

### PEACE GOVERNMENT

### Strike Board Effects an Organization.

### GRAY IS MADE CHAIRMAN

### Roosevelt Outlines Work of the Commission.

### URGED TO WORK WITH SPEED

### Arbitrators Decide to Admit Public to All Hearings, and Adjourn Until Monday—Wright Given Two Assistants.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The members of the Strike Arbitration Commission appointed by President Roosevelt met at the White House shortly after 10 o'clock this morning and went into conference with the President. Several of the members had never before met the President. The President greeted the members of the commission cordially. The interview was brief, lasting scarcely 20 minutes. The work to be done by the commission was informally discussed by the President with the members of the commission. He then expressed upon the commission the importance of expedition, and informed them that he had decided to appoint two assistants to the recorder to facilitate the work. He then adjourned to their instructions as follows:

"White House, Washington, Oct. 23, 1920.—To the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission. Gentlemen:—The request made by the operators and of the miners I have appointed you a commission to inquire into, consider and pass upon the questions in controversy in connection with the strike in the anthracite region, and the causes out of which the controversy arose. By the action you recommend, which the parties in interest have in advance consented to abide by, you will endeavor to establish the relations between the employers and the wage-workers in the anthracite fields on a just and permanent basis, and as far as possible to do away with any causes for the recurrence of such difficulties as those which you have been called on to settle. I submit to you herewith the published statement of the operators, following which I put the views of the members of the commission. Mr. Wright being named as recorder; also the letter from Mr. Mitchell.

"I appoint Mr. Moseley and Mr. Nell as assistants.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

With the instructions were the statements of the operators. The members of the commission, when they received the letter left the White House they declined to comment upon their interview. They went direct to the office of Commissioner of Labor Wright to organize and prepare for their work. The commission met in executive session at Colonel Wright's office at 11 o'clock. Judge Gray was chosen chairman. The presiding officer is to be officially called the president of the commission.

The commission then went into executive session for the purpose of considering the minor details which confront them at the beginning of their duties. Edward A. Moseley, who becomes an assistant to Recorder Wright by direction of the President, is secretary of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Dr. Nell, the other assistant, is professor of political economy at the Catholic University located near Washington. The commission was invited to lunch with the President at 1:30.

The commission adjourned at 12:45 o'clock to meet again next Monday at 2 o'clock. After the adjournment, the announcement was made that only two conclusions were reached. The first of these was to admit the public to all formal meetings of the commission, and the second to notify the parties to the controversy to be present at the meeting on Monday for the purpose of arranging a time for hearings which will be convenient for all concerned. Notices were accordingly sent to these mine operators and to President Mitchell, of the United Mineworkers, asking them to be in attendance Monday. It was stated that most of the time this afternoon will be taken up with discussion of the question as to the time when hearings shall be held, the result of which was the conclusion to call on the people interested before reaching a decision.

The commission has already adopted an official name and has had its printing prepared, designating it as the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission.

### CONCESSION BY WORKERS

### Tinplate Company Will Not Be Able to Compete With Welshmen.

FITTSBURGH, Oct. 24.—Officers of the American Tinplate Company and a conference committee of the Amalgamated Association held a long session this afternoon after the tinworkers' convention had finally adjourned. The meeting adopted an agreement that will allow the American Tinplate Company to bid on the tinplate orders of the Standard Oil Company that are now being supplied by Welsh manufacturers. The workers offered a concession to the company and to all manufacturers of a 3 per cent reduction from their wages under the following terms: That the men should be paid the full rate, as at present; that the 3 per cent reduction shall be set aside by the company and placed in the hands of the treasurer of the Amalgamated Association as a special fund; that out of this fund the Amalgamated Association shall pay back to the American Tinplate Company a sum equal to 25 per cent of the cost of the manufacture of all plates that are sold to the Standard Oil Company or any other concern now using the rebate on Welsh tin when it is exported in made-up form.

### Sues for Loss of Change Seat.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Lewis A. Wood, of St. Paul, today brought suit in the Federal court against the Chicago Board of Trade for \$400,000 damages. Wood claims his business has been injured by that extent as a result of his expulsion from the board on August 12, on a charge of "bucket-shopping."

