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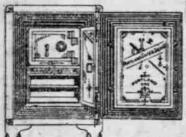
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THE PIANOLA M.B. WEI

Grand Duke Dismissed From Army. BERLIN, Dec. 2.-The Russian Grand Duke Paul Alexandrovitch, an uncle of the dating and amalgamating the various Czar, has been dismissed by Emperor firms engaged in the iron and steel in-

Merging English Steel Works.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.-Work of consoli-Duke Paul Alexandrovitch an uncle of the Car. has been dismissed by Emperor William from the honorary colonelcy of a Hussar Regiment, stationed at Branden burg, because of his recent marriage to the Baroness Pistolkoff, who obtained a divorce from her husband in order to marry the Grand Duke. For his marriage to the Baroness, the Grand Duke was disninged from the Russian army.

Great Britain.

1905 Fair Will Ask for \$2,000,000.

Representative Will Now Visit Western States.

GOVERNORS TO BE ASKED TO ACT

printions for Great Oregon Project-Co-operation of Oriental Countries Solicited.

Lewis and Clark Board yesterday re-

To ask President Roosevelt to recmend in a special message to Congress a National appropriation of \$2,000.000 for the 1905 Exposition.

To send J. F. Knapp to interview Governors of Western Legislatures toward prevailing upon them to recommend appropriations of their respective

To address letters to these Governors for the same purpose. To follow out the plan of H. R. Mil-

ler for enlisting the co-operation of Oriental countries. ******************

"Come to the Lewis and Clark Fair of 905," says the board of directors. This nessage will be borne to every state west of the Mississippi River. Yestenlay the legislation committee of the board made a contract with J. F. Knapp according to which he is to visit the Governors of Western States, and to request that they ecommend to their Legislatures appropriations for the Lewis and Clark Fair. The committee resolved also to send letlers to the Governory urging upon then this action. Congress is to be asked for \$2,000,000, and President Roosevelt is to be requested to recommend this sum in

special message to Congress. "Right now is the time to go to other states," said the committee. Mr. Knapp will start on his mission tomorrow. Today he will call upon Governor Geer, at Salem. The committee decided that to have messages to Legislatures would be the quickest way of bringing the Fair to the attention of those bodies. "There's no time to lose," said the gentlemen, "and f we wait until the Oregon Legislature

has acted we shall be too late." In Mineteen States.

The Legislatures of 19 states west of the Mississippi will meet next January. Even if the Oregon Legislature should appropriate \$500,000 in the first week of its session, this would be too late to obtain the co-operation of other states. Inaxmuch as their Legislatures will not meet again until 1905, the necessity of the work just initiated is apparent. Moreover, the service which one man can perform now would require several men after the Logislatures have convened, because the ground can now be covered speedlly. The next sessions of Legislatures west of the Mississippi will begin as follows: Arizona

1	Arkangas	.Ja
1	California	.Ja
1	Colorado	.Ja
1	Hawati	Fe
ı	Idaho	Ja
١	Towa (1904)	Ja
ġ	Kansas	
9	Louislana	M
1	Orogon	To
1	South Dakota (1904)	To
4	Texas	To
1	Utah	
J	Washington	
9	Wyoming	To
d		
	Minnesota	-da
	Montana Nebraska	.311
	Nebraska	·18
ľ	Nevada	
ľ	New Mexico	-30
N	North Dakota	
ľ	Oklaboma	.13
ľ	Mr. Knapp's Record.	

Mr. Knapp has served in various ca pacities in other expositions, and brings good recommendations. He was a commissioner at the Midwinter Fair at San Francisco for county exhibits. At the Omaha Exposition he was employed in the stock subscription lists. At the expositions at Buffalo and Charleston he performed important duties.

