whose usefulness has become impaired. Promotion must be fostered if the service is to be kept efficient.

The lamentable scarcity of officers, and the large number of recruits and of un-skilled men necessarily put aboard the new vessels as they have been commis-sioned, has thrown upon our officers, and especially on the Lieutenants and junior sloned, has thrown upon our officers, and especially on the Lieutenants and junior grades, unusual labor and fatigue, and has gravely strained their powers of en-durance. Nor is there sign of any imme-diate let-up in this strain. It must con-tinue for some time longer, until more officers are graduated from Annapolia, and until the recruits become trained and skillful' in their duttes. In these difficul-ties incident upon the development of our war fleet the conduct of all our officers has been creditable to the service, and the Lieutenants and junior grades in par-ticular have displayed an ability and steadfast cheerfulness which entities them to the ungrudging thanks of all who realize the disheartening trials and fatigues to which they are of necessity subjected. subjected.

There is not a cloud on the horizon at present. There seems not the slightest chance of trouble with a foreign power. present. We most cornestly hope that this state of things may continue; and the way to in-sure its continuance is to provide for a thoroughly efficient Navy. The refusal to maintain such a Navy would invite trou-ble, and if trouble came would insure disater. Fatuous self-complacency or van-ity or short-sightedness in refusing to prepare for danger is both foolish and wicked in such a Nation as ours; and past experience has shown that such fatuity in refusing to recognize or prepare for any crisis in advance is usually succeeded by a mad panic of hystorical fear once the crisis has actually arrived.

## POSTOFFICES SHOW PROSPERITY.

### Extension of Rural Free Delivery Is Recommended.

The striking increase in the revenues of the Postoffice Department shows clearly the prosperity of our people and the in-creasing activity of the business of the

The receipts of the Postoffice Depart-ment for the fiscal year ending June 30 last amounted to \$121,448,047 26, an increase of \$10,216,853 87 over the preceding year, the largest increase known in the history of the postal service. The magnitude of this increase will best appear from the fact that the entire postal receipts for the year 1890 amounted to but \$\$,515,067. Rural free delivery service is no longer in the experimental singe; it has become fixed rolley. The results following its

a fixed policy. The results following its introduction have fully justified the Con. gress in the large appropriations made for its establishment and extension. The average yearly increase in postoffice re-celpts in the rural districts of the country is about 2 per cent. We are now able, by actual results, to show that where rural free delivery service has been established to such an extent as to enable us to

to such an extent as to enable us to make comparisons the yearly increase has been upward of 10 per cent. On November 1, 1902, 11,650 rural free delivery routes had been established and were in operation, covering about one-third of the territory of the United States upulship for number delivery applies available for rural free delivery service. There are now awaiting the action of the department petitions and applications for the establishment of 10,748 additional routes. This shows conclusively the want which the establishment of the service has met and the need of further extending It as rapidly as possible. It is justified both by the financial results and by the practical benefits to our rural population; it brings the men who live on the soll into close relations with the active business world; it keeps the farmer in daily touch with the markets; it is a potential educational force; it enhances the value of farm property, makes farm life far pleasanter and less isolated, and will do much to check the undesirable current from country to city.

were individually, would be to in-disaster if a foe of average capacity encountered. Neither ships nor men which has been ours for 35 years, should however, the necessity of additional legwhich has been ours for 35 years, should can be improvised when war has begun. We need a thousand additional officers in order to properly man the ships now provided for and under construction. The classes at the Naval School at Annapolis should be greatly enlarged. At the same time that we thus add the officers where we need them, we should facilitate the retirement of hose at the head of the list whose usefulness has become impaired size and varied resources, well fitted to support a large, permanent population. Alaska needs a good land law and such provisions for homesteads and pre-emp-tions as will encourage permanent settle-ment. We should shape legislation with a view not to the exploiting and aban-doning of the territory, but to the build-ing up of homes therein. The land laws should be liberal in type, so as to hold out inducements to the actual settler, whom we most desire to see take posses-

> ground. PROGRESS WITH THE INDIANS.

