also made to the ordinance requiring all stores, etc., having vehicles to make a free delivery of purchased goods. Stores charg-ing cartage will have to pay a license for wagons just the same as the ordinary ex-

The petition of the association was presented by Attorney James Glenson, who spoke against the payment of the license in advance, and also against stores which have wagons and which charge for the delivery of goods. William Lanius, an expressman, said that some stores have wagons that make from \$12 to \$16 a day. When the application had been laid They are supposed to deliver goods free, but they charge for cartage. They get all the privileges of the licensed express-When the application had been iaid they are supposed to deliver goods free, aside, the Albee ordinance—was taken up, and remarks were called for from the clergymen present. The Rev. Dr. E. L. House, paster of the First Congregational Church, was the first speaker.

"I came here simply as a private citizen," said Dr. House. "It is my opinion that you as city officers should do all in the ordinance was amended so as to read your power for the protection of women.

One of the expressmen then suggested that the tags that were on hand could be

"It is the saddest sight on earth to see woman going astray," said L. Quacken-ush. "No, there is nothing this side of Grutze, "but a whole lot of the express-

their complaints, and we could not tell who was guilty; so the matter always had to be dropped."

"Why couldn't you have a man hunt up expressmen when the complaints came in?" asked an expressman.

(Continued from First Page

up expressmen when the complaints came in?" asked an expressman,
"It would take an extra man all the time," explained Grutse.
"I don't see why the Municipal Judge couldn't attend to the matter when he is out on a tour," suggested Gleason. This was not considered practicable. After hearing a number of others, it was finally decided that the old ordinance would be more satisfactory, and Albee moved that the prayer of the petitioners be granted.

The ordinances licensing warrant-buyers and increasing the license of hawkers from \$5 to \$54 were held over.

There was some little discussion regarding the license to be paid by the billboard operators, the amount finally being fixed at \$300, payable yearly in advance

To Repeal Old Franchises.

The committee on judiciary and elections yesterday took up the Flegel ordinance, which was introduced at the last meeting of the Council and which provides for the revocation of franchises granted by the old cities of Portland, East Portland and Albina, and referred the entire matter to the City Attorney for investigation. The object of the ordinance is to prevent the perpetuation of the old franchises, which me citizens think a provision of the oposed charter will grant.

CONDITIONS ARE CHANGING J. Hill Says Business of Country

Is Undergoing Rendjustment. ST. PAUL, Dec. 15 .- J. J. Hill, who has just returned from an Eastern trip, says that the alleged interview sent out from Chicago, in which he was made to take a pessimistic view of industrial and financial conditions, was purely imaginative and

that he did not talk with newspaper men

The business of the country is under going a readjustment to meet changed conditions." said Mr. Hill. "The most alarming thing is the decrease in our exports. We are importing much more than we export. This is not due to a larger home consumption; it is because our articles cost too much. Our people demand better things than do those of other coun-ries and our production has been over-taking the needs of the country too rapy. The things we manufacture cos-re than other nations will pay, and they buy elsewhere. Agricultural products, provisions and such things sell readily every-where. They are not affected by local conditions. I do not look for the producn of articles of a cheaper kind to meet demands of the export trade. I do

not know what will be done "It is hoped that some adjustment will be made to meet the conditions. There is too much speculation now, and too much Just how it will come out I do not

INDIAN NOT A PAUPER.

Takes Readily to Roosevelt's Plan of Self-Support.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Dec. 15.-E. J. Warner, sub-agent at Cherry Creek Indian agency, on the Cheyenne River, has given out a statement of the success of the plan inaugurated by President Roose velt to make the Indians self-supporting. He says that, contrary to predictions, the Indians have taken kindly to the plan and in many cases have voluntarily surren-dered their ration tickets, asking that they be given work by which to earn a livelihood. The Indians are paid \$1.25 a day. One of the Indians employed is a son of Sitting Bull, the famous fighting

Several hundred miles of roads and several valuable dams have been built on the Cheyenne agency and also on the Rosebud agency. One hundred Indians are now at work on the Cheyenne agency and 500 on the Rosebud agency. "The time is coming," said the sub-

agent, "when the Indian can be made entirely self-supporting, at a great sav-ing to the Government, and with much moral end physical help to the Indians themselves. The plan is a brilliant suc-

DAILY CITY STATISTICS. Marriage Licenses.

rah E. S. Hall, 45.
Herman Adolph Trott, 24. Ramsey County,
Minnesota; Jessie May Boyd, 23. Deaths.

