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American and European Plan. American Plan \$1.50, \$1.75, \$1.90
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We shall be pleased to have merchants when visiting the city make our store their headquarters. Our FALL STOCK of shoes is select and complete. In fact, we know we can make it an object for dealers to place their orders with us.

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First-Class Check Restaurant Connected With Hotel.

Rooms—Single \$1.00 to \$1.50 per day
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The Success and High Standing of many hundreds of Dr. Hill's graduates and former pupils during the past 24 years indicate the merit of his methods. Preparation for colleges in Classical, Scientific and English courses. Regular course in practical training for business life. Manual training and mechanical drawing. Special courses in modern languages and music. New buildings, modern equipment; private sleeping-rooms; no open dormitory; recreation-rooms; large armory; athletics practiced and encouraged; chemical and physical laboratories; experienced faculty.

A boarding and day school for boys of all ages; younger boys separate. Fall term opens September 11. For catalogue, etc., write to the principal.

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RECORD GOLD SUPPLY.

GOVERNMENT STILL ACTIVE

Government Vaults Contain the Largest Sum in Their History.

Greene and Gaylor Will Be Surprised at the Proper Time.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The sum of gold now in the United States Treasury exceeds that of any previous time in the history of the country, and with one possible exception it exceeds that of any country at any time in the history of the world. The single reported exception is that of Russia about eight years ago, when that country was preparing to resume gold payments. At that time Russia is said to have had in its treasury \$288,000,000 in gold. Last Saturday the vaults of the United States Treasury contained \$75,502,194, an increase since July 1, 1901, of \$7,987,877. This stock of gold is now being added to at the rate of about \$200,000 to \$250,000 a day, with no immediate prospect of a cessation in the rate of deposits. This condition of things is eminently satisfactory to the Treasury officials, who regard it as the best possible evidence of prosperity and of confidence in the financial stability of this country.

The gold now coming in is being replaced by gold certificates, United States notes and silver certificates. The former being supplied where the denominations wanted are \$20 and over, the United States notes for tens, and silver certificates for fives, twos and ones.

PAID NEW HONOR

Roosevelt Is Elected to Labor Union.

NOW A RAILWAY FIREMAN

President Addresses the National Brotherhood.

HIS CHATTANOOGA RECEPTION

Executive Admonishes American Citizens to Stand Shoulder to Shoulder in the Problem of the Age.

President Roosevelt will tour North Carolina today. Yesterday he traveled over Tennessee, and was everywhere received with the greatest enthusiasm. He made the principal stop of the day at Chattanooga, where he addressed the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, and was elected an honorary member of the association. In his speech before the brotherhood the President expressed himself in no unambiguous terms as being a firm believer in organized labor. He will begin his tour today from Hot Springs, N. C.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 8.—President Roosevelt today was elected an honorary member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. He attended the executive session this morning, walking from the hotel to the Auditorium, a distance of a few blocks, escorted by Grand Master Sargent, a committee of the Brotherhood and a detachment of Troop B, State Guard.

Acting Grand Master Hannahan welcomed the President, stating that his attendance at the convention would do great good to organized labor, not only in this country, but in Canada and other countries as well. The President returned his thanks for the welcome, and said he was glad to be with the Brotherhood. He said the firemen's Brotherhood was the result which naturally comes from the application of people of common sense to their work. He said that organized labor never had made an unreasonable request of him, and that if it had he would have denied it. In speaking of the appointment of Grand Master Sargent, of the Brotherhood, to be Commissioner-General of Immigration, the President said it was one of the most satisfactory appointments to him and to the public he had ever made; that Mr. Sargent has a hard body and not a soft head.

John F. McNamee, of Columbus, O., one of the grand officers and a Democratic member of the Legislature, moved that the degree of grand honorary membership be conferred upon President Roosevelt. The motion was referred to the committee on constitution and by-laws, whose recommendation was unanimous that the motion be accepted. The report of the committee was adopted by a rising, unanimous vote, and amid great cheering.

The President thanked the convention for the compliment paid him, and Grand Master Sargent then gave him a pass which admits him to all meetings of the Brotherhood. At this point the Brotherhood adjourned until tomorrow morning, and the public was admitted to the Auditorium to hear the President's address. While the audience was being seated the band rendered "America," the President and others in the hall rising.

Mayor Chambliss delivered a short address of greeting, in which he welcomed to Chattanooga all the firemen, whether they came from Canada, Mexico or Oyster Bay. After the address of welcome in behalf of the state by Governor McMillin, and an address by Grand Master Sargent, interspersed with music, President Roosevelt was introduced by Acting Grand Master Hannahan. His reception was most enthusiastic, the audience rising and cheering. When the President addressed the convention as "My brothers" he was cheered again. He said he was glad to be here, and joined with the others in extending a cordial welcome to the visitors from Canada and Mexico. He needed no pressing, he said, to come to this meeting.