# Developing the Red Man Along Lines

of Natural Aptitude. In dealing with the Indians our aim should be their ultimate absorption into the body of our people. But in many cases this absorption must and should be very slow. In portions of the Indian Territory, the mixture of blood has gone on at the same time with progress in wealth and education, so that there are plenty of men with varying degrees of purity of Indian blood who are absolutely indistinguishable in point of social, political, and economic ability from their white asso-clates. There are other tribes which have as yet made no perceptible advance to-ward such equality. To try to force such tribes too fast is to prevent their going forward at all. Moreover, the tribes live under widely different conditions. Where a tribe has made considerable advance and lives on fertile farming soil, it is pos-sible to allot the members lands in severalty much as is the case with white settlers. There are other tribes where such a course is not desirable. On the arid prairie lands the effort should be to

induce the Indians to lead pastoral rather than agricultural lives, and to permit them to settle in villages rather than to force them into isolation. The large Indian schools situated re-

mote from any Indian reservation, do a special and peculiar work of great im-portance. But, excellent though these are, an immense amount of additional work must be done on the reservations themselves among the old, and, above all, among the young Indians. The first and most important step

ward the absorption of the Indian is to teach him to earn his living; yet it is not necessarily to be assumed that in each community all Indians must become either tillers of the soll or stockraisers. Their industries may properly be diversi-fied, and those who show special desire or adaptability for industrial or even commercial pursuits should be encouraged

so far as practicable to follow out each his own bent. Every effort should be made to devel-op the Indian along the lines of natural aptitude, and to encourage the existing antige industries speculiar to certain tribes, such as the various kinds of bas-ket weaving, canoe building, smith work and blanket work. Above all, the Indian boys and girls should be given confident command of colloquial English, and should ordinarily be preserved for a vigshould ordinarily be prepared for a vig-orous struggle with the conditions un-der which their people live, rather than for immediate absorption into some more highly developed community. The officials who represent the Govern-

ment in dealing with the Indians work under hard conditions, and also under conditions which render it easy to do 

islation to perfect this law. A bill to provide for this passed the Senate at the last session. It is to be hoped that some

last session. It is to be hoped that some such measure may now be enacted into There is a growing tendency to provide for the publication of masses of docu-ments for which there is no public dements for which there is no public de-mand, and for the printing of which there is no real necessity. Large numbers of volumes are turned out by the Government printing presses for which there is no justification. Nothing should be printed by any of the departments unless it contains something of permanent val-ue, and the Congress could with advan-tage cut down very materially on all the printing which it has now become customary to provide. The excessive cost of Government printing is a strong argument against the position of those who are inclined on abstract grounds to advocate the Government's doing any work which can with propriety be left in private hands.

FOOTBALLOVER AT EUGENE

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON TEAM BREAKS TRAINING.

Season Has Been Financially Unsu cessful, but Deficit Is Not Large, and Will Be Made Up.

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene Dec. 2.-(Special.)-Football training has ceased at the University of Oregon, and the players have turned in their suits. The business management has been very The outsness management has been desirous of having a second game with the team of the Agricultural College, to be played at Portland on December 6, but the "farmer lads" believe that the football season should close with Thanksgiving, and, as a result, no such game will be played.

Gratifying progress has been made dur-ing the year in the extension of the merit system of making appointments in been very successful, although the deficit

### AUTHOR WILL HELP MAKE LAWS.

WESTON, Or., Dec. 2-(Special.)-In the football game played here between the State Normal School eleven and a team of Indians from the Umatilla reser-vation, most of them Chemawa students. Weston won by a score of 5 to 6. Weston's touchdown was made in the second half, Saling getting around the Jumatilias' end in a nimble run. The game was close and interesting through-

out. Date Is Arranged for Jeffries-Fitz-

S. C. Mott and J. P. Eagan, advance agents of the Jeffries-Fitzsimmons exhiottion contests, arrived in Portland last Monday morning, and made the final ar-rangements for the great show, which will take place at the Exposition building ring on Tuesday evening, December 3. The big boxers will give a sparring exhi-bition, and there will be plenty of good preliminaries, two of which have already been secured.

Neither one of the men has donned the gloves since the great fight at San Fran-cisco, July 25, and they will have a bat-tle royal when they get in the ring again. The general consensus of opinion seems to be that it will be one of the greatest mixes ever seen in this part of the coun-

back on the college team, and acted as field captain in a number of games. He is a player of unusual ability, is one of the speedlest backs in the state and uses good judgment as a field general. He is selection as captain is considered a good one.

Weston Defeats Indians.

