

Conflict Between Deputy Sheriffs and Strikers.

SEVERAL MINERS ARE WOUNDED

RIOT AT WASHERY

When the Works Were Started, the Crowd Stormed the Stockade, Bringing a Volley From the Officers.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 14-A riot occurred at the Warnek washery, at Dur-yea, this afternoon. Trouble has been brewing since early morning. Before 7 c'clock women and boys crowded about the place and started to interfere with these who wanted to go to work. Sheriff Jacobs had a number of deputies on the ground, and they held the growd back. The works were started, but remained in operation only a short time. The crowd on the outside threw stones over the stockade at the deputies who were on guard inside. Several times the deputies were tempted to fire. Rather than have any trouble, work was suspended for the

time being. The Deputy Sheriffs returned to Wilkesbarre early this evening, reporting all quiet at the washery when they left. They had hardly reached Wilkesbarre, however, when the deputies on guard were attacked. Several men in the mob also attempted to climb over the barricade. The deputies warned them to go back, and when they did not, a volley was fired, but most of the bullets went high into the air. Harry Collins was shot through the right leg. Andrew Mariack, a Lithuanian, received a flesh wound, and another for-eigner had a narrow escape, a built passing through his coat. A colored man em-ployed at the washery, thinking his life was in danger, escaped from the barricade and ran down the street. He was pursued by an angry crowd, who cried: "Hang him! hang him!" The man was finally run him down, but before any harm could befall him a number of Constables rescued him.

Deputy Sheriffs from Luzerne and Lackbeputy Sheriffs from Luzerie and Lack-awanna Counties went to the scene of the floting, but when they arrived all was quiet, the mob having dispersed. An eye-witness says the attack, the shooting ariti the retreat did not last more than five minutes. Warrants were sworn out be-fore the Burgess charging the deputies with rioting and felonious wounding. The Constables went to the washery and placed 25 men under arrest. They were arraigned before Burgess Burlington tonight and held in \$3000 ball each. They could not furnish ball, and were brought to the County Jall here.

The United Mineworkers may the shooting was uncalled for, and that the depu-ties alone are to blame. Vice-President Rescavage, of the Miners' Union, District No. 1, says the deputies were in an ugly mood all day. Sheriff Jacobs, of Luzerne County, was in Hagleton. The office here was in charge of Chief Deputy Rhoda. He denied a report, which gained currency tonight, that Sheriff Jacobs had applied to Governor Stone for troops. He mays all is quiet at Duryea now, and he does not expect any further trouble. If it is decided to resume operations at the washery again, the Sheriff will have a guard strong enough to preserve order and give protec-tion to those who want to go to work. Sheriff Jacobs arrived from Hasleton totion to th

night, and at once went to Duryea, where he will spend the night. The operators of the washery say they will not start the works tomorrow, as unknown persons wrecked some of the machinery during the excitement following the fight this after-

move in this direction was when 30 men and 20 women marched to Jersey City. They arrived at the Poldebard mill just as the nonunion men were leaving for the day. The marchers attacked the men with sticks and stones and kept up the assault until the police arrived and assault until the police arrived and charged the assailants. The officers used their batons unsparingly and three of the strikers were arrested. Reserves were at the mill this morning to guard it against further attack. Settling the Santa Fe Strike.

CLEBURNE, Tex., Aug. 14.-At confer-ences between representatives of the striking machinists and officials of the Safita Fe, terms were practically agreed upon for a settlement of the strike. Most of the men are to be taken back, but the company submitted a list of the men who would be refused employment. This list is to be passed on by the Machinists' Union before the official announcement is made. About 700 men are involved.

More Pay for Street-Car Men.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—Conductors and motormen employed by the South Chicago City Railway Company secured an in-crease in wages from 17 to 21 cents per hour tonight, and are no longer in danger of becoming involved in a prospective gen-eral streat-car strike. S eral street-car strike.

THE COAL FAMINE.

