TO MEET IN WASHINGTON

CONFERENCE OF COAL MINERS AND OPERATORS CALLED.

It Is Suppose That the Railroad Representatives Will Have Something Definite to Offer.

SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 24.-The scenes of the strike settlement negotiations have been suddenly shifted from this city to Washington and New York. Tomorrow the committee of nine of the independen operators expects to hold a conference with the presidents of the coal-carrying roads regarding the position of the individual companies, and at the same time a meeting between Wayne MacVeagh and possibly other attorneys representing the coal roads, and President Mitchell and his attorneys, will be held at the National capital. The independents have gone to New York to find out what the large companies can do for them in the way of freight rates in case an increase in wages is decided upon. The mineworkers' representatives went to Washington to find out what the large companies had to offer. Both wish for success, but it was not within their power to say what will be

Although the miners' representatives did not know why they were summoned to Washington, they believe the companies have something to offer. Wayne Mac-Veagh was in telegraphic communication at noon with Clarence S. Darrow, Mr. Mitchell's leading attorney, and later Mr. MacVeagh called him up on the long-dis-tance telephone from Philadelphia. Mr. MacVeagh said he wished to have a conference with Mr. Mitchell and himself, but as he was not feeling well, he desired that they all meet in Washington tomor-row instead of him making the journey to Scranton. Mr. Darrow said that Mr. Mac-Veegh did not tell him whate he wanted the conference for, but he felt that Mr. MacVeagh would not summon them to the National capital if he were not qualified or clothed with authority to carry on ne-

Mr. Mitchell's party left here this evening. Those who went along beside Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Darrow were Henry D. Lloyds, of Chicago, an adviser, and Miss E. O. Morris, Mr. Mitchell's private sec-retary. From Washington it is expected the party will go to New York, returning here Friday. Before leaving Mr. Mitchell had a conference with District Presidents

Nicholis, Duffy and Fahey.

The larger part of the committee of independent operators left for New York this afternoon. Their mission to New York is best expressed in a statement made to the Associated Press today by one of the representatives of the small companies,

'The independent operator has no income beyond the profit from mining coal. When the mining of coal and the breaker is stopped his revenues also cease, but the expense of maintaining the property goes on. The large companies owned by the railroads depend upon their freight rates to maintain their collieries while in idle-ness. The independent companies are paying the miners as much now as they can afford, and if an increase in wages is granted by the large companies, the large companies must give the independents a lower freight rate to meet the increase in wages. This is the mission of the commit-If they refuse to make a concession in freight rates or its equivalent, then it is probable that they independent companies will insist on the whole matter be-ing threshed out before the commission. Mr. Mitchell, in his testimony before the commission last week, said that \$600 per year would be a fair standard of living Some of the independent con panies are paying an average of over \$700 a year, while the large companies are paying under those figures. Therefore, if a 10 per cent increase is agreed upon the amount of money to be paid to the men by the independents will be greater than y the large companies." Several of the resident attorneys of the

large companies also went to New York for the purpose of conferring with the head officials of the corporations they represent. They pleaded ignorance as to any developments in the situation. The conclination subcommittee of the

commission, Messrs, Parker, Watkins and Clark, was at headquarters all day, but was not called upon to offer its conciliastory assistance to either side.

ROW BETWEEN UNIONS.

Result Is a Lock-Out Involving 1500 New York Workmen.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24 .- A lock-out was declared today by the Builders' and Con-tractors' Association of New Rochelle, wi forced all the building trades workmen in suburbs north of New York from Mount Vernon, N. Y., to the Con-necticut line to quit work. The number of men out is about 1500. The trouble grew out of a recent strike caused by a dis-agreement between plumbers and their employes. It was adjusted, but 12 journeymen went back to work before settlement and were fined \$50 by their union. They refused to pay, and in the controversy following, the Building Trades Council sustained the union, while the Builders' and Contractors' Association declared the fines unjust and announced that a lock-out would be started if the fines were not remitted by noon last Saturday. They were not, and the declaration of the employers accordingly went into effect to-

WRIGHT SAW THE PRESIDENT. Said Con! Commission Would Con-

tinue Its Work. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Colonel Car-roll D. Wright, recorder of the anthracite coal strike commission, had a conference with the President today. He outlined to Mr. Roosevelt the work of the commission, indicating to him that whatever might be the result of the conference between the representatives of the oper-ators and the miners, the commission would probably proceed, at least for a time, with its work and endeavor to reach a definite conclusion which might be used in the future as a basis for the adjustment of similar controversies.