December 12, Agnes Conley, 26 years, 385 East Eleventh street; cirrhosts of the liver. December 13, Horace M. Reynolds, 43 years 2 months 2 days, St. Vincent's Hospital; ap-

Contagious Diseases.

Norman McIntosh, 870 Savier street; scarlet Harold Sager, 364 East Harrison street; hicken-pox. Enola Potter, 787 Mallory avenue; scarlet

W: Burt, 570 Gideon street; diphtheria. Building Permits. M. H. Carter, two one-story cottages, East Sverett, between Grand avenue and East Sixth;

J. B. Davidson, one-story cottage, Holladay, between Larrabee and Adams; \$1200. J. B. Davidson, 1½-story cottage, Holladay, between Larrabee and Adams; \$1500. John Kirkley, repairs, Macadam, between Lowell avenue and Bancroft; \$300. Real Estate Transfers

B. F McCarriey and wife to George T. Schroeder, lots 45, 46, block 22, Mount Tabor Villa, December 12. Sheriff, for V. B. De Lashmutt et al., 150 to John Denny, executor, September 23, 8, ½ section 23, and NW. ¼ of N. ½ of SW. ¼, and the SE. ¼ of SW. ¼, section 26, T. 2 N., R. 2 W. section 26, T. 2 N., R. 2 W.
Thomas Beuttenmiller et ux to Portland Tannery, December 15, 1962, lot 9, block 7, Southern Portland.
Fred Brunner to William Heffelfinger, November 19, 20 acres in section 18, T. 1 N., R. 2 E.
William Heffelfinger to W. Wheatley, November 19, 11 acres, section 18, T. 1 N., R. 2 E.
O. I. Funds and hyperson to M. 6,200

November 8. lot 18. block 2. Orchard Place
J. H. McMillen and wife to Nels P. Olsen, April 29, Sex10e feet, block 15.
McMillen's Addition
Simon Joseph, and wife to same, Sox100
feet, same, May 8.
E. E. and F. L. McCormick to W. M.
Seward, June 7, lot 8, block 8. Lincoln
Park Annex
A. T. and G. Myers to H. L. Powers,
trustee, December 18, lots 2 to 6, block
9; lots 5, 6 and 10 to 12, block 8, York;
lot 2, block 9; lots 4, 6 and 12, block
22; lot 7, block 23; lots 4, 8 and 10,
block 14; lot 5, block 19; lot 10, block
11; lot 5, block 14; lots 9 and 11, block
15; lots 1, 4 and 9, block 20; lots 4 and
5, block 21, Hawthorne's First Addition

5. block 21. Hawthorne's First Addition
Sheriff, for B. Heennig and wife, to Gambrinus Brewing Company, June 24, lot 1 to 6, block 39, Peninsular Addition, No. 3.
Van B. De Lashmutt and wife to Ida M. Johnson, November 5, lot 14, block 13, subdivision Riverview Addition...
Furtland Trust Co. to M. E. Thompson, November 25, lots 1 and 2, block 9, Williams-Avenue Addition...
James W. Cook and wife to same, lot 2, block 4, Cook's Addition...
A W. Schmale to W. Schmale, October 16, lot 2, block 11, Center Addition...
W. Schmale to A. W. Schmale, October V. Schmale to A. W. Schmale, October 16, lots 22 and 24, back 4, Highland Park

For Guaranteed Titles See Pacific Coast Abstract, Guaranty Trust Co., 204-5-6-7 Failing building.

(Continued from First Page.) the German language was a part of the curriculum of the High School.

The popularity of Mr. Hirsch in Portland was demonstrated in 1874, when he was the only Republican candidate elected, in opposition to an independent ticket which had been placed in the field with very strong backing. Mr. Hirsch had been nominated by the Republicans for a seat the German language was a part of the curriculum of the High School.

