#### TWO VERSIONS OF IT

Story of Beauchene's Death Told to the Jury.

CAUSE OF HIS BEING KILLED

State Says He Accused White of Picking His Pocket-Defense Says It Was Culmination of a Brawl -Progress of Evidence.

The actual work of trying Andrew White The actual work of trying Andrew White on the charge of killing Peter Beauchene was begun yesterday afternoon after more than half the day had been consumed in picking out the three remaining jurors from among the large number of men cummoned. Two special venires, one of five and the other of three men, were summoned, and the last man of the last three, I. Shanahan, was found acceptable to both sides. The difficulty generally with the others was that, after reading the the others was that, after reading the story of the killing in The Oregonian, they formed opinions which could only be changed by evidence. One man was rejected because he was opposed to capital punishment. The jury was completed at 2:40 P. M., and was sworn, as follows:

George Robertson, W. A. Alcorn, Pletcher Gilbert, D. H. Harnett, Philo Holbrook, F. M. Sutford, Charles Urfer, Sam M. Lacy, D. M. Averill, A. Rasmussen, J. L. Stewart and L. Shanahan.

Before District Attorney Chamberlain began his opening address to the jury

began his opening address to the jury Judge Frarer ordered all witnesses to re-main outside the courtroom except when they were actually testifying. This was done at the request of counsel for the de-fense, but several witnesses made their way into the courtroom later in the day, and may come in for a reprimand this

Case for the State.

Mr. Chamberiain then stated the case for the state. He said it was charged that White killed Branchene on August 22 by striking him on the head and body with a piece of wood at a point on Jefferson street beyond where the cars turn to go to Portland Heights. He described the locality and the acceptance of the cars to the locality and the acceptance of the cars to the locality and the acceptance of the cars to the cars to the locality and the acceptance of the cars to th to Portising Heights. He assertion the locality and the position of the two saloons which figure in the case. He said that the evidence would show that Beauchene left home after supper, about 7 o'clock in the evening of the fatal Friday, and went to the saloon where the cars turn to go up the hill (Campbell's). He, Andrew and fom White, one or more of the Del-echneders and others were there together, and some of them went to Rapp's saloon, all being more or less drunk. Joe Del-chneders and Resuchers remarked in the schneider and Beauchene remained in the saloon at the entrance to the garden, then crossed the street to where an old wagon bed stood in front of the sidewalk, and Where the two Whites and King sat. Ther they moved and sat on the curb, White and Beauchene next to one another..
White sent over to the saloon and got some boer, and they all drank. Beau-chene, said Mr. Chamberlain, was so drunk that he leaned back with his hand under his head, and then White put his hand in Beauchene's pocket. Beauchene told him to take his hand out of his pocket. Then, said the attorney, White got up, stepped out into the street, picked up a heavy piece of wood, and struck Beauchene on the head while he was thus reclining. The blow fractured his skull, and, except for a groan, he made no sound.

Joe Delachneider and young Keefe then got up, and White, said the lawyer, told

them they must not say anything about it, or he would fix them. They ran up the hill to the next corner, and some of the hill to the next corner, and some of the hilling of them and they stopped. The two Whites and King then came up to them, and Andrew White told them again that they must say nothing or he would the them. Delischneider and King went the killing occurred, but Keefe and White went back past the city barn and came went back past the city barn and came. went back past the city barn and came down town. All the members of the party were found that night or the next mornat Vancouver, where he was traveling un-der an assumed name, and was brought back to the city.

The state would show that shortly be Fore the killing White had no money, but Beauchene had between \$50 and \$80. White had borrowed money at a saloon that af-ternoon. After the killing Beauchene had no money except \$2.80. He would leave the jury to deduce the motive for the deed

Version of the Defense.

