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"There's Life and Strength in Every Drop"

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SEVENTH AND WASHINGTON STREETS, PORTLAND, OREGON

CHANGE OF MANAGEMENT.

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A PROBLEM IN ARITHMETIC

A man saw a furnace advertised for \$60. On examining it, the dealer told him it was "just as good" as a \$100 one. On examining the dealer's "\$100 one," he was informed that this one, in turn, was as "good as a \$200 one." But on the dealer being asked to sign a bond to the amount of the price of the furnace as a guarantee of his statement, he promptly refused.

1. Which was worth the more—the dealer's bond or his word?
2. Then was the furnace worth as much as his bond, or his word?
3. Then what were the values of his bond and his word?
4. Therefore, what was the value of the furnace?

To be answered in paper.

CHRISTMAS CARPETS

And Rugs, such as we offer at this season, make the handsomest and most useful of presents.

EXCLUSIVE CARPET HOUSE

J. G. Mack & Co.

80-88 THIRD STREET, Opposite Chamber of Commerce.

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PORTLAND, OREGON



HEADQUARTERS FOR TOURISTS AND COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS

Special rates made to families and single gentlemen. The management will be pleased at all times to show rooms and give prices. A modern Turkish bath establishment in the hotel. H. C. BOWERS, Mgr.

NEW YORK DENTAL PARLORS

Fourth and Morrison Sts. Portland, Or.

Old-established and reliable dentists, where all work is guaranteed absolutely painless.

NO PLATES REQUIRED

Full Set Teeth.....\$5.00
Gold Crowns.....5.00
Gold Fill.....1.00
Silver Fill......50

Our offices are not managed by ethical dentists, but by Eastern graduate specialists.

NEW YORK DENTISTS

Fourth and Morrison Streets

Cold Wave in Wisconsin. MILWAUKEE, Dec. 7.—Wisconsin and Upper Michigan are tonight in the embrace of a cold wave, the most severe of the season. In many places the temperature is near zero. A high wind prevails in this section and light snow has fallen throughout the state.

Rifeman Committed Suicide. LONDON, Dec. 7.—While the Cunard Line steamer *Strathairn* was ascending the Mersey Saturday morning, Colonel Lamb, a member of the English rifle team returning from the international competition in Canada, committed suicide, ending his life with a rifle bullet.

BAD FOR PRESTON

King County's Attitude Hurts Candidate.

M'BRIDE AND HIS CLUB

Seven Senators Will Not Support Commission Bill.

RAILROADS HAVE BEST OF IT

Seattle Legislators Resist Pressure by the Governor, and Will Not Get in Line—Say State Platform Is of No Effect.

SEATTLE, Dec. 7.—(Special.)—If the fight Harold Preston is making for the United States Senatorship depends on his success in prevailing upon the members of the King County delegation to vote for the McBride railway commission bill, then his star is waning, and his candidacy will not cut much of a figure in the next session of the Washington Legislature. For something over a week now Governor McBride, aided by the commission Senators, has been endeavoring to force the seven Republican Senators from King County to line up for the commission bill, on the threat that, unless this is done, Mr. Preston, the King County candidate for Senator, will not receive the support of the commission legislators from outside of the county.

The issue was plainly and even emphatically put. The question was whether or not the King County Senators desired Mr. Preston to continue a probability in the Senatorship struggle. At least, this was the way McBride put it up to the King County legislators. His view of the matter, which was put in words by his commission Senators, was endorsed by Senator Preston and his friends, who told the King County solons that Mr. Preston could not hope to win at Olympia without the support of the Governor and his forces, which it was now threatened would be withdrawn.

The King County Senators have meditated upon the ultimatum of the Governor and the leading Senators in the commission fight. They have had several lunches, dinners and "medicine talks," and the time is now come for the announcement to be made that not one of the seven members of the Upper Chamber from King County has sworn from his announced determination to vote against the commission bill.