The popularity of Mr. Hirsch in Portiand was demonstrated in 1874, when he was the only Republican candidate elected, in opposition to an independent ticket which had been placed in the field with very strong backing. Mr. Hirsch had been nominated by the Republicans for a seat in the State Senate, a fitting recognition of his very satisfactory service in the lower house, two years before. His opponent was ex-Supreme Judge William Strong, a man whose high standing made the success of the Republican candidate the more gratifying to Mr. Hirsch and his friends. He served Multnomah County in the Senate during the sessions of 1874 and 1876, and in 1878 he was nominated for a second term in that branch of the Legislature. His election followed ty in the Senate during the sessions of 1874 and 1876, and in 1878 he was nomi-nated for a second term in that branch of the Legislature. His election followed with a majority greatly in excess of that of four years previous, and he sat as a member of the Senate during the sessions of 1878 and 1882. At the opening of the latter session Mr. Hirsch was elected President of the Senate by the unanimous President of the Senate by the unanimous vote of the Republican members. The tact and executive ability which he displayed in performing his duties as presiding officer were equaled only by the excellence of his work in previous years as a member on the floor of the Senate. Even his political opponents commended him for his impartiality in his rulings upon preliamentary usage.

upon porliamentary usage.

Ten years' service as a member of the
State Legislature had been so highly satisfactory to his constituents that the re-publicans of Multnomah County insisted upon his accepting a third nomination for the State Senate, and after much pro-test he consented. Following his nomination to the State Senate he was chosen chairman of the State Central Committee, and during the campaign he devoted most of his time to the state contest outside of Portland, neglecting his own candidacy, Nevertheless, he was elected by the largest majority ever given a Republican candidate in this county, and the entire Republican state ticket was elected, for the first time in a dozen years. The Republicans also gained a working majority in both houses of the Legislature. Influenced Legislation.

At the close of 14 years' service in the State Legislature, Mr. Hirsch refused to stand for another election. His labors in that department of the state government had been of inestimable value to the state and its citizens. Upon questions requiring business judgment, his opinion was regarded with particular esteem. In 1878 he introduced a bill which, becoming a law, governed the distribution of the property of insolvent debtors among their creditors upon a pro rata basia. This act, taking the place in Oregon of the National bankruptcy act, which had expired by limitation, protected creditors from losses by reason of a multitude of attachment suits against insolvents. This law prevented litigation and preserved the assets of insolvents for equitable dis-

tribution among creditors. Another measure with which the name of Mr. Hisch was long associated, by reason of his having fathered it, was the act changing the statute of limitations so as to require that suits involving the title to real property must be commenced within 10 years after the cause of action has occurred. Theretofore the time limit had been 20 years. Under the law which makes 19 years' peaceable possession an incontestable title to real property, much litigation has been avoided and the most important business interests have been rendered more stable. Among other measures Mr. Hirsch favored were appropria-tions for a State Board of Immigration, and more practical pilotage laws, both these measures being of importance in the development of the industries of the state and the building up of its commer-

state and the building up of its commer-cial interests.

As President of the Senate, Mr. Hirsch made the welcoming address when Pres-ident R. B. Hayes and his party visited this state, and were tendered a reception in the Senate chamber.

Candidate for U. S. Senate. In 1885, at the solicitation of his friends, In 1885, at the solicitation of his rhends, Mr. Hirsch became a candidate for United States Senator, and in the memorable campaign which followed he lacked but a few votes of election. Finding that his election was impossible, he advised his friends to turn to some other man upon whom a majority could agree. Loyal to the last, they refused to do this, but continued to vote for him until the fall of the gavel announced the final adjournment of

the Legislature. Minister to Turkey, 1889.

In 1889 President Harrison appointed Solomon Hirsch Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the empire of Turkey. Mr. Hirsch was in Europe at the time, and upon learing of his appoint-ment he visited Constantinople and then returned to America for his credentials. His appointment received universal ap-proval in Oregon and was taken as a rec-ognition not only of the worth of the man but also of the part Oregon had taken in the presidential election. The banquet tendered Mr. Hirsch at the

Concordia Club on October 22, two days before his departure for Constantinople, eclipsed any event of a similar nature ever given in Portland, and was a fitting tes timenial of the warm place in the hearts of the people of this city. The banquet was arranged by the Portland Board of Trade, the details of the event being in pharms of a committee committee of Press. charge of a committee comprised of Pres-ident John McCraken, Donald Macleay, Charles F. Beebe, E. S. Rothchild, Ben Selling, D. M. Dunne and P. Lowengart. The decorations in the clubroom were all that the florist's art could produce. Around festive board were gathered all of Portland's most prominent citizens and all were there to show their gratification over the honor that had been conferred upon Mr. Hirsch and the State of Oregon. Donald Macleay presided as toastmaster and toasts were responded to by Judge George H. Williams, General John Gipbon, John McCraken, Governor Pennoyer Mayor De Lashmutt, D. Solis Cohen, Brit-ish Vice-Consul James Laidlaw, J. W.

