

President Entertained at Memphis.

ALL PEOPLE ENTHUSIASTIC

Roosevelt Spoke Four Times During the Day.

NEGROES SHOW GOOD FEELING

Patriotic Service Was the Theme the President-General and Mrs. Wright Receive Evidences of Esteem of Townspeople.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 19 .- Although the festivities of the day celebrated the home-coming of General Luke E. Wright, Vice-Governor of the Philippines, it is no reflection upon the warmth of the welcome extended to him to say that President Roosevelt's presence was the overshadowing feature of the day. Excursion trains were run into the city, and a number of distinguished people were present to participate in the celebration. Among them were Governor Benton McMillin and General Joseph Wheeler,

The parade was a long one. Immediately after the President's arrival, there was a parade through the streets to the Gayoso Hotel, where a breakfast was tendered to the President and Governor Wright by the ladies of Memohis.

In the afternoon the President attended and spoke at two receptions given in honor of General Wright, one at the Auditorium by the white citizens, and the other in the hall in the black section by the colored people. There was a Colonial Dames' tea at the Gayoso, and the festivitles closed tonight with an elaborate banquet at the Peabody, at which the President delivered a set speech. Including some brief remarks at the breakfast, the President spoke four times during the day. Altogether, it was a splendid tribute to the affection and esteem in which General Wright is held at home. That Mrs. Wright is also exceedingly popular was made apparent by the applause which greeted every reference to her. This was especially marked at the Auditorium, when the President referred to the fact that his mother's brother served in the Confederate Navy under her father, who was Admiral Semmes.

Mayor Williams and Governor McMillin both made addresses of welcome here, and the audience was very enthusiastic when General Wright delivered his response.

President's First Speech.

President Roosevelt had not intended to speak at this reception, but the dissem-blage would not be denied. He suid: "I am glad, indeed, to have the honor of coming today to your beautiful city, in your beautiful state, to greet on behalf of the whole country a Tennesseean who has rendered high and honorable service to the whole country-a Tennesseean of whom it can be said as it has been said of

jumped up and down in their enthusiasm and yelled themselves hoarse. At the con-clusion of the President's remarks, the "SAVED FROM entire audience of over 3000 united in singing "God Be With Us Till We Meet Again."

There were 200 guests at the banquet to-night, the attendance being limited to that number. Governor Longine, of Mis-sissippi, traveled from Jackson to be present

General Wright, responding to the ad-dress of welcome, said the criticisms of the Army and Navy were unjust. There might have been isolated cases of cruelty deserving censure, but the cases were the exception, not the rule. On the whole, he said, the war was conducted in a most humane manner. The alleged friction between the civil and military government, he said, had been greatly exaggerated. The Filipinos, he said, could never govern themselves without being taught to do so. He thought Congress was going too fast, rather than too slow. The Filipinos' interests at present could be subserved by a nonpartisan administration of their affairs, such as existed today. He himself did not know whether He said were more Republicans or Democrats in the civil service in the Islands,

President Spoke on "Our Country." With Pe-ru-na President Roosevelt received an ovation when he was introduced, with the state-ment that he held the respect and ad-After Being miration of the people of the country without regard to political affiliations. The assemblage arose and for fully a Given Up to Die. minute made the banquet hall ring with

"It is a real pleasure to come to this typical city of the Southern Mississippi Valley in order to greet a typical Ameri-can, a citizen of Tennessee, who de-serves honor not only from his state, but serves honor not only from his state, out from the entire country-General Luke E. Wright. We have a right to expect a high standard of manhood from Tennes-see. If was one of the first two states created west of the Alleghany Mountains, and it was in this state that the first self-governing community of American freemen was established upon waters flowing into the Gulf. The ploneers of Tennessee were among the earliest in that great westward march which thrust the Nation's border across the continent to the Pacific, and it is eminently fitting that a son of Tennessee should now play so prominent a part in the further move-ment of expansion beyond the Pacific, There have been Presidents of the United States for but 113 years, and during 16 of those years Tennesseeans sat in the White House, Hardihood and daring, and iron resolution are of right to be ex-pected among the cons of a state which nurtured Andrew Jackson and Sam Hous-ton; which sent into the American Navy