TO SHOW DECEMBER 9.

simmons Exhibition.

try. Jack Day, of the Portland Pastime Club, has secured Ed Barry, of Montana, and Jack Cooper, of New York, for a six-round bout, and Kid Murry and Frank Freeman will be on hand for 10 rounds. Two or three more bouts will be arranged for, and the management will announce

for, and the management will announce the names as soon as possible. In regard to the show, Egan says: "This is the first city in which we will show, and, judging from the interest already manifested by the local followers of ath-letics, we will have to put out a S. R. O. sign early in the evening, as this will be the first time in the history of puglilism that the two greatest living exponents of the art have combined to give exhiof the art have combined to give exhibitions. Mr. Mott and myself have se-ceived many letters from the leading club managers of the country, asking us to show under their auspices and offering good guarantees, thus assuring us of a most successful tour. It is possible that the combination will go abroad if there is no immediate chance of a match for Jeff when we get East."

DENTALS TO MEET MEDICS.

Supremacy of Rival Football Elevens to Be Settled Saturday.

At last a game has been arranged be-tween the football teams of the North Pa-cific Dental College and the University of Oregon medical department. It will be played next Saturday, December 6, at Multhomah Field, at 3 P. M. Both teams have made a good showing during the entire year, and the game next Saturday is the game of the season for both. The Dental team was organized with the avowed purpose of defeating the Medics, and the same may be said of the other side. The date of playing has been post-poned to give both teams a chance to get in their best trim. So fierce will be the contest that it was yesterday's suggested that Jeffries and Fitzsimmons be engaged as officials to see that all rough ball was played fair. As the pugilists are to give an exhibition in Portland the first of the week, the Medics have acted on this sug-gestion and wired the two National champions asking if they will act in this ca-pacity. Their answer will be published later,

DISCIPLINE FOR BULLMAN.

Jockey Again in Frouble at San Francisco Races.

Francisco Races. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—In the six furiong handicap at Ingleside today six fast sprinters went to the post, with Kenilworth favorite. They were sent away with Sad Sam in front. He tired in the stretch and Kenilworth, carry-ing 125 pounds, came from behind, beat-ing him in a ddya in the most time of ing him in a drive in the good time of 1:13%. Azarine, a 20 to 1 shot, took the fifth event. Jockey Bullman was sus-pended for three days by Starter Holt-



and appreciated .... ..... \$2.35, \$3.75 to \$6.50

Little Things of Celluloid

Hundreds of them - Too numerous to tell you all their prices - Soap boxes, tooth brush boxes, baby rattles, dozens of styles; floating toys, manicure pieces, tape measures, mirrors, brushes, combs, ..... \$1.50, \$2, \$2.75 trays.

Woodard, Clarke & Co.



## NEWTON BOOTH TARKINGTON.

oth Tarkington, the author, has just been elected to the Indiana Legislature. He was bern July 29, 1869, and received his education in Phillips Exeter and Princeton. He was graduated from Princeton in 1893, after a very successful course. During his college days he was on the staff of several of the indergraduate publications, and was well known as a writer of clever stories. In 1899 was published his first book, though second in order of writing, "The Gen-tleman from Indiana." This was immediatelly followed by "Monsieur Beaucaire," a novellette that attained instant favor and was dramatized by Richard Mansfield. Mr. Tarkington is radical in his views on many subjects, not afraid to express himself on any topic, and cherishes plans for the benefiting of the literary profession. His present residence is a country place outside of Indianapolis.

It should be is not large and will no doubt be made up extended by law to the District of Co-lumbia. It is much to be desired that our consular system be established by have had to contend with in carrying the teams through seasons is due to the poor conditions of things at Eugene. In the and proved fitness. Through a wise provision of the Con-gress at its last session the White House, which had become disfigured by Incon-gruous additions and changes, has now been restored to what it was planned to be by Washington. In making the resto-rations the utmost care has been exer-clised to come as near as possible to the early plans and to supplement these plans time did the gate receipts meet the penses. The 'varsity eleven have played during the year seven games, four at home and three in other towns. The team won three games, tied three and lost one. The se ond eleven played but one game with the Ashland Normal. Casu Casualties this season are very few, and there is not a single man with anything more than me The time is at hand for election of a captain and manager for next year's team. The choosing of captain will be made by the players in a few days. The managers will be selected by the athletic board of the associated students.

