RIOTING AT MINES

Lawlessness of Strikers Calls Out More Troops.

MOBS ATTACK NONUNION MEN

Disturbances Extend Over 100 Miles in the Hard-Coal District—If Disorder Continues, Governor Will Reinforce Soldiers.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 24.—Of the 10 anthracite coal-producing counties of Pennsylvania, state troops are encamped in five. Despite the presence of the troops in these districts, rioting and general lawlessness continues in the hard-coal territory from Forest City, Susquehanna County, on the north, to Williamstown, Dauphin County, on the south, a distance of more than 100 miles. The section of the strike region in the vicinity of Forest City, which has been comparatively quiet ever since the strike began, was greatly wrought up today by crowds of strikers interfering with and beating men who had returned to work, and as a result Sheriff Maxey, of Susquehanna County, tonight asked Governor Stone for troops to assist him and other civil authorities to preserve the peace.

At present there are four full regiments, two companies of another, and two troops of cavalry in the field. The Thirteenth Regiment is camped at Oliphant, six miles north of Scranton; the Ninth is quartered at its armory in Wilkesbarre; the Eighth Regiment and the Second Philadelphia Troop are under canvas on the top of a hill overlooking Shenandoah; one battalion of the Twelfth and Governor's Troops is in the Panther Creek Valley, and one battalion of the Twelfth is preserving order in the City of Lebanon, where the iron and steel workers are situated. If the disorder continues, Governor Stone will be compelled to call out additional soldiers.

No Big General Riot.

While there has been no big general riot, the disturbances have been of such a serious nature as to cause the authorities much apprehension. Every effort is being made by the Sheriffs of the several counties affected and the troops to prevent disturbances from growing to such an extent as to cause bloodshed. Reports are coming in from every section of nonunion men and others being either shot or clubbed. Houses of workmen have been burned or dynamited, and attempts have been made to hold up coal trains or derail them.

Coal is being shipped from many parts of the coal fields to market, but, compared with the normal output, the quantity is insignificant. The output for this week will be much less than the average production of one day, which is about 200,000 tons. The strikers assert that very little of the coal is freshly mined, and that it is mostly coal washed from the culm banks or has been stored at various points since the strike began.

MILITARY HAS A GOOD EFFECT.

After a Day of Terror, Quiet Is Restored at the Wilkesbarre Mines.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 24.—A reign of terror existed in this city today, but the presence of the military has already had a good effect, and tonight everything is quiet at the mines.

At Nanticoke the street-cars were boarded by the mob in search of nonunion men coming from or going to work, and a crowd of 500 men and boys refused to allow nonunion workmen to cross the Susquehanna River bridge at that point this morning. A Deputy Sheriff read the riot act, and the mob dispersed.

A Sheriff's posse and a crowd of strikers exchanged shots at Wanamie after the latter had derailed a train of coal cars. At Plymouth nonunion men on their way home from No. 2 were beaten so badly that they were left on the roadway for dead.

A big crowd of strikers attempted to prevent nonunion men employed at the colliery of the Lehigh Coal Company at Sturgeonville from going to work this morning. A number of Deputy Sheriffs in charge of Thomas Burke tried to protect the men. A fight followed, in which several shots were fired. David Richards, a fire boss, was shot in the leg, and David Harris and John P. Stroh were beaten on the head with clubs. Burke was also knocked down with a stone and rendered unconscious. Coal and iron police finally dispersed the mob. Magistrate Ebret, of West Pittston, issued warrants for 25 of the ringleaders engaged in the riot.

A Central Railway of New Jersey train, which was moving out of a mine siding at Warrior Run last night, was derailed by an open switch, which had been tampered with by unknown persons. The crew escaped by jumping, and the cars were piled up in a big wreck. The coal which the train was carrying was intended for New York.

TROOPS QUELL THREE RIOTS.

Strikers Hold Up a Train at Priceburg and Attack Workmen.

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 24.—Three calls were made on the Thirteenth Regiment today to quell disturbances. The first came at 9 o'clock in the morning from Johnson No. 2 colliery at Priceburg, where the strikers were holding up a coal train with obstructions on the track and threats against the train hands. Major B. Rushfield, with two companies, hurried there on a special train and dispersed the crowd. This evening the same soldiers were called to the same place to disperse a crowd that was chasing nonunion men returning from work. Two strikers, one with an ax and the other with a knife, were arrested by the soldiers and taken to the camp.

