WALKS OF CEMENT

Large Districts Defined for Permanent Improvement.

ON BOTH SIDES OF THE RIVER

City Council Devotes Two Perspiring Hours to Transaction of a Large Volume of Business.

Nine Councilmen sat in the sweltering Council Chamber in the City Hall for two solid hours yesterday afternoon and listened with conscientious attention to the reading of scores of ordinances and petitions by the perspiring City Auditor Devlin. Not a breath of air entered the chamber, and the only breeze that fanned the brows of the heated legislators was that which radiated from the sheet of paper which Mr. Cardwell used as a fan and the silk handkerchiefs with which President Zimmerman and Mr. Rumelin dextrously flipped the moisture from their countenances. Mayor Williams felt the temperature and the usually cool Mr. Bentley solaced his feelings by gazing through the open window upon the over-heated passers-by.

But notwithstanding the temperature which made all except the absentees—Foeller and Sherrett—uncomfortable, the Council transacted a great deal of business. A substitute for the cement sidewalk ordinance introduced by Mr. Rumelin was passed and a similar ordinance providing for walks on the East Side, proposed by Mr. Sharkey, went through with only a single opposing vote. The Rumelin substitute enlarges the district in which cement walks must be laid after the plank walks have passed the repairing period, and also increases the penalties. Under the original ordinance the northern limit was Pettygrove street. The substitute, which was framed by the street committee, places the boundaries of the district at a point beginning at Fourteenth and Thurman streets, going west to Twenty-eighth street, to Quimby, to Twenty-seventh, to Pettygrove, to Twenty-sixth, to Northrup, to Twenty-fifth, to Johnson, to Twenty-fourth, to Flanders, to Ford, to Park avenue, to the City Park, to Madison, to King, to Chapman, to Taylor, to Fourteenth, to Montgomery, to Thirteenth, to Hall, to Twelfth, to College, to Tenth, to Jackson, to Seventh, to Grant, to Sixth, to Sheridan, to Third, to Hooker, to Second, to Gibbs, to First, to Pennoyer, to Front, to Lowell avenue, to First, to Seymour avenue, to Macadam, to Wood, to Hood, to Lincoln, to Front, to Glisan, to Fifth, to Irving, to Sixth, to Johnson, to Seventh, to Hoyt, to Ninth, to Pettygrove, to Fourteenth and thence to the place of beginning. Instead of the section providing for fines of from $5 to $50 or imprisonment of from two to 25 days, the penalties imposed are from $50 to $300 or imprisonment of from 25 to 90 days. The ordinance was passed without discussion and without a single dissenting vote.

The boundaries of the district provided for in Mr. Shakey's ordinance begin at the south line of Hawthorne avenue, run east to Union avenue, to East Harrison street, to East Sixth, to East Grant, to East Eighth, to East Caruthers, to East Tenth, to Division, to East Twentieth, to East Stark, to East Sixteenth, to Holladay avenue, to East Thirteenth, to Weidler, to East Twenty-fourth, to Brazee, to East Seventh, to Hancock, to Union avenue, to Broadway, to Wheeler, to Dixon, to Ross, to Dupont, to Benton, to the J. Delay donation land claim, to Larrabee street, to Cherry, to Crosby, to Holladay, and thence along the north line of Holladay and the southerly line of McMillen's addition to the steel bridge, westerly along the bridge to the east bank of the Willamette River and southerly along the bank of the river to the place of beginning. The penalties are the same as those of the street committee ordinance, but the measure did not receive the unanimous vote of the other. Mr. Merrill voted against the motion to suspend the rules and place it on its third reading and also against the ordinance when it was placed on its final passage. The eight other Councilmen voted for it.

Against Oil Tanks.