The Senators had their last meeting last night, at which time an executive session was held in a private room of the Madison Barberia. Both before and after the meeting, individual Senators declared privately that there had been no change in the attitude of the delegation on the commission question. There was a possibility that Senator Palmer would vote for the commission measure, he having intimated a desire to do so, provided Mr. Preston wished him to. But in the end Senator Palmer will, it is believed, be found voting against the Governor.

The importance of the fact that the seven Republicans from King County are remaining fast by their determination to support the railroads in the coming session at Olympia cannot be overestimated, especially in its relation to the Senatorial fight. The issue was plainly put to the King County Senators by the friends both of Governor McBride and Senator Preston. The latter personally requested Senators Hammer, Warburton, Sharp and Moultry, the leaders in the commission fight, to visit King County and lay the situation before the King County Senators. This was done, as The Oregonian has already told. Senator Sharp, of Kittitas, was particularly emphatic in declaring that while he personally desired to vote for Senator Preston, he could not bring himself to do so if King County was lined up against the commission bill as called for in the state platform.

Subsequent to the meeting where the commission Senators delivered their ultimatum, an effort was made by certain prominent business men who are supporting Mr. Preston to bring the business interests together in his behalf. Representations were made to certain large firms and corporations that Mr. Preston's candidacy stood in great danger unless a part of the vote of King County at Olympia was pledged at this time to the McBride measure.

These efforts have failed of their purpose up to this time, and, according to the plain statements made by the King County Senators, will be valueless in the end. As illustrating the position of the King County Senators, and the arguments they employ in defending it, the following interview with a Senator will be found interesting:

"It is positively absurd to ask the King County legislators to support McBride in his commission fight. The people of King County do not want a commission bill. They have no sympathy with the aims of the Governor, which are not calculated to benefit the city of Seattle. As to the state platform, McBride and his followers alone have to answer for that. The state platform is not authority over the actions of the members of the Legislature, nominated and elected in their respective districts. Moreover, the commission plank was forced on the Republican party of the state of Washington."

"In Seattle a movement to support the commission bill proposed by Governor McBride would be suicidal. We are dependent here for our future commercial advancement on the friendship of President Hill, of the Great Northern. Mr.

Hill, it is conceded, is the master of railroad financing in the United States. He is now directing the big fight against San Francisco for the control of the transport service of the Pacific Coast. He wants this business transferred to Puget Sound, where Tacoma and Seattle together can furnish the Government with far better facilities and cheaper supplies than are now obtained in San Francisco. Mr. Hill's influence in Washington, I dare say, is greater than that of the whole delegation from this state, in a struggle of this kind, where millions of capital are involved.

"Under the circumstances, considering what the railroads propose to do next year in building up the state through immigration and extensions, to say nothing of the improvements planned in Seattle alone, costing several millions, the people of Seattle cannot and do not expect their representatives at Olympia to support a measure aimed at and hostile to the interests of the railroads."

This generally expresses the sentiments of the seven senators from King County. This means, further, that the commission bill will be killed in the Senate. The Governor, counting the Democratic votes that will be cast against the bill, will lose his fight by practically a vote of 26 to 16. Now, as to the effect of this condition on Mr. Preston's chances. Some of the

\$50,000 ADDITIONAL SUBSCRIBED TO LEWIS AND CLARK CENTENNIAL.

President Corbett Makes Announcement of Contribution of the Transcontinental Lines.

I take pleasure in announcing that in answer to a communication addressed to Mr. E. H. Harriman, by direction of the Board of Directors, for a contribution from the railroads towards celebrating the centennial of Lewis and Clark's exploration of the Oregon country, to take place at Portland in 1905, Mr. Harriman called a conference of the several roads composing the Harriman system, it also included the Northern Pacific and Great Northern, which resulted in an agreement that they would jointly contribute \$50,000. This, together with the concessions they will necessarily make, to induce large attendance, will be greatly appreciated by the community and the directors.

