LAST YEAR'S PLANK

Iowa Republicans Stand by Their Old Declaration.

ON THE QUESTION OF TARIFF

State Convention Congratulates the President on His Warfare Against the Trusts—Ticket Nominated.

Secretary of State—W. B. Martin, of Adair County.
Auditor of State—B. F. Carroll, of Davis County.
Treasurer of State—G. S. Gilbertson, of Winnebago County.
Attorney-General—C. W. Mullans, of Black Hawk County.
Judge of Supreme Court—Scott M. Ladd, of Bryan County.
Judge of Supreme Court—Short term, Charles A. Bishop, of Polk County.
Clerk of Supreme Court—John C. Crockett, of Hardin County.
Supreme Court Reporter — W. W. Cornwall, of Clay County.
Railroad Commissioner—E. A. Dawson, of Bremer.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 30.—The Republican state convention was held here today, and nominated a state ticket. The only controversy was over the tariff and trust utterances of the platform, and that was settled in the committee on resolutions in favor of a reiteration of last year's utterances, with an addition to the trust plank congratulating President Roosevelt for the inauguration of judicial proceedings to enforce the anti-trust laws. The temporary chairman, Congressman Walter I. Smith, in his address, said:

"We have seen the great, courageous and honest man who now occupies the White House attack the Northern Securities and the beef trust, under the law as it is, and it will require something more than the baseless insinuations of Democratic statesmen to convince the American people that the fight thus instituted is not a battle to the death. The Republican party fearlessly uses every means in its power to reach this great evil, and where modifications of the tariff would be useful to that end without serious injury to the laborers of this country will not hesitate to resort thereto."

As to the Philippines, he said:

"If the people of these islands ever become civilized and capable of independent self-government and then desire it, I, for one, would be in favor of giving it to them, but I am convinced that when these people have struggled up with our assistance until they are fit for independence, they will be as unwilling to surrender their relations to the United States as Iowa would be."

There was a spirited debate in the committee on resolutions over the reaffirming of that clause of last year's platform which declared for "any modification of tariff schedules that may be required to prevent their affording shelter to monopoly." H. M. Towner and James C. Davis insisted that the objectionable plank in last year's platform was virtually a plea of guilt to the Democratic charge that the tariff is a parent of trusts. In reply, W. H. Bory, Forge E. Roberts and others insisted that the language expressed the view of a large majority of the party, that it had stood the test of one campaign, and that its elimination now would make it party on the defensive, and lead the people to believe that the party is changing front on the trust question.

The Platform.

The platform, which was adopted by the convention unanimously, is as follows:

"We congratulate the people upon the prosperity that pervades every part of the country, stimulating every industry in the highest degree of activity, creating an unprecedented demand for labor and rapidly advancing the United States to a more commanding position in the commerce of the world. The condition of the country today, and its progress during the last five years, is a complete answer to the theories and prediction of those who opposed Republican politics at that time, and affords conclusive argument in favor of the continuance of the policies and the administration under which manifest benefits have been found.

"We deplore the untimely death of our great and beloved leader, William McKinley, and express our horror at the crime of his assassin. We mourn the loss to the country, coming in the fullness of his powers and usefulness, and pledge our fealty anew to the public policies with which his administration was identified.

"We declare our confidence in the leadership of President Roosevelt and our loyalty to his Administration, and we express our gratification that two honored representatives of Iowa Republicanism have seats at his council board. We indorse his recommendation as to reciprocity with Cuba, and believe that this policy is necessary to preserve and complete the beneficent work we have done in that island, and that it will be mutually beneficent to the people of Cuba and the United States.

"We approve the determination of President Roosevelt to enforce the laws of the land wherever violated, without fear or favor. Approving his purposes and assured that he has the confidence of the people, we look forward to his election to the Presidency in 1904 as to a foreshadowed event demanded by the popular will, and one that will maintain and promote the National prosperity and conserve every National interest.

"We express our approval of the work done by the 57th Congress in its first session, and our pride in the important part of that work borne by the Iowa delegation—the legislation for the reduction of taxation, for the establishment of civil government in the Philippines, for the construction of an isthmian canal, for the protection of our dairy products, with other measures of practical usefulness which distinguished the session. We rejoice that the firm but enlightened policy pursued in the Philippines has secured peace in the islands, and that the work of education, civilization, upbuilding and development is begun. We urge that contention over our policy in the Philippines should now cease, and the beneficent plans of the Government be given the united and cordial support of all our people.