The question of permitting the storage of petroleum, crude or refined, within the city limits was placed before the Council in two forms. By request, Mr. Rumelin proposed an ordinance limiting the amount of crude petroleum or the product of petroleum that may be stored in the city at 5500 gallons. The remaining provisions are practically the same as those of Mr. Sharkey's anti-oil tank storage ordinance. It is understood that the ordinance was framed for the information of a California company which asks the privilege of storing about 30,000 barrels of oil in the city and to make the place of storage a distributing point. Like Shakey, Rumelin is opposed to oil tanks. The ordinance was referred to the committee on health and police.

Mr. Bentley asked that the West Clay Manufacturing Company be granted a permit to erect storage tanks in the city limits. Ex-Councilman E. C. Bronaugh, representing the company, was granted the courtesy of the floor, and stated the object of the request. Cheaper fuel was needed and the company wished to use crude petroleum. It would construct an underground reservoir on its own premises, to be of cement, 75 feet from the company's kilns and 100 feet from the buildings of any other property-owner. As the reservoir would be four feet underground, ignition of the petroleum would be impossible. The permit was granted.

More Room for the Carnival.

Mr. Bentley introduced an ordinance amending the one granting the use of parks and streets to the Portland Lodge of Elks for Carnival purposes. The former ordinance did not make provision for sufficient room for the exhibits. By the amendment the Elks may enclose streets from Washington to Burnside; on Ankeny from Seventh to Park; the south half of Burnside street from Seventh to Eighth; the park blocks from Ankeny to Flanders, and Burnside, Couch and Everett streets from Eighth to Park street. The ordinance was passed.

By request, Mr. Rumelin introduced an ordinance providing for the employment of an attorney and a stenographer whose duty shall be to revise and codify the ordinances of the city and amendments, they to receive compensation at the rate of $200 per month for a period not to exceed five months. It was referred to the ways and means committee.

Other ordinances introduced were as follows:

Proposed New Ordinances.

By Mr. Zimmerman—Amending the license law as to business, callings, etc., by providing that the written statement required be verified; referred to the license committee.

By Mr. Zimmerman—Amending the ordinance regulating hawkers and peddlers so that no driver or other person in charge of the vehicle shall be allowed to stand within 10 feet of a crossing or more than two feet from a curb, and not to stand a longer period than the time required to make the sale; referred to the license committee. The amendment is intended to correct a defect in the present ordinance.

Adopting the report of the viewers on the opening and widening of East Seventeenth street from Belmont to East Taylor; passed.

Declaring the probable cost of the improvement of Main street from Chapman to King to be $3580 24 and making an appropriation therefor; passed.

Declaring the probable cost of the improvement of Everett street from Twenty-third to the Cornell road to be $1104 10 and making appropriation therefor; passed.

Declaring the probable cost of the improvement of East Salmon street from East Twelfth to East Fifteenth to be $1700 and making an appropriation therefor; passed.

For the improvement of East Everett street from East Eighteenth to East Twentieth and making an appropriation of $553 27; passed.

For the improvement of East Everett to the Sandy road and appropriating $314 92; passed.

For the improvement of Morris street from Vancouver to Union avenue and appropriating $1877 82; passed.

For the construction of a sewer in Montana avenue from Prescott to the Beech-street sewer and appropriating $2782 75; passed.

For a sewer in Minnesota avenue; referred to the sewer committee.

For the construction of a sewer in Stanton street and appropriating $634 30; passed.

Assessing lots 5 and 8, block 77, Couch addition, $42 for sidewalk repairs; passed.

For the improvement of Savier street from Front to Twenty-eighth; passed.

Adopting the reports of the viewers of the opening of East Thirty-fourth street and of Union avenue from Alberta street to the Love donation land claim; passed.

Establishing the grade of East Madison street at East Twenty-fourth, Vaughn at Watson, Thurman at Seventeenth, East Main at East Twenty-fourth, and Clackamas and Hicks from East Twenty-second to East Twenty-fourth; passed.

A resolution was introduced by Mr. Bentley requesting the County Court so to place the last eastern truss of the Madison-street bridge that it would not be within the property line, and it was adopted.