In opening his statement of the case from the standpoint of the defense, Dan J. Majarkey said the whole affair was the outcome of a drunken brawl. A few days before, White had returned from work at the fisheries near Astoria to his home, where he lived with his mother and sis-ters. He brought some money home, and about 10 or 11 o'clock on the morning of the killing went to Campbell's saloon, at the corner of Chapman and Jefferson etreets, and began to drink. He then went down town and fell in with King. Mr. Malnrkey here produced a plat of the lo-cality of the killing, which had been pre-pared by Surveyor A. S. Greenleaf, and showed the different points referred to as the told his story. White, he said, loaded the told his story. White, he said, lonfed around there all afternoon, and in the afternoon he and King were joined by his brother Tom. They ate no dinner, and at supper time were too drunk to think about eating. They went to an old barn. got a two-quart bucket, and kept filling it with beer at the saloc

me, he said, left home between 6 and 7 o'clock and wandered into this "bad lands" district. He stopped at Campbell's saloon and started drinking. He met Joe Delschneider there. "I don't believe they drank in the other saloon with Beau-chene," said the lawyer, "but they were all so drunk that they cannot remember Sabout 8 or 9 o'clock White and the boys nd 7 o'clock and wandered into this "bad randered into Campbell's saloon, stum-led against a man from down town and began drinking there. Campbell refused to the other saloon, where Beauchene was drinking and boisterous, and they all got

White's Story of Killing.

"Beauchene came out and sat on the curb with them, but they were all so drunk that they had no clear conception of what happened. Early in the evening auchene had sent for a can of beer, the price of which was 20 cents. He gave the man a quarter, and a dispute arcse about the nickel change. Beauchene accused White of 'knocking down' 5 cents, and White had some recollection of Beauchene's knocking him off the porch. As they sat on the curb the altercation was resumed, and Beauchene was killed. I don't believe White was in a state of mind to form any intention to kill or rob him. When Beauchene was hit none of the men thought he was injured seriously, but they all got up and wandered away." Mr. Maiarkey then traced Andrew

White's movements, saying: "He has an impression of passing the city barn and going down town, but does not know where he went or what he did. He awoke next morning in the yard of the vestry of Trinly Church. He got up and got a drink, and then saw the story in The Oregonian about the finding of Beauchene's body, in which his name was mentioned. His nerves were affected by drinking, and he did not wish to cause trouble to his mother and sisters, so he walked across the bridge to Vancouver, where he continued drinking. ' He had about made up his mind to come back, when he was afrested, and came back intarily. As far as he was concerned he had no money except his own, so there

nothing in the robbery charge."

Then the state began to offer testimony,

its first witness being Dr. J. D. Fenton, who gave the result of the autopsy he held on Beauchene's body. He said he found three distinct lines on the side of

found three distinct lines on the side of the head, above the ear, about a quarter of an inch apart, and three inches long, a fracture of the scalp running across the top and down the back of the head; an-other fracture of the left temporal bone. The abrasions of the scalp were like the scratch of a pin. The fracture was caused by an external blow, the effect of which was death. He believed the tenus was like was death. He believed the injury was in-flicted with the flat side of a wesporf, or a side so protected as to prevent lacera

Under cross-examination the doctor's atbetween his testimony and his report on the autopsy, as he said in the latter that the three scratches were half an inch apart. He believed the injury was so ex-tensive that Beauchene died instantly, and did not believe more than one blow was struck.

George Nerton, Chief of Police of Vanouver, testified to the arrest of White in George Eckhart's saloon, about a mile ast of the Vancouver city limits, about 4 P. M. on August 25. He said:

"I took him into a side room and ques-tioned him. He said his name was Frank Ellis, and that he lived in Astoria. He said he did not know Detectives Kerrigan and Snow and had never lived in Portland. I said: 'I know who you are. You are Andrew White, and you are wanted in Portland for the murder of Peter Beau-chene.' I had not seen him in Vancouver prior to his arrest."

H. R. Caples, a farmer near Vancouver orroborated this testimony. He testified that White told Nerton that he had just come up from Astoria, where he had been fishing, had crossed the river at Kalama and walked to Vancouver. He had 50 cents in his pocket when searched.



IN FIVE MONTHS. Experience of a Washington County Farmer Who Followed Advice

H. V. Whitney, a farmer of Manning, H. V. Whitney, a farmer of maining, Washington County, yesterday brought to the Portland stockyards six of the finest shoats, all things considered, that have, been seen there for a long time. They are a few days less than five months old, and the whole bunch the scale at exactly 1800 pounds or 180 pounds to the and the whole bunch tips the scale at the actly 1889 pounds, or 189 pounds to the pig. Mr. Whitney estimates the cost of producing the animals, including all labor and materials, at \$4.40 each. He received for them \$10.80 each, or a clear profit of

of Director Withycombe.