HIS SPEECH TO RAILROAD MEN.

President Declares Himself Firm Believer in Organized Labor.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 8.—Following is the address of President Roosevelt, delivered in his address to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen:

"Grand Master, Governor McMillin, Mr. Mayor, My Brothers, and all of you men and women of Tennessee, my fellow-citizens, my fellow-Americans:

"I am glad to be here today. I am glad to come as the guest of the Brotherhood. Let me join with you, the members of the Brotherhood of this country, in extending a most cordial welcome to our fellows from Canada and Mexico. The fact that we are good Americans only makes us all the better; all the more desirous of seeing good fortune to all mankind. I needed no pressing influence to accept the invitation tendered through you, Mr. Hannahan, and through Mr. Arnold, to come to this meeting. I have always admired the railroad men of the country, and I do not see how any one who believes in what I regard as the fundamental virtues of citizenship can fail to do so. I want the average American to be a game man, and an honest man, and a man who can handle himself and does handle himself well under difficulties.

"The last time I ever saw General Sherman I dined at his house, and we got to

talking over the capacity of different types of soldiers. The General happened to say that if ever there were another war, and he were to have a command, he would endeavor to get as many railroad men as possible under him. I asked why he should say that. He gave an account of their profession, they develop certain qualities which are essential in a soldier. In the first place, they are accustomed to taking risks. There are a great many men who are naturally brave, but who, being entirely unaccustomed to risks, are at first appalled by them. They are accustomed to enduring hardships; they are accustomed to taking on responsibility; they are accustomed to irregular hours (laughter and applause), on their own initiative, and yet they are accustomed to obeying orders quick. (Applause.)

"There is nothing more soul-harrowing for a man in time of war, or for a man engaged in a difficult job in time of peace, than to give an order and have the gentleman addressed say, 'What?' The railroad man has got to learn that when an order is issued, there may be but a fraction of a second in which to obey it. He has got to learn that orders are to be obeyed, and, on the other hand, that there will come plenty of crises in which there will be no orders to be obeyed, and he will have to act for himself. Now, these are all qualities that go to the very essence of good soldiery, and I am not surprised at what General Sherman said. I am not surprised that you would make good soldiers—I would be ashamed of you if you did not. (Laughter and applause.)

Raising the Rough Riders.

In raising my own regiment, which was raised mainly in the Southwest, partly in the territory in which Mr. Sargent himself served as a soldier at one time—in Arizona—I got a number of railroad men. Of course, the first requisite was that a man should know how to shoot and how to ride. We were raising the regiment in a hurry, and we did not have time to teach them to know how to handle a rifle to start with; but given the possession of those two qualities, I found that there was no group of our citizens from whom better men could be drawn to do a soldier's work in a tight place and at all times than the railroad men. (Applause.)

"But, gentlemen, the period of war is but a fractional part of the life of our Republic, and I earnestly hope and believe that it will be an even smaller part in the future than it has been in the past. Your work in time of peace especially attracted me to you, and made me glad to come down here to see you, and I am glad to speak to you, not for what I can tell you, but for the reason it seems to me can be gained by all our people from what you have done. (Applause.)

"At the opening of the twentieth century we face conditions vastly changed from what they were in the country and throughout the world of a century ago. Our complex industrial civilization, under which progress has been so rapid, and in which the changes for good have been so great, has also inevitably seen the growth of certain tendencies that are not wholly good, or at least that are not wholly good; and we, in consequence, as a people, like the rest of civilized mankind, find it before us for solution during the coming century problems which need the best thought of all of us, and the most earnest desire of all to solve them, well. We expect to work out a solution satisfactory to our people—a solution for the advancement of the Nation. In facing these problems, it must be a comfort to every well-wisher of the Nation to see what has been done by your organization.

A Believer in Organized Labor.

"I believe emphatically in organized labor. (Cheers and applause.) I believe in organizations of workmen. Organization is one of the laws of our social and economic development at this time. But I feel that we must always keep before our minds the fact that there is nothing sacred in the name itself. To call an organization an organization does not make it a good one. The worth of an organization depends upon the character of the men, the skill, the wisdom, the spirit of fair dealing, as between man and man, and the wise self-restraint which I am glad to be able to say your brotherhood has shown.

"You now number close upon 44,000 members. During these two years ending June 30 last, you paid into the general treasury of the Brotherhood about \$1,000,000. More than \$500,000 has been paid in since the starting of the insurance clause in the constitution—have been paid to disabled members, to their widows, to their dependents, to their beneficiaries. Over 50 per cent of the amount paid was for the account of accidents. Gentlemen, that is a sufficient commentary upon the kind of profession that is yours.

Law of Successful American Life.