Members of the commission are of the optaion that the operators and miners will reach an agreement upon all points of difference raised. It will be the pur-pose of the commission to arrange if possible so that the agreement shall have

NO REMEDY NOW.

But Will Be a Law Forbidding Dis-

crimination Against Guardsmen. ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 24.-Attorney General Davis, in an opinion submitted to Governor Odell in the Potter case, holds that the state has no power to proceed against the Schenectady Painters' Union for expelling Potter because of his membership in the National Guard. No charge can be brought against the union for conspiracy, as there is no proof that the union did anything more than notify Potter's employers that he was a non-union worker. It is believed that a bill will be introduced in the Legislature next year making it a misdemeanor for any person to discriminate in any way against a man because he belongs to the National

French Coal Strike Is Ended. CLERMONT, Ferrand, France, Nox. 24 —The strike of the coal miners in this region is terminated. The men have re-sumed work at all the pits, and troops who were guarding the properties have

Strike Trouble in Court. CHICAGO, Nov. 24 .- As a result of violence growing out of the strike at the Conkey Printing plant, at Hammond, Ind., the W. B. Conkey Company was

indicted today on a charge of importing persons into Indiana to do police duty. The company later filed affidavits charging Albert Friter, Tony Rentz and a mar named Peters, strikers, with conspiracy to commit murder. The men were arrested, but were released on bonds of \$1000

Binst Furnaces Out of Coal.

SHARON, Pa., Nov. 24.—Charles M. Hart, district manager of the Republican Iron & Steel Company's blast fur-nace, said today that every furnace with the exception of the Mahoning Valley stack at Youngstown, is out of blast or account of the inability to secure coke. He said the prospects were anything but encouraging for a general resumption.

RAILROAD AT THE SOUTH To Give San Diego Direct Transcontinental Connection.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Nov. 24.-George W. Marston, president of the San Diego & Eastern Railway, has returned from New York, where he has been during the past nonth in the interest of the construction of that road from this city to Yuma, and thence to a transcontinental connection in Arizona. Mr. Marston says:

tively planning to build this new line They have a bold object in view, one which will require \$25,000,000. They are, therefore, moving cautiously. The line proposed will have connections to enable it to get its share of transcontinental business. Several railroads are building southwestward, and the harbor of San Diego is sought for as a Pacific port."

MUST PUSH FREIGHT RATES UP. Charges Must Keep Pace With Increase of Expenses.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.-"Railroad freight rates are lower than they ought to be rates are lower than they ought to be under the new scale of wages and the present cost of supplies and materials which railroads have been obliged to pay, owing to the great prosperity of, the country."

Paul Morton, second vice-president of the Santa Fe, made this statement today, and followed it up by declaring that a campaign was about to be started with a view to raising all freight rates in ter-ritory west of Chicago to the Pacific Coast. Mr. Morton advocates an advance in freight rates of at least 10 per cent. "Some measure will have to be taken very speedily," declared Mr. Morton, "to readjust all our freight tariffs to meet the demands of the situation. Everything that the railroads need and deal in has been raised in price. The views I have expressed are the views of others also, and we are going to try to do something toward readjusting our rates."

NOO RESULTS YET REACHED. Officials and Employes of Santa Fe

Continue in Session. TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 24.—No results have been obtained yet in the conference tetween the Santa Fe officials and the grievance committee of the engineers and firemen in relation to increased wages. The parties to the controversy have been in close conference for several days. There is no disposition on the part of the Santa Fe to resist a reasonable increase of wages in keeping with the pol-icy of other roads, but the conditions on the different divisions of the road make a necessity for a different scale in nearly every instance. The Western division emes are paid more than the Eastern and to make an equitable division of the increase is causing the difficulty.

WILL TAKE OLD SURVEY. and Grand Trunk Extension Will Be

Under Different Name.

MONTREAL, Nov. 24.-In an interview General Manager Charles Hayes, of the Grand Trunk Railroad, said the proposed new line through Canada to the Paeffic Const will be managed by an entire ly different company from the English npany which is now managing the affairs of the Grand Trunk. All the directors will be Canadians, and nearly all the capital will be supplied by Canadians. He also stated that the route to the Pacifis Coast originally selected for the Caford Fleming will be the one used.