Stocks Nearly Exhausted in Eastern Cities.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14 .- Inquiries have been made by the Tribune as to the stock of anthracite coal on hand at several cities in the East, with the following result:

New York City dealers say the supply here has been practically exhausted for weeks. The railroad companies have been able to deliver only a few thousand tons a day recently, and much of it is known as washed coal,

Retail price of coal in Jersey City is \$9 a ton delivered, or \$8 at the yards, and orders are taken only conditionally. The dealers have egents out purchasing wherever they can find coal. None is coming in by the cars. Some have a meager reserve supply, but this is kept for customers with whom they have contracts. Orders for thousands of tons have been pigeonholed because they cannot be

Buffalo reports that the Erie Railroad's Hillside is the only anthracite that can be bought there at present. It sells for \$5 65 a ton and is not the best quality of hard coal. The Philadelphia & Reading. the Lehigh, the Delaware & Hudson and the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroads have all stopped the sale of anthracite at their treatles and have closed their local agencies-thereby putting an absolute stop to their coal business. The railroads are maintaining the utmost secrecy regarding their supplies, and even the Erie officials refuse to say how much they have on hand. All the leading coal dealers say the supply is exceedingly lim-Ited.

At Albany, N. Y., the retail dealers have in stock not to exceed 2000 tons of an-thracite, which they are seiling at \$6 to \$5.25 a ton. The Delaware & Hudson Company has about 1000 tons in reserve at Delanson. This, with 200 tons held by a wholesale dealer, is all that can be counted on for Albany. It is known, says the Albany correspondent, that the Dela-ware & Hudson bas considerable coal, estimated as high as 50.000 tons, on sidings È along its Susquehanna division. The Wilkesbarre Pa., correspondent

says there is no general supply of anthracite on hand at any point in the coal region. That which is being sold is some that the companies are producing in their washeries and some that is obtained by individual concerns from small coal pickings. The regular dealers have none can get none.

Boston reports that no distress has yet been felt, although the margin of the coal supply is not a pleasant object of contem-plation. One authority said three days ago that there are perhaps 26,000 tons of coal within the city, limits. The dealers are

SO COMBES CHARACTERIZES THE RELIGIOUS WAR IN FRANCE.

recked some of the many personal to be gathering of so many operators and to the gathering of so many operators and mine superfutendents at Pottsville yester-day. The impression in coal trade circles at a meeting of the coal yards. The supply is so low that at a meeting of the coal yards. The supply is so low that at a meeting of the coal generators and the sociation it was decided not to make as and, it is said recommended company, who made a tour of the mathering is mained and the structure at isonal coarrying to the coal structure is that the meeting was held to hear the views of Vice-President Loomis, of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Company, who made a tour of the advance, the price remaining at \$50 for regular size and \$50 for stock of the Holy Ghost, to which the refisting staters belong. In this report the superior stick of the superior stock of the superior stock of the superior stock of the superior and by the owners of the superior and by the owners of the superior stock of the superior stoc PARIS, Aug. 14.—The Cabinet met at the Elysee Palace today. The Premier, L. Combes, communicated reports on the the L. Combes, communicated reports on the the L. Combes, combes, communicated reports on the the the tragedy. by the peasantry and by the owners of the property in which the schools are trapping situated. Continuing, M. Combes declared that official reports showed the agitation over the closing of schools in Finisterre was purely a royalist move-ment. There had been grave occurrences, said the Premier, which came within the penal laws, and which would result in prosecutions, instructions for which had been sent to the Procureur-General, Soldiers and gendarmes left Brest last was rumored at first that the troops were going to St. Meen and Folgoet and the peasantry flocked to those places, remaining on guard until 6 o'clock this morning, when it was learned that the soldiers had gone to Plougenvella and Ploumoguer. At Ploudaniel the barricade of carts, which barred the way to the sisters' school, has been replaced by a 1180 network of barbed wire, and pointed stakes have been driven into the ground to injure the horses of the gendarmes.

dock Received His Death Wound

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better to get the views of the resident superintendents of the mines before this was attempted, and for that purpose a meeting of the superintendents of the largest coal companies was called at

AID FOR STRIKING MINERS.

Movement Started by Union Carpenters of Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14 .- A movement to organize a committee of 100 or more citi-zens to raise funds for the striking miners in the anthracite coal regions of Pennsylvafila has been started by the union carpenters of Chicago. The plan is to interest the public and solicit funds from all who are willing to help the strikers.

A mass meeting is to be called on the lake front on Labor day and an effort will be made to get speakers of National reputation to give addresses."