### NEW ARTILLERY GUNS.

### Orders for Their Manufacture Will Be Placed at Once.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—General Crozier, Chief of Ordnance, expects to place orders at once for the manufacture of the new three-inch guns to supply the field artillery. It will require 180 of these new guns to supply the regular artillery as now organized. A portion of the field guns will be made at the Government arsenal at Watervliet, N. Y., but it is the intention of the department to invite bids for the construction of the guns at private works. The design is almost the same as the gun known as the Ordnance gun, a portion of the breech mechanism being taken from the Ordnance gun. The carriage is according to the design of the Ordnance Bureau.

### Orders Transferring Transports.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Secretary Root today signed orders transferring the transports Hancock, Lawton and Relief to the Navy Department, and the Grant to the Engineers Corps. Another transport will be transferred to the Navy soon.

### BUILDERS FACE A CRISIS

### Seventy-Five Thousand Men May Go Out on Sympathetic Strike.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—With the prospect of a general strike of all the building trades numbering 75,000 men, in sympathy with the striking plasterers. If non-union men are employed, builders in this city are facing a serious situation. The strike against big residences and private residences continues, and the strike affects hundreds of workmen in other trades whose work follows that of the plasterers.

### Hack-Drivers' Strike Averted.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—A strike of the hack, cab and coupe drivers employed by Chicago livery stables and undertakers was averted at a joint meeting of the employees, teamsters and executive board of the Chicago Federation of Labor early today. The drivers demanded a working day of 15 hours, \$4 per week and 25 cents an hour for overtime, but a compromise was reached on \$12 a week for seven days' work of 12 hours each and 25 cents an hour overtime. The new scale will go into effect November 1 and all future differences are to be settled by arbitration. Nearly 1000 men are affected.

### Girls Strike at Biscuit Factory.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Oct. 24.—One hundred and twenty girls employed in the packing department of the Somers-Richardson factory of the American Biscuit Company in this city walked out today. The girls demanded more pay and shorter hours.

### Ironworkers' Strike Off.

READING, Pa., Oct. 24.—The striking ironworkers at the Reading plant of the American Iron & Steel Company, who are members of the Amalgamated Association, met here today and officially declared an end to the strike which started May 18, last. This action was taken in view of the settlements of the strike at the Lebanon, Pa., plant.

### Strike on Big Bicycle Firm.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—The 700 employees of Morgan & Wright struck tonight because the firm refused to accept a settlement as to what workmen should be laid off during the dull seasons of the year. The company had offered to arbitrate.

### 30,000 Men Begin Work at Shamokin.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Oct. 24.—Thirty thousand tons of coal were shipped from local collieries today to Philadelphia and New York markets and 30,000 additional men went to work here today. A few more non-union men resigned today and left.

### JAY COOKE AGAIN ILL.

### Aged Financier Stricken With Congestion of the Brain.

PUT-IN-BAY, Oct. 24.—Jay Cooke, the aged financier, was again stricken with congestion of the brain at his home on Gibraltar Island last night. At 10 o'clock tonight the condition of Jay Cooke, the Eastern financier, remains about as it was during the day. No unfavorable outcome is anticipated from the illness.

### TRAIN IS HELD UP.

(Continued from First Page.)

robbers, dead or alive. Officers believe that the outlaws are headed north and that capture will soon be effected. Old settlers, however, who know the country, and its rough and rocky terrain, are of the opinion that the men being captured in the mountains, as this section of the country is a veritable hole-in-the-wall, and wild and thicket timbered.

Butte, Oct. 24.—Late tonight word from the hold-up says: Sheriff Prescott and his men have scoured the country about the scene of the hold-up, but could get no clue, and although all day was spent by Under-Sheriff Dec and the trainer of the bloodhounds, they were unable to get the dogs started on the trail. Sheriff Prescott left for home this evening, leaving his deputies still searching. It is believed the outlaws have fled to Cook County and are making a feint of going north. That portion of the country is most favorable for a criminal to hide in, being almost inaccessible.

### Indian Hanged for Murder.

SILOU, Falls, S. D., Oct. 24.—Walking Shield, a Rosebud Indian, was hanged here today for the murder of Mrs. Ghost-Faced-Bear, on the Rosebud Indian reservation, May 8, 1919. On the way to the gallows the Indian joked with the Marshals. The murdered woman was the mother of the girl with whom Walking Shield was enamored, and the Indian killed her because he would not be in the way.

### Fatally Wounded by Burglars.

DAVID CITY, Neb., Oct. 24.—Harvey Lillie, aged 23, was shot in the head and fatally wounded during the night by burglars who had entered his house. Mr. Lillie owned three bloodhounds, two of which he had fastened to the door.