"You face death and danger in time of peace, as in time of war—the men wearing Uncle Sam's uniform must face them.

GEMS IN ROOSEVELT'S CHATTANOOGA SPEECH.

I believe in organizations of workmen. Organization is one of the laws of our social and economic development at this time. In American citizens power can succeed permanent upon only the basis of standing shoulder to shoulder.

I want to see our admirable Constitution, whenever the need comes, rendered still more admirable, even if it is necessary to amend it.

The problem of good citizenship is the problem of the good man and the good woman. That is the fundamental problem.

Your work is hard. Do you suppose I mention that because I pity you? No, not a bit. I do not pity any man who does hard work worth doing. I admire him. (Great applause.) I pity the creature who does not work, at whatever level of the social scale he may regard himself as being. The law of worthy work well done is the law of successful American life. If you play, too, play, and play hard while you play, but do not make the mistake of thinking that that is the main thing. The work is what counts, and if a man does his work well, and it is worth doing, then it really has little to do with him. (Applause.)

"You in your organization as railroad men have taught two lessons—the lesson of how much can be accomplished by organization, by mutual self-help of the type that helps another in the only way by which, in the long run, a man who is a full-grown man really can be helped, that is, by teaching him to help himself. You teach the benefits of organization, and

(Concluded on Page 3.)

AFTER BOODLE GANG

Warrants Are Out for 18 St. Louis Legislators.

PRINCIPAL MAKES CONFESSION

Combine in House of Delegates Accepts \$47,500 for Its Vote on One Bill Alone—Accused Are All Prominent Citizens.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 8.—A sensation was caused here today by the issuance of bench warrants for the arrest of 18 members and former members of the St. Louis

THE NEW AMBASSADOR TO GERMANY.



Mr. Bellamy Storer was born in Cincinnati, O., in 1847. After serving two terms in the House of Representatives, he was appointed Minister to Belgium in 1897, and was transferred to the Legation at Madrid in 1900. It is reported that he is to succeed Ambassador White in Berlin on November 7.

House of Delegates, following a confession by Delegate J. K. Murrell, who fled to Mexico last Spring, after being indicted by the grand jury for bribery in connection with the alleged boodling operations in the granting of franchises to the Suburban Street-Railway, and in other legislation. His confession, which is most direct, involves 18 prominent men, who have been connected with St. Louis politics. It was read to the grand jury, and the issuing of the warrants followed quickly. Murrell is now in the custody of Circuit Attorney Folk, and will, it is stated, be granted immunity from punishment for turning state's evidence. In his confession, Murrell says:

"I could no longer stand the agony I endured as a fugitive from justice and the wrong done me by the parties just as guilty as I, who made me their cat's-paw.

All Old Hands at Taking Bribes.

"We did not look on what we did as a serious crime, as it had gone on so long without interruption that it was not regarded by those who took part in it as morally wrong. I have lived in St. Louis all my life, and have many friends here. I have been honest heretofore in all matters, and have done no man a wrong, and would not take a dollar from any person unlawfully, but the practice of the combine in the Assembly of taking bribes was so frequent that I went along with the tide, and did not realize the enormity of the offense, and my conscience was seared in that regard. These boodling investigations have made me see the crime in all its enormity. No matter what happens to me, I will do all I can to aid the Circuit Attorney in breaking up the boodling gang that has so long controlled affairs in this city, and to atone, as far as I can, for my awful mistake.

Gang Court Witnesses Drilled.

"After my indictment and the commencement of the boodling prosecutions, the gang got together and raised money for the purpose of fighting the cases and to retain the supremacy of the gang. Julius Lehmann, Edmund Bersch and John Helms acted as coaches or drill-masters for the witnesses who were to appear before the grand jury, although it seems they were not very successful. "I have surrendered unconditionally to Circuit Attorney J. W. Folk, and have made a full confession to him. I am not permitted to give the details of the evidence that I have put the Circuit Attorney in possession of. This will all come out at the trials. I held the key to the box in the Lincoln Trust Company containing the \$5,000 bribe money to go to the House of Delegates upon the passage of the suburban bill.

"The money was put up as the purchase price for the votes of the combine, that price having been agreed upon. The combine of the House of Delegates was composed of 19 men. When the Suburban matter came up before the combine I was selected to negotiate with Philip Stock, the representative of the Suburban Railway.

"The purpose of the combine was to control legislation and sell legislation for the benefit of the members of the combine. Shortly before the Suburban bill the

combine sold their votes on the lighting bills for \$47,500. The money was handled by Kelly, and each member of the combine received \$2,500. I was present and saw the money paid to the various parties. These are only two instances, but there are others.

"I feel better and happier, and my mind is easier now than for months. I propose to give the state all the aid in my power, and I hope that my conduct will be such that in future years I may retain the confidence of my fellow citizens."