For Street Improvements.

Resolutions for street improvements were introduced as follows and were adopted: Washington street from its intersection with Burnside to within 240 feet of the City Park, Fourth and Fifth streets from Glisan to Jefferson, (concrete walks). Sherman from Sixth street to a point 300 feet west, Lovejoy from Nineteenth to a point 200 feet west, East Seventh from Holladay avenue to Pacific, Bond from Twenty-first to Seventeenth, East Yamhill from Twenty-seventh to Twenty-eighth, Hoyt from Sixth to Ninth, East Morrison from Eleventh to Seventh, and Twenty-fifth street from the Meade estate to Raleigh. Resolutions for sewer improvements, which were adopted, were: At East Pine and Twenty-sixth streets, East Twenty-sixth street from Belmont to the East Taylor-street sewer, Sellwood street from Kerby street to the Sellwood-street sewer, at East Stark and East Twelfth streets.

Petitions for street improvements were granted as follows: E. C. Bronaugh, East Twenty-fourth, East Everett, East Flanders and East Glisan streets; G. W. Bates, Davis street; Portland Trust Company of Oregon, Belmont street; M. E. Thompson and others, Monroe street; A. S. Watt, East Burnside street from East Twenty-second to East Twenty-fourth; H. J. Fisher, East Taylor from East Water to Union avenue. The petition of the Portland Trust Company for a sewer in Belmont street from Prettyman street to the Belmont-street sewer was granted.

The petition of D. C. O'Reilly and others for the removal of the tanks of the Standard Oil Company was referred to the committee on health and police, as were also the petitions of Peter Roth for the return of $75 pound fees, the Retail Grocers' Association for an ordinance regulating hawkers and peddlers, and the residents of Fulton for the exemption of their district from the pound limits.

An invitation to send a delegate to the convention of the Pacific Coast Association of Fire Chiefs, which will be held in Victoria, was referred to the ways and means committee.

An invitation to the Mayor and the Council to attend the carnival and street fair of the Seattle Elks on August 26, Portland and Tacoma day, was accepted.

Mrs. M. M. Gearin was granted an extension of 30 days in which to have a concrete walk constructed at Fourth and Washington streets. Mrs. Gearin intends to erect a brick building on the property she owns and wishes to have the walk so built that it may be joined to the structure when it is completed.

REAL ESTATE PICKS UP

FAIR BUSINESS IS DONE FOR SLACK SEASON.

Almost as Many Transactions in Past Seven Months as in Entire Year of 1901.

"Fair business for a dull season," say the real estate men. A good-sized movement is going on and although last month was a slack period, the aggregate of transactions showed large figures, as is indicated by the table appended below. These figures prove that nearly as much business has been done in realty in the past seven months as in the entire year of 1901.

Realty men all complain of the strike in the building trades, and the depression that has followed it. "But for the strike," they say, "we should have done a phenomenal business, far beyond all record." Cost of building materials has advanced and put many people out of the notion of building at present. "People will have to get used to the higher cost," remarked a contractor, "but it will take them some time to do this, and meanwhile Winter will have come, so that they will do nothing until next year."

Demand for lots is slack, and there is little or no speculation. There is, however, a strong market for finished houses at prices from $500 up. The supply of houses has not been increased this season to meet the requirements of a larger city population. This will be felt more after people return from Summer resorts and endeavor to find houses.

"I can name two families who came to Portland to live, but could not find homes," said a real estate man. "They went to Spokane just for this reason." Rents, of course, have a buoyant tendency in such conditions, but they are very slow to advance. The best houses for rent are all occupied, and are getting scarcer every day.

In small acreage for homes there has been considerable business this Spring and Summer. Seekers after this kind of property desire houses on the land, but it is seldom possible to meet their demand in this respect, and they have to build. Tracts of this kind sell at from $100 to $300 an acre.