OFFICIALS ATTEND LAWSUIT. President and Vice-President of

Santa Fe at Oskaloosa. OSKALOOSA, Kan., Nov. 24.—President Ripley and Second Vice-President Morton, of the Santa Fe, are here attend-ing a suit which Frank Thomas, of Topeka, brought against the road for the collection of \$48,480 damages for the al-leged violation of a contract. President Ripley is the principal witness for the company. Both of the officials are re-turning to Chicago from an extended trip through Texas, New Mexico and Cali-fornia. They have inspected the various improvements being made by the Santa Fe on the western part of the line.

New Division on the Burlington. OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 24.—An order has been issued from the headquarters of the Burlington & Missouri River Ralicoad creating a new division. The order, which government were untrue, the political elt-will become effective December 1, will untion in Ireland had undergone an extra-divide the present Wyoming division at ordinary and fadical change and he because when the property was the property of the p Newcastle, Wyo. The main line and branches east of that point formerly in-cluded in the Wyoming division will be Newcastle. Wyo. The main line and branches east of that point formerly included in the Wyoming division will be known as the Alliance division, and all lines west of that point will be known as the Sheridan division. J. P. Phelan, who has been superintendent of the Wyoming in counsel as to whether it could not be brought to a satisfactory and has been superintendent of the Wyoming lines, will become superintendent of the Alliance division, and E. Gillette will have charge of the Wyoming division, includ-ing the new Tuluca line, with headquar-ters at Sheridan.

Amendments to Short Line Charter. HELENA, Mont., Nov. 24 .- A certificate was filed with the Secretary of State today bearing the signature of E. H. Har-riman, president of the Oregon Short Line Railway, and Alex Miller, secretary, which made some amendments to the charter of that corporation. The amendments permit the company to engage in the business of acquiring and operating steam and ferry-boats, and also to acquire by lease, purchase, merger or con-solidation branch or cut-off lines.

Superintendent of Montana Division GREAT FALLS, Mont., Nov. 24.-Trainmaster James H. O'Neil, of the Montana Central Railroad, has been appointed su-perintendent of the Montana division of the Great Northern.

Fewer Colored Soldiers.

OMAHA, Nov. 24.—An order received to-day at the Department of Missouri reducing the total number of enlisted men has the effect of cutting down the number of colored soldlers in this department. About 450 are employed, 376 of this number being attached to the Twenty-fifth In-fantry at Forts Niobrara and Reno, and m the Tenth Cavalry at Forts Sill

New Italian Steamship Line. ROME, Nov. 24.-The Italian General Navigation Company will establish at the beginning of the new year a service of mail steamers from Palermo to New Or-

A Timely Suggestion.

A Timely Suggestion.

A this is it is bad weather is with as, I would advise every family to provide themselves against sudden attacks of coughs and colds by keeping at hand a good cough medicine like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which is the best among the many preparations for these aliments that I have on my shelves," says Mr. L. C. Neaville, the weil-known and popular druggist of Pittsboro, Ind. "I recommend this remedy and guarantee it to be without an equal for coughs and colds, also not an equal for coughs and colds, also have preventive and cure for croup." Buy it now. For sale by all druggists.

CANTEEN IS A BLESSING

SAVES THE SOLDIERS MANY A STORMY TIME

War Department Has Data Showing That Saloons Have Increased Since Canteens Went Out.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24 .- The War De partment is in constant receipt of data concerning the canteen question and the effects of its abolition on the Army of this, the statement is made a Apropos of this, the statement is formation as has been contained in the reports of the Army officers upon the sub-ject has been given to the public and it is denied that any effort has been made to influence public opinion on the matter. It is said at the department that the recommendations of the Adjutant-General in his annual report were based on infor-mation contained in these reports. It is pointed out that the existence of some thing like 1400 saloons in the vicinity of the Army posts is shown by the reports received at the department, 250 to 300 of which are said to have been opened since the closing of the canteen. This further statement is made at the department:

"The majority of posts have reported that drunkenness and courte-martial for drunkenness have increased; that desertion and absence without leave have insed; that the effect of the closing of the canteen upon the morality, discipline and health of the troops has been bad, and, while many post commanders are in consequence of frequent changes of garri. son, and from the absence of correct data upon which to base comparisons, unable to report as to the degree of detriment created by the closing of the canteen, it can be stated as an absolute fact that in no single case has a post commander expressed an opinion that the effect of the abolition of the sale of beer in the Army has resulted in improved conditions. With reference to the reports from the Philip-pines, a statement has been made public at the War Department epitomizing the annual report of Brigadier-General Sang-er. Inspector-General of the Division of the Philippines. After narrating the evil effects upon the human system of the na-tive liquors, the statement continues:

"To remedy these conditions, the post exchange, at which light beer was sold, was exercising a wholesome influence, and General Sanger believes that the exchange should again be made a possibility by re-moving all restrictions on the sale of beer and light wines.