### Jury Clears Man in Federal Fight.

COMPTON, Ky., Oct. 24.—A jury cleared Tom Coakrell, charged with the murder of Ben Hargis, charged a night at Jackson, Ky., last Spring, returned a verdict today of not guilty. The killing was one of many that have occurred as a result of a bitter feud between the Coakrell and Hargis families.

### Army Band Man in Trouble.

MONTREAL, Oct. 24.—Frank O'Connor, until two weeks ago Sergeant of the band of a United States Regiment at Fort Riley, Kan., has been arrested here as he was about to sail for Liverpool. He is charged with stealing \$5000 members of the band and is being consigned to return without extradition proceedings.

### Steel Trust Embezzler Sentenced.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—L. H. Greig, ex-bookkeeper in the London offices of the Carnegie Steel Company, and charged with forging and abstracting checks aggregating \$81,250 from the correspondence of the Carnegie Company, was sentenced today to five years' penal servitude.

### New President of Southern Pacific.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—The Record-Herald tomorrow will say: It was announced on good authority yesterday that H. R. Nickerson, vice-president and general manager of the Mexican Central Railroad, has been offered the presidency of the Southern Pacific.

### Held for Killing a Woman.

MARION, Ky., Oct. 24.—George M. Sloop has been arrested, charged with murdering from ambush Miss Nellie Williamson, Wednesday night.

### MORE MINES BEGIN WORK

### OPERATORS AND UNION MEN ARE GETTING ON BETTER TERMS.

Force Is Now About 60 Per Cent of That Before Strike—Nonunionists Being Let Out.

### WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 24.—There were 22 more mines in operation in the anthracite region today than yesterday and the output was close to 100,000 tons.

This is as near as can be estimated. From reports received, the total output yesterday did not exceed 75,000 tons. When in full operation, the mines employ in every capacity about 145,000 men and boys. Of this number, it is estimated that 32,000 were at work today. A more amicable feeling prevailed today between employees and operators.

### MINERS VOTE TO STAY OUT.

### Hazleton Operators Refuse to Recognize Strikers as a Body.

HAZLETON, Pa., Oct. 24.—The employees of O. B. Marley & Co., and the pros of the Darton mine of Coxo Bros. & Co., last night voted to continue to strike until conditions under which they are to be taken back by these firms are met.

### NEW HEAD OF CHICAGO THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.



JOSEPH HENRY GEORGE, D. D.

Dr. Joseph Henry George, who was recently installed as president of Chicago Theological Seminary, was born at Coburg, Ontario, May 3, 1852. He received his collegiate education at Victoria University from which he was graduated in 1880. He afterwards went to Boston University, where he obtained the degree of doctor of divinity.

His first pastorate was at Belleville, Ontario, in a Presbyterian church. In 1891 he was called to the First Congregational Church at St. Louis, where he served with great success for six years.

In 1897 he accepted the principalship of the Congregational College at Montreal, and at the end of four years he left it greatly strengthened in finances and attendance, to accept the call to the presidency of the Chicago Seminary.

### player and employe than yesterday.

The excitement over the commencement of work yesterday wore off somewhat, and there was more work and less talk. The non-union men, despite what may be said to the contrary, are slowly being displaced in many of the mines and the employers are taking their places. The Lackawanna Company continues to lead in production. There are two reasons for this. First, the mines are in good condition, and there is less friction between the district superintendents and the operators. The second reason is that the work of clearing up those mines that are filled with debris from falls is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible, and the fact that they are not in readiness to open is a great disappointment to the mineowners.

### Will Take Union Men Back.

Ex-Representative M. B. Williams, one of the largest individual operators in the Wyoming region, said his mines would not be in readiness to resume before next week, but he would take back all his old employees, including steam men, because they had served him faithfully in the past. The trouble with the individual operators is that they are in a position to blow over in a day or two, and it is said here on good authority tonight that all the collieries in the Lehigh and Schuylkill regions that are in readiness to resume work next Monday, and that all the union miners will be re-employed. The mine inspectors are vigilant, and they have refused to give permits to the starting up of mines where the superintendent cannot furnish satisfactory proof that the underground workings are perfectly safe.