# PERVERTED LAND LAWS.

# All Possible Area Should Be Held for Homebuilder.

Few subjects of more importance have been taken up by the Congress in recent years than the inauguration of the sys-tem of Nationally aided irrigation for the arid regions of the far West. A good being therein has been made. Now that this policy of National irrigation has been adopted, the need of thorough and scientific forest protection will grow more rapidly than ever throughout the publicland states.

Legislation should be provided for the protection of the game, and the wild crea-tures generally, on the forest reserves. The senseless slaughter of game, which can by judicious protection be permanently preserved on our National reserves for people as a whole, should be stopped once. It is, for instance, a serious count against our National good sense to permit the present practice of butcher-ing off such a stately and beautiful creature as the elk for its antlers or tusks.

So far as they are available for agricul ture, and to whatever extent they may be reclaimed under the National irriga-tion law, the remaining public lands tion law, the remaining public lands should be held rigidly for the home builder, the settler who lives on his land. nd for no one else. In their actual use, the desert-land law, the timber and stone law, and the commutation clause of the homestead law have been so perverted from the intention with which they were enacted as to permit the acquisition of large areas of the public domain for other than actual settlers and the consequent prevention of settlement. Moreover, the approaching 'exhaustion of the public ranges has of late led to much discusto the best manner of using the public lands in the West which are suitable chiefly or only for grazing. The sound and steady development of the West depends upon the building up of homes therein. Much of our prosperity as a Nation has been due to the ation of the homestead law. On On the other hand, we should recognize the fact that in the grazing region the man who corresponds to the homesteader may be unable to settle permanently if only al-lowed to use the same amount of pasture land that his brother, the homesteader, is allowed to use of arable land. One hundred and sixty acres of fairly rich and well-watered soil, or a much smaller and weil-watered soil, or a much smaller amount of irrigated land, may keep a family in plenty, whereas no one could get a living from 160 acres of dry pas-ture land capable of supporting at the outside only one head of cattle to every ten acres. In the past, great tracts of the public domain have been fenced in by persons having no title thereto, in direct defiance of the law forbidding the main-tenance or construction of any such un-lawful inclosure of public land. For vari-ous reasons there has been little inter-ference with such inclosures in the part, but ample notice has now been given the trespassers, and all the resources at the command of the Government will hereafter be used to put a stop to such tres-

in view of the capital importance of these matters, I commend them to the earnest consideration of the Congress, and if the Congress finds difficulty in dealing with them from lack of thorough knowl-edge of the subject, I recommend that provision be made for a commission of experts specially to investigate and report upon the complicated questions involved.

Should Be Shaped for Building Up

ishment should be exemplary.

### MISCELLANEOUS TOPICS. Aid to Farmers-Smithsonian Insti-

# tution-Public Printing.

In no department of Governm work in recent years has there been greater success than in that of giving scientific aid to the farming population, thereby showing them how most efficlently to help themselves. There is no need of insisting upon its importance, for the welfare of the farmer is fundamentally necessary to the welfare of the Republic as a whole. In addition to such work as quarantine against animal and vegetable plagues, warring against them when here introduced, much efficient help has been rendered to the farmer by the introduction of new plants specially fitted for cultivation under the peculiar conditions existing in different portions M the country. New cereals have been established in the semi-arid West. For instance, the practicability of producing the best types of macaroni wheats in regions of an annual rainfall of only 10 inches or thereabouts has been conclu-sively demonstrated. Through the intro-duction of new rices in Louisiana and Texas, the production of rice in this country has been made to about equal the home demand. In the Southwest the possibility of regrassing overstocked range lands has been demonstrated; in the North many new forage crops hav been introduced, while in the East it has been shown that some of our choicest fruits can be stored and shipped in such

way as to find a profitable market broad. I again recommend to the favorable consideration of Congress the plans of the Smithsonian Institution for making the museum under its charge worthy of the Nation, and for preserving at the National Capital not only records of the vanishing races of men but of the animals of this continent which, like the buffalo, will soon become extinct unless specimens from which their representatives may be renewed are sought in their native regions and maintained there in safety The District of Columbia is the only