one of the most famous fighting Admirals of all time, Farragut. "There is another reason why our country should be glad that it was General Wright who rendered this service. Gen-eral Wright fought with distinguished gallantry among gallant men who served in the armies of the Confederacy during the Civil War. We need no proof of the completences of our reunion as a people When the war with Spain came, the sons of the men who wore the blus and the sons of the men who wore the gray vied with one another in the effort to get hato the ranks and face a foreign foe under the old flag that had been carried in tri-umph under Winfield Scott and Zachary Taylor and Andrew Jackson. It was my own good fortune to serve under that fearless fighter, old Joe Wheeler, a mem-ory of which I shull always be proud. But if we needed any proof of the unity of our interests it would have been af-forded this very year by General Wright, the ex-Confederate, in his administration as acting Governor of the Philippine Islands. Upon him during the months of Summer rested a heavier burden of responsibility than upon any other public servant at that particular time; and not the least of his titles to our regard is the way in which he was able to work on terms of cordial good will with the head of the Army, himself a man who had honored the blue uniform as Wright had

honored the gray. "General Wright's work has been as difficult as it was important. The events of the last four years have definitely de-clded that whether we wish to or not we must horeafter play a great part in the world. We cannot escape facing the du-ties. We may shirk them if we are built of poor stuff, op we may take hold and do them if we are fit sons of our siresbut face them we must, whether we will peace, at the time that I issued a proc-lamation declaring that the state of war Our duty in the Islands has simply been one of the duties was over and that civil government was that thus have come upon us. We are there, and we can no more haul down our now in complete command, General Wright served as Governor of the archi iag and abandon the islands than we pelago. could now abandon Alaska. Whether in material well-being and as regards orare glad or sorry that events forced us to der and justice under the administration of Governor Wright and his colleague has go there is aside from the question: the point is that, as the inevitable result of the war with Spain, we found ourselves in the Philippines and that we could not been astounding. "There is no question as to our not having gone far enough and fast enough leave the islands without discredit. The in granting self-government to the Fili Islanders were wholly unfit to govern themselves, and if we had left there would os; the only possible danger has been we should go faster and farther than have been a brief period of bloody chaos was in the interest of the Filipinos themand then some other nation would have stepped in to do the work which we had selves. Each Filipino at the present day is guaranteed his life, his liberty, and shirked. It cannot be too often repeated the that there was no question that the work had to be done. All the question was, chance to pursue happiness as he wishes, so long as he does not harm his whether we would do it well or fill; and ever known before during all their re thanks to the choice of men like Governor Wright, it has been done weil. The first corded history. There are bands of la-drones, of brigands, still in existence. Now and then they may show sporadic and absolutely indispensable requisite was order-peace. The reign of lawless vio-lence, of resistance to legitimate authorincrease. This will be due occasionally to disaffection with some of the things that our Government does which are best-for ity, the reign or anarchy, could no more be tolerated abroad than it could be tel-

BURNETT, Cal., Mr. Andree Anderson, Deputy County Clerk, Louisabesbro County, Cal., and ex-Postmaster, writes:

A Remarkable

Experience

"No one seeing me today would think that I was at death's door a few years ago with pulmonary troa-bles. I had frequent bleeding from the lungs, my stomach was out of or-der and when I came here for my health no one thought I would re-cover. "My brother in the East had been cured of a very hard cold on the lungs by using Peruna and he wrote me and advised me to try it. I had little faith, but thought I would give it a trial. I noticed a change in my appetite the very first week and found that I soon began to sleep well. Gradually I began to feel better and took on flesh. Recovery was slow for I was an faw more but after slow for I was so far gone, but after seven months' steady use of Peruna I was

my old self once more. "I now weigh 173 pounds, am in fine health and spirit and hnve been a well man for two years, thanks to Perana. It certainly saved me from an untimely grave."—Andree Ander-son. A Congressman's Letter.

Hon. J. H. Huling, ex-Member of Con gress from West Virginia, writes: "Fe-runa as a cure for catarrh and a tonic of most serviceable excellence is beyond all question and has been proven by many of my friends who have been benefited by

its use."-J. H. Huling, P. O. address, Charleston, W. Va. Consumption Often Caused by Ca-tarrh.