Troops Prepare for Long Stay.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Aug. 14-The troops out to suppress lawlessness in Shenandoah have now been in the field two weeks, and during that time they have not been called upon to do much more than guard duty. Board floors are being placed in all the tents in camp, which is an indication that the troops will remain in the field until the end of the

A committee of Lithuanians called on General Gobin today and said there were no anarchist or Nihilist organizations among the foreign-speaking people of Shenandosh or the Mahoning Valley. They assured the General that they would co-operate with him in ridding this section of anarchists if any should be found.

Help From Wales.

CARDIFF, Wales, Aug. 14.-The South Wales miners' fraternity has adopted a recommendation that the federation districts contribute \$50,000 to assist the striking miners in the United States, on the ground that they are contending for principles of international importance

GOLDBEATERS' STRIKE.

Negotiations Begun to Bring It to an End.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14 .- With a view to settling the strike of the goldbeaters, negotiations have been started with the employers by the American Federation of Labor. The principal demands of the goldbeaters are an advance in wages from \$12 to \$21 a week and the discharge of about 100 girls and women. A confer-ence between committees of gold-leaf manufacturers and the striking goldbeatere has been held, but no agreement reached. An effort may be made to bring about another conference.

The employers, who had offered a com-promise of \$15 a week, raised the offer to \$15 a week. The goldbeaters were willing to accept the offer if the women and girls were discharged.

The employers refused to do that, be-cause some of the women have been employed more than 30 years. The em-ployers will hold a conference today. They declare that they will not discharge

anthracite coal is running low on ac-count of the great coal miners' strike. Leading dealers express the opinion that before. Winter householders will be compelled to use bituminous coal for all domestic purposes. They say that even purposes. if the strike should be settled by Sep-tember I, the new coal would not be re-ceived in large quantities before Christmas, so that at least a temporary use of soft coal is extremely probable. The present cost of anthracite to the

The present cost of an antistic a ton, to retailer in carload lots is \$5 15 a ton, to which is added \$1 to the consumer. A retailer in carload lots is \$5.15 a ton, to which is added \$1 to the consumer. A substantial advance in these prices is predicted for September. About 150,000 tree of anthracite coal are said to be tons of anthracite coal are said to be stored in Chicago now, but as 90 per cent of the demand for it is for domestic purposes, the impending scarcity will not be seriously felt until the advent of cold

Directory of Scientists.

weather.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.-Professor J. McKeen Cattell, of Columbia University, has been selected by the Carnegie Institution to compile a directory and blo-graphical dictionary of the men of science. In addition a most has been dug in front of the United States, Professor Cattell is now sending out blank forms with pertinent inquiries. Among the heads on which information is desired from the The institution, which was formed by the trust deed of January 28, 1902, has

thus far been attempting to define a line of action and the operations of many scientific men have been sought to determine these initial steps. The coming Autumn is likely to show further activity and definite results on the part of the trustees, who will have \$500,000 a year to disburse.

American Machinery on Canal.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 14 .-- D. M. Parry, president of the National Association of Manufacturers, has received an opinion from Suilivan Cromwell, New York City, general counsel in America of the new Panama Canal Company, which means many millions of dollars to the manu-facturers of the United States. The opinion is to the effect that every dollar's worth of machinery and supplies neces-sary for the construction of the canal may be purchased in the United States without restraint from the operation of the French laws under which the company was originally chartered. Its attorneys declare that the new company, whose rights the United States proposes to purchase, is in no wise bound by provisions governing the old company.

Bullet-Proof Vest.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Aug. 14-At the session here today of the Police Chiefs' and Sheriffs' Association of the Fonce Chiefs' and Sheriffs' Association of filinois, a test of a bullet-proof vest was made. Phil Holland, editor of the Chicago De-tective, wore one of the vests and al-lowed a revolver to be fired at him. The bullet dfd not penetrate the garment.

DEPRESSED AND NERVOUS FROM Excessive Smoking and Drinking.

They declare that they will not discharge the women and girk. The West Hobokei slik mill strikers are ignoon squue or singpo ipagi dn Sugboy for those who are it work. The intest

of the school door and filled with flith. The gendarmes met with strong resis ance at Plougonvelin from the ass mbled subjects of research and researches in subjects of research and researches in the subject is the subj crowd, who unhorsed one of their num-ber. It took the gendarmes an hour and their work of closing the unauthor-

ized schools. HIS RECOVERY COMPLETE.