### Mitchell Continues Reluctant.

President Mitchell continues reticent and refuses to be quoted on any movement regarding the treatment of old employees or the advanced price of coal. The evidence which he will present to the arbitration commission is now being arranged in systematic form. When Mr. Mitchell was asked today regarding the published report that there was some doubt whether he would be permitted to appear before the commission on behalf of the miners, he said that he would not be permitted to select any counsel he saw fit to present his case before the commission. President Mitchell pledged himself before the miners' convention held in this city the beginning of the week to present the case of the union miners before the arbitration board. Mr. Mitchell has received a call to Washington and will leave here Sunday afternoon.

### Stanley Meccally, a Lithuanian miner, was entered into a house occupied by one of his countrymen in this city last night, and after being stripped of his clothing was beaten most unmercifully over his body with a heavy rubber hose. He made his escape from the house more dead than alive. He was accused of having "scalped" during the strike. Today six men were arrested, charged with being implicated in the assault.

### IMPORTS ARE SCARCE.

All the Mines About Scranton Increase Working Force.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 24.—All of the mining companies in this region reported today that large additions were made to their working forces. The imported workingman was a decidedly minus quantity today. Superintendent Rose, of the Delaware & Hudson Company, which operates 30 plants, said he did not know of a single "import" still in the company's employ. Other superintendents said very few remain. The few "imports" still remaining are those who have been taken to and from work in trains. After tomorrow they will be put to the well-nigh impossible task of securing boardings in the mining towns in which they worked, as the coal companies will cut out the imported workmen. This, it is believed, will be an effective in driving away these men as was the doing away with the commissary department in forcing out others who were being cared for within the "closed" stockade. The companies are not dismissing any non-union men, but the most careful inquiry fails to disclose a single instance of strenuous effort on the part of any company to

### force an "import" to remain in the company's employ.

The fact that the imported men have quit the coal regions made possible the order of Governor Stone directing that the soldiers be withdrawn "as fast as the conditions would permit."

Schiff Schmidt went to Wilkesbarre tonight and told General Gobin that he was satisfied to re-assume the responsibility of taking care of Lackawanna County from now on. The Sheriff had had interviews with coal company superintendents and found that they were of the opinion that troops would not be needed here any longer.

### PLANS FOR BIG DREDGE

### WAR DEPARTMENT WORKING ON COLUMBIA IMPROVEMENT.

### Grant Will Be Altered to Make Room for Large Sand Bins, and Lose Little Time.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Oct. 24.—The War Department is busy preparing plans and specifications for making necessary alterations to the transport Grant for use as a dredge at the mouth of the Columbia River. Some of the inside fittings of the vessel will have to be removed to make room for the immense bins, into which will be poured the sand as it comes from the pumps. It is desired to make these bins as large as possible, as dredging will be necessarily suspended while the vessel goes to deep water to dump collected sand, and it is desired to make as few of these trips each day as possible.

When the plans have been completed they will be advertised. The work will probably be done at San Francisco, where the Grant now lies.

### ALASKA SALMON PROPAGATION.

### Fish Commissioner Hovers Discusses the Subject With Roosevelt.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Oct. 24.—Fish Commissioner Bowers had a conference with President Roosevelt to discuss needed reforms regarding the Alaska salmon industry. Commissioner Bowers believed the control of Alaska's fisheries should be placed in the hands of the Fish Commission, and no longer left with the Treasury Department. Next Spring the Fish Commission steamer Albatross and a commission of experts will be sent to the salmon waters of Alaska to investigate the fishing industry. One of the purposes of the commission will be to ascertain the best means of replenishing the stock of salmon and preventing the threatened extermination of this great food fish. Commissioner Bowers says the catch this year was immense, and he hoped to indicate to the President that salmon are plentiful. He is anxious, however, to know more of the supply, the methods of canners, and to ascertain the best method of perpetuating the stock of salmon in Alaskan waters. By requiring canners to plant, each year, a certain number of eggs in proportion to their catch, Commissioner Bowers is confident the supply can be indefinitely maintained.

### AMERICA WILL YET GET ISLANDS.

### Cullom Says It Is Only a Time of Politicians Finishing Their Play.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Oct. 24.—Senator Cullom, chairman of the foreign relations committee of the Senate, sees no cause for concern over the failure of the Danish government to ratify the treaty affirming the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States.

"We will eventually buy the islands," says he, "and we will pay no more than the price mentioned in the present treaty, \$25,000,000."

When the "ins and outs" get through playing ping pong with this treaty and using it simply as an instrument to defeat or further local political ends, it will be ratified and the sale confirmed. We will certainly see that no other nation acquires title to the islands.