About 5:30 in the afternoon two Hungarians were returning from work at the Temple Company's Sterrick Creek colliery in Jessup, and were chased by a crowd of strikers, mostly foreigners. The fugitives fired several shots, and this brought the whole neighborhood to the scene. Immediately a general hunt was organized by the strikers and their sympathizers, with nonunion men coming from all adjacent collieries as their quarry. Half a dozen different groups of nonunion men were chased by as many different crowds in as many different directions. Shots were freely exchanged. While the neighborhood was still in an uproar two militia companies from the camp at Oliphant, four miles away, arrived, and the huntsmen sought cover. Charles Webster, of Peckville, suffered the fracture of three ribs and his head was broken; the head of Charles Coley, of Peckville, was gashed with a stone, and Fred Mason, of Oliphant, was badly used up by blows from clubs and stones. All three work at the Sterrick Creek colliery.

TROOPS ORDERED TO MOBILIZE.

Ninth Regiment at Wilkesbarre Ready to Respond to Any Call.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 24.—In compliance with the request of Sheriff Jacobs and numerous other citizens of Luzerne County, Governor Stone today ordered the Ninth Regiment, N. G. P., to mobilize at Wilkesbarre. The regiment has its headquarters here, and three hours after the order had been received the regiment, with the exception of the Hazleton company, was ready for the field. The regiment consists of 12 companies, and has a membership of about 750. A number of mineworkers are in the regiment, but all responded readily to the call. The soldiers will remain in the armory ready to respond to any call. President Mitchell refused to make any comments on Sheriff Jacobs' action in asking the Governor for troops for the Wyoming region. He said the presence of the troops would not interfere with any of his plans, which were to push the strike to a successful issue. He said the strike situation was unchanged.

Sheriff Jacobs, in a statement issued to the public, explains at length why he called on the Governor for troops. He says the outbreaks were becoming too numerous, and, with the limited number of men at his command, he could not cope with the unlawful assemblies that gathered in various places throughout the county.

PITCHED BATTLE AT LEBANON.

Troops Disperse the Mob and Arrest Thirty of Its Members.

LEBANON, Pa., Sept. 24.—In the darkness of early morning a battle between a mob and the men inside the American Iron & Steel Company's mill took place, and several were shot, none fatally. The soldiers stopped the affray and made many arrests.

Under cover of darkness a number of men gathered in a cornfield and opened fire on the works in regular volleys. The men inside the works assembled in force and returned the fire. The soldiers were summoned, and raided the cornfield, arresting 30 of the mob, a large number of whom, it is said, were armed. Other arrests were made later, and soldiers patrolled the streets, arresting those who refused to move on. Few people went to bed, and firing was heard from the vicinity of the mills all night.

Today the situation is more quiet, although an ugly feeling prevails. The soldiers sent here last night are on duty and have pitched their tents, apparently for a long stay. No move has been made to send the colored ironworkers away, as the management of the American Iron & Steel Company is said to have promised Mayor Hess yesterday, and it now looks as if they are to stay.

URGENT REQUEST FOR TROOPS.

Large Mob Attacks Miners as They Are Going Home From Work.

SUSQUEHANNA, Pa., Sept. 24.—The urgent request for troops was made tonight to Governor Stone by Sheriff Maxey, of Susquehanna County. This morning No. 2 colliery, of the Hillside Coal & Iron Company, at Forest City, resumed operations, and this evening, as the men were returning from work, they were set upon by a mob of between 200 and 300 men, women and boys, and followed to their homes and pelted with sticks and stones. Shots were fired on each side, but none of them took effect.

After the men were driven to their homes the mob surged through the streets and by order of the Burgess all of the saloons of the borough were closed. So serious was the situation that Sheriff Maxey called the leading men of the borough together, and after conferring with them asked the Governor for troops.

BUTTE TO GIVE BIG BENEFIT.

Captain Jack Crawford's Plan Expected to Net $5000 for Strikers.