Everybody in the realty market and building trades is hoping for a more active season this Fall. As they have precedent to favor them, no doubt their expectation will be met. No more large building projects are likely to be undertaken this season, but it is different as to dwellings.

The Harriman immigration work will stimulate realty and building. The stimulus will be felt especially in the market for farm lands. Not much of such realty, however, is sold in the city.

Timber land continues to have a steadily strengthening market.

Comparative Table of Transfers.

Transfers in real estate this year are indicated in the following comparative table:

	1900.	1901.	1902.
January	$ 218,323	$ 678,640	$ 832,791
February	242,646	318,683	562,869
March	438,942	285,963	973,443
April	504,188	439,586	609,217
May	257,115	352,592	606,821
June	262,578	273,315	491,552
July	333,387	549,643	680,000
August	198,492	431,640	.....
September	213,714	381,365	.....
October	265,745	427,286	.....
November	365,736	335,058	.....
December	229,819	518,133	.....
Totals	$3,531,985	$4,986,246	$4,358,853

AWNINGS COME NEXT.

Civic Improvement League Objects to Flashy Posters.

The large, ungainly posters that adorn the awnings of a number of the business houses of Portland are the next nuisance against which the Civic Improvement Association will turn its attention. Flashing posters announcing the coming of circuses and other attractions are posted on the awnings, and present to the passers-by a very uninviting sight. Investigation shows that in the majority of cases the only compensation offered for the use of the awnings is a number of tickets to the circus.

"Things are getting pretty bad," said a member of the association yesterday, "when the business men of the city will sell their pride for a ticket to a circus."

There seems to be some doubt as to whether at present there is an ordinance that will prevent this practice, but the members of the association will look into the matter at once, and if there is one they will insist that the practice be stopped. If there is not they will urge the necessity of such an ordinance. The clause which seems to cover the situation more nearly than any other is one prohibiting the posting of signs over sidewalks. The question that arises is as to whether the proprietors of the houses can insist that they have a right to put whatever they please on their own awnings.

In speaking of the matter a member of the association yesterday said: "We will do all that we can to stop the practice, but we wish to be sure that the ordinance is with us before we take any steps. Our stand is simply that the city ordinances must be observed. We do not wish to stop anything that is not forbidden by the city, and will let such practices go until we can secure the passage of an ordinance that will cover them. The practice of putting such signs on the awnings is a very undesirable one, and one that will give a very bad impression of our city to visitors. Business men ought to take more pride in their places of business than to allow such signs, and they are not allowed by the best houses. There are a number, however, that seem to have no pride at all in the appearance of the city, and will allow their stores to be covered with such advertisements for the mere privilege of getting a few tickets to the show."

The Eugene Divinity School.

LA GRANDE, Or., Aug. 3.—(To the Editor.)—In reference to your able editorial on the relation existing between the Eugene Divinity School and the State University at that place, permit me to supplement some of the opinions, as published in Wednesday's Oregonian, from my own observations, which I have derived while at one time since a resident of Eugene.

The views expressed by Professors Straub and Young, representing the faculty, in my humble opinion, are theoretical in their sweep, and must be ignored by any one who for several years, as the writer of these lines did, from personal study, observed that practically speaking there is no difference between the Eugene Divinity School and the State University. The former is simply an annex to the latter. Some of my acquaintances there even went so far to assert that they did not know whether the Divinity School was the State University or vice versa. For my part, taking things at their value, I am inclined to think that the Divinity School is but a college closely affiliated with the State University; and that I am not very far off from the mark in judging its relation to the State University, the remarks of Professor Young bear me out on the whole. His assertion, that the steps taken by the Christian denomination of Oregon must be followed generally by the denominations of Oregon, or we shall long have primitive conditions in higher education in this state, permit me to say is wrong in the light of the principles laid down by you in your editorial, and dangerous in virtue of the principles of the constitution. It is idle to talk about "primitive conditions" in higher education, when consideration is taken of the constitution. Are conditions to be arranged after the model of German or English universities, as Professor Young's remarks evidently imply this? Then what will happen? The state will have to endow chairs of theology for the 175 denominations in this country, and we shall have a veritable Oxford or Heidelberg. Sociology, I wish to remark, is but an experimental science, and were I Professor Young, I would be a little more conservative in enunciating theories owned up to by Giddings, for that matter alone shows there are other sociologists, as for instance, Ward and Lindley M. Keasbay, who differ from him on that score.