"We are proud of the high standard of good conduct maintained by members of American families doing duty in the Army while they are executing our laws and carrying civilization to peoples in the far East under existing conditions. We give them assurance of our support and confidence.

"We stand by the historic policy of the Republican party in giving protection to home industries, and point, for its ample vindication, to the extraordinary rapidity with which our National resources have been developed and our industrial and financial independence secured. We favor such changes in the tariff from time to time as become advisable through the progress of our industries and their changing relations to the commerce of the world. We indorse the policy of reciprocity as the natural complement of protection and urge its development as necessary to the realization of our highest commercial possibilities.

"We assert the sovereignty of the people over all corporations and aggregations of capital, and the right residing in the people to enforce such regulations, restrictions or prohibitions upon corporate management as will protect the individual and society from abuse of the power which great combinations of capital wield. We cordially indorse the position of President Roosevelt in appealing to the courts to secure regulations that will control great combinations of capital that prevent competition and control the industries of the people without legal sanction or public approval. We favor such amendment to the interstate commerce act as will more fully carry out its prohibition of discrimination in rate-making, and any modification of the tariff schedules that may be required to prevent their affording shelter to monopoly.

"We are earnestly opposed to all legislation designed to accomplish the disfranchisement of citizens upon lines of race, color or station in life, and condemn the measures adopted by the Democratic party in certain states in the Union to accomplish that end."

The administration of Governor A. B. Cummins is strongly indorsed.

DEMOCRACY OF MICHIGAN.

Campaign Policy Outlined by Temporary Chairman of Convention.

DETROIT, Mich., July 30.—The Democratic State Convention to nominate a Governor and state officers convened in Light Guard Armory this afternoon, and will continue its sessions until tomorrow night. Nominations will not be made until tomorrow. There appears to be a lack of competition for the nominations. Several prominent Democrats suggested for the nomination for Governor have declared their unwillingness to make the run, among these being D. J. Campau, of Detroit; Justin R. Whiting, of St. Clair, and State Senator James W. Helme, of Adrian, though Whiting and Helme are still regarded as possibilities. Charles K. Sligh, of Grand Rapids, is being boomed by his home delegation from Kent County, and Judge George H. Durand, of Flint, who is said to be a Gold Democrat, but whose friends declare that he nevertheless voted for Bryan, is supported by the Seventh, Tenth and Twelfth Districts. Durand, however, is opposed by State Chairman Whiting and the Silver Democrats. At the afternoon session Alfred R. Luckin, who was chosen temporary chairman, outlined the campaign in Michigan, as follows:

"We are met together to devise ways and means to redeem the State of Michigan from misrule and thus prevent a great contemplated raid on her treasury. We charge that the Republican platform promises upon the subject of primary elections are made to be broken, as they have in the past. Upon Republican authority and testimony we charge, upon the part of Governor Bliss, a truckling subserviency to the Michigan Central Railroad and its interests at this critical time, when a firm and active opposition is demanded.

"In Detroit three of the great departments of government, expending annually $2,000,000 and controlling vast patronage, were taken from the men whom the people designated their regularly elected officers and conferred on others not designated by the people, either directly or indirectly. And they were so buttressed in office that the people cannot have any voice for four more years, although in the meantime two general elections will have been held. This is but a sample of the work of the present administration. The only motive—the real motive—for it was to create a great political machine.

"A grave crisis confronts our state at this time. The Michigan Central Railroad is about to begin suit against the state for damages for the repeal of its special charter by the Legislature of 1900. Under the law suit must be begun by December 31, 1902. The railway claims $27,000,000, according to the best information we can obtain. The people of Michigan are now called upon to say whether the Michigan Central Railroad Company shall have control of both sides of the case. It is a settled conviction on the part of thoughtful people that the Michigan Central has not rested content with preparing its lawsuit in the usual and ordinary method of suitors, but that it has gone to work deliberately for years back to place under obligations, to put it mildly, the state administration, so that when the time comes for pressing its claims it may not only have its own counsel, its own witnesses, its own experts, but that it may have an undue and overpowering influence with those in charge of the other side of the case."