It is stated that Murrell has been in the city since last Friday in the custody of the Circuit Attorney.

Men Indicted.

The members and former members of the Municipal Assembly for whom warrants have been issued are as follows: Ed E. Murrell, J. H. Schmetter, Charles F. Kelly, T. E. Albright, George F. Robertson, Louis Decker, John Helms, Charles A. Gutke, Adolph Madera, H. A. Faulkner, Julius Lehmann, Edmund Bersch, Otto Schumacher, John A. Sheridan, Charles J. Denny, William Tamblin, J. J. Hannigan and Emile Hartman. Warrants were served on Messrs. E. E. Murrell, Schmetter, Albright, Robertson, Helms, Gutke, Faulkner, Schumacher and Hannigan. Albright and Faulkner were released on bonds of \$30,000 each. The others arrested were allowed to go to their homes in the custody of Deputy

Portland, Me., Sept. 8.—Chairman

Portland, Me., Sept. 8.—Chairman Simpson, of the state committee, tonight sent a message to the President, saying:

"Maine has gone Republican as it once went for Governor Kent. We have carried the state by a plurality of 27,000. We have elected the entire delegation in Congress by a large majority, have chosen every Senator with one exception, and about four-fifths of the Legislature. The Pine Tree State endorses your Administration with no uncertain voice."

Portland, Me., Sept. 8.—Maine rolled up a big off-year plurality for the Republicans in the election today, it approximating 27,000, in comparison with 12,000 for the average of other years. Complete returns will be late, owing to the remoteness of many towns. Figures at midnight from 29 cities and towns give Hill, Rep., 69,982; Gould, Dem., 24,887. The same towns two years ago gave Hill, Rep., 47,481; Lord, Dem., 27,754.

The Legislature, which is usually strongly Republican, will have an uncommon number of Democratic members, some of the strongest Republican towns of the state having elected Representatives of that party. The Senate will have one Democrat in 11 members. In the First Congressional District, Representative Amos J. Allen, Rep., was re-elected over Dr. S. O. Gordon, of Portland, Dem., and Fred E. R. Irish, Soc., with a plurality of about 5,500, as against 7,000 two years ago. Mr. Allen, who succeeded Thomas B. Reed, for whom he was secretary, ran behind his ticket in York and Cumberland Counties. Dr. Gordon's personal popularity contributed to this result.

An incident was the increase in the Socialist vote of 29 two years ago to 300 this year in Portland alone. In the Fourth District, owing to its great area, the returns will not be completed until late tomorrow, but the estimate is that Representative Powers, Rep., has been re-elected by a plurality of 700 over Thomas White, Dem. In the Third District, Representative E. C. Burleigh got the Prohibitionist vote, and ran slightly ahead of his ticket in defeating E. H. Benson, Dem. In the Second District, Representative C. A. Littlefield had no difficulty in defeating his Democratic opponent, running well ahead of his ticket.

A message was sent to Senator Hanna tonight saying: "Maine has today shown her appreciation of the Republican policies which have given to our country a prosperity unequalled in the history of the world."

Representative Burleigh sent a message announcing the result to Chairman Babcock, of the Republican Congressional Committee. He said the average off-year Republican plurality has been 12,000.

SMITH'S VIEWS ABOUT CUBA.

Michigan Representative Is Still an Anti-Reciprocity Man.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 8.—Representative Henry C. Smith, of Michigan, now in the East in the hope of furthering his candidacy for Senator McMillan's seat in the Senate, when asked about Cuban reciprocity today said:

"Cuban reciprocity is a subject which is not being discussed in Michigan. Neither the people nor the politicians are interested in it in the least. The Michigan Legislature voted solidly against Cuban reciprocity at the last session. The members have had no reason so far to change their views. At the state convention an effort was made to bring the subject to the front through resolutions which seemed to endorse the delegation in Congress for the position it had maintained, and also to endorse President Roosevelt for his directly opposite position. This resolution, however, was squelched absolutely.

"We are going to settle the Cuban question in the same way that we have settled the Porto Rican question. Cuba is naturally ours, and after she has tried self-government for a satisfactory time she will naturally become a part of the United States."

Halted a Candidate for Congress.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 8.—The Times-Star announces that Murat Halsted, the veteran editor and author, is a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress in the Second Ohio District, represented in the last three Congresses by Hon. J. H. Brownell.

Texas Republicans Meet Today.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Sept. 8.—The State Republican Convention will convene here tomorrow. The colored delegates are in the majority. There is no mention of a gubernatorial candidate, the real contest being over state chairman.

MAINE TO FRONT

State Goes Republican by 27,000,

AND THIS IS AN OFF YEAR

Usual Plurality Is Exceeded by 15,000.

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS SAFE

Legislature Will Have More Democrats Than Usual in the House—President Is Wined "State Goes as It Once Went for Kent."

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