Very few understand thoroughly that consumption is caused by caterrh. It may have begun as catarth of the head or throat. It silently and gradually creeps down the bronchial tubes to the lungs. After the catarrh has reached the lungs, It sets up the disease known as consump-

Peruna is not recommended as an in-fallible cure for consumption. It is not likely that any remedy will cure con-sumption after the disease is fully estab-lished, but Peruna will cure catarrh. It will cure catarrh when it is located in the throat. It will cure catarrh efter it has reached the lungs, if it is not put off too long Many cases of catarrh of the lungs

that have been pronounced consumption and given up to die are cured by Peruna. This happens every day. Like Mr. An-The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

The progress of the Islands both

in a way which the islands

ment for the people who had become our wards was begun, under the augpices of the Philippine Commission, Judge Taft being made Governor, and I having had the honor myself to appoint General Wright as Vice-Governor. During the critical period when the insurrection was ending and the time was one of transition between a state of war and a state of

Mr: Andree Anderson

THE MORNING OREGONIAN, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1902.

Deputy County Clerk Ander-

son, of Burnett, Cal., Cured

By Pe-ru-na of Ca-

tarrh of the

Lungs.

derson, of California, many people have been thought to be past recovery and found in Peruna a permanent cure. There are a great many people today who are singing the praises of Peruna that would have been in their graves many years ago had they not discovered Peruna in time to rescue them,

Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio: Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio: Dear Doctor-I desire to express to you my sincere thanks for the in-terest you have shown in my case, and for the timely aid and advice which has effected a cure of as had a case of consumption as could be well imagined.

"Peruna and Manalin have done what 13 of the best physicians in the country have failed to do. For more than three years I doctored for dicates consumption, and spent 13 weeks in a Thront.

Pulmonary Sanitarium at Milwaukee Wis.; but finding myself growing worse as a last resort. I came West where I was bedfast for many weeks, and the physicians which my husband called gave no hope, but said, 'She cannot possibly live more than a few days.' Hat thanks to Peruna, I fooled them all, "In an incredibly short time after I

began to take Peruna the hemorrhages stopped. I began to mend slowly at first, but the improvement became more marked, and now I can truthfully say that there is not the slightest trace of

my old complaint. "I would have written you a long time ago, but have purposely waited to see if the effect was lasting; and in conclu-sion I would say, God bless you and keep you with us that you may go on with you

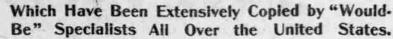
work of mercy for many years to come. --Mrs. M. A. Close, Cheyenne, Wyo. P. S.-"I am going to visit friends in Wisconsin who never expected to see me allve again.

If you do not derive prompt and satis-factory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice

AND THIS ONE HAPPENS TO BE A

PRINCESS.

And That Fact Is Disappointing to



This condition often results from

catarrh extending from the head and

throat, and, if left unchecked, ex-

BRONCHIAL TUBES

CATARRH OF

"Have you a cough?

THE PROPER COURSE FOR SUFFERERS

AN UNTIMELY GRAVE." DR. COPELAND'S QUESTIONS

The proper course for sufferers is this: Read these symptoms carefully over, mark those that apply to your case, tends down the windplpe into the and bring this with you to the Copeland office. If you live away from the city, the lungs. send by mail and ask for information of the new home treatment,

CATARRH OF

HEAD AND THROAT head and throat become diseased from neglected colds causing Catarrh when the condition of the blood predisposes to this condition.



Figures showing those parts most requently attacked by Catarrh. The picture represents a part of the head sawed open, the letter A indicating the folds of mucous membrane in the nose. The letter B indicates the seat of Catarrh in the

Throat. "Is the voice husky?" "Do you spit up sime?" "Do you ache all over?" "Do you ache all over?" "Do you snore at night?" "Is your nose discharge?" "Does your nose discharge?" "Does your nose discharge?" "Does your nose discharge?" "Do you snore ad tende?" "Do you snore a great den!?" "Do you snore and tende?" "To thore pain a front of head?" "Is there af noping in the throat?" "Are you losing your some of taste?" "Does your nose stop up toward night?"

TREATMENT BY MAIL.

The publication of the symptoms of Ca. tarrh by Dr. Copeland illustrates to what perfection the diagnosis of disease has been developed, and how intelligently patients can be treated at a distance. If sufferers will mark their symptoms and answer questions in symptom blank, they can be cured at home. Consultation by mail free.

at most of the other points. Before sep-arating tonight the miners' federal com-dered to be executed. mittee at St. Etlenne agreed to and signed

CATARRH OF STOMACH

This condition may result from several causes, but the usual cause is catarrh, the mucus dropping down into the throat and being swallowed.