Nominations for Congress.

WOODBURY, N. J., July 30.—The First District Republican Convention today renominated Congressman H. C. Loudenslager.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., July 30.—Malcolm Smith was nonfinated for Congress today by the Eighth District Prohibitionists.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., July 30.—The Democratic Congressional Convention of the Fifteenth District today nominated Z. N. Yost, of Pontiac.

Bryan Goes to New Haven.

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I., July 30.—William J. Bryan left here today for New Haven in Lewis Nixon's steam yacht Loudon.

A DA VINCI'S STAIRCASE.

Remarkable Spiral Steps in the Chateau de Bois.

Nature.

One of the most remarkable architectural structures in existence is the left-handed spiral staircase in the Chateau de Bois, Touraine, built during the sixteenth century from designs by Leonardo da Vinci. In a well-illustrated and thoughtful article published in the May number of the Monthly Review, Theodore Cook shows that the design of this staircase corresponds so exactly with the spirals in the common Mediterranean shell known as Voluta vespertillia as to leave little doubt that the artist had that shell before him as his model. The spiral on the central column of the core of the staircase corresponds exactly, for instance, with the spiral ridges on the columella of the volute, as seen in section.

This, of itself would be strong, although perhaps not absolutely convincing, evidence as to the origin of the design. But the staircase has also an exquisite outer balustrade, which shows a correspondence to the coils of the external spire of the shell as close as that which obtains between the interior of the staircase and the columella of the volute. Such a dual resemblance could scarcely be the result of coincidence, and the author seems, therefore, to be justified in the view he has taken. It is remarkable, however, that the spirals in the staircase run in the reverse direction to those in normal examples of the shell, that of the central shaft being left-handed instead of right-handed. The spirals are, in fact, those of a "reversed," or dextral, example of the shell, of which, perhaps, one in a million occurs in nature. That Leonardo da Vinci had such a reversed shell from which to copy is unlikely; but it is known that he was left-handed, and a left-handed man would naturally draw a reversed spiral. The author, we believe, has in hand a work on natural spirals in general.

Twenty Million Copper Company.

TRENTON, N. J., July 30.—The North American Copper Company, with an authorized capital of $20,000,000, was incorporated today to mine, smelt and manufacture copper, zinc, gold, silver and other metals. The incorporators are Raymond Newman and Frederick Seward, of New York, and K. K. McLaren, of Jersey City.

The barking of a dog is said to be an acquired habit, and one lost if the animals are allowed to run wild.

NEW YORK WILL BE SOLID

PRESIDENT WILL HAVE DELEGATION AT NATIONAL CONVENTION.

So Says Senator Platt, After a Conference With Mr. Roosevelt at Sagamore Hill.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 30.—"President Roosevelt will have a solid delegation from New York State to the next Republican National convention."

This statement was made this afternoon by Senator Thomas C. Platt, of New York, after a conference with the President at Sagamore Hill. Senator Platt was accompanied to Mr. Roosevelt's country home by Colonel George W. Dunn, of Binghampton, chairman of the Republican state committee of New York. The visit to the President was by appointment.

At 9:30 o'clock in the morning, Senator Platt and Colonel Dunn boarded the Government yacht Sylph at New York and 15 minutes later the trim little ship was under way for Oyster Bay. They arrived off the Roosevelt landing at 10:38 and were conveyed immediately to the shore in a launch. At the landing they were met by one of the President's carriages and driven directly to Sagamore Hill. After a cordial welcome by Mr. Roosevelt, luncheon was announced.

During the two hours' conference which ensued, both National and New York State politics were discussed, the discussion quite naturally revolving principally around state affairs. Senator Platt briefly but comprehensively reviewed the political situation in both the National and state fields. He already had declared himself to be a supporter of Mr. Roosevelt for the Presidential nomination in 1904, and he expressed the opinion that, barring serious contingencies, the President would be named to succeed himself. It was in this connection that he made the statement which is quoted at the beginning of this dispatch. Mr. Platt assured Mr. Roosevelt that perfect harmony existed among the leaders and among the rank and file of the Republican party in New York, and that without doubt the entire Republican tocket would be elected this Fall.