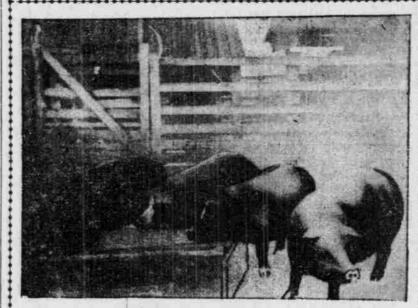
Six 40 on the six hogs.

For the first two months of the life of these pigs they ran with their mother on a rape and pea pesture, with skimmlik and shorts morning and evening. For the next two months they lived entered the product of the rest two months they lived entered to the rest two months. tirely on the rape and pos pasture. For the past four weeks they were kept up in the pen and fed wheat, chop and shorts. This process brought their cost up to 214 cents a pound, while they brought readily in the market 6 cents.

The rape plant, which furnished the principal roughness and forage for these hogs, was introduced into Oregon by Dr. James Withycombe, now Director of the Oregon Agricultural Experiment Station fishing, had crossed the river at Kalama and walked to Vancouver. He had 50 cents in his pocket when searched.

Finding of the Body.

L. C. Fones, the motorman to whom from becoming too rank. The butter-fat



PIGS LESS THAN FIVE MONTHS OLD, WEIGHING 180 POUNDS EACH, RAISED CHIEFLY ON RAPE AND PEA PASTURE IN WASHING-TON COUNTY AND MARKETED IN PORTLAND.

said he went to it between 11:50 and 11:55 P. M. on August 22. It was lying face lownward on the sidewalk, the feet hanging over the curb, about 100 feet due west of the turniable. He saw a clot of blood about three feet to the left. He turned the body over and found it was bleeding from the mouth and nose. He felt the heart heating. He tried to set the body on its feet, but could not. The only sign of life Beauchene gave was that he straightened his, leg out. He summoned Policeman Daniel Connors, and they went

Mrs. Beauchene, widow of the dead man, gave her testimony with dramatic brevity. She said she last saw her husband alive He had gone home to supper a 6:15, and stayed about an hour. Only her husband and daughter were with her. "When did you next see him?" asked

"At the morgue, next morning," was the inswer, with a slight break in the voice. Mrs. Beauchene went on to say that her husband had money when he went home, for he took out a small purse and laid it beside his plate at rupper, and she could see that it was full of money, but she did not know how much there was. He put it in his pocket again before he went out, She saw the purse empty at the under-

taker's. Beauchene Had Money.

Otto Brunke, a former employe of Beau chene, said that his employer was at the shop the whole day before his death and before the witness left, about 5:10 o'clock. They figured up the business of the day and Beauchene had \$50 or \$70, mostly in gold, when he started home. He next saw his employer dead at the morgue He next shout 6:30 next morning.

Under cross-examination, the witness said Beauchene kept a safe in the blacksmith shop, and kept money in it. Mr. Chamberlain followed this up by drawing out the statement that there was \$120 in gold, \$11 in checks and \$3 or \$4 in silver in the safe on the night in question, as the witness put it there himself. He opened the safe after Beauchene's death and found the same amount there. The \$120 had been there about two weeks, having been received in payment for a horse sold to Mr. Wilton. In answer to Mr. Malarkey, Mr. Brunke said Beauchene very seldom carried money in his pocket, Daniel Connors, the policeman, who was on the beat at the scene of the killing, said he got to the place where the body was found about 12:06. He had seen the whole party on the sidewalk opposite Rapp's during the evening, and they were all holsterous and jolly. Fones told him of the killing when he returned from supper, about 12:06. His testimony corrobo rated that of Fones as to the position of When Kerrigan came they examined the body and found \$2 %, and an empty purse in the pockets. He also told of finding "Bull" White, too drunk to get away, and sending him to the station, also of finding John Keefe in bed.

Mr. Chamberiain hopes to close the case for the state by noon today, and it is expected that the case will go to the jury

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

Hotel Quimby Renovated and Refur-Throughout - Charles Broock and Thomas McNamee Proprietors.

The Hotel Quimby, corner Fourth and Couch streets, changed hands October 1. Charles Broock and Thomas McNamee two gentlemen well known in Portand and throughout the State, are now the proprietors, All modern conveniences enjoyed at first-class houses will be found at the Quimby, although the prices charged will be found extremely moderate, ranging from \$1.00 a day upwards. The house has been refurnished and renovated throughout and it will be the aim of the new management to make it one of the most select family hotels in Portland.

GAINING STRENGTH DAILY.