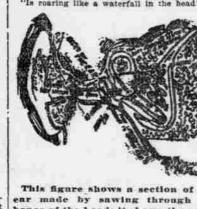
bronchial tubes, and in time attacks "Is there nausea ?" "Are you costive?" "Is there vaniting?" "Do you beich up gas?" "Have you waterbrash?" "Are you lightheaded?" "Have you a cough?" "Are you losing ifesh?" "Do you cough at night?" "Have you pain in side?" "Do you cough cold cashy?" "Is your appetite variable?" "Do you cough until you gag?" "Do you cough until you gag?" "Do you cough until you gag?" "Do you cough on going to bed?" "Do you cough in the morning?"" "Is your cough short and hacking?" "Have you a diggust for faity foods?" "Is there tickling behind the painte?" "Have you a diggust for faity foods?" "Is there tickling behind the painte?" "Do you feel you are growing weaker?" "Do you cough worse night and mornings?" "Do you have to alt up at night to get breath?" "Is your tongue coated?" "Do you hawk and spit?" "Is there pain after eating?" Are you pervous and weak?" "Do you have sick headache?" "Do you bloat up after eating?" "Is there disgust for breakfast?" "Have you distress after eating?" "Is your throat filled with elime?" "Do you at times have diarrhoca?" "Is there rush of blood to the head?" When you get up suddenly are you disay?" "Is there gnawing remention in stomach" "Do you feel as if you had lead in stomach?" "When stomach is empty do you feel faint? "Do you beich material that burns throat?" "If stomach is full do you feel oppressed?"

SYMPTOMS OF EAR TROUBLES

Deafness and ear troubles result from catarrh passing along the Eustachian tube that leads from the throat to the ear.

tareat to the ear. "Is your hearing failing?" "Do your ears discharge?" "Do your ears lich and burn?" "To the ears dry and scaly?" "Have you pain behind the ears?" "Is there throbbing in the ears?" "Is there as burging sound heard?" "To you have a ringing in the ears?" "Are there cracking sounds heard?" "To you have a ranche occasionall?" "Do you have a stack estam escaping?" "Do your cars hurt when you blow y use?"

nese"" "Do you constantly hear noises in the ears?" "Do you hear better some days than others?" "Do the noises in your ears keep you awake"" "When you blow your nose do the ears crack?" This figure shows the stomach opened up, showing the folds of the membrane lining of this organ, which are the seat of catarrhal disense.



The Dekum, Third and Washington W. H. COPELAND, M. D. J. H. MONTGOMERY, M. D.

eases.

OFFICE HOURS-9 A. M. to 5 P. M. tube leading from the throat up he- | EVENINGS-Tuesdays and Fridays. SUNDAY-From 10 A. M. to 12 M.

OUR SPECIALTIES

Deafness, Catarrh of the Head,

Nose, Throat, Bronchial Tabes, Lungs

and Stomach, Disease of the Liver

and Kidneys, Blood and Skin Dis-

CONSULTATION FREE.

Dr. Copeland's Book Free to All.

The Copeland Medical Institute

groups were damaged, the crosses form-ing part of the designs being knocked off. The perpetrator of the outrage has not been traced.

Fire Wines Out Persian Toyyu. LONDON, Nov. 19 .- The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail tele-graphs that a fire lasting three days has town of Reat. in Persia, HORSE MEAT DROPS IN PRICE. Fifteen hundred houses and many ware houses were wiped out, and 200 people Result of Enforcement of Berlin perished. Municipal Ordinaure.



Sec. This figure shows a section of the ear made by sawing through the bones of the head; it shows the outer ear, the canal leading from the outer ear to the ear drum, the ear drum

fat horses for slaughtering have fallen from \$37.59 and \$49 to \$25, and for fair to

middling lean from \$25 to \$18 75 to \$30, in

consequence of the exposure of the large quantities of horse meat sold as beef or

used for making sausage. Horseflesh has

May Mean Military Dictatorship.