BUTTE, Mont., Sept. 24.—A monster benefit for the striking miners in the Pennsylvania coal fields is being arranged by Butte miners, with the sanction and assistance of President Dan McDonald, of the American Labor Union. The American Labor Union last week sent President Mitchell a check for $3000, raised among local miners. It is expected that $5000 will be raised at the coming benefit, as box seats are to be sold at auction. United States Senator W. A. Clark, of Butte, will preside. The principal addresses will be made by "Captain Jack" Crawford, the poet-scout, of Arizona. Captain Crawford, who is an old friend of J. Pierpont Morgan, and who has been a miner himself, has gotten up the benefit. Today he sent a letter to Morgan, urging him in the name of humanity to use his influence in settling the troubles in Pennsylvania.

PUNISHED FOR CAMPAIGNING.

Letter-Carrier's Vacation at End for Working Against Loud.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—As a result of reports that he was in California in the interest of the opposition to the re-election of Representative Loud, of that state, whose views on some legislation affecting the carriers have not coincided with those of the association, the leave of absence for nine months recently granted to President Keller, of the National Association of Letter-Carriers, was canceled today by Acting First Assistant Postmaster-General Hawley.

TURNS STATE'S EVIDENCE

Another St. Louis Boodler Testifies Against the Combine.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 24.—There was no session of the grand jury today, but important testimony is supposed to have been secured by Attorney Folk, who had before him a number of witnesses, among whom were ex-Councilmen Nethoff, Brinkmeyer and Hecel. While Brinkmeyer would not talk to the papers of his connection with any of the combines in the City Council, his appearance as a witness for the state in the Snyder trial, which will begin next Monday, and his consultation with Mr. Folk, seemed to indicate to those around the Four Courts that, like Nethoff, he had turned state's evidence. He is looked upon as a valuable witness for the state.

Judge Douglas, before whom ex-Delegates Schumacher, Helms, Schmettler and Tamblyn were arraigned today, and pleaded not guilty to charges of bribery and perjury, refused to reduce their bond and remanded them to jail to await trial on October 6.

Burke and Reddy Sentenced to Jail.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—At Birr, Kings County, Ireland, today, Edward Haviland-Burke, M. P., Michael Reddy, M. P. and chairman of the Birr Board of Guardians, and Michael Hogan were sentenced to three months' imprisonment at hard labor. They appealed from the sentence and were released on bail.

(Messrs. Haviland-Burke, Reddy, Lowry and Hogan were arraigned at Birr last Monday under the crimes act, charged with intimidating shopkeepers into joining the United Irish League.)

Phenomenon in Volcanic Eruption.

KINGSTOWN, Island of St. Vincent, Monday, Sept. 22.—The eruption of the Soufriere volcano yesterday was a dazzling phenomenon. At 6 o'clock at night the crater emitted a huge efflorescing cloud, which spread while rapidly ascending, changing from black to gray, and then to silver color, corruscating quickly and suddenly, until it appeared as if a red cauliflower had bloomed on its crest. This caused a glare over the city, but proved harmless. The eruption lasted about 15 minutes.

Killed While Defending Woman.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 24.—Because he sought to protect Mrs. E. G. Summers, who conducts a boarding-house, from the alleged cruelty of her husband, Oscar Fulger, a negro porter, was shot and killed by Summers. Summers is under arrest.

Mrs. Mollie Allen, of South Fork, Ky., says she has prevented attacks of cholera morbus by taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when she felt an attack coming on. Such attacks are usually caused by indigestion, and these tablets are just what is needed to cleanse the stomach and ward off the approaching attack. Attacks of bilious colic may be prevented in the same way. For sale by all druggists.

ROOT DEFENDS THE ARMY

SECRETARY ADDRESSES ILLINOIS REPUBLICAN CLUBS.

American Course in Philippines Proved to Be Humane, and In All Instances for the Best.

PEORIA, Sept. 24.—Secretary of War Root was the speaker at tonight's meeting of the Illinois League of Republican Clubs. The Coliseum was packed to the doors, and the Secretary was vociferously applauded. His address was confined entirely to the recent troubles in the Philippines and Cuba, and not once during the evening did he mention the tariff or the trusts. He said:

"The first spoken words by President Roosevelt when taking the oath of office at Buffalo were: 'It is my purpose to continue absolutely unbroken the policy of President McKinley for the peace, prosperity and honor of our beloved country.'