Let the University of Oregon take care of itself by leaving the Divinity School alone; since their aims are different, and I may even say, heterogenous. For the present I do not desire to say more on this point, reserving for the future proofs which will bear out everything heretofore stated by me. The distinctions ingeniously made by the members of the State University and by all those interested in the welfare of the Divinity School are technical. What we Americans fear, and with just reasons besides, is the dangerous precedent such as it is to be found practically existing between the University of Oregon and the Divinity School.

I. PRZYBYLSKI.

Cholera in Manchuria.

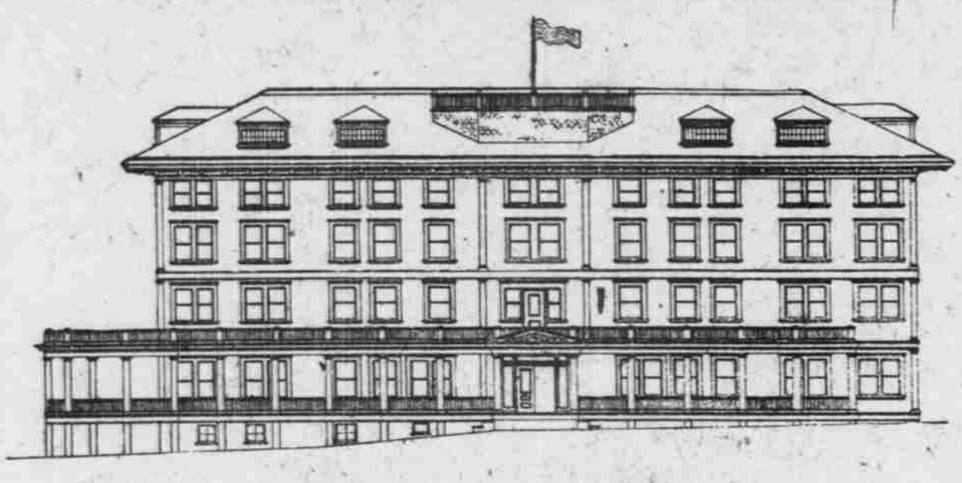
ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 6.—Cholera is spreading in Manchuria with alarming rapidity. The deaths at Harbinand, on the Eastern China Railway, number between 100 and 130 daily, chiefly Chinese. It is feared the epidemic may reach Irkutsk and Vladivostok. The Russian sanitary precautions are wholly inadequate.

THROUGH THE COLUMBIA RIVER GORGE.

A delightful trip of a few hours will take you through the famous "Columbia River Gorge," the greatest combination of river and mountain scenery on earth. O. R. & N. train leaves Portland daily at 9 A. M. Return can be made by steamer from Cascade Locks. Special low rates for this trip. Get particulars at O. R. & N. ticket office, Third and Washington.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered liver.

PERSPECTIVE PLAN OF NEW PORTLAND SANITARIUM BUILDING.



WHICH WILL BE ERECTED AT MOUNT TABOR.

Excavations are progressing for the foundation of the Portland Sanitarium, to be erected at Mount Tabor at once. The grounds embrace 2.1 acres on West avenue, about 200 feet south of the City & Suburban Railway Company's branch. Concrete for the foundation is being prepared. The building will have 130 feet frontage and 40 feet width, with two annexes in the rear 60 feet deep by 50 wide. It will be four full stories high, with attic, and basement under the north half. A porch 12 feet wide will extend along the front of the first and second floors, supported by large pillars.