The Lewis and Clark directors Will endeavor to have Western Legislatures set nside for the 1965 Fair a certain part of their appropriations for the St. Louis Ex-Adjoining states, however, will ppropriate directly to the Lewis and Clark Exposition. "I shall go at once to Sacramento," said

Mr. Knapp yesterday, "to interview Gov-ernor Gage. At San Francisco I shall call upon Governor-elect Pardee. I shall go to the capitals of Nevada. Utah, Wyoming, Colorado, Nebraska, Kansas, Wisconsin, Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, Idaho and Washington. Southern States I shall visit at another time "Will I be successful? Yes, indeed I will. There is no doubt whatever about it. "After the Lewis and Clark Fair has been carried to the attention of the Western States, states east of the Mississippi should be approached and then European countries The proposal to devote, say 25 or 30 per cent of their appropriations for St. Louis to Portland will win every

Plan to Go Ahead.

W. D. Fenton submitted a succinct plan of procedure, and it was unanimously adopted. A subcommitte, consisting of W. D. Fenton, P. L. Willis and Rufus Mallory, was appointed to carry it out. This subcommittee will draw up First-A bill for an act to appoint an Oregon

Lewis and Clark commission of nine members, and to appropriate \$500,000 for the Lewis and Clark Centennial of 1903. Second—A circular address to be issued by the board of directors, signed by the president and secretary, succinctly outlining the plan, purpose and general scope of the Fair, and the estimated cost of the same. Third—An official letter to be likewise authorized and stend and send to the Governors.

Third—An official letter to be likewise authorized and signed, and sent to the Governors of the States of Washington, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming and Utah, asking them to recommend to their Legislatures appropriations to assist Oregon in holding the Centennial.

Fourth—A like letter to be sent to the Governors of the States of California and Nevada, inviting them to recommend participation by their states in the Pacific Coast enterprise, and asking each state to make appropriations for state exhibits.

Fifth—A like letter to the Governors of the states west of the Misaissippi, and particularly the Governor of the State of Misaouri, urging upon each of them co-operation, and inviting them to ask the co-operation of their states, and the transfer of their exhibits from St. Louis, in 1904, to the Lewis and Clark Centennial.

Louis, in 1904, to the Lewis and Clark Centernial.

Sixth—A formal communication to the President of the United States, asking him to send a special message to Congress, recommending Congressional aid, and the transfer of the exhibits from the Philippines and other territorial possessions, gathered for the St. Louis exposition, and a direct appropriation of \$2,000,-000, to be expended by United States commissioners, of which \$220,000 shall be used for the exection by the United States of a Lewis and Clark memorial building, to contain therein statues of Thomas Jefferson, Thomas H. Benton, Lewis F. Linn, James K. Polk, George M. Dallas, the great explorers, Lewis and Clark, Albert Gallatin, and perhaps two or three other such buildings, to be located upon a site donated to the City of Portland and to be maintained as the home of the Oregon Historical Society, and other public bodies, and to be devoted to useful knowledge and the arts forever. Seventh-A plan by which each state and the

general Government may be efficiently ap-proached, with a view to their active co-oper-ation, and the employment of some suitable man or committee of persons, to take active charge of this matter at once.

Consul Miller's Plan. Mr. Miller's plan, as submitted October

25. was as follows: First-An act of Congress providing for s detail of officers in Army, Navy, State and other departments to assist in secur-ing and establishing exhibits.

Second-Appointment of a commissioner o secure the exhibits of Russia, Japan, China, Korea, India and the islands of the

Pacific at the St. Louis Exposition.

Third—The same commissioner should be sent to those countries to secure their interest in making special exhibits.

Fourth—This commissioner should personally supervise the collection of these exhibits and be authorized.

sonally supervise the collection of these exhibits and be authorized to arrange for the establishment of various Oriental manufacturing at the Exporition.

There should be a Russian village. The Russian government should be asked to participate and aid in making this village.

The allies of Vindynstock Dalay and The cities of Vladivostock, Dainy and Port Arthur should be invited to join in making Russia on the Pacific known to

the people of the United States.

There should be a Japanese village, a Korean village, a Chinese village, an Indian village, a Philippine village and These villages should be constructed true

These villages should be constructed true to their type, and filled with the industrial people of each race. The actual daily social and industrial life of these people should be faithfully displayed.