The story that Governor Odell might retire from politics to accept a handsome business offer was adverted to, but merely in the form of a denial of its authenticity. Governor Odell has had, it is understood, several offers during the past year or two to go into business in a way particularly advantageous to him, but all of them have been rejected. He is a candidate for re-election and will be nominated in September, it is confidently stated by Senator Platt.

Shortly after 2 o'clock, Senator Platt, leaning on the arm of Colonel Dunn, descended the steep flight of steps to the landing to take the launch for the Sylph. Physically he looks stronger and better than he has looked for several months. To a representative of the Associated Press he said that he felt "very well, indeed." In response to inquiries, the Senator said that he and Colonel Dunn had had a very pleasant talk with the President.

"The object of our visit to Sagamore Hill," suggested Colonel Dunn, "was to discuss pending National matters with President Roosevelt and to inform him of the condition of the Republican party in the Empire State. Our interview was entirely satisfactory."

Discussing the political situation in New York State, Senator Platt said: "Perfect harmony exists among the leaders and among the rank and file of the Republican party in New York. President Roosevent will have a solid delegation from New York State to the next Republican National convention. He will meet no opposition in his own state."

As to his conference with Mr. Roosevelt, the Senator said: "We did not discuss local appointments with the President. Our talk was principally on National and state political conditions rather than personalities."

In response to other inquiries, Senator Platt said, after announcing the assumption, of course, that Governor Odell again would be a candidate: "The candidates on the state ticket will not be decided upon until the Republican convention meets at Saratoga in September. Of course, the President has no candidate for Lieutenant-Governor. He is urging the claims of no man."

In the brief conversation it was said by Mr. Platt that he understood Governor Odell in a few days would visit the President at Sagamore Hill to discuss New York affairs. An inquiry concerning the political future of Lieutenant-Governor Timothy L. Woodruff elicited only a shake of the head by Mr. Platt and the brief statement that Mr. Woodruff would not be chairman of the Republican state executive committee. At 3:25 the Sylph weighed anchor and sailed for New York.

ANGLO-CHINESE TREATY.

May Serve as a Basis for Convention With This Country.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—It is said here that the commercial treaty between Great Britain and China, approved at a conference at the London Foreign Office yesterday, is to serve as a pattern for similar treaties to be negotiated by other powers with China. By the terms of the Pekin agreement, each of the powers is to have equal trade advantages and privileges in China, and it was recognized at the time of the signature that Great Britain, with her large trade interests in the East, would probably be the first nation to conclude a treaty. It is probable that the United States and the other powers signatory to the agreement will conclude treaties on the same lines, so that instead of a composite agreement as to the trade privileges embodied in the Pekin treaty, each of the powers will have its own convention with China on the question of commercial relations.

The provisions which Great Britain proposes to China in trade treaty, it is said, extends to nearly every point in which the United States is interested, in the registration and protection of trade marks, the creation of a national currency and the extension of the bonded warehouse system, to the reform of the Shanghai mixed court and the abolition of all internal taxation, whether native or foreign or for import or export. If the provisions which will be embodied in the treaty, as it is finally concluded, meet the views and wishes of this government, the United States may accept it under "the most favored nation" clause. But if the results obtained by Great Britain fall short of this Government's expectation, the United States may push separate negotiations and conclude a treaty of its own.

LIQUOR SELLING TO FEMALES.

Supreme Court Will Pass on the Denver Case.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—A case was docketed in the United States Supreme Court today that is intended to test the right of municipal corporations to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquor to females. The case is that of Daniel Cronin vs. the City of Denver. Cronin is the owner of a saloon and opened a wine-room for women. The record shows that he asked for an injunction to restrain the city from enforcing an ordinance prohibiting the maintenance of such a place for females, asserting that the law is unconstitutional, because it discriminates against women, and also because it deprives him of property without due process of law. He contended that he had as much right to sell liquor to women as to men, and that they have as much right to drink as men. He also referred to the circumstances that equal suffrage prevails in Colorado, and argued that since women had been given the right of suffrage, they stand on the same footing in all respects with men, and hence "are entitled to the pursuit of happiness and the same rational enjoyment as their brothers." The District Court upheld this contention, but the finding was overruled by the State Supreme Court.