A Valuable Constitutional Tonic. Horsford's Acid Phosphate not only cor-rects disorders which undermine health, but also bullds up the entire physical sys-tem on a permanent foundation. It cures in the right way.

Whitney sold to a neighboring creamery. He is so well pleased with his experience this season that he declares his purpose to increase his herd of milch cows, his acreage of rape and his drove of hogs. The pigs marketed yesterday are Berkshire and Poland China, all black, and as fine specimens of percine beauty as ever go to the shambles. They were purchased

by the Union Meat Company, Competent men who have examined into the conditions for pork-raising in the Co-lumbia Basin declare that every 160-acre farm ought to turn off every year a car-load of 200-pound hogs, while the actual fact is that many of the farmers have no hogs, and the average is only eight to the farm. But the industry is increase. to the farm. But the industry is increasing, new farmers continually coming to the same conclusion that Mr. Whitney has reached.

OREGON SHEEP FOR CALIFORNIA. Thousands Taken Down to Fatten on

Five thousand sheep came into the Portland stockyards yesterday from Eastern Oregon, on their way to the Lower Sacramento Valley. They will be turned on the island stubble fields near below Sacramento and in due course find their way to the market as mutton sheep. These animals are moved by D. I. Walz, of Sacramento, who has taken nearly 40,000 sheep out of Oregon this season to the California feeding ground. Many more are yet to go forward, making about 60,000 for his season's work.

For a few years past Mr. Walz has been taking Oregon sheep to California to fatten on the waste of the grain fields. Before this senson he trailed them over-land. But this year, through the representations of Industrial Agent Judson of the O. R. & N., Mr. Walz determined to try shipping by rail and the results are so satisfactory that he will keep it up. About 100,000 other sheep are be-ing trailed out of Oregon for California feeding this season and it is probable that all these feeders will be shipped by rall through Portland next year with the increased stockyard facilities that are promised. Stubble fattening of sheep is also to be encouraged in Oregon as a result of the work of Colonel Judson, who is firm in the conviction that this is a sure way to turn farm waste into profit.

LIQUOR DEALERS CONFER Discuss Early Closing Ordinance, but Take No Action.

The 1 o'clock closing ordinance was dis cussed in all of its phases yesterday at the meeting of the Oregon Liquor Deal-ers' Protective Association, but what action the members will take in the matter

has not yet been announced.
"We believe that if one closes, all ought to close," they said; "or if some are allowed to keep open, they ought to be made to pay a special license for the privilege." Beyond this, they would have nothing to say. A great many of the members are men who close at 1 o'clock. or before, without being compelled to. "In fact," said one, "It would be a much harder thing to compel me to keep open all night. I can do all that I want to by the time the cars stop running." The saloonkeepers, however, state that they are willing to stand by their brothers that want to keep an open house, but will not state in what way they will stand by them.

VINEGAR MUST BE PURE. If It's Not, Food Commissioner Bailey Will Catch the Seller.

The bogey man will get dealers in vine-gar if they don't watch out. Food Commissioner J. W. Bailey has notified them that they must be careful not to deceive consumers with counterfelt cider vinegar. "Acid" vinegar is under the ban of the law, and the seiling of it is punishable by a fine of from \$25 to \$100, or by imprisonment of from one to six months. Vinegar is deemed to be adulterated "that con-tains an acidity of less than 4 per cent of absolute acetic acid, and 1½ per cent of cider vinegar solids, or that is made of anything else than absolute apple

A great deal of inferior or suspiciouslooking vinegar has been imported to Ore-gon from the East in the past. Mr. Bailey is trying to raise the standard of commercial vinegar here, and hopes some day to see Oregon produce enough vine-gar for its own consumption and for ex-port. Now it produces only a small part

of what it uses. Mr. Bailey is encouraged to this action by the promised establishment of new apple-cider factories throughout the state. A big factory at Grant's Pass has just been established, and will start up next week. Its output will be from 60 to 80 barrels a day. Six tanks, each of 4000 gallons' capacity, are under construction at Portland for the plant. The company behind the enter-

under construction at Portland for the plant. The company behind the enterprise has \$600 capital. It will be prepared to make not only cider and vinegar, but also jams and jeilles. The country between Medford and Ashland will supply the bulk of the apples used.