VIENNA, Nov. 19 .- The resignation of

the Servian Cabinet and King Alexander's

mandate to General Marovois to form a

friendship of Austria. Since the Czar-

Germany After English China.

and forbid any kind of public amusement.

Opinion even prohibits playing any music, except sacred music, in private houses

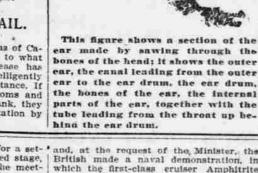
Vandals at Work in Berlin.

BERLIN, Nov. 19 .- The statuary groups

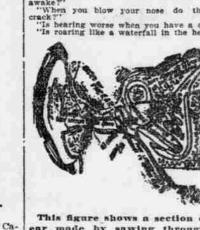
on the Sleges Allee were subjected to

today.

en Draga, and



Etlenne, where the negotlations for a set- and, at the request of the Minister, the further vandalism last night. Five of the the mather in the megonations for a set-a band of anarchists broke up the meet-ing of the miners' committee, the mem-bers of which were obliged to take refuge in the town ball & distance and set of the mem-bers of which were obliged to take refuge in the town hall. A detachment of sol-diers has been called out to guard the also started from Hong Kong bound building. The strike has come to an end north. This brought the Chinese govern-



"Much has he seen and known; cities of men. Himself not loast, but honored of them all; And drunk delight of battle with his peors, Far on the ringing plains of windy Troy.

the Greek hero;

"We are one people absolutely. The semories of the Civil War are now heritages of honor alike to those whose fathers wore the blue, and for those whose fathers wore the gray. There is one cu-rious and not inappropriate coincidence today-my mother's brother served under Mrs. Wright's father in the Confederate Navy.

"I come here today to greet General Wright because it has been given to him to render a peculiar service to the whole country,

"A man can render service of the very highest character at home, but, owing to the very nature of our system of Government, he must, in his election, at least represent particulariy a given party. I say in his election at least, for after elecn, if he is worth anything, he must be representative of the whole country. But there are certain branches of the nub lic service, in which, if we are wise and far-seeing, we will never allow partisan politics to enter, (Applause.) There must be no partisan politics in the Army or Navy of the United States. All that concerns us to know about any General or Admiral, about a mighty Captain by sea or by land, is whether he is a thoroughly fit commander of men and loyal to the oughly. country as a whole. In the same way, if wise, if we care for our reputation abroad, if we are sensitive of our honor at home, we will allow no question of partisan politics ever to enter into the administration of the great commands which came under our flag as a result of the with Spain.

Hence, I say that General Wright, like Governor Tait and his associates, has rendered a peculiar service to every man jealous of the honor of the American name, in what he has done in administer ing the Philippine Islands. For 14 months it has been part of my business to see how the work there was done. I am not speaking exaggeratingly; I am speaking literally, telling the bare naked truth when I say that never during that time has a question of party politics entered into even the smallest action of those in control of the Philippine Islands.

"Now, my fellow Americans, we cannot afford to have the honor of the Nation in any way-mirched in connection with our dependencies. We cannot afford to have it smirched anywhere. If we wrong our selves here at home we are to blame, and we pay the penalty; but if we allow wrong with the islands, not only the islands suffer, but an indelible stigma of shame comes to the American name. desirous that the adminis tration of the Philippine Islands shall be put and kept upon such a plane of patriotic efficiency that no change will be made in it owing to any change of party here at home. Party feeling should, of course, stop at the water line."

unich

comfort; and if we show that equal ins

ligations by the victory he helped to win

not the larger part of what he did. When

Colored People's Reception.

The reception tendered by the colore people was remarkable. General Wright arned their undying gratitude during the two yellow fever epidemics 20 years ago by remaining here when most of the whites had fied, and seeing that the sick were cared for. The hall was packed galleries and pit, to suffocation, and the tice we will doff our hats to the man who has put the whole country under obwhole spirit of the proceedings breathed love and admiration for their friend. General Wright, in addressing the colored au-dience, talked chiefly of their future, tell-"But the Phillppines. "But the soldier's work as a soldier was ing them of the difficult problems before them. He said it would perhaps have been better for both races had the change once the outbreak was over in any place, then began the work of establishing civil administration. Here, too, the coldier did from slavery to citizenship not come si