of our territory in which the National Government exercises local or municipal functions, and where in conse-quence the Government has a free hand in reference to certain types of social and economic legislation which must be essentially local or municipal in their character. The Government should see to it, for instance, that the hygienic and sanitary legislation affecting Washing-ton is of a high character. The evils of slum dwellings, whether in the shape of crowded and congested tenement-house districts or of the back-alley type, should never be permitted to grow up in Wash-ington. The city should be a model in every respect for all the cities of the country. The charitable and correctional systems of the District should receive consideration at the hands of the Con-crease to the dud that they may ambedgress to the end that they may embody the results of the most advanced thought in these fields. Moreover, while Washington is not a great industrial city, there is some industrialism here, and our la-bor legislation, while it would not be

el for the rest of the Nation. We We should pass, for instance, a wise em- treasury today. ployer's liability act for the District of Columbia, and we need such an act in our Navy-Yards. Railroad companies in

ent service. law on a basis providing for appointment and promotion only in consequence of

by a careful study of such buildings as that of the University of Virginia, which was built by Jefferson. The White House is the property of the Nation, and so far as is compatible with living therein it should be kept as it originally was, for the same reasons that we keep Mount Vernon as it originally was. The stately simplicity of its architecture is an expression of the character of the period in which it was built, and is in accord with the purposes it was designed "to serve. It is a good thing to preserve such buildings as historic monuments which keep alive our sense of continuity with the Nation's past. The reports of the several executive

departments are submitted to the Congress with this communication THEODORE ROOSEVELT. White House, December, 1962.

FIGHTING FRANCHISE TAX

New York Corporations Appeal Fro

an Adverse Decision ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 2-Argument in the appeal from the decision declaring constitutional the franchise-tax law was begun in the appellate division of the Su-preme Court here today, and will continue for three days. Forty-seven corporations, among the largest in New York City, are parties to the controversy. The decision in question sets forth that the special tax law violated neither the state nor the Federal constitutions, that the State Board of Tax Commissioners is not required in determining the value of a special fran-chise to separate the value of the tangible from the value of the intangible prop-erty constituting the franchise, and that the rate of taxation on special franchises

should correspond with the rate applied in determining the value of other species of real estate in the same tax district. The amount involved aggregates \$12,000,-000, which has been assessed against the corporations of the state and paid by them under protest. The decision in the case was rendered by Judge Robert Earl (who died at Herkimer today), as referee nnd was confirmed by Supreme Court Justice Herrick.

### Gold for South America

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.-The sum of \$500,-000 in gold will be shipped to South America tomorrow. Several banks are interested in the shipment, which is said to be for account of the Argentine wheat movement. Argentina recently drew on London for gold, but this later purchase is made here because of the lower rate. A telegraphic transfer of \$300,000 in gold to San Francisco was made by the Sub-

What to Do Until the Doctor Arrives

apon the complicated questions involved. LEGISLATION FOR ALASKA. • Should Be Shaped for Building Up Homes There. I especially urge upon the Congress the

SEASON OVER AT ALBANY.

### Team Breaks Training and Coach Edwards Returns Home.

ALBANY, Dec. 2.-(Special)-The Altraining for the season. A banquet was given the players last evening, fol-lowed by toasts by several members of

the team. It was a very enjoyable affair and ended with college songs and yells, the team and rooters marching about the streets rending the air with various slogans. Coach Edwards has ceased his labors and left today for his home at Mayville, Gilliam County. He said that he is very well pleased with the work of this year's team at Albany College, and predicted that in 1993 the team would be a winner, as it is expected that every man will return for

work next year. The record made by the Albany College team this year is an enviable one. In all seven games have been played, some of them with the leading teams of the state, and only once was Albany scored against, that being on a in the game with Monmouth. Albany has met and vanquished all comers ex-cept the University of Oregon eleven, with which two scoreless games were played. The last game with the Mc-Minnville College eleven gained the cham-plonship pennant of the College Athletic League of Oregon for the Albany team. The team is justly proud of her col lege football team.

Interest is now centered in basket-ball. which will be taken up under the su-pervision of the College Athletic League. Games are scheduled to be played with McMinnville, Monmouth, Dallas Newberg.

#### Give Up Football for Study.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.-The Univer-sity of California football team has decided to play no more games this year. After defeating Stanford and the Perris Indians at Los Angeles the members have stopped training and are devoting themselves to preparation for the midterm examinations.