Another Manila Libel Case.

MANILA, July 30.—Dr. Pardo de Tavera, a member of the Philippine Commission, has sworn out a complaint charging Senor Valdes, editor of a Spanish weekly, with criminal libel. Valdes published charges on which he was previously convicted and banished. The American libel law, enabling the entering of a plea of truth and justification, is now operative, and it is expected that a retrial will permit a complete inquiry into the charges. The defendants in the Freedom libel case have demanded a jury trial. They are Americans and assert that a jury trial is their constitutional right.

A force of constabulary, pursuing Ladrones in Cavite, struck Felizardo's column, and a running fight followed. Felizardo was reported wounded. Seven of Ramos' band were captured.

Oil Fuel in the Navy.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The bureau of steam engineering of the Navy Department, which has been experimenting at the Washington navy-yard for some time with fuel oil, has found that the tests with low-pressure air for spraying purposes have been quite satisfactory. Many complex problems, however, must be solved before it will be possible to determine to what extent fuel oil can be used in the Navy. If the contemplated experiments with small torpedo-boats are successful, further experiments will be made with a torpedo destroyer, but beyond this no plans have been made.

Typewriters' Statistics.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—According to a bulletin issued by the Census Bureau, there are 47 establishments in the United States at which typewriters and typewriting supplies are manufactured. The capital employed in the business amounts to $3,400,431. The value of the products is returned at $6,932,029, to produce which involved an outlay of $480,468 for salaries of officials, clerks, etc., $2,403,604 for wages, $714,821 for miscellaneous expenses, including rent, taxes, etc., and $1,402,170 for materials used, mill supplies, freight and fuel.

Stationing the Thirteenth.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Orders have been issued from the Department of California directing that on the arrival at San Francisco of the Thirteenth Infantry from the Philippines, headquarters, staff, band and First and Third Battalions of the regiment take station at Fort McDowell and the discharge camp on Angel Island; and the Second Battalion at Alcatraz Island. Companies F and I., of the Seventh Infantry, which have been stationed at Alcatraz Island, will resume their former station at the Presidio when relieved.

Duties of Chaplains.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—By order of Lieutenant-General Miles, chaplains hereafter are required to include in their monthly reports a statement of all births, marriages, baptisms and deaths occurring at their stations.

Shw Returns to Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 30. — Secretary Shaw returned here today from his trip to Oyster Bay and Atlantic City.

MINERS AND POLICE.

(Continued from First Page.)

Sheriff powerless for want of sufficient assistance. S. ROWLAND BEDDALL, "Sheriff."

Subsequently the following message was received from the Sheriff:

"Pottsville, Pa., July 30.—William Stone, Governor and Adjutant-General Thomas J. Stewart, Harrisburg: Bloodshed and rioting in this county, property destroped, citizens killed and injured. Situation beyond my control. Troops should be sent to Shenandoah immediately.

"S. ROWLAND BEDDALL, Sheriff."

Governor Stone started for Harrisburg at 3 o'clock tonight, and expects to reach here at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. He is being fully advised of the situation and of the movement of the troops. Arrangements have been made with the telegraph and railroad companies along the route over which the executive is traveling to transmit to him messages from the Schuylkill authorities.

The headquarters of the Eighth Regiment is at Pottsville. It is commanded by Colonel Theodore F. Hoffman. Colonel Charles M. Clements, of Sunbury, commands the Twelfth Regiment. The Governor's troop is located at Harrisburg. Should the presence of additional troops be needed to quell any further disturbances, one or more additional regiments of the Third Brigade will be ordered out, General Gobin, who will have command of the troops, was in command of the provisional brigade during the riots at Hazleton several years ago, and subsequently at Shenandoah. He will be joined tomorrow by his staff, and he will immediately locate his troops at that place and in the surrounding country.

Orders to the Twelfth.

SUNBURY, Pa., July 31.—At 12:45 this morning Colonel Clement of the Twelfth Regiment, N. G. P., received orders from Adjutant-General Stewart at Harrisburg to mobilize his command, excepting the Lock Haven and Danville companies and proceed to Shenadoah at once. It is expected the soldiers will reach there by 5 A. M.