suddenly. The President's reception, when he was introduced, begars description. The col-ored people became perfectly frantic, and well done, too. Then the real work

example, the effort to quarantine against erated here in our own land. the plague and to enforce necessary san-itary precautions, gently and tactfully though it was made, produced violent hos-"The American flag stands for orderly ilberty, and it stands for it abroad as it stands for it at home. The task of our tillty among some of the more ignorant natives. Again, a disease like the cattle soldiers was to restore and maintain or der in the island. The Army had the task to do, and it did it well and thorplague may cause in some given provinci do, and it did it well and thor-The fullest and heartlest praise uch want that a part of the inhabitants revert to their ancient habit of brigand-age. But the islands have never been as belongs to our soldiers who in the Philip pines brought to a triumphant conclusion a war, small indeed compared to the orderly, as peaceful, or as prosperous as now; and in no other Oriental country, whether ruled by Asiatics or Europeans, gigantic struggle in which the older mer whom I am addressing took part in the early '60s, but inconceivably harassing is there anything approaching to the amount of individual liberty and of self-gevernment which our rule has brought to the Filipinos. The Nation owes a great early '60s, but inconceivably harassing and difficult, because it was waged amid the pathless jungles of great tropic islands and against a foe very clusive, very treacherous, and often inconceivably cruel debt to the people through whom this splendid work for civilization has been achieved, and therefore on behalf of the both toward our men and toward the great numbers of peace-loving Filipinos who giadly welcomed our advent. The Nation I have come here tonight to thank In your presence your fellow townsman, because he has helped us materially to soldiers included both regulars and volunteers, men from the North, the South, the East and the West, men from Pennadd a new page to the honor roll of American history. General Wright, I greet you, I thank you, and I wish you sylvania and from Tennevsee, no less than en from the Rocky Mountains and the actific Slope-and to all allke we give At midnight the Presidential party left onor, for they acted as American for Washington over the Southern Rall-road. No stops will be made en route, diers should. Cruelties were committed here and there. The fact that they were The train will reach Washington at committed under well-nigh intolerable o'clock Friday moraing. provocation affords no excuse for such cruelties, nor can we admit as justifica tion that they were retaliatory in kind, Every effort has been made to detect and MAY DELAY CANAL TREATY

nish the wrongdoers and the wrong-ing itself has been completely stopped. Differences to Be Settled Between State Department and Colombia. But these misdeeds were excentional WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.-Differences their occurrence in no wise alters the fact that the American Army in the Philip have arisen between the State Departpines showed as a whole not only splendid ment and the Colombian government coldierly qualities but a high order of aumanity in dealing with their foes. A may delay an agreement on the which terms of a canal treaty beyond the time in which it had been expected to conclude hundred thousand of our troops went to the Philippince. Among them were some who offended against the right. Well, the treaty. Secretary Hay has furnished the Colombian Minister, Mr. Concha, with are we altogether immaculate at home? a memorandum setting forth the position think not. I ask for no special consider of this Government, which was prepared tion to be shown our friends and kinsmen, our sons and brothers, who during three by the secretary after he had received a similar memorandum from Mr. Conche defining the Colombian position. years so well upheld the National hono n the Philippines. I ask merely that we to the same equal justice to the soldier There are differences between the two which must be reconciled before a treaty who went abroad and faced death and can be drawn. It is apparent that Mr. lived hard as we show to his fellow who stayed at home and lived easily and in Hay has taken a firm position, and did not

seen.

adopt all the terms proposed by the Coombian government. It is assumed that Mr. Concha will refer the points of vari-ance to his government, and thus time will be consumed, as it will take several days to get a reply from Bogota to his in-quiries. To what extent the differences may prove to be obstacles in the way of a consummation of a treaty remains to be

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Launtive Bromo-Quinine Tablets. Thi 67 June signatur on every box, 25c. Those Who Wanted an Heir to the Throne.

ROME, Nov. 19.-Queen Helena was accouched of a daughter this morning. The mother and child are announced to be doing well. The new Princess will be named "Mafaloa." The accouchement occurred a month earlier than was expected.