Whalley and E. D. McKee. Though he refused to be a candidate for office since his retirement from the State Senate in 1885, Mr. Hiroch was always active in politics. He was a charter mem-ber of the James G. Biaine Republican Club, which was organized in 1887, and was several times a delegate from that club to the State League of Republican Clubs. In the last few months he has been frequently mentioned as a possible successor to United States Senator Simon, though he was not in any eense a candidate for that

In 1879 Mr. Hirsch married Mise Jos phine Mayer, eldest daughter of Jacob Mayer. Besides the widow, he leaves three daughters. Ella. Mai and Clemantine, and one son. Sanford, all residents of Portland.

Loyal to His Faith

In religion Mr. Hirsch was a Hebrew and was a loyal adherent and supported of his church. He was precident of the Temple Beth Israel congregation. He was a 32d degree Mason and war a member of the following lodges of that order: Williamette Lodge, No. 2, A. F. & A. M.; Oregon Consistory, No. 1, Scottish Rite Masons, and Al Kader Temple, No. 1, Ancient Order of the Mystic Shrine.

Mr. Hirsch was of a benevolent dispose. Mr. Hirsch was of a benevolent disposi-

tion and gave liberally of his wealth to many charities in a quiet and inconspicuous way.

Estimate of His Life. The character and career of Mr. Hirsch is thus reviewed in the sketch of his life published in H. W. Scott's History of Ore-

gon;
"There is something inspiring in the record of a busy and useful life; something stimulating in the details of a career that is marked by a generous and beneficent purpose; something worthy of emulation in the success that has been wrought by unselfish means. Such has been the record of the gentleman whose name is the title of this biography, and so thoroughly have the varied lines of his efforts been

blended with the agencies which have been conducive to the material progress of the Pacific Northwest during many years, that no history of this portion of the Union and especially of the State of Oregon, would be complete which failed to give him honorable mention.

"The career of this gentleman presents many extrange contrasts. Thirty-five years

where every avenue is open to merit and where the best types of manhood are cre-ated and developed. It is impossible not to admire the courage which no adversity could crush, the patient, persistent devo-tion to a high and worthy purpose from which no temptation could allure him, which no temptation could allure him, such as have been so conspicuous in all the acts, public and private, of Mr. Hirsch.

The elevation of such men to positions of power and influence is a tribute to true manhood, and serves as an incentive to stimulate the ambition of every youth who is compelled by his own unaided efforts to work out his own destiny."

TRIBUTES TO MR. HIRSCH.

Prominent Citizens Regret the Pass-

ing of a Good Man. Mayor George H. Williams-I was ac-quainted with Mr. Hirsch for more than 40 years, and I was quite intimate with him the greater portion of that time. I found him to be an able, excellent and patriotic man and one who had rendered valuable services to his country. His death is a great loss to the city. I was amazed when I heard of it, for I had not been informed that he was dangerously sick. I knew that he had been complaining, but I did not dream that he was in any danger until I heard of his death shortly after noon

City Attorney L. A. McNary-The death of Mr. Hirsch is to be regretted, as the city loses a man who has been promi-nently identified with its business. inter-ests and a man who has done a great deal for the whole State of Oregon

Auditor T. C. Deviln-By the death of Mr. Hirsch the city loses a good, upright and honorable citizen and one who Portland's interests.