Mr. Bailey has just returned from Southern Oregon. "The apple industry down there is making great progress," says he. Last year the area in apple trees was increased between 2000 and 3000 acres. was increased between 2000 and 3000 acres. This year it will be enlarged fully as much. The harvest is now in full swing. The apples are of fine quality, although dry weather reduced their size. But good-ness knows they are large enough, any-

Mr. Bailey intends to give cider vine-gar factories in Oregon all the encouragegar factories in Oregon all the encourage-ment his official position will allow him to give. In this way he hopes to assist in building up an important home industry. "Oregon is the best apple country on earth." says he. "Why should it not pro-duce its own vinegar?"

HUNTERS CROSS THE LINE California Sportsmen Visit Oregon

to Prey on Game.

Hundreds of hunters are swarming over the state line from California to shoot the Oregon pheasant. This privilege costs them only a railroad ticket, because Oregon does not license sportsmen of outside states to prey upon its game. In this re-spect the taxpayers of Oregon, who pay money to protect game, are on the same plane with hunters who butt in from out-side places, pay nothing for the damage they do, and return whence they came. Game Warden Quimby says that Oregon should follow the example of other states and collect toll from these "aliens." If they were taxed, the proceeds would meet the cost of wardens and his deputies services, and would yield more for the officers to work on than they now get from the Legislature. The annual appropriation for the Game and Forestry Warden's office is \$4200. Mr. Quimby also advises that the open

eason for hunting upland birds be short-ned. The season is now 60 days, and he thinks it should be made 30. The laws at present do not give pheasants equip pro-tection, and this is evidenced by the great scarcity of birds this season. Reports from everywhere show that the number of pheasants has been lessened to a deof pneasants has been lessened to a degree that is almost alarming. This condition is due partly to cold rains last Spring, which killed young birds after they were hatched; but it is also due to the destruction wrought by hunters. In Lane and Linn Counties pheasants are scarce Lest searce heaters. scarce. Last season between 5000 and 6000 birds were shipped from those counties to market.

Some Eastern States not only license outside hunters and prohibit marketing of birds, but also require all hunters to be accompanied by guides. The guides protect the game and also the forests. Mr. Quimby thinks a demand for more reforms laws for protection of forests will soon be made by the owners of timber land, who have acquired large hold-ings here in the past two years.

GAMBLER BREAKS JAIL. Henry K. Long Escapes From Prison

in Vale.

Henry K. Long, who is well known among the sporting fraternity of Portland as a desperate gambler, and who was arrested for shooting a Chinese restaurant-keeper in Ontario in July, escaped from the jail at Vale, Malheur County, last Wednesday. Long had been held for trial for the shooting affray, but he was given the privileges of the courtyard. When his guard was absent he unhitched a pair of horses which were standing near by, and, mounting one and leading the by, and, mounting one and leading the other, he took to the road. Deputy Sheriff Glenn pursued him and fired five shots at him when he came within shooting dis-tance, but none of them took effect. Darkness set in soon after, and Glenn had to

give up the chase.

Before his escape Long had declared that he would never serve a term in the nim well says he will die rather than be

"Long," he says, "is an expert faro He could give Tracy and Merrill cards and spades and beat them at their own game. He has been in several shooting scrapes in Burns and vicinity, and he has always escaped without injury to himself. Only escaped without injury to himself. Only recently he was released from the peni-tentiary, where he served a term for horsestealing in Malheur County. He is undoubtedly in Burns, where he has a number of friends."

RUBBERS GIVEN AWAY THURSDAY.

On Thursday of this week we will show the advance Fall and Winter styles of ladies' \$2.59 "Ultra" shoes. They have cushion cork insoles and are so comfortable. On this day, and this day only each person who buys a pair of ladies' shoes will be presented with a pair of storm rubbers of the reguar 50c value. Remember, for this Thursday only.

M. BILLINGS. 229 Morrison.

HOOD RIVER FRUIT FAIR.

On account of the Hood River Fruit Fair, October 8, 9, 10, the O. R. & N., on above dates, will sell round-trip ticket from Portland for \$2 25; final limit Octo-ber II.

Output of Walla Walla Jute Mill. WALLA WALLA, Oct. 7.-The output of the Washington State Penitentiary for 1902 was 1,488.949 jute bags, or their

equivalent in burlap goods. There are 168,813 bags still on hand at the close of the demand for the year. The average working force was 255 convicts. The mill will remain closed for six weeks while repairs are made. At the present bales of jute are en route from Calcutta, India.