### CHURCH SETS NEW MARK

### Methodists Now Propose to Raise \$500,000 for Missions.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 24.—The closing session of the first general missionary convention of the Methodist Episcopal church was held tonight in Gray's Armory. Three thousand people were present. Robert E. Spear, one of the secretaries of the Presbyterian board of foreign missions, spoke on the subject, "Christ, Our Living Leader." The closing address was by Bishop Thoburn, of India. He referred to the raising of the sum of \$500,000 last night for mission work, and said that 19 days remained to raise the needed-for sum of \$500,000. The bishop said he thought the Methodist Episcopal Church was about to enter upon a revival of missionary work that would exceed any similar work in its history.

Twelve thousand dollars addition was added to the missionary fund by today's subscriptions. Bishop Thoburn announced that a resident of Cleveland would support 20 teachers in the Indian field for 80 years, a task involving the expenditure of \$75,000. The announcement was received with applause.

### Effort to Adjust Differences.

HAZLETON, Pa., Oct. 24.—The district officers of the United Mineworkers and committees representing the employees of the Marley, Coxo and A. Pardee collieries, where no restrictions have yet taken place on account of the refusal of the men to comply with certain conditions imposed by their employers, are at work tonight trying to adjust the complications that have arisen.

### Nearly All Mines Sign Wage Scale.

MACON, Ga., Oct. 24.—George Coitville, president of the Mineworkers' Union of Georgia, stated today that all the mines in this state have signed the miners' scale for the present, with the exception of the Central Coal & Coke Company, and one of the concerns at Huntsville.

### DEALERS STAND TO LOSE.

### New York Men Will Have to Accept Baer's Price for Anthracite.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Coal dealers in this city, who through their retail associations, have fixed upon \$12 a ton as the price for anthracite, will, it is said, have to accept the schedule of prices outlined by President Baer, in his circular, and reduce the price to around \$8.75.

Considerable coal brought from outside points during the strike remains unsold, and after being stripped of its clothing has been cutting prices to \$10 and \$12 a ton, in order to get out of their high-priced purchases with as little loss as possible.

### Cruiser Delayed for Want of Coal.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—The cruiser Olympia, which is to be the flagship of Rear-Admiral Coghlan in the Winter District 5, stated today that all the supplies for the vessel are being delivered at New York Navy-Yard on account of the lack of coal. Several Atlantic liner passenger-boats are also being delayed on account of the lack of coal and the slowness of its delivery.

### TROOPS TO BE WITHDRAWN.

### Governor Stone Issues General Order but Specifies No Time.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 24.—General orders for the withdrawal of the troops in the anthracite coal regions were issued by Governor Stone to Major-General Miller today. The orders do not state the time and manner of withdrawing the troops, but it is expected that the state authorities will bring all of them home with the possible exception of two or three regiments before election day. This will avoid the necessity of appointing a commission to each regiment to take the votes of the soldiers in the field and the preparation of a special form of ballots.

### Three Batteries Recalled.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Oct. 24.—Major-General Miller today issued an order recalling Batteries A, of Philadelphia; B, of Pittsburg, and C, of Phoenixville. It is believed that one or more regiments will be ordered home tomorrow.

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### WILL INTEREST EVERYBODY

### Or at Least Everyone Who Suffers From Catarrh.

Catarrh in its various forms is a National disease, and the fact that nearly everybody suffers from it more or less tends to make it a very common ailment. Nasal catarrh is a common cause of headache, destroys sense of smell, and if neglected reaches the throat, causing impaction and sometimes total loss of voice. Bronchial catarrh leads easily to consumption. Catarrh of stomach and liver are very serious and obstinate troubles, while it is now generally admitted that catarrh is the most common of all causes of deafness.

All of the more serious forms of catarrh begin with nasal catarrh, the local symptoms being a profuse discharge, stoppage of nostrils, irritation and consequent clearing of the throat, sneezing, coughing and gagging.

The old style of treatment with douches, irrigations, sprays, etc., simply give temporary relief, and everybody who has used any of them knows how useless they are, and their inconvenience is such that very few have the time or patience to continue their use.

A radical cure of catarrh can only be obtained from a treatment which removes the catarrhal taint from the blood, because no one can ever dispute that catarrh is a constitutional or blood disease, and local applications can have no effect except temporarily to relieve local symptoms.

A new remedy which has been remarkably successful in curing catarrh is a pleasant tasting tablet which is taken internally and acts upon the blood and mucous membranes.

It is composed of antiseptic remedies like red gum