"To the fear so often expressed by the opponents of the canteen system that the sale of beer would initiate or induce hab-its of intemperance, General Sanger showed, from a careful census of the 342 companies of troops in the Philippine Is-lards that in 69 companies every enlisted man used vinous, malt or spiritous liquors at the date of enlistment; in 130 compan-les, between 90 and 100 per cent; in 58 companies between 80 and 90 per cent; in 26 companies between 70 and 80 per cent; in 20 companies between 60 and 70 per cent. Unfortunately, quite a number men habitually drink to excess, and as this number will probably increase if the men are obliged, as now, to resort to native liquors, in order to satisfy what to many of them is a perfectly natural crav-ing, the result will be most deplorable." General Sanger concludes with the re-

"It is hardly probable in this view of this information that Congress will con-tinue the prohibition against the canteen, when it is evident that the sale of bee would be a precaution against the perni cious habits above stated, and their fatal and disastrous results."

NEW HOPE FOR IRELAND Better Feeling Everywhere-Intimations of a Council.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Speeches delivered today by the Earl of Dudley, the new Lord Lieutenant for Ireland, and by John Redmond, the Irish leader, have aroused much comment as striking a m hopeful note of conciliation in the Irish panied by the Counters, was making an official visit to Belfast, and in reply to the speeches delivered at his reception he declared that he had come to Ireland with the same spirit of impartial inquiry that animated Mr. Chamberlain in going to South Africa. The Irish Viceroy, proceeding then with the Irish land question as the gray of the Irish problem appears. as the crux of the Irish problem, suggest-ed that a sort of round-table conference of representatives of the landlords, tenants and other interests in Ireland should be held, to endeavor to arrive at a mutual understanding and possibly some scheme for the good of Ireland and the increased

happiness of her people.

While Lord Dudley was speaking at Belfast, John Redmond was making an equally conciliatory speech at a demon stration of the London branch of the Irisi League at the suburb of Bermondsey. He was intensely gratified, he said, to find on returning from the United States that the political situation in Ireland was more hopeful than he had known it for 25 years. While all rumors of Irish "deals" with the uation in Ireland had undergone an extra-ordinary and fadical change and he be-lieved that no English Minister since the

brought to a satisfactory end. For the first time in Irish history the majority of the landlords were speaking words of good sense, conciliation and reason. The tenants were united, and a moderate and quite limited use of the im-perial credit would enable a settlement of the land question to be brought about. At the same time, concluded Mr. Red-mond, this would not affect the aspirations of the Irish people for home rule, and he warned the government that if last session's land bill were re-introduced the Irish members would fight it line by

FRENCH NAVAL ADMINISTRATION, Attacked in Chamber but Success-

fully Defended. PARIS, Nov. 24.-Marine Minster Pella tier's administration of the navy was again subjected to an attack in the Chamber today when an interpellation was in troduced criticizing the action of the Min-ister in recently reducing the effective strength of the Mediterranean squadron by 1750 men. This reduction, it was as-serted by the introducers of the interpellation, would render it impossible for the fleet to put to sea instantly if this became

M. Pellatier, in replying to the criticisms, said he was compelled to economize in some directions, because the construc-tion of warships during the coming fiscal year would necessitate an expenditure of \$1,600,000 in excess of 1902. Owing to the exceptional position occupied by France in the Mediterranean, it was a more urgent matter to expedite the works on the naval port of Bixerta than to put 1700 men, more or less, on the ships

employed in promenading between Ville-franche and Toulon. Whatever might be his personal opinion. added the Minister, regarding the colonial conquests of France, he would neglect nothing in order to defend her colonial empire, but money was needed to do this and he was forced to economize on some points in order to spend elsewhere. After a brief debate the Chamber, by 288 votes to 204, adopted an order of the day approving the declaration of the government, and then adjourned.

SUPPORTS THE GOVERNMENT.