Coates Elected Captain. ALBANY, Dec. 2.—(Special.)—The Al-bany College football team has elected Alton Coates captain for the season of 1963. Coates this year played right half-

man for misbehavior at the neuse and Bedner. Results: Futurity course, selling-St. Philipping won, Snark seco third; time 1:12%. ond, Montana Peeres

Five furlongs, purse-Bucolle nenos second, Orisina third;

Mile and sixteenth, selling-Grafter won, Gawaine second, Galanthus third; time 1:48%.

furlongs, handicap-Kenilworth Six won, Sad Sam second, Byron Rose third; time 1:13%.

Futurity course, selling-Azarine wor Bedner second, Quiz II third; time 1:12. NEW MARKET, Eng., Dec. 2.-At the lood stock sales here today, W. C. Whit ney's Ballantrae and Spectrum wer One mile, selling-Horton won, Rollich rught in for \$21,875 and \$18,750, respective econd, Artilla third; time 1:42.

# Races at New Orleans

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 2 .- Crescer ity race results: Mile, selling-Russell Tonton won, Na

CHICAGO, Dec. 2-A special to the Daily boklish second, Ceylon third; time 1:54% Six furlongs-Henry McDaniel won News from Milwaukee says that Manage Kilpatrick stated this morning the Wiscon John Peters second, Dr. Scharff third sin University football team will surely time 1:18 4-5. make the trip to California, leaving on Mile, seiling-Moabina won, Major December 18.

Dixon second, Chickadee third; time 1:53 Mile and a quarter, selling-Latson won, Marcos second, Tom Woods third

time 1:26. Seventeen Firms Unite With a Cap Mile-Sheriff Bell won, Florestan ond, Lord Touchwood third; time 1:54 DETROIT Dec 2-In the office of J

Commissions on California Races Accepted, Portland Club Cafe, 139 Fifth street. Direct wires from tracks.

Highest and Average Scores Made by

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 2.-The All-American bowling trio, now on its Western trip, began playing in Oklahoma to-day. The record October 5 to November 30, inclusive, follows: High

y	J. J Voorhe	ds	 	192	10
e	R. Wolf		 	188	4
-	E. Peterson		 	184	14
r.	A. Selbach		 	382	14
211				10.540	

won, All-Americans, 47; lost, 0. Games played, 235; games won, All-Americans, 202: lost, 33. Highest single game, All Americans, 667, made at Pueblo. High five games, total pins, 3085, made at Butte. Mont. Highest total for diamond medals Eugene Club, of San Francisco, 2858. High est total for Albert Pick prize, Chicago 2838. Highest total for Koehler and Heinrich prize, Billings, Mont., 2747. Winner of San Karpf prize, H. Leap, San Fran-

Club tonight began its season of bowling and on next Monday evening will select a team to represent the club in contests with teams from other cities. The club has procured a medal to be awarded once a month to the member of the club making the best score. The medal will remain the property of the club but be carried by the champion

# PLANS FOR OLYMPIAN GAMES.

# pose 1905 as the Date.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.-In a letter to the In-ternational Games Committee in Paris, H. J. Furber, Jr., president of the local asso-

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.-Ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed had a sudden and se-vere attack of gastritis this evening. He

be postponed until 1965. He also intimated upon representations made to him by in-fluential French residents of Chicago, in-cluding Resident Consul M. Merou, that his friends, but at a late hour Mr. Reed was getting better than had been ex-Chicago would be considered a more desir-able place for the games than St. Louis, owing to the heat in the latter city during pected earlier in the evening. time the Summer months, and to the fact that the naval display, which it was contem-plated to make a striking feature of the

High Prices for Blooded Horses

ly. Frank Gardner's Dakota III was sold

Wisconsin Team Coming to Coast.

**BIG IRON COMPANY FORMED** 

italization of \$30,000,000.

W. McMillan here today 17 of the lead

900,000. The financial headquarters will be

for the operating department at Chicago temporarily at the East.

ANGRY AT HIS RESCUERS

Would-Be Suicide Protests at Inter-

ference With His Plans.

Leg Finds Its Dead Owner

VANCOUVER, B. C., Dec. 2 .- At Spence

thing about the accident, which occurred

Ex-Speaker Reed Taken III,

prostrated for a time, but Dr. Gard-

luring a snow storm.

city be selected.