King Edward Accompanied by the

Queen, Leaves London for Cowes. LONDON, Aug. 14 .- The British Medical fournal makes the announcement that it is authorized to say there is no truth whatever in the recent rumors that King Edward will undergo a second operation. The Journal declares that the King's re-covery is complete, and that his general health is better than for a long time past, King Edward and Queen Alexandra left London for Cowes this afternoon. They drove in semistate to the railway station, escorted by the Life Guards, through streets thickly crowded with cheering p ple. The King and Queen arrived at Portsmouth at 4:30 P. M., and went on board the Victoria and Albert, which suiled at once for Cowes. The warships in Portsmouth harbor dressed ship, and fired the royal salute when the King went on coard the yacht. The King and Queen arrived at Cowes at 6 P. M.

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New Gold Reef in Transvaal. JOHANNESBURG, Aug. 14.-Considerable excitement has been created here by the discovery of a new gold reef which is said to traverse a large extent of ter-Local geologists think the strike ritory. is a continuation of the Witwatersrand main series, but the discoverers declare that they have found new gold fields that will be the equal in size of the Witwa-

Times Blames Cadogan.

LONDON, Aug. 14.-The Times, in an editorial article, frankly blames Earl Cadogan, the retiring Lord Licetenant of Ireland, and 'Genaid W. Balfour, who was Chief Becretary for Ireland from 1886 to 1960, for the present disturbed con-dition of that country. The paper says

The correspondent says Mullen was in the mountains alone and lost his road in a fog. He was attracted by the light of a fire, which it is supposed, had een lit by murderers to ald them in rapping tourists. The German approached the fire and was attacked and killed. A considerable sum of money was stolen from his person and the body was thrown into the fire. It was found afterward, partly burned. No trace of the murderers has been discovered.

No Agreement on Ausgleich.

VIENNA, Aug. 14 -- Negotiations for the establishment of the ausgleich between Austria and Hungary have not yet led to an agreement on the subject. Hungary opposes the proposed high duties on textiles, iron and machinery. Dr. Von Knerber, the Austrian Premier, and Kolomon Szell, Premier of Hungary, are to report to Emperor Francis Joseph on the ausgielch negotiations next Saturday.

Russian Obstruction.

PEKIN, Aug. 14 .- The restoration of the Pekin-Shan Hai Kwan Railway is being delayed by the Russians, who reto relinquish the new Chwang-Shan Hwai Kwan section unless they are allowed to retain the machine shops and roundhouse at Shan Hai Kwan. The Russians also object to foreign officials participating in the management of the dne.

Suicide of a Millionaire.

LONDON, Aug. 15 -- A dispatch to the Daily Express from Vienna says the well-known Polish millionaire, Baron Severin Brunicki, has committed suicide at Lemburg, Galicia, from disappointment be cause the owner of a small estate refused to sell it to him. His wife and his eldest son, says the correspondent, had previous-ly committed suicide.

Vanderbilt's Automobiles.

PARIS, Aug. 14 .- William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., who made the automobile record for a kilometer of 292-5 seconds and the mile record of 422-5 seconds August 5, on a rond near Albi, is taking several auto-mobiles with him to the United States on the North German Lloyd Steamship Kronprinz Wilheim, which left Cherbourg for New York yesterday.

Colonies and Imperial Navy,

LONDON, Aug. 14.-The conference of Colonial Premiers with Secretary Cham-berlain, which adjourned August 11, reached no agreement as to Canada's contribution to the Imperial Navy. A special arrangement is contemplated in the case of Canada. Australia's share was fixed at \$1,000,000 annually and New Zealand's at \$200,000.

South Polar Expedition.

CHRISTIANA, Aug. 14 .- The Antarctic

Explorer Boriohgrevinck, who is here, will return to America in a fortnight. He is arranging for the sailing of two He is arranging for the saining of two ships in 1963 on an expedition to the South Pole for the National Geographical So-clety at Washington. This expedition will utilize the reindeer, it is said, for the first time in Antarctic exploration.