"I challenge judgment upon the truth and loyalty with which Theodore Roosevelt has redeemed his promise. The work of pacification and construction in Cuba has been completed. Military government had faithfully given effect to the humane purposes of the American people. With sincere kindness our officers had helped the Cubans to take steps necessary to the establishment of their own constitutional government.

"Of all executive problems following in the train of the Spanish War, the problem of the Philippines alone remained. Success there had not then been demonstrated, and it was still possible that failure might lead the American people to withdraw power from the Republicans' hands. Accordingly, the Philippine policy of the Administration was attacked."

The Secretary stated that in the early months of 1899, when the course of the United States toward the insurrection in the Philippines had been determined, there was no difference of opinion between the two parties as to the duty of the Administration. Then he read a number of editorials from the press throughout the country, both Republican and Democratic, showing there was only one thing to do, and that was to conquer the forces of Aguinaldo.

Secretary Root said that, notwithstanding the insurrection, the business of the islands has flourished, and has become nearly double what it was under Spanish rule. Then he spent some time in a denial of the stories told by the Democratic party during the insurrection. He gave statistics as to the number of soldiers in the islands, the losses by war and sickness, and then read a number of telegrams captured with Aguinaldo and other Generals. He then read a letter written by Jose Rizal, the greatest genius and most-revered patriot of the Philippines, in which he pleaded with his people to submit to American sovereignty as the only way in which to gain their freedom. The Secretary spent some time in telling of the attacks made upon the Administration by different members of the Senate and House, and said:

"The whole Army and its Generals were involved in the common condemnation. The gallant and fearless Funston was stigmatized by the Senator from Tennessee as 'a blatherskite Brigadier.' 'I do not know who General Wheaton is particularly,' said the Senator from Idaho, 'but I imagine he was a charity boy who was appointed to West Point by some Representative or Senator and educated by the Government.'

"Against the contemptuous and injurious aspersions upon the soldiers of the United States, I will call four witnesses. The first is William McKinley, who said: 'If any orders of mine were required to insure the merciful conduct of military and naval operations, they would not be lacking, but every step in the progress of our troops has been marked by that humanity which has surprised even the misguided insurgents.' The second is President Schurman, and, joining him, Admiral George Dewey and the other members of the first Philippine Commission, who said:

"'To those who derive satisfaction from seeing isolated occurrences, regrettable indeed but incident to every war, and making them the basis of sweeping accusations, this commission has nothing to say. Such wrongs as were actually committed against the natives were likely to be brought to our attention, and in every case that we investigated we found a willingness on the part of those in authority to administer prompt justice.'

"The third is Governor William H. Taft, who says: 'I desire to say that it is my deliberate judgment that there never was a war conducted against an inferior race, or others, in which there was more compassion and restraint and more generosity than there has been in the Philippines.'

"The fourth is Vice-Governor Luke E. Wright, who says: 'General Chaffee has no patience with any acts of oppression or cruelty, and whenever his attention has been called to them he has at once taken proper steps. The howl against the Army has been made mainly for political purposes, and the cruelties practiced have been largely exaggerated.'"

ROUTINE WORK OF CLUBS.

Roosevelt Is Heartily Indorsed for Renomination in 1904.

PEORIA, Sept. 24.—The convention of the State League of Republican Clubs opened at 10 o'clock today with 2000 delegates in attendance. President Parker, in his annual address, said:

"The young and inexperienced voter is prone to follow an individual rather than to support the party platform. He is apt to become a factionalist before he is a full-fledged Republican. The Republican party exists to better general conditions, and the large majority of its members welcome internal improvements. Conduct your fight for what you think is right from within the party rather than carry on a separate campaign from a detached point which to the naked eye appears suspiciously like the camp of the enemy."

The programme for the day includes a mass meeting to be addressed by Secretary of War Root.

Clarence W. Buck, general secretary, was elected president of the league. The resolutions renew allegiance to the platform of the Republican state and National conventions, and, after expressing sorrow at the deaths of President McKinley and Governor Tanner, they continue:

"In the hands of Theodore Roosevelt, the Government is safe in his guidance, our dignity as a Nation will be maintained at home and abroad, and his demands for efficiency in the Government employes merits the warmest approval of the whole people.