These people need not and should not be 1 is; but should be a good in production and manufacturing according to their own native way, things that could be sold largely to visitors and merchants visiting the Exposition, thereby aiding in defray. the Exposition, thereby aiding in defray

ing their expenses.

All of these people have a peculiar and interesting boat life that should be shown in connection with their viliages.

The buildings used by all these people are primitive and cheaply constructed.

and their cost need not be great.

Many manufacturers and merchants could be induced to bring over their artisans for the advertising of their busi-ness, and the sale of goods produced while As almost all the manufacturing of these

countries is by hand methods, very little machinery is required, and as most of the work is usually done in the houses in which they live, no extra buildings will be required. To secure this Oriental display, an act of Congress should be passed this Winter

that would lay the foundation for its suc cessful execution.
In addition to the above, an Oriental Congress might be held covering the po-litical, religious, industrial, art, educa-tional and other features, and the nations

interested could no doubt be indu-

send representative men in all of these lines at their own expense. During the Summer season most of the missionaries in these countries take a two months' vacation, and by having a great missionary congress, they could all be drawn to the Exposition, and their in-terest could be made valuable in securing exhibits and representative industrial

Carries the Fair Project.

The Legislative committee is burdened The Legislative committee is burdened with the full load of the Fair. It will have to give the enterprise the momentum that will carry it on to success. This committee contains the legal falent of the board. It is composed of:

A. L. Mills, J. C. Ainsworth, A. Bush, J. M. Church, A. H. Devers, W. D. Fenton, Leo Friede, Rufus Mallory, R. B. Miller, J. H. Raley, George W. Riddle, H. W. Scott, Paul Wessinger, P. L. Willis, J. C. Cooper.

GIVE AWAY HALF A MILLION President of Transport Company to

Remember Old Employes.

BALTIMORE: Dec. 3 .- As a result of faithful service, Bernard N. Baker, expresident of the Atlantic Transport Company, now a part of the International Mercantile Marine Company, will distribute nearly \$500,000 among his former employes. To each person who was in the employ of the transport company one year or more, and who will remain after year or more, and who will remain after January 1 in the employ of the International Company, he will give \$1000 of the stock of the new company; to those employes of the Atlantic Company who will lose their positions on that date he will give \$2000 of the stock. To a very few old employes of the company, such as heads of departments, local agents, etc., he will give \$500 of the stock of the company.

CATHOLICS ENTER PROTEST Claim Church Was Ignored in Appointment of Commission.

he will give \$500) of the stock of the

company and a certain sum of money.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 .- Senator Cullom, of Illinois, today presented to the Senate a protest from the Order of Foresters of St. Paul's Catholic Church, of Chicago, against this country's treatment of the religious orders. The protest declares it an insult to the 12,000,000 American Catholics in the United States that not a single Catholic has been named on the Philippine Commission, when the ap-pointment of this body was made for the sole purpose of acting in the interest of the exclusive Catholic population of the Philippine Islands. A special pro-test is made against the placing of the Philippine schools in the hands of noncs and making them

Radical Action Proposed in Both Houses.

TO EXPOSE LAX METHODS

Repeal Timber, Desert and Commutation Laws.

RRIGATION IS IN

of Fund for Reclamation-Administration of Land Office Attacked by Authors of Bill.

A bill to repeal the timber and stone, desert land and commutation land acts was introduced in Congress.

Their authors allege wholesale fraud under cover of these laws, and lax management of the innd office. The bill is approved by the Senate would cut off the irrigation fund.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU Wash ington, Dec. 3 .- The first step in the direction of Congressional action intended to stop land frauds was taken this afternoon, when Senator Quarles, of Wisconsin, and Representative Powers, of Massachusetts, simultaneously introduced identical bills to repeal the timber and stone act, the desert land law and the commutation clause of the homestead act. the three statutes under which large areas of public land are now being taken up by speculators and corporations. The bill provides that any entries initiated under these laws prior to the passage of the