House of Commons Approves Brus sels Sugar Convention. LONDON, Nov. 24.-After a lengthy deThree-quarters of a century Gorham Silver

has held its position in the affections of people of taste for three generations. This is due to its graceful design, its sound workmanship and its sterling quality of material.



responsible

a resolution approving the action of the British government in signing the Brus sels sugar convention by 213 votes to 136. The House itself and the public galleries were crowded in anticipation of the dis-cussion. Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, who will sail on his mission to South Africa November 25, was the center of at-traction, and made the speech of the evening. Party lines were not observed during the debate, several Unionist members sup-porting Sir William Harcourt's amendment to censure the government for its

Mr. Chamberlain who on rising to make his last speech before his South African trip was loudly cheered, declared that Great Britain must carry out its fiscal system in its own way, without the slightest reference to the opinion of foreign countries. The abnegation of the government's attitude at the sugar conference he said, would be a breach of international faith. The abolition of the sugar bounties was merely a matter of common tus tice to the West Indies, while at the same time such action restored the relations between capital and labor, and production and exchange to the natural phase. He maintained that even if the pecuniary sacrifice that those in Great Britain might make in paying a trifle more for their sugar were twice as great, they still were bound to abolish the bounties and to relieve the West Indies on the grounds of national honor and justice to all parts of

ANOTHER BLOW AT JEWS. oumania Excludes Them From Le-

gal Profession. BUCHAREST, Roumania, Nov. 24.-The disciplinary council of the Roumanian bar has published a decision that only Roumanian citizens may hereafter prac-tice law or act as clerks of lawyers. The decision is aimed directly at the Jews, who form a majority of the lawyers and

MARTIAL LAW IN ARGENTINA. trikes Move the Government to

Take This Step. BUENOS AYRES, Nov. 24,-As a result of the strikes which have been on, the government has issued a decree establishing martial law in this city and throughout the provinces of Buenos Ayres and

Brend Riots in Russin.

PETERSBURG, Nov. 24.-Bread riots are reported from the Ural districts. where thousands of persons are idle be-cause of the closing of the iron works. The students exiled to Siberia have been granted amnesty, some unconditionally and some are allowed to return immediately, but are subjected to police super vision. The secret police have been in-creased by one-third the number of men heretofore employed in that department

National Councils for Ireland. LONDON, Nov. 25.-The Daily News, in connection with the speech made by the Earl of Dudley yesterday, publishes a report that the government intends to deal with the relations of Dublin Castle through the Irish administration, and that it is considering a project which is not dissimilar to Colonial Secretary Chamberlan's original plan of national councils.

Imperial Navy League in Canada. OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 24.-Sir Frederick Borden, Minister of Military and Defense spoke today at a meeting for the purpose of organizing an Imperial Navy League. He said that Canada was preparing to do her part in the defense of the empire, but that the government would not consent to paying over to the British Admiralty money over which it had no control.

Japan Reserves Right to Garrison. TOKIO, Japan. Nov. 24 .- It is officially announced that Japan has notified China that she reserves the right of sending a garrison to Shanghai again should any

Prussin Won't Use Rhodes' Gifts. VIENNA, Nov. 24 .- A special from Gottingen, Prussia, says the students of the ous Hanoverlan University have de cided not to accept any of the scholarships founded by the late Cecil Rhodes.

BIG COAL LAND DEAL.

Pennsylvania Mines Change Hands for \$1,200,000.

INDIANA, Pa., Nov. 24.-By a deal consummated here today, 6000 acres of untouched Pittsburg coal land in Young and Cenemaugh Townships, this county, changed hands for a consideration approximating \$1,200,000. The transfer of the coal is but preliminary to the formation of a mining company with a capital of \$2,600,000, which will begin in the Spring to develop the field and to construct a new railroad into the field. The purchasers are men prominent in the Roch-ester and Pittsburg Coal & Iron Com-pany, the industrial ally of the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Railroad.

Pht Delta Theta Society. NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—The annual con-vention of the Phi Delta Theta Society began here today. Two hundred delegates were present, representing 69 colleges and the alumni clubs of 52 cities. Addresses of welcome were made by Justice Julius M. Mayer, of the Court of Special Sesslons, for the city government, and by Albert Shields, on behalf of the Alumni

Hair Vigor

Only 35? You look at least 60! Restore color to your gray hair. Keep young. Why not? No need growing old so fast. No excuse now that you know how Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color.