H. W. CORBETT, President.

The action of the Harriman lines, the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern Railroads in contributing \$50,000 toward the Lewis and Clark Fair is generally approved by the directors of the Exposition. A sense of satisfaction that the great transcontinental roads have given a tangible evidence of their belief that the Fair is to be a reality seemed to be the dominant note in the opinions expressed last night, rather than mere gratification at the monetary gift.

A. L. Mills said: "The amount is entirely satisfactory. I think the railroads will find that the money will prove an excellent investment, and I am glad that they have shown such a ready acquiescence in the project. The roads will, of course, get their money back three-fold, but the cash in hand is what is necessary to the initiation of the Fair."

P. L. Willis, another director, was also well satisfied with the action of the railroads. "We asked for more," said Mr. Willis, "but \$50,000 is quite a lot of money. This addition to the funds already guaranteed raises the total nearly to the half-million mark."

Samuel Connell, also a director, expressed his satisfaction at the promise of the transcontinental lines. "It is pretty good," said he. "It shows that the railroads realize that we are in earnest about the Fair, and their action is gratifying in this regard, irrespective of the money involved."

"This contribution raises the guaranteed funds of the Exposition to about \$100,000 in all," said Henry E. Reed, secretary of the board of directors. "The amount raised by Portland up to the present time is \$300,000, and this addition raises the total to a very satisfactory figure."

King County candidates' friends, more radical than the others, have said outspokenly that if the King County Senators did not support the Governor in his fight for the commission bill, Mr. Preston would withdraw from the Senatorial race. An investigation into this phase of the matter reveals the fact that the statement was unauthorized by Mr. Preston himself, and that it is calculated to do harm to his candidacy. However, Mr. Preston feels keenly the effect of the King County delegation's refusal to support McBride. That he will abandon the Senatorial fight before the meeting of the legislators is considered improbable.

Within the next 10 days, the King County Senators will meet in executive session for the purpose of preparing a formal reply to the representations of the commission Senators.

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- Deputy Svyetov declares Saturday's riot is forever in the past when soldiers shall keep order in the French Chamber. Page 2.
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- Republican Senators are annoyed that the omnibus statehood bill should have passed House so easily. Page 1.
- Consul-General Thomas Nast, the famous cartoonist, died of yellow fever at Guyanville, Venezuela. Page 2.
- Local.** One gambler who number gambler to death at Marshfield and when arrested said he was a kid of it. Page 4.
- Laying the Pacific cable is expected to begin at San Francisco this week. Page 3.
- Preston's chances for the Senatorship depend on King County's support of railway commission bill he will fail. Page 1.
- Procedure for Oregon Legislature, which will meet five weeks from today. Page 1.
- Marine.** Six steamships chartered to bring steel rails from Antwerp to Portland. Page 8.
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- Remarkable increase in number of steam coasters plying out of Portland. Page 8.
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- Sixteen teams started in six-day cycle race at Madison-Square Garden. Page 5.

PARTISAN QUESTION

That of Statehood for the Three Territories.

REPUBLICAN SENATORS VEXED

They Think Their Political Brethren in the House Should Not Have Let the Omnibus Bill Pass That Body So Easily.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Dec. 7.—The big fight in Congress this session is over the Territorial bill and the prospects are that no legislation will be the result. The Republican leaders are determined not to admit three states which are sure to be Democratic and two of which do

not possess sufficient population, in their judgment, to enter the Union. There are many reasons why New Mexico and Arizona, owing to the class of population which has drifted into them from Mexico and other communities, are scarcely fitted for statehood. As the matter stands now, there is a majority in the Senate, counting the Democrats and a minority of Republicans, who favor the omnibus bill, but the majority of Republicans, which includes well-known leaders like Senators Aldrich, Allison, Hanna, Lodge, Hale, Cullom, Platt and others, are determined that the omnibus bill shall not pass.