Secretary Hitchcock expects in a few days to submit to the Senate committee a letter pointing out the urgent necessity for repealing the timber and stone act, and he will probably include reasons for repealing the commutation clause of the homestead act. There is some doubt if he will recommend the repeal of the desert land law, although its provisions are

being flagrantly and openly violated. Cut Off Irrigation Fund.

committee against this new bill is that it is unnecessary, and that its enactment would practically cut off the funds with which to carry on Government reclamation under the law of last session, as the three acts attacked are the ones from which most public land funds are derived. The committee believes that, while these laws are loosely drawn, yet that if they were adequately and intelligently en. forced by the local and General Land Office frauds could be reduced to a minimum, if not altogether stopped. The Land Office, they claim, is conducted according to precedent, rather than on good judgment. Local land officers are daily

perjured entrymen and witnesses without making any attempt to ascertain whether or not fraud is being attempted or having any personal knowledge of facts They are generally negligent and careless Remedy the administrative office, say this committee, and there will be no no

essity for repealing these laws. Fraud in Land Office. On the other hand Senator Quarles and

Representative Powers assert that the timber and stone act is unjust to the Government, regardless of frauds committed in its name, in that it gives away for \$415 a whole quarter section of land worth from \$1000 to \$3000 and more, They insist that hereafter public timber shall be sold at a stumpage value, so that the Government may realize something like the true value on its property. If need be, they would go to the extent and re serve the remaining valuable Government timber lands, so that only the mature timber can be procured at appraised The funds from the sale of such timber, they insist, will be very large, and in connection with moneys returned to the reclamation fund from purchases of water rights, will be sufficient to reclaim the entire arid West. Under the desert land act, by false testimony, large areas of agricultural land have passed into the hands of fraudulent entrymen, mostly stockowners or speculators, while under the commutation clause of the homestead act moneyed interests, by supplying \$1 25 an acre to their henchmen, have obtained title to large sections of the West after

14 months' residence on the land. Bent on Exposure.

The authors of these bills feel that these measures are but just and they intend to press them to consideration, if possible Even if they fall, they intend to bring to light the lax and inexcusable condition of the local land offices in Western States their inefficient methods of doing busi ness, as well as the methods employed in the General Land Office, which are held to be equally censurable. The reference made by the President in his message to frauds being perpetrated under the three laws in question will be used as an argument for the passage of the new

INVESTIGATE AT ALBANY.

appeal of Linn County Men. Whose Land Entries Are Questioned. OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash Dec. 3.-Representative Tongue intends to lay before the Interior De partment a request of a number of citizen of Linn County, who have made timber entries in the Lakeview land district, asking that investigation into the character and regularity of these entries, which is to be held by direction of Scoretary Hitchcock, may take place at Albany, so that they may not be required to cross the mountains in the Winter. Mr. Tongue says he knows of many such persons whose cotries are perfectly honest, and in accordance with law, but doubts not that many fraudulent entries have been at-tempted. The Linn County entrymen wei-

come an inspection of their entries. TWO BILLS BY MITCHELL.

to Amend Siletz Reservation Law, Other to Relieve Sick Soldiers. OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington. Dec. 3.—Senator Mitchell today introduced a bill amending the law opening the Siletz Indian reservation to entry so as to allow homesteaders credit for military service, the same as is accredited nomesteaders elsewhere. holds that no such credit can be given for military service on entries on this reservation.

He also introduced a bill to credit First Sergeant Avery A. Long, Twenty-sixth Battery, Field Artillery, at Vanc-suver Barracks, with continuous servic, since his enligtment to date, as a result of wounds received in service. He was 'n the hospital 15 months, and under the law must re-enlist as a private. The bill refor all time in the hospital

NEW LAWS FOR ALASKA. Cushman Proposes a Delegate-Re-

form in Alaska Land Laws. OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washwith the message of President Rooseveli behind him, intends to press his Alaska delegate bill at the present session, and hopes that the measure may be passed, not only by the House but the Senate this Mr. Cushman insists that Alaska needs

(Concluded on Third Page.)

Senate Bill Admits Oklahoma Alone.