A MILLION HAPPY AMERICAN CHILDREN are kept healthy with CASCARETS Candy Cathartic. Good words spoken by their mamas for CASCARETS to other mamas have made CASCARETS successful until the sale now is nearly A MILLION BOXES A MONTH. Why do little folks like CASCARETS? Because they are a sweet, palatable, fragrant little tablettaste good-do good-never grip nor gripe, but act gently, naturally, positively. Medicine that a child dislikes will not do it much good. Sensible parents give their little darlings medicine that tastes good and does good, and does not grip nor gripe; the kind they like themselves. Children are always ready to take CASCARETS, THE PERFECT HOME MEDICINE, ask for them and are kept healthy always and safe against the dangers of childhood's ailments. Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. NEVER SOLD IN BULK. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Club of New York. A speech was made by the Rev. John Wolfe Lindley, the only surviving founder of the fraternity.

SPANISH WAR CLAIMS. inited States Took Place of Spain in

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The Spaniel Claims Commission has enunciated the principles by which it will be governed in passing upon the various demurrers which have been submitted to it in connection with the claims now under consideration account of the war between Spain and that in assuming the responsibility which would have otherwise been Spain's, the United States is bound to pay all claims or which Spain could have been held. It further held that the insurrection in Spanish government and that it was not responsible for damages done to foreigners by the insurgents. If, however, it be shown that the Spanish authorities might have prevented the damage done in any particular case by the exercise of due diligence the commission announces that

it will hold that Spain is liable.

The commission announces further that
it will take judicial notice that the Cuban insurrection passed from the first beyond the control of Spain, and so continued until the intervention of the United States. It is further held that Spain was entitled to adopt such war measures for the recovery of her authority as are sanctioned by the rules and usages of international warfare. If, however, it be alleged and proved in any particular case that the acts of the Spanish authorities or soldiers were contrary to such rules and usages, Spain will be held liable in that case.

This decision does not however, go to the extent of saying that the recon tion orders were legitimate acts of war. There is to be a further argument on that Ex-Senator Chandler, chairman of the ommittee, and Commissioner Maury dis-

ent from the rules adopted. Belgium Feeling Better.

the Botha-Chamberlain correspondence has given, says the Times dispatch from Brussels by way of London, sincere satisfaction to those who have refused to ain. A better feeling is growing slowly but surely in Belgium toward England, the correspondent adds.

LABOR POINT SETTLED. Breweryworkers' Union and Engla eers' and Firemen's Unions Agree.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 24.-That part of the proceedings of the American Federation of Labor, at their convention last week, that has a relation to the controvery between the Breweryworkers Union and the Engineers' and Firemen's Inion, of Cincinnati, was settled by a resolution which Secretary Morrison has furnished to the Associated Press. The resolution, which was adopted by the convention, follows: "Resolved, that all engineers and firemen employed in breweries must belong to their respective international unions, and that an agree ment shall be drawn up between the Breweryworkers, the Engineers and Firemen in effect that when a trade difficulty arises affecting the interests of either one, all three organizations must co-operate in adjusting such dispute, said agreement to be drawn up by two members from each of the three-mentioned organizations and two members of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, said committee to meet

Thought of Everybody but Himself. NEW YORK, Nov. 24.-This city has just lost its model conclerge, Eugene Brun, guardian of a house in the Rue Dussoubs, says a Herald dispatch from Paris. He committed suicide, leaving a letter to explain that, as the weather was very cold and he did not want any of the tenants to be shut out in the street by his being unable to pull the cordon to admit them, he would postpone his suicide until after midnight. Even at that hour the scrupulous concerge was not sure that all the NEW YORK, Nov. 24.-Publication of tenants had returned, so, in order to make

within 60 days after adjournment of this

convention.

assurance doubly sure, he hanged himself to the cordon, so that the weight of his body would cause the door to open.

Good Price for Winter Pears. PAYETTE, Idaho, Nov. 24.-(Special.)-N. A. Jacobsen, an extensive fruitgrower, has just received a report of the sale of his last car of Winter Nellis pears at Chicago, which brought \$984.

Earthquake in Ecuador. GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, Nov. 24.—A heavy earthquake shock was felt yester-day afternoon at Latacunga, Province of

PIANO AND ORGAN-RENTING.

If you want a plane or organ for an evening, a week or a month, you can se-cure the finest made at Eliers Plane House. Ten cents a day will keep you in music for the Winter.