"We believe his views upon the tariff, reciprocity and the trust questions are in harmony with the Republican party in Illinois, and that they are deserving of the earnest support of all the people. Capable, honest, intellectual, a statesman, a scholar, a patriot, he deserves the highest approval and richest honors within the bestowal of our people, and we heartily indorse the movement already well begun for his nomination in 1904.

"We deplore the accident which has befallen our beloved President, and, in common with all the people, trust he will speedily recover from his injury."

CLARK STANDS BY BRYAN.

Montana Democrats Reaffirm the Kansas City Platform.

BOZEMAN, Mont., Sept. 24.—The Democratic State Convention here this afternoon nominated Judge Jerre B. Leslie, of Great Falls, for Associate Justice, and John M. Evans, of Missoula, for Congressman. No other nominations are to be made. Judge Leslie, ex-Associate Justice Robert Lee Word, of Helena, and Judge D. F. Smith, of Teton County, were nominated, Judge Leslie winning on the first ballot.

United States Senator W. A. Clark and his friends had absolute control of the convention today. Senator Clark presided as temporary chairman when the convention opened. The committee on credentials reported in favor of seating the Clark delegations from Silver Bow and Granite Counties, and the report was adopted. State Senator Charles W. Hoffman, of Bozeman, a well-known supporter of Senator Clark, was made permanent chairman.

The platform pledges the party to a "continuing loyalty to the principles of the Democratic party as enunciated at the National convention held at Kansas City." It indorses the state administration, and commends the action of the representatives in Congress on all public questions. It approves the irrigation law, favors legislation to prevent the immigration of the vicious, favors a speedy construction of the isthmian canal, favors a strict enforcement of the Chinese exclusion act, favors the throwing open of Indian reservations not absolutely needful for the Indians to settlement, favors the election of United States Senators by the direct vote of the people, favors action by the State and National Legislatures that will more effectually prevent forest fires, and pledges the party to the eight-hour law now on the statute books, favors the assessment of railroad property for the purpose of taxation on the same basis as other property, and commends the State Board of Equalization for taking an initial step in that direction.

The platform opposes the wielding of political power by corporations, and says the consolidation of the leading railway systems and the formation of trusts and pools requires stricter supervision by the state and Federal governments, and "demands the exercise of such powers, and the imposition of such restrictions in the control of railroads as will protect the people from the dangerous consolidation of competing lines." Opposition is declared to monopolies, and such tariff legislation is favored as will provide adequate means to defray the expenses of the Government economically administered.

Durand Quits Race for Governor.

FLINT, Mich., Sept. 24.—Judge George H. Durand, who was stricken with paralysis three weeks ago, has withdrawn as the Democratic candidate for Governor, in a letter to Justin R. Whiting, chairman of the Democratic state central committee.

G. A. R. EXCURSION,

Washington, D. C., and Return.

The Great Northern Railway will sell on September 29 and 30 first-class tickets from Portland to Washington, D. C., and return at the extremely low rate of $77 35 for the round trip. For full particulars regarding this trip, sleeping car reservations, etc., call on or address Great Northern city ticket office, 122 Third street, Portland, Or.

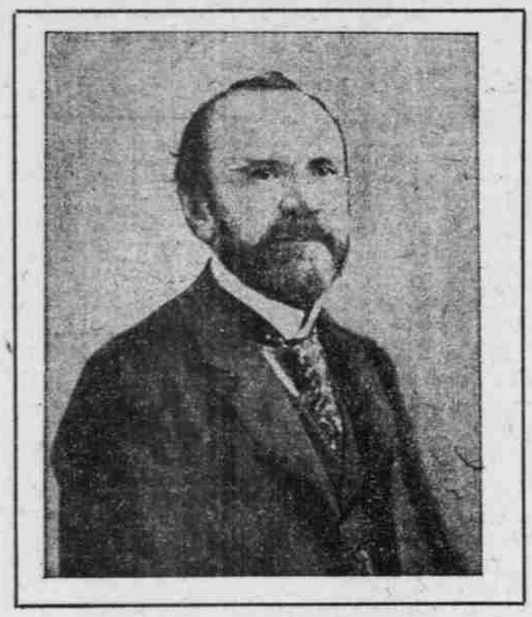
Doctors' Bills

Seem large to you? As a rule, they are not. Doctors earn every cent they charge. Trust them. When your doctor says Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best thing for that hard cough of yours, believe him. Coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, consumption.