Woman Suffrage in New South Wales SYDNEY, N. S. W., Aug. 14 .- The woman franchise bill has passed both houses of the New South Wales Legislature

Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph. The projected memorial tablet in Ken-

od Park to commemorate General Braddock's crossing of the Monogahela distinguish the" time hands. It has, of River at that point has awakened public interest in those chapters of local history relating to the ill-starred expedition against Fort Duquesne, and every menento of Braddock's defeat is being unearthed. The exact locality of the battle in the wilderness is being sought, and probably will be marked by a suitable nonument,

The ground occupied by the British and colonists in the fight on July 9, 1776, has long been a matter of dispute, but the best authorities agree that the Pennsyl-100 penny-weights. vania Railroad station in Braddock is near the spot where the most severe fighting occurred. Colonel Gage, who commanded the British vanguard, advanced higher up the hill, but his men soon were driven back, and Braddock's position was confined to a cramped line flanking the narrow roadway which Gage's men had cut through the forest. Near this road Braddock was mortally wounded while striving to check the panic among his veterans. The retreat had been sounded and the

narrow thoroughfare was crowded with the frightened troops. The spot where Braddock fell, however, never can be pointed out with accuracy, as every ves-tige of the road has long since disappeared. Nevertheless, there is a tradition which receives credit among many resi-dents of the town of Braddock that a tree is still standing over the place where the British leader met his fate.

This tree-a shaggy hickory that rears number its branches from among a number of stumps that mark the tombs of monarchs of the forest, which were chopped away to clear the site of the growing city-is frequently pointed out as the only monu-ment to the disaster. The tree stands 50 yards south of the Pennsylvania railroad, a short distance east of the Braddock station. Even this memorial to the terrible slaughter in the wilderness soon must give place to commercialism. A new street will be opened through that section of the town and the tree will share the fate of its comrades that formerly constituted a beautiful grove on the hillside.

How long this tree has been so distin-guished nobody knows. For a good many years it has been looked upon as a cherished momento of the battle. The legend which surrounds the tree with a historic halo is strengthened by another tradition that the British General fell beside a spring. Almost under the roots of the tree is a fountain in the green sod where the water gushes out in a limpid stream smothered up in a sewer

few yards away.

MOST VALUABLE WATCH.

An Unredeemed Pledge Said to Be Worth \$10,000.

New York Times

A watch said to be worth \$10,000 is go-ing the rounds of the pawnshops up town, and as yet has found no purchaser. Since its owner hypothecated it it has passed into the hands of several speculat-ors, and the end of its peregrinations up to the present time has found it still lacking a purchaser. It was pawned some five years ago in an up-town pawnshop for \$2300, and its owner, whose monogram is engraved on the case, has never at-tempted to redeem it. It is said to be the nost expensive watch ever manufactured in any country. Its works alone, it is estimated by ex-

entoriar article, frankty offines kart Cadogan, the retiring Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and 'Geraid W. Balcour, who was Chief Secretary for Ireland from 1886 to 1960, for the present disturbed con-dition of that country. The paper says

the face of the watch it seems difficult to course, the large time hands, second and split-second hands, and double hair springs. Besides the large dials there are three smaller ones. It has a second dial, a minute repeater, a minute register and a chronograph. The jewels used in the works are of the most expensive kind, and there are nine of them in all. The watch weighs, case and all, seven ounces four penny-weights. The gold weighs alone penny-weights.

The case is studded with 154 diamonds, 56 of which are gems weighing from half to three-quarters of a carat. It required the buying of many, even three times that number, in order to select those of equal size. That, of course, has much to do with the high value of this watch. The largest stones are laid in a circle around both sides of the case, and when the watch is opened the back of the stones set through the covers may be seen. They are not backed by anything that would give doubt as to their value. On the face cover the initials of the owner are set with 98 smaller stones, reading "E. J. P."

Aged Negro Sells Himself.

KNOXVILLE. Tenn., Aug. 14.-Jerry Logan, the aged janitor of the State Su-preme Court, has sold himself to Geraid Stuart, Clerk of the Court, for \$1000. For this sum he agrees in a written contract to serve and, obey Stuart as his legal master from now until the time of his death. Logan has lately been worried by debts, which he will pay now from the sum to be paid him for his liberty. He is an ex-slave, born of slave parents 60 years ago, and has many white friends of the old regime,

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