DYSPEPSIA

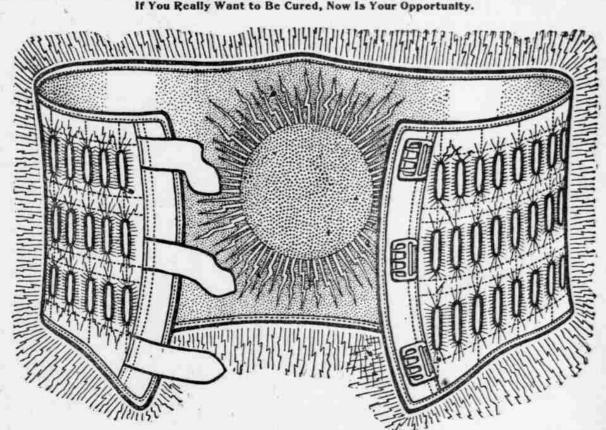
Geo. S. Scally of 75 Nassau St. New York, says: "For years I have been troubled with rheumatism and dyspepsia, and I came to the conclusion to try your pills. I immediately found great relief from their use; I feel like a new man since I commenced taking them, and would not now me without them. The drowny, sleeping feeling I used to have has entirely disappeared. The dyspepsia has left me and my rheumatisem is gone entirely. I am satisfied if any one so afflicted will give Radway's Pills a trial they will surely cure them, for I believe it all comes from the sys-

Dadway's

cure all Disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Biadder, Dizziness, Costiveness, Piles, Sick Headache, Female Complaints, Biliousness, Indigestion, Constipation, and all Disorders of the Liver. 25c per box. At Drug-gists' or by mail. Radway & Co., 55 Elm Street, N. Y.

TKEEWAUNUAPPLA FOR WEAK MEN

Nature's Remedy—A New and Successful Treatment for Weak Men—Young Men, Middle-Aged Men, Old Men



Stored Electricity. Always Charged, Ready for Use.

No burning-no blistering-no skin poisoning-no charging the batteries with dangerous acids. A dry, soothing current applied direct to the nerve centers controlling the nervous system. Even the very worst cases find a cure under our wonderful MAGNO-MEDICINAL TREATMENT. All diseases that affect the nervous system or caused by impurity of the

blood, are speedily and permanently cured. For the purpose of popularizing my wonderful MAGNO-ELECTRO treatment, I am going to send to each sufferer who writes to me at once my NEW MAGNO APPLIANCE absolutely without any cost. FREE AS THE AIR YOU BREATHE. All I ask in return is that you recommend my appliance to your friends and neighbors when you are cured. Are you a strong, vigorous, manly man? If not, write for my ELECTRO-MAGNO APPLIANCE to-day. Send your

name and full particulars of your case. It matters not what you have tried, how many belts you have worn without relief, my new method will cure you. Why suffer from WASTED VITALITY or any form of NERVOUS ORGANIC DISEASES when my MAGNO-ELECTRO

APPLIANCE will restore the declining forces to the strength and vigor of robust manhood? Cures permanently all NERVOUS and SEXUAL DISEASES-LIVER, KIDNEY and STOMACH TROUBLES, RHEU-MATISM, VARICOCELE, CATARRH of the BLADDER, INFLAMMATION of PROSTATE GLAND, Spermatorrhoes, Nervous Debility, Nocturnal Emissions, Losses, Drains of any description, Weak Back, Skin Diseases, Blood Poison, Neglected or Radly Treated Cases of Gleet, Stricture, Rheumatism, Pain in Back, Spinal Disease, Constipation, Asthma, Lack of Nerve Force and Vigor, Sexual Exhaustion, General Debility, Urinary Discases, Insomnia (sleeplessness), Throat Troubles, Paralysis, Epileptic Fitz, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Dropsy, Piles, Bright's Disease, Catarrh, Indigestion, Lung Difficulties, Weakness Eciatica, Gout, Varicocele and Headache.

My wonderful MAGNO-ELECTRO APPLIANCE has astonished the world. Thousands of sufferers have already been cused, why not you? No tedious waiting for renewed health and strength. My appliance cures quickly, and, what is more, you stay cured. Remember. DON'T SEND ANY MONEY Write to-day and I will send the appliance absolutely free of cost.

ADDRESS PROF. J. S. BEECH.

Dept. 3, No. 49 Ellis Street San Francisco, Cal.