"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for eight years and think it a most wonderful medicine, especially for the coughs and colds of children, and even for pneumonia."—Mrs. W. H. Brymer, Shelby, Ala.

25c., 50c., $1.00. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

DONATES $100,000 FOR RELIEF OF DESTITUTE BOERS.



HENRY PHIPPS, OF NEW YORK.

CAUCUS ENDS IN FIGHT

CONNECTICUT DEMOCRATS INDULGE IN FISTICUFFS.

Lively Battle Is On for Nomination for Governor to Be Made by Convention Today.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 24.—The delegates to the Democratic state convention assembled here tonight to transact business preliminary to the convention proper tomorrow. The proceedings of the night wound up with a fracas, which developed in the New London County caucus during a debate involving the indorsement of one or the other of two candidates for Governor. Hot words were followed by scuffles, and then came fisticuffs. No one was seriously injured, but the caucus went to pieces in a perfect pandemonium.

In addition to the heat of the gubernatorial canvass, there were thrust into the situation tonight two other disturbing elements. A large party of "Kansas City Platform Democrats" had announced its purpose to demand of the convention the indorsement of the Kansas City platform, practically insuring a repetition of the recent Massachusetts contest. The Economic League Association appeared on the scene with demands for recognition, not only of its policies, but of its recently named candidates. These two propositions were at variance with the wishes of the state central committee and the harmony-seeking wing of the party, and as a result the situation at midnight was as confusing as it was unpromising.

BOIES FILES HIS ACCEPTANCE.

Will Make Campaign for Henderson's Place on Trusts and Tariff.

WATERLOO, Ia., Sept. 24.—Ex-Governor Horace Boies today made public his letter accepting the Democratic nomination for Congress in the Third District, now represented by Speaker Henderson. The letter is devoted entirely to the trusts and the tariff, and the only adequate remedy for the evil with which trusts are charged is declared to be the removal of the tariff on trust-made products. He declares the trust question to be the most important that now agitates the public mind. The letter says in part:

"The teachings of Democrats logically lead them to believe that our protective tariff system has made possible the organization of these trusts, and as long as it is continued they also believe it will furnish a defensive breastwork behind which they can find shelter from every shaft that could reach a vital part.

"The futility of legislation other than tariff reduction in restraint of such action, the alleged methods of trusts, is to them demonstrated by the fact that the great bulk of our trusts have been openly organized in the face of anti-trust laws carefully prepared and incorporated into the statutes of the Nation and many of the states."

ROOSEVELT'S OWN PLAN.

Tariff Commission Was Not Favored by Oyster Bay Conference.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 24.—In advocating a tariff commission, the President did not follow the advice of the Senators who gathered at the Oyster Bay conference, although some of them may have consented to it, as a means of postponing any tariff legislation for two or three years. Three members of that conference are on the Senate finance committee, and that committee, as well as the ways and means committee of the House, is very jealous of its prerogatives in the matter of tariff legislation. It took the last tariff commission that was appointed two years to make a report, and nothing was ever done with it. The members of the committees having in charge revenue legislation think that they are as competent to handle the tariff as any commission that might be named. Few commissions dealing with domestic affairs have been successful. The industrial commission was a costly failure, and a tariff commission might not be much better. There is disappointment among close friends of the President that he took this course, rather than suggesting that the next Congress be called to act early in March.

Royal Yacht Stranded.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 24.—King Oscar's yacht, with the Crown Princess Victoria on board, has run on the rocks near Kalmar, on the Baltic. Vessels have gone to the yacht's assistance.

Morrow County Pays State Tax.

SALEM, Sept. 24.—(Special.)—Morrow County today paid into the state treasury $4251 25 to settle its state tax for 1902 in full.

RECREATION.

If you wish to enjoy a day of rest and pleasure, take the O. R. & N. train from Union depot at 9 A. M. for a short trip up the Columbia, returning, if desired, by boat from Cascade Locks. Tickets and particulars at O. R. & N. ticket office, Third and Washington.

Salt Rheum

You may call it eczema, tetter or milk crust.

But no matter what you call it, this skin disease which comes in patches that burn, itch, discharge a watery matter, dry and scale, owes its existence to the presence of humors in the system.

It will continue to exist, annoy, and perhaps agonize, as long as these humors remain.