The King.yesterday was shooting on the Island of Monte Cristo, when he was suddenly summoned home. He immediately boarded a yacht and was landed on the beach in the neighborhood of Rome. As there were no debarkation conveniences, the King was carried ashore on the backs of sailors. A motor car was in waiting and he soon reached the palace. birth of another Princess instead The of an heir to the throne is a great publie disappointment. United-States Ambasgador Meyer was the first outsider personally to congratulate the King. The child born to the King and Queen

of Italy today is the second daughter. the first, Princess Yolande Margherita having been born at Rome on June 1, 1991.

ON THE AFGHAN FRONTIER.

British Officer Killed, 18 Wounded in Reducing Native Tower.

SIMLA, India, Nov. 19.-Colonel Tor nechy, commanding the south column of the British expedition engaged in putting down the uprising of the Waziri tribesmen on the Afghan frontier, found a strong tower at Gumatti, held by six outwho refused to surrender. Tha IRWS. shells from the British guns made little impression on the fort until evening, when the tower was stormed and all its defenders were killed. The British losses were comparatively heavy. Besides Colonel Tonnechy, who was severely wounded, Captain G. White, of the Third Sikhs, was killed while leading the storming party; and Captains Davis and Hous-ton, Licutenant Airey, and 15 of the na-

tive troops, were wounded. The tower razed General Egerton arrived at Shiwa yes

terday, and captured the head man and several of the villagers. Colonel McHae, commanding the first column, signaled from Spinwan on Monday that he had surprised and captured the village and had taken 250 prisoners. Some war munitions also fell into the hands of the first column.

GERMANY IS JUSTIFIED.

Says German Paper, Commenting or Samoan Arbitration.

BERLIN, Nov. 19.-The Lokal Anzeiger, commenting on the decision of King Os-car, the Samoan arbitrator, the text of which has been made public recently, says:

"The decision is a spiendid justification of the behavior of Germany's representa-tives in Samoa in 1889 toward American and English intervention. Germany's standpoint, that armed intervention with out the assent of the German Consul could not be recognized as justifiable, is expressly indorsed, and the rejoinder of England and the United States that this was unjustly withheld is rejected." The other papers print the decision lthout comment.

ANARCHISTS TAKE A HAND.

fry to Prolong Paris Coal Strike by Stopping Negotiations.

PARIS, Nov. 19 .- The anarchistic eleamong the striking coal miners is seeking to prolong the conflict, and at St.

compromise to end a strike, but as committee representing the coal miners had already separated, another meeting of the delegates will be held to-BERLIN, Nov. 18 .-- Quotations here for

SEVERE WEATHER CONTINUES. Adriatic Vessels Blown Ashore-Peo-

the

ple Frozen to Death. LONDON, Nov. 19 .- Telegrams reaching

here report the continuance of the severe weather which has been experienced over the Continent and in Great Britain. The gale in the Adriatic has blown several vessels ashore on the Austrian coast, and snow-covered trains are arriving at Fie ume from Croatia. Many people have been frozen to death on the country roads Bohemia, and a heavy fall of snow is reported from the Swiss Alps, Pledmont and the Riviera. Severe weather is being experienced through Scandanqvia, and the people of Northern Sweden are in great listress They have been reduced by weather and famine to selling their domestic animals and baking a coarse famine bread. The Dutch canals are freezing over.

BRINGS CHINA TO TIME.

English Naval Display Hastens Order to Punish Hunan Officials. VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 19.--Advices

have been received here that the British

new Ministry are generally taken here to foreshadow a military dictatorship in Ser-via. The King's next move, according to naval demonstration against China, as a result of the refusal of the Chinese govgeneral expectations, will be the indefinite adjournment or dissolution of Parlia-ment. He will then attempt to govern as ernment to punish the officials in Hunan who refused to provide protection for Revs Bruce and Lewis, the missionaries an absolute monarch, supported only by his army. The representative of the Asso-clated Press is informed on high authormurdered at Chenchou, has resulted in an edict being made by the Empress Dow-ager, on November 2, for the decapitation Ity that Servia is now making a bid for of the officials and the imprisonment of Ira's refusal to receive Que minor officials. The Chinese government refused to punish these officials, as rethe more recent display of friendship between the King of Roumania and Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, King Alexander quested by the British Minister, and the Governor of Hunan, in an official com-monication regarding the murders, used finds himself isolated, hence his advances the term "barbarians," to designate the dead missionaries. This incensed the to Austria.

British Minister, and he again called on China to punish the officials. The Impeial government persisted in its refusa!