-

for \$3375.

over 500 of these sets in all the

newest creations, latest com-

plain box .... 85c, \$1, \$1.50

..... \$1.25, \$1.75 to \$3.75

Comb and brush sets, in

Comb and brush sets, in

Comb and brush sets, in

black celluloid grained

in perfect imitation of

ebony with sterling sil-

ver mountings .....

silk-lined celluloid box

binations, etc.

o'clock, Dr. Gardner made the statement: "Mr. Reed had an attack of acute gastritis this evening about 6 o'clock and is resting very quietly now." The doctor said he would not call to event would have to be abandoned if that

ter succeeded in relieving him.

see his patient again during the night unless summoned, and that he did not expect this to happen, as Mr. Reed was improving.

den illness caused considerable alarm to

At 10:45

#### Argentina Adopts Reforms.

BUENOS AYRES, Dec. 2 .- The Senate has voted the reforms in the sanitary laws relating to the admission of foreign cattle, which were presented by the Ar-gentine government in order to facilitate the reopening of British ports to Argen-

Are as small as homeopathic pellets, and as easy to take as sugar. Everybody likes them. Carter's Little Liver Pills, Try them.

## INTERESTING FACTS.

For Nearly Every Man, Woman or Child.

A short time ago we published an article recommending to our readers the new ing malleable iron concerns in the United States signed an agreement to form one company with a capital of \$16,000,000 to \$20,discovery for the cure of Dyspepsia, called Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and the claims then made regarding the wonderful curative properties of the remedy have held in New York and the headquarters been abundantly sustained by the facts. People who were cautious about trying require who were charload in the newspa-pers and were finally induced to give Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets a trial were surprised and delighted at the results. In many cases a single package costing W. C. McMillan, of the Michigan Mal-leable Iron Company, said tonight: "There has been no cash paid out and there is no water for stock jobbing pur-poses. We have combined because we be-lieve it to our interests to do so, and but 50 cents at any drug store made a complete cure, and in every instance the most beneficial results were reported. have not sold out to any trust. It is true From a hundred or more received we have space to publish only a few of the latest, but assure our readers we receive so many commendatory letters that we shall publish each week a fresh list of genuin solicited testimonials and never publish the same one twice. be shut down, and there will be no change in the management."

From James Yemmelsler, La Cross, Wis.: Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are doing me more good than anything I even tried, and I was so pleased at results that I gave away several boxes to my friends who have also had the same benefits.

From Jacob Anthony, Portmurray, New Jersey: 1 have taken Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets with the best results. I had Dys. pepsia for six years and had taken a great deal of medicine, but the Tablets seem to take right a hold and I feel good. I am a farmer and lime burner, and I heartily recommend to every one who has any trouble with his stomach to use He will be given a hearing tomorrow on a charge of disorderly conduct.

these Tablets. From Mrs. M. K. West, Preston, Minn.: I have received surprisingly good effects from using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I gave one-half of my last box to a friend

who also suffered from indigestion, and she had the same good results. From Mrs. Agnes K. Ralston, Cadillac, Mich.: I have been taking Stuart's Dys-pepsia Tablets and I am very much bet-ter, and feel very grateful for the great benefit L have received in an short prime benefit I have received in so short a time. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a cer-tain cure for all forms of Indigestion. They are not claimed to be a cure-all, but are prepared for stomach troubles only, and physicians and druggists everywhere recommend them to all persons suffering from Nervous Dyspepsia, sour or acid stomach, heartburn, bloating or wind on stomach and similar disorders.

bowler.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2-James J. Rogers cisco, 233. believed to be an attorney of Bolse, Idaho, jumped into the river at the foot of Michi-Bowling Season Commences. gan avenue today, but was rescued with SALEM, Dec. 2.-(Special.)-The Illiho the aid of a grappling-hook. After being resuscitated Rogers became indignant be-cause his plans had been interfered with.

Bridge, B. C., today the leg of a man was found hanging to the brakebeam of a Canadian Pacific freight train. Upon in-vestigation it was found that a short dis-

tance east of Gladwin, a section laborer named John Cinname had been run over and killed. None of the crew knew any Chicago Men Want Them and Pro

### that the United States Steel Corporation interests are interested and that the in-corporation is to some extent interested. The new combination is as big as the Na-3-15 tional, the only other large malleable Team records: Series played, 47; series amalgamation in existence, and I consider it fully as strong. None of the plants will

RECORDS OF BOWLERS. All-American Trio.