It is always radically and permanently cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which expels all humors, and is positively unequalled for all cutaneous eruptions.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Dr. Radway's Pills, purely vegetable, mild and reliable, regulate the liver and whole digestive organ.

WORN OUT, DRAGGED OUT

Are Most Women in Summer—Pe-ru-na Is a Tonic of Efficiency.

Josephine Morris, 236 Carroll street, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"Peruna is a fine medicine to take any time of the year, but I have found it especially helpful to withstand the wear and tear of the hot weather. I have taken it now for two Summers and feel that it has kept my system free from malaria, and also kept me from having that worn-out, dragged-out look which so many women have.

"I, therefore, have no hesitancy in saying that I think it is the finest tonic in the world."—Josephine Morris.

Peruna is frequently used as a mitigation of the effects of hot weather. What a bath is to the skin Peruna is to the mucous membranes. Bathing keeps the skin healthy, Peruna makes the mucous membranes clean and healthy. With the skin and mucous membranes in good working order, hot weather can be withstood with very little suffering.

Frequent bathing with an occasional use of Peruna is sure to mitigate the horrors of hot weather. Many ladies have discovered that the depression of hot weather and the rigors they have been in the habit of attributing to malaria quickly disappear when they use Peruna. This is why Peruna is so popular with them. Peruna provides clean mucous membranes, and the clean mucous membranes do the rest.

Hon. T. Y. Fitzpatrick, Congressman from Kentucky, writes from the National Hotel, Washington, D. C., as follows:

"At the solicitation of a friend I used your Peruna and can cheerfully recommend your remedy to anyone suffering with catarrh or who needs a good tonic."—T. Y. Fitzpatrick.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

DISEASE DESCRIBED BY SYMPTOMS

SPECIAL NOTICE—Regular office hours have been resumed, viz.: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Evenings, Tuesdays and Fridays. Sundays, 10 A. M. to 12 M.

The Diagnosis Made Easy by the Famous Symptom Questions; the Cure Made Certain by the Wonderful Medication Which Reaches Every Part Subject to Catarrh.

THE TREATMENT THAT CURES

Dr. Copeland's treatment that has lifted the darkness and blight of the word "incurable" from hundreds of thousands of cases of Catarrh of the Head, Throat, Ear Tubes, Bronchial Tubes and Lungs, works its curative actions for two reasons:

(1) It reaches every diseased spot from the orifice of the nose to the depest part of the lungs and the innermost recesses of the middle ear.

(2) Instead of irritating, inflaming and feeding the fires of the disease, it soothes, quiets, heals and cures.

AVOID CURE-ALLS

In Catarrh, as in other maladies, avoid blind doctoring by patent cure-alls. Get individual treatment for your individual ailment at the Copeland Institute.

THE PROPER COURSE FOR SUFFERERS

The proper course for sufferers is this: Read these symptoms carefully over, mark those that apply to your case, and bring this with you to the Copeland office. If you live away from the city, send by mail and ask for information of the new home treatment.

CATARRH OF HEAD AND THROAT

The head and throat become diseased from neglected colds, causing Catarrh when the condition of the blood predisposes to this condition.

"Is your voice husky?"
"Do you spit up slime?"
"Do you ache all over?"
"Do you snore at night?"
"Do you blow out scabs at night?"
"Is your nose stopped up?"
"Does your nose discharge?"
"Does your nose bleed easily?"
"Is there tickling in the throat?"
"Is this worse toward night?"
"Does the nose itch and burn?"
"Do you hawk to clear the throat?"
"Is there pain across the eyes?"
"Is there pain in front of head?"
"Is your sense of smell leaving?"
"Is the throat dry in the morning?"
"Are you losing your sense of taste?"
"Do you sleep with your mouth open?"
"Does your nose stop up toward night?"

CATARRH OF BRONCHIAL TUBES

This condition often results from catarrh extending from the head and throat, and if left unchecked, extends down the windpipe into the bronchial tubes, and in time attacks the lungs.