Economy in medicine must be measured by two things-cost and effect. It cannot be measured by either alone. It is greatest in that medicine that does the most for the money -- that radically and permanently cures at the least expense. That medicine is

No evening paper was issued today, and Hood's Sarsaparilla no morning paper will be published to-morrow, because it would require work

It purifies and enriches the blood.

cures pimples, eczema and all eruptions, tired, languid feelings, loss of appetite and general debility.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it reliable and giving perfect satisfac tion. It takes away that tired feeling, gives energy and puts the blood in good condition.' Nordlien, chief of the Department of Railroads and Telegraphs in the Ministry of Public Works, is head of the commission. MISS EFFIE COLONNE, 1535 10th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

General Bliss Reaches Havana.

HAVANA, Nov. 18.-General Tasker H. Bliss, U. S. A., who has been sent here to investigate conditions with a view to the negotiation of a reciprocity treaty between Cuba and the United States, arrived today.

been a regular article of food, but muni-cipal ordinances in most citics require Railroad From Nome to Conneil City. that it shall be sold as such. The extraordinary high price of meat, however, has caused extensive evasions of the law, and SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 19 .- The Pioneer Mining Company, headed by E. O. Linda great increase in the sale of horse steaks biom. Deafet Lindeberg and other Alaska capitalists, announced today, after a meet-ing of the mining company, that they and soup bones as beef. While the Ger-man frontiers are closed to the importawill construct a railroad from Nome to tion of live cattle, the prohibition does not apply to old, brokendown horses, which are brought by shiploads from England, Council City, which will be in operation at the end of next season. The season and especially to Hamburg and Bremen, following it will probably be extended to Salmon River and Casade Paga. The comand are fattened for butchering. It is predicted that a sharper enforcement of pany declared a dividend of 6 per cent, which makes 8 per cent on a \$5,000,000 capthe horse meat ordinances is likely to result in a slight increase in the prices of meat, and particularly of sausages. italization for the year.

> ***************** Man's Missionon Earth

As set forth in THE GOLD MEDAL PRIZE TREATISE, the best Modical Work of this or any sge, entitled The Science of Life, or Self-Preservation.

Preservation. Library Edition. Full Glit, 570 pp., with Engravings and Prescriptions, only \$1, by nall, sealed in plain packare. It is a treasure for EVERY MAN, Fourng, Middle-Aged and Old. Write or it tooday. The secret key to Health, Inspiness, Vigrouns MANTHOOD and hale old age. Address 9 The Feabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfanch St. (opposite Everce House, The Peabody Medical Institute, * No. 4 Bulfach St. (opposite Revers House, * Boston, Mass.), the oldest and best in this country; established in 1850. Author and for more than Thirty Years chief Consulting Physician to the Institute, graduate of Har-vard Medical College, class 1951. Consult tation by letter or in person, 9 to 6.* tenday, 10 to 1. Know Thyself Mannal, & Yafe Meetim * brochure, FIRE, scaled, inclose 6 cents for postage. Treats on Exhausted Vitality. EDITOR'S NOTE For 10 years the Peabody * a fixed fact, and it will remain so. It is as

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 19.-Mail advices from the Orient include a story of com-Inted fact, and it will remain so. It is as a tandard as American Gold. The Peabody Medical Institute has many a mitators, but no equais.-Boston Hersid. plications in the Yangtse Valley. The Ashi Shimun, of Japan, says that Ger-*******

demonstration made by Great Britain against China at Hanku to formulate, with regard to the evacuation of Shang-hai, conditions which would completely obliterate all traces of England's sphere of influence in the Yangtse Valley. Tokio papers say Germany has induced France to join her in this maneuver. Germans Observe Peultence Day. BERLIN, Nov. 19.-This is the national day of penitence and prayer here. The Germans, who are liberal every other day in the year, today close all their theaters



SICK HEADACHE

Little Pills,

They also relieve Distress from Dyspensia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Neuzea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TOR-PID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowsia. Purely Verstable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price

Commission to Danish West Indies, COPENHAGEN, Nov. 19.-The Danish government has selected all the members Positively cured by these of the commission which is to go to Danish West Indies in December to in vestigate and report on the necessary steps to be taken for the improvement of the economic conditions of the island, M.