It will be a frame structure, designed especially by P. Chappell Browne for the requirements of the sanitarium. On the first floor there will be parlors, dining-room, waiting, reception, bath, gymnasium and other apartments, while the upper floors will be occupied by apartments besides the operating rooms. Ventilation and light in every portion of the building will be ample.

The cost of the first structure will be about $35,000, and it is confidently expected that more room will be required before a year. There will be ample grounds for any enlargement. The sanitarium is modeled on the general plans of the Battle Creek, Mich., institution, which is under the charge of the Seventh-Day Adventist denomination. The Portland sanitarium is under the charge of this church, but the management is undenominational.

Dr. W. R. Simmons is at the head of the project. There will also be a health-food factory in connection with the sanitarium, but probably on other grounds than at Mount Tabor. It is expected that the contract for the erection of the sanitarium above the foundation will soon be let and work started.

RACE TRACK OF THE INDIANS

L. L. Hawkins Locates Place Where Early Sports Met.

L. L. Hawkins, who has recently returned from the Mazama excursion to Mount Adams, gives the following interesting account of the Indian meetings that for many years have been held at the place known as the "Racetrack." This race track is a cleared space of ground, over a mile in circumference, located on a long lava flow south of Mount Adams. The flow, contrary to what might be expected, runs from a point west of the mountain, proving that at some place between Adams and St. Helens there was at one time a fissure from which hot lava issued forth. The stream went to the eastward, forming many caves, and narrowing down to a width of about a mile and a half. When it reached a point not far from Trout Lake it turned toward the south and finally cooled at a place not far north of the Columbia. The race track is 15 miles west of the lake, and the same distance southwest of Adams, so that the three places form a triangle 15 miles on a side.

The huckleberries grow in the utmost profusion in this district, and for many years the Indians came to gather the annual crop, from Spokane, Eastern Oregon, and even from the Puget Sound country. After the work of berrying was over, fishermen were sent south to the great river to get the Fall supply of salmon and, after they had returned, it was time for rest and recreation. The red men had come prepared for this, and with them they had brought all their swiftest cayuses, so that a great race could be held.

As these races were the greatest events of the year, the Indians were jealous of being outdone by their neighbors, and so it was no unusual thing for one of them to wager everything he had on earth, including his blanket, clothing, baskets, horses and even his wives. Many of them left the track with absolutely no property on earth, and not a stitch of clothing on them except their breechclouts.

The owner of a swift horse would lead his nag out on the track and make a pile of goods he wished to wager. The man who took up the bet would make a similar pile, and the friends and tribesmen of the bettors would add whatever they wished. The race was then run, and the winners packed away the proceeds on their horses. After this sort of entertainment had lasted till there were no more persons who could bet, the meet was wound up with great feasts and dances, and the giving of presents, with the Indian understanding that after the feast the presents were to be given back to the donors. No less than 2500 Indians went to the race track on these occasions, representing all the tribes and families in the Northwest Coast.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

In Aiming at a Rabbit, I. L. McLean Wings Himself.

While trying to shoot a rabbit in Columbia County yesterday, I. L. McLean, 25 years old, accidentally shot himself, and the pellets from the gun he carried entered his left lung. He and his little boy were driving a wagon, when a rabbit happened leisurely to cross their path. McLean's gun was lying in the wagon, and in raising the weapon to his shoulder there was a loud report, and the marksman found he was shot. His son ran to the nearest house and told the people there about the accident which had happened to his father, and it was found that McLean was seriously injured. He was moved to this city and taken to St. Vincent's Hospital, where Dr. Labbe took charge of him. It was stated early this morning that it is doubtful if the patient can recover.

For trunks, go to the Harris Trunk Co.

Meier & Frank Company

Just received by express—New Golf Vests with knit sleeves—all colors—new styles.

New ideas in black and white Feather Boas for evening and dress wear.
New dotted Chiffon Veiling—Tucked and figured borders—All colors.
New Silk Mitts in white and gray—Elbow and wrist lengths.