"Have you a cough?"
"Are you losing flesh?"
"Do you cough at night?"
"Have you pain in side?"
"Do you take cold easily?"
"Is your appetite variable?"
"Have you stitches in side?"
"Do you cough until you gag?"
"Are you low-spirited at times?"
"Do you raise frothy material?"
"Do you spit up yellow matter?"
"Do you cough on going to bed?"
"Do you cough in the mornings?"
"Is your cough short and hacking?"
"Do you spit up little cheesy lumps?"
"Have you a disgust for fatty foods?"
"Is there tickling behind the palate?"
"Have you pain behind breastbone?"
"Do you feel you are growing weaker?"
"Is there a burning pain in the throat?"
"Do you cough worse night and mornings?"
"Do you have to sit up at night to get breath?"

SYMPTOMS OF EAR TROUBLES

Deafness and ear troubles result from catarrh passing along the Eustrachian tube that leads from the throat to the ear.

"Is your hearing failing?"
"Do your ears discharge?"
"Do your ears itch and burn?"
"Are the ears dry and scaly?"
"Have you pain behind the ears?"
"Is there throbbing in the ears?"
"Is there a buzzing sound heard?"
"Do you have a ringing in the ears?"
"Are there crackling sounds heard?"
"Is your hearing bad cloudy days?"
"Do you have earache occasionally?"
"Are there sounds like steam escaping?"
"Do your ears hurt when you blow your nose?"
"Do you constantly hear noises in the ears?"
"Do you hear better some days than others?"
"Do the noises in your ears keep you awake?"
"When you blow your nose do the ears crack?"
"Is hearing worse when you have a cold?"
"Is roaring like a waterfall in the head?"

CATARRH OF STOMACH

This condition may result from several causes, but the usual cause is catarrh, the mucus dropping down into the throat and being swallowed.

"Is there nausea?"
"Are you costive?"
"Is there vomiting?"
"Do you belch up gas?"
"Have you waterbrash?"
"Are you lightheaded?"
"Is your tongue coated?"
"Do you hawk and spit?"
"Is there pain after eating?"
"Are you nervous and weak?"
"Do you have sick headache?"
"Do you bloat up after eating?"
"Is there disgust for breakfast?"
"Have you distress after eating?"
"Is your throat filled with slime?"
"Do you at times have diarrhoea?"
"Is there rush of blood to the head?"
"When you get up suddenly are you dizzy?"
"Is there gnawing sensation in stomach?"
"Do you feel as if you had lead in stomach?"
"When stomach is empty do you feel faint?"
"Do you belch material that burns throat?"
"If stomach is full do you feel oppressed?"

CATARRH OF THE LIVER

The liver becomes diseased by catarrh extending from the stomach into the tubes of the liver.

"Are you irritable?"
"Are you nervous?"
"Do you get dizzy?"
"Have you no energy?"
"Do you have cold feet?"
"Do you feel miserable?"
"Is your memory poor?"
"Do you get tired easily?"
"Do you have hot flashes?"
"Is your eyesight blurred?"
"Have you pain in the back?"
"Is your flesh soft and flabby?"
"Are your spirits low at times?"
"Is there bloating after eating?"
"Have you pain around the loins?"
"Do you have gurgling in bowels?"
"Do you have rumbling in bowels?"
"Is there throbbing in the stomach?"
"Do you have a sense of heat in bowels?"
"Do you suffer from pains in temples?"
"Do you have a palpitation of the heart?"
"Is there a general feeling of lassitude?"
"Do these feelings affect your memory?"

CATARRH OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Catarrh of the kidneys and bladder results in two ways, first by taking cold; second, by overworking the kidneys in separating from the blood the poisons that have been absorbed from catarrh, which affects all organs.

"Is the skin pale and dry?"
"Has the skin a waxy look?"
"Is the hair dry and brittle?"
"Is the skin dry and harsh?"
"Do the legs feel too heavy?"
"Is there nausea after eating?"
"Do the joints pain and ache?"
"Is the urine dark and cloudy?"
"Are the eyes dull and staring?"
"Is there pain in small of back?"
"Do your hands and feet swell?"
"Are they cold and clammy?"
"Have you pain in top of head?"
"Has the perspiration a bad odor?"
"Is there puffiness under the eyes?"
"Is there a bad taste in the mouth?"
"Is there a desire to get up at night?"
"Are there dark rings around the eyes?"
"Is there sense of smell leaving?"
"Have you chilly feelings down the back?"
"Do you see unpleasant things while asleep?"
"Does a deposit form when left standing?"

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