Every day increases the popularity and sale of Carter's Little Liver Pills. The reason is that when once used relief is sure to follow. Don't forget this.



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On Saturday, October 11, this store will be closed all day and evening.

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"Hawes" hats for men who want a good \$5.00 hat for \$3.00, Derbys or Fedoras-Boys' rain coats and capes-A comfort and a necessity-Low prices. (Second floor.) French, Schriner & Urner shoes for men who want good footwear-\$5.00 and \$6.00 per pair.



# Department

Hosts of new hats ready today-Many of them the work of our own adept milliners-Others have come thousands of miles -The reasonableness of the prices gives added charm-As it does not require a great outlay to become the possessor of the very best and most correct in Fall and Winter headgear.

Beautiful new creations of black velvet lace and jet-Superb styles in elegant and attractive combinations-Hats easily worth \$7.50 you can buy today at \$4.98.

A great variety of new creations-Very lat-est shapes and trimmed in the most approved fashious-Every taste can be pleased from this \$5.98 lot without much looking.

Trimmed walking hats-Fully two hundred styles-Every new shape-Nattily trimmed-Tailor-made effect-Exceptional values from 49c to \$4.98 each.

Infant's and children's caps and bonnets-Handsome new styles in silk or wool-Very large variety-Lowest prices.

## The "La Grecque" Corsets Are Best

Because the wearer may be stout or thin-Young or old-But she is always stylish because she feels and looks her best and expresses it in every line and motion-La Grecque corsets are for every figure-La Grecque corsets beautify, aid and correct according to individual needs, developing each figure into that indefinable personal grace that is the keynote of style-The new long hip model comfortably encompasses the entire hip showing no ridge or line even through an unlined skirt—Our corset department has a complete stock of all the new La Grecque models and an expert fitter to attend you. (Second floor)



DOCTOR DENTON'S SLEEPING GARMENT

For children of all ages-The only correct night dress on the market-Healthy, warm and comfortable-Complete in every detail-We're selling hundreds-See them-(Second floor.)

#### Hosiery 23c



Good picking in black and fancy | For waists—The season's most hosiery for ladies-The second of- desirable patterns and colorfering of the season in Lord & Tay- lings - Many silk-striped eflor samples-Great variety of styles | fects-27 inches wide-Thousin lace effects-plain black-stripes, dots and checks-All sizes and extraordinary value at

At regular hosiery counter.

ands of yards sold yesterday -Just as good an assortment for today-Buy your waist flannels at a big saving-Val-

Flannels

EMBROIDERIES Dainty edgings and insertions-Many matched sets-Widths 2 to 6 inch es-A most tempting embroidery bargain-Values up to 40c a yard-14c PER YARD Choice 14c yard. (Large bargain counter)

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All the most fashionable styles, including the favorite Rough Rider Suits, in both rough and smooth materials. Our selection includes a wide range of values. All properly priced.

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In the treatment of chronic diseases, such as liver, hidney and stomach disorders, constitution, diarrhooa, dropsical swellings, Bright's disease, etc.

KIDNEY AND URINARY Complaints, painful, difficult, too frequent, milky of bloody urine, unnatural discharges speedily cured. DISEASES OF THE RECTUM uch as piles, fistula, fissure, ulceration, mucous and doody discharges, cured without the knife, pain or

DISEASES OF MEN

polson, gleet, stricture, unnatural losses, im-thoroughly cured. No failures. Cures guar-

YOUNG MEN troubled with night emissions, dreams, exhausting drains, bash-fulness, aversion to society which deprive you of your manhood, UNFITS YOU FOR BUSINESS OR MARRIAGE. MIDDLE-AGED MEN who from excesses and strains have lost their MANLY MIDDLE-AGED MEN who from excesses and strains have lost their POWER, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, painful, bloody urine, Gleet, Stricture, enlarged prostate. Sexual Debility, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Kidney and Liver Troubles, cured without MERCURY AND OTHER POISONOUS DRUGS. Catarrh and Rheumatism CURED.

Dr. Walker's methods are regular and scientific. He uses no patent nostrums or ready-made preparations, but cures the disease by thorough medical treatment, His New, Familiation Private Diseases sent free to all men who describe their trouble. PATIENTS cured at home. Terms reasonable. All letters answered in plain envelope. Consultation free and sacredly confidential. Call on or address.

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