Actors' Souvenirs 14c

200 beautiful copies of Actors' Souvenirs—Full Page illustrations of renowned actors, actresses and the plays in which they have been successful. Sherlock Holmes (Wm. Gillette), Maud Adams, John Drew, Olga Nethersole, Edna May, Weber & Fields, Mrs. Leslie Carter and many others. Regular price 25c copy,

Sale Price 14c

Wash-Silk Waists

75 handsome Japanese corded wash-silk Waists in all the best colorings and stripes go on sale today at a price less than the cost of manufacturing—There's great comfort and service in one of these cool, airy Jap silk Waists—Made up nicely in plain style, all sizes, while they last

$3.50 Each

Values up to $5.50.—(Second Floor.)

Dress Skirts Novelty Dress Skirts in black etamine and cheviot just received—Newest styles and very reasonably priced.—(Second Floor.)

Wash Fabrics

Season's wind-up of Wash Materials. Two bargains of more than usual interest.

3000 yards of Lawns, Dimities, Batistes and Swisses in dots, figures and stripes—There's almost every color ground; blue, white, linen, pink, black—Materials that early in the season commanded 15c to 25c a yard, your choice of this lot, yard..... **9c**

1000 yards of rich Embroidered Linens and Embroidered Swisses in best designs—Pink, blue, green, yellow and tan, also black and whites, materials that brought 50c and 65c yard, your choice, yard..... **35c**

Basement

Special price attractions on seasonable goods.

50 foot Garden Hose 1¼-inch $3.95
Large size "Gurney" Refrigerator, a very economical user of ice, $15.00 value .. $12.75
Mason Fruit Jars; pints, 50c dozen; quarts, 58c; half gallons 75c
Tin-top Jelly Glasses, dozen 25c
Thin blown Tumblers, each 4c

Water and Lemonade Sets at special low prices.

Sprinkling Cans—all sizes.

Shirtwaists Cleaning up the entire stock at less than half price. (Second Floor.)

Friday Surprise Sale

A mammoth Carpet bargain for the 676th Friday Surprise Sale, just the kind of Carpets for use in the servants' room, bath room, sewing room, Summer cottage, play room or kitchen use. 3000 yds. of Agate Ingrains, yard wide, eight splendid patterns, colors guaranteed not to run. The greatest Carpet bargain we have ever offered, for tomorrow only buy all you want at..... **29c yd**

(See Fifth-Street Window Display.)

Men's Wear

Washable Batwing Madras Ties in a large variety of good stripes and colorings, 25c grade.

Men's balbriggan Union Suits, most comfortable of underwear for Summer wear, all sizes 88c

Men's white starched shirts, famous "Garland" make, fine quality, all sizes, special value 63c

Men's Outing Shirts, special value at 43c

Boys' fine grade fancy worsted Sweaters, all sizes, variety of styles, each $1.27

Men's and boys' Summer Clothing—The entire stock at greatly reduced prices.

Pongee Silks In plain and fancy embroidered stripes, a very stylish waist material, the regular $1.00 grade at..... 79c

August Linens

Imitation August Linen Sales bobbing up round town but they don't have the least effect on the active selling going on at these counters—Three seasons ago we learned that people would buy housekeeping Linens more liberally in August than in any other month of the year providing proper inducements were offered. Manufacturers help us by placing special values in our path—You do the rest—John S. Brown's Table Linens, Damasks, Napkins, Table Sets, Pillow Cases, Sheets, Bedspreads, Towels and Toweling at August prices.

Meier & Frank Company Meier & Frank Company

Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

EXCEPTIONAL REDUCTIONS IN SEASONABLE GOODS

ADVERTISEMENT—Daily (excepting Sunday) will appear on THIRD PAGE.
Sunday advertisement on Page 9

Olds, Wortman & King

SEE OUR
Mid-Week Specials
PAGE THREE

BATHING SUITS, PARASOLS, STATIONERY