There is a great deal of criticism of the House managers who allowed the omnibus bill to go through without a dissenting vote in the last session. These men seemed to be asleep or did not understand that the Republican majority was opposed to the admission of more states, which were assuredly Democratic. A close canvass of Arizona and New Mexico has developed the fact that even if both were carried by the Republicans on a popular vote, the districts are formed in such shape that the Legislature would be Democratic, insuring Democratic Senators.

No doubt is expressed that there is sufficient population in Oklahoma to entitle it to admission, but there is a condition in Indian Territory, of which Oklahoma was formed, that makes it difficult to bring about some change. Indian Territory is nominally governed by the Indian tribes, although the white people largely predominate. Should it be attached to Oklahoma it would form a Democratic state. It would be a state of nearly a million in population, and the better element would probably control and bring about reforms which cannot be expected under the anomalous condition that at present exists. It is said that the House leaders ought to have known all the conditions before passing the bill. The Republican leaders in the Senate will probably try to defeat it by intervening other legislation after the holidays.

PROGRAMME FOR THE HOUSE.

London Dock Bill and Wagner-Butler Contest.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The House

will continue to receive desultory attention on Monday or Tuesday, but the proceedings with reference to this bill will consist largely in the reading of the bill and the consideration of amendments. There will be more of executive business during the week, and in all probability another adjournment from Thursday until the following Monday.

It is expected that the immigration bill will continue to receive desultory attention on Monday or Tuesday, but the proceedings with reference to this bill will consist largely in the reading of the bill and the consideration of amendments. There will be more of executive business during the week, and in all probability another adjournment from Thursday until the following Monday.

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A. J. CUMMINGS' LIBRARY

To Be Given to International Typographical Union.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Dec. 7.—The library of the late Amos J. Cummings, the New York Congressman and editor, is to be given to the home founded here in 1823 by the International Typographical Union. Mrs. Cummings, the widow, is authorized by the announcement, she is here on a visit to the home. Mr. Cummings was a member of the original board of trustees, and his interest in the home was great. He frequently spoke of his intended bequest. His will did not contain the provision, but knowing it to be his wish, Mrs. Cummings has made the bequest in her own will, recently executed.

The library will reach the home ultimately, perhaps soon, if Mrs. Cummings decides to remove from New York. The library contains many valuable works and manuscripts.

ORDER MAY BE MODIFIED

Hoped That Western Cattle Will Be Shipped from New England.

BOSTON, Dec. 7.—No reply has been received as yet to the telegram sent to the British government by Acting Consul Clipperton, expressing the desire of establish men and cattle shippers that the quarantine against the shipment of cattle from New England be modified so as to permit shipments from Portland of Western and Canadian cattle. Meanwhile, New England export cattle business is at a standstill. Advice from Washington, however, are to the effect that the British authorities have requested an official statement regarding the foot and mouth diseases in New England, from the United States Government, and its opinion as to the wisdom of allowing cattle to be loaded at Portland. There is reason to hope that some modification of the order may be soon made.

Dr. Solomon, of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, said today that it had been his intention to have the work of slaughtering the affected cattle begun by Tuesday, but the heavy snows about the state may cause a delay.

AFTER FIVE WEEKS

Then Comes Legislature and Various Things.

REGULAR MODE OF PROCEDURE

Organization of the Two Houses May Make Important Exposure of Senatorial Strength—Messages of Two Governors.

SALEM, Dec. 7.—(Special.)—Five weeks from tomorrow the Oregon Legislature will meet in the Capitol in this city in its 22d regular session, to enact laws for the government of this state and to elect a Senator to succeed Senator Simon. Although the subject of legislation, organization of the Legislature and election of a Senator have received a very wide discussion through the press and among politicians, there is little upon which one can base a prediction of what the Legislature will do upon any one of these questions. In the next 26 days, however, meetings of the members of the Legislature will be frequent, and in the informal discussion of problems that confront Oregon's Solons opinions will be freely expressed, and by January 12 it is probable that the general policy of the Legislature will be largely determined.