W. C. Noon-I have known Mr. Hirsch for 25 years, and have constantly had business relations with him during that time, and have never had an unpleasant word with him. He was a first-class business man and a perfect gentleman. He will be greatly missed here, and the news of his death will be heard with regret in every town in the Northw

-I have been intimately acquainted with Mr. Hirsch for many years and know him to have been a good and kind-hearted man in private life and an intelligent and honorable man in business. His death is a loss to the business community, and it will be difficult to fill his place. He the esteem and confidence of all have done business with him, I. Goodman-I have known Mr. Hirsch

man in whom I could place implicit confidence. His business sagacity and good judgment have been so well known that he has always exerted an influence in business circles, not only in this city, but over the entire state. Dom J. Zan-I have known Mr. Hirsch

all my life and have always considered him and heard him spoken of as a busi-ness man of the highest judgment and sagacity and of irreproachable character. He was one of the leading men of Front street, and he will be missed by the whole business community. He has not taken an active part in business of late years, but his influence has continued to be felt in business circles. Alfred F. Blies, manager W. P. Fuller

munity had implicit confidence in his in-tegrity and his judgment in all business matters. His death is a loss to the city.

Henry Hahn-The city has lost in Mr. Hirsch one of its ablest business men. There are few men on the Pacific Coast better or more widely known than he was, and his sterling business qualities have made him esteemed and respected throughout the entire Northwest. I have known Mr. Hirsch personally since 1878 and know that there are many retail merchants who have reason to remember him kindly for the good he has done them.

C J. Reed-Solomon Hirsch was a good man and a big man in the community.

W. D. Fenton-Mr. Hirsch was a man no substitute.

respected in all walks of life, and his death is a public loss.

Postmaster A. B. Crossman-Mr. Hirsch was a respected citizen, and his loss will be deeply felt all over the State of Ore-

W. A. Mears—The death of Mr. Hirsch is a great loss to Portland. He was a great man and has done much for the city. His services to the Government city. His services to the Government while in Turkey were great. I am sorry that he was never sent to the United States Senate, for he was a man of sound and good principles, and would have made a good representative for our state.

L. A. Lewis-Mr. Hirsch had a good disposition and was well liked by those who knew him. He was an early pioneer of Oregon and has done much to build up the country. He will be missed by all, but especially by the older citizens.

Benton Killin, a regent of the State Agricultural College, and an intimate friend of Mr. Hirsch-Mr. Hirsch has been described as a Mitchell Republican, but think the situation would be more clearly expressed if it were said that Mitchel was a Hirsch Republican. The news of his death was not unexpected by me, as I knew that Mr. Hirsch had been far from

State Senator Henry E. McGinn. I cannot remember when I did not know Mr. Hirsch, and my father knew him be-fore me. He has been among the first of our citizens ever eince I can remember, and his death is a distinct loss to the state. I have often regretted that Mr. Hirsch could not see his way clear to remain in the diplomatic service, for I believe the country would have been greatly benefited if he had but he covering the benefited if he had, but he considered that his business interests required his atten-tion and he felt that three years' service abroad as the representative of our Gov-ernment at the court of Constantinople was all he could afford to give. Indeed, his loss will be felt.

Funeral Services Tomorrow Mr. Hirsch will be buried from his late residence on Fifth and Jefferson streets at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning. The serv-ices will be public. Dr. Stephen S. Wise will conduct the services

ST. LOUIS AND SOUTHEAST.

A New Tourist Service Inaugurated by the O. R. & N.

If you are going to St. Louis, Memphis and other Southeastern points, better call up O. R. & N. ticket office, Third and Washington, and ask about the new tourist service inaugurated by the O. R. & N. via Denver and Kansas City.

The Information Contained in This Gentleman's Statement Is Priceless.

The hale, the hearty, the strong can af-ford to toss this paper to one side impa-tiently when they read the following, but any sufferer who has spent a mint of money and hours of excruciating torture caused by kidney complaint will stand in his own light if he does not follow the valuable advice offered by:

William Gower, barber, of 131 West Bennett avenue, Colorado Springs, says: "I was interviewed by a gentleman in the month of June, 1899, about Doan's Kidney Pills. I was then living in Pueblo, Colo., and I told him that after suffering for other consequences of either excited or weakened kidneys, I went to my druggist in Pueblo for Doan's Kidney Pills and took a course of the treatment. They cured me, and cured me quickly. Since then I have not had the slightest symptom of a recurrence. I have recommended them to a number of friends and ac quaintances and told them if they did not cure them they could return the box to me and I would pay them for them. No one ever came back with a box, so I knew they were cured." Ask the Laue-Davis Drug Co. what their customers say about

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