TAKES IN INDIAN TERRITORY

New Mexico and Arizona Not Yet Ready.

PARTY LINES ARE DRAWN

Quay Alone of Republicans Favors Three New States-Provisions of Bill and Restrictions on the Constitution.

A bill was reported to the Senate admitting Oklahoma and Indian Territory to statehood under the name of Okinhoma. The bill admitting New Mexico and Arizona was rejected by the com-

The House passed the bill appropriating \$50,000 to pay the expenses of the

A bill was introduced in the establishing the gold standard in the Philippine Islands.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.-The Senate committee on territories today agreed to report a substitute for the House omnibus statehood bill. The substitute provides for the admission of one new state to comprise the territory now included in Oklahoma and Indian Territory, the new state to take the name of Oklahoma. The bill as reported makes no reference whatever to New Mexico or Arizona. The decision of the full committee is in accord with the conclusion reached by the Re-

publican members, except Senator Quay. The status of the Indians residing in the two territories is defined in a provision inverted in the first section of the bill. The section authorizes the inhabitants of the two territories to adopt a state constitution, and then says:

"Nothing contained in the said constitution shall be construed to limit or impair the rights of person or property pertaining to the Indians of said territories so long as such right shall remain unextinguished, or to limit or affect the authority of the Government of the United States to make any law or regulation respecting such Indians, their lands, property, or other rights which it has been competent to make if this action had

never passed." As is usual in the admission of states, all male citizens are authorized to vote for delegates to the Constitutional convention, and a provision is added extending this privilege to Indians who are members of any of the tribes located in Indian Territory. These Indians are also made eligible to become delegates to the convention. The total number of such delegates is limited to 120, 60 each from Okiehoma and Indian Territory. In Okiahoma the delegates are to be apportlened to the various countles by the territorial officers, and in Indian Territory to the districts by the Judges of the United (Concluded on Fifth Page.)

CONTENTS OF TODAY'S PAPER Congress.

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Domestic. The coal strike commission renews its ses-

sions. Page 5. Secretary of the Treasury reports increase in the surplus. Page 12. Report of the Secretary of Agriculture, Page

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Explosion of oll at San Francisco wrecks a stramer and kills many men. Page 5. Foreign. England and Germany ignore Castro's appeals and revolution will be renewed. Page 3.

Education bill passes British House of Com-Colombian Congress summoned to act on Pan-ama canal. Page 3.

Pacific Const. reston believes he will be elected United States Senator. Page 4. King County holds the balance of power in the Washington Senatorial fight. Page 2. Salem Statesman comes out strongly in suppor

Commercial and Marine. Good outlook for big December trade. Page 13, Chicago wheat closes lower. Page 13. Trading in stocks at New York entirely pro-

London wants more prunes. Page 13. Ship Bidston Hill strikes submerged rock near Pillar Rock. Page 11. Port of Portland Commission to have a flag Page 11

Portland and Vicinity.

fessional. Page 13.

Lewis and Clark Fair will ask United States for \$2,000,000 appropriation. Page 1. J. F. Knapp goes to Western States in interest of Lewis and Clark Fair. Page 1. Common Council sustains Mayor's veto of oil Faction in Board of Trade is after Secretary

Moore's scalp. Page 8. Seattle and San Francisco at war over Army transport business. Page 10. Immigration bureau committee has raised \$10,-430 toward project. Page 8.

Police arrest two bunco-steerers. Page 14. City & Suburban Company is willing to accept blanket franchise. Page 10.

Proposed Action Would Cut Off Much

P**********************

committee, but opposed by the House committee, which says its passage Its advocates my that Western land offices have been mismanaged and allow land to be acquired by speculators.

act shall pass to patent if found to com-

ply with existing law. The House public lands committee is unalterably opposed to this bill. A canvasa of its members today shows that most of them are hostile to the proposed legislation. On the other hand, the Senate committee will probably make a favorable report in a short time. The hostility of the House committee will probably defeat action at this ses

The main argument raised by the House

EX-SPEAKER OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES SERIOUSLY ILL