There is no hour provided by law at which the House of the Legislature shall meet. It is required that they shall convene on the second Monday of January and the hour of meeting is generally 10 o'clock A. M. If the usual order of events shall prevail in the coming session, the House of Representatives will be called to order about the hour mentioned, by A. C. Jennings, chief clerk of the last House of Representatives. The chief clerk of the last House will preside until a temporary Speaker shall have been chosen, when the temporary Speaker will take the rostrum and preside during the completion of the temporary organization. A committee on credentials will be appointed and a recess taken until the committee is ready to report. The report having been received and adopted, permanent organization will follow and a message will be transmitted to the Senate conveying the information that the House is organized and ready for the transaction of business. Much the same procedure is followed in the Senate, except that the Senate will be called to order by one of the members of that body instead of by the last chief clerk.

The Republicans in both Houses always hold the caucus on organization, so that the proceedings pass off with only the show of a contest. The Republicans are in such a large majority that the nomination of a Democratic candidate for a position is a mere formality. The caucus is held the evening before or on the morning of organization, and whatever contest takes place, always occurs behind the closed doors of the caucus room.

Some Organization Questions.

When gathered in a committee-room next month, the Republicans in the House, will select a candidate for Speaker from among the three aspirants, Representatives Eddy, of Marion; Eddy, of Tillamook; and Harris, of Lane. This is said upon the assumption that no other strong candidate for Speaker will appear. The Senate Republicans, so far as no appears, will choose between Senators Brownell and Smith, of Multnomah. Who the successful aspirant will be is yet very uncertain, though many believe that if the Multnomah delegation should be united in favor of any candidate, that candidate would get votes enough to make him the choice of the caucus. In the House it is understood that Eddy expects to get the solid support of the Multnomah delegation, and if that expectation is well founded, he has reason to feel confident of success. Harris is relying largely upon the support of the Tillamook delegation in having the Fulton strength behind him, he is likely to find, in his disadvantage, that the non-Fulton members are in favor of some one else for Speaker. It is this feature of the situation that gives Davey, of Marion, confidence in his chances for the Speakership. He expects to gather strength from all sources, except the staunch Fulton people. Eddy also draws strength from many sources, and since he has trained with the same wing of the party as has Harris, is in a position, probably, to get the Harris strength, in case Harris cannot get enough to enable him to win out.

In the Senate the contest seems to be assuming shape more slowly. Nobody seems to know with certainty who is the choice of either Brownell or Smith for Senator, and, as it is viewed here, this question has little to do with the race for President of the Senate. But it is noticeable, and perhaps significant, that the prominent friends of Mr. Fulton in the Senate are supporting Senator Brownell. On the other hand, it appears now to be understood that Dr. Smith will have a united Multnomah County delegation at his back, and in that case it will require all the well-known skill and resources of the capable Senator from Clackamas to make the contest as even as it seems now to be.

Besides selecting the two principal officers in caucus, the Republicans also select the minor officials: chief clerk, sergeant-at-arms, and a number of chief clerks for the more important committees.

Inauguration of Chamberlain.

Both houses having effected permanent organizations in the manner described, a concurrent resolution will be adopted by both houses fixing a day and hour at which a joint session will be held for the purpose of hearing the Governor's inaugural message, canvassing the returns of the gubernatorial election, witnessing the inauguration of the Governor-elect and hearing the new Governor's inaugural address. The day for the joint session is usually the second or third day of the session. At that time the members of both houses will gather in the Representative hall, with the president of the Senate presiding. Governor Geor will read his annual message, telling the Legislature, among other things, that the Centennial session is settled, and reviewing the condition of the state and its institutions, and making such recommendations as he may deem proper. A committee will then be appointed to assist in canvassing the vote for Governor, and the president of the Senate will declare that George E. Chamberlain has received a plurality of all votes cast, and has been elected. One of the Justices of the Supreme Court will administer the oath of office, and Mr. Chamberlain will proceed to deliver his first address as

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