TRIED TO KEEP ORDER.

Mitchell's Counsel to Union Officials in Schuylkill Region.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 30.—President Mitchell was shown an Associated Press dispatch from Shenandoah tonight giving the news of the serious riot there. Mr. Mitchell said it was too bad, but in the absence of full particulars he did not care to express an opinion.

It has been known, however, that ever since Monday Mr. Mitchell has been in communication with the leaders of the miners' union in the Schuylkill region and as he has always favored peace, it is presumed that he warned his subordinate officers to keep their followers in control. It was Mr. Mitchell's intention to visit the Schuylkill region this week, but the press of business has kept him at headquarters.

All the coal operators here are anxiously watching developments tonight.

Threatening Strikers Held.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 30.—Seven striking miners were held in $300 bail each today for trial on the charge of threatening the lives of Charles Frank and family. Frank is employed as a pumpman in the mines at Lykens.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Lieutenant A. L. Jossman.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The War Department today received a cablegram from Manila reporting the death of Second-Lieutenant Albert L. Jossman, Twenty-seventh Infantry, who died of wounds received in a campaign against the Moros at Bayan, Mindanao. He entered the army from Michigan.

Was Once Parnell's Tutor.

LONDON, July 30.—The death is announced of Right Rev. William Paurham Walsh, aged 82 years. He was at one time tutor to the late Charles Stewart Parnell.

LINOLEUM PROTECTED.

Crown Linoleum Coating will make your linoleum last. Fisher, Thorsen & Co., Front and Morrison streets.

PARTY LACKS AN ISSUE

WHITNEY ALSO SAYS THE DEMOCRATS ARE WITHOUT LEADER.

Congressional Campaign Committee Has an Elephant on Its Hands in Anti-Imperialistic Address.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, July 30.—After Bryan's visit to Maine, William C. Whitney, who was in that state, was asked about politics, and upon insisting that he was entirely out of politics was asked to say something about the prospects of Democratic success, and remarked that the Democratic party was "without a man and without an issue." This indicates that the conservative Democrats are not taking kindly to Bryan's recent Eastern visit.

The Democratic Congressional campaign committee has a white elephant on its hands in the shape of the anti-imperialistic address. If it circulates it now, with its attack upon the Army, it will emphasize the Philippines as an issue, which a great many Democrats oppose. If it does not circulate it, the anti-imperialists will hold it is not willing to stand by the representations which its leaders made in Congress during the last session. The Republicans apparently do not care what is done with the address, as their reports show it has had no effect upon the people.

NEW SURVEY ORDERED.

Move to Satisfy Settlers on the Nez Perces Indian Reservation.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, July 30.—The Secretary of the Interior has ordered a third survey of subdivisional lines in township 37 north, ranges 1, 2 and 3 west, lying on the northern border of the old Nez Perces Indian reservation, Idaho, to correct errors made in two previous surveys. The original survey was made 20 years ago, when the northern boundary of the reservation was first located.

When the Indians relinquished their title to unallotted lands of the reservation the surplus was opened to settlement. A number of settlers took up lands in the townships mentioned, which bordered on the old boundary line. It so happened that no Indians took allotments along this boundary, and at the request of settlers on the north of the boundary subdivisional lines were run subsequent to the opening. Through error in platting, the lands north of the old boundary line were platted to overlap on lands within the former reservation. Trouble ensued, and the surveys were examined and found incorrect. A resurvey was ordered, and this only served to complicate matters. On further complaint, the Secretary last Summer had another investigation made, which has resulted in the order for a final survey. In view of the complications, and overlapping of holdings, this survey will be in the nature of a compromise, and will finally determine the rights of the several interested settlers.

MISUSE OF MONEY.

Treasurer of Fertilizer Company in a Scrape.

BOSTON, July 30.—With the announcement today of the assignment of the Dudley Hosiery Mills at Newton Upper Falls came a report in financial circles of the misuse of notes of the Bowker Fertilizer Company to the extent of $120,000 by Treasurer Henry E. Coe of the hosiery mills, who also had been treasurer of the Bowker company.

The report affecting Mr. Coe's administration was confirmed tonight by Frederick Higginson, who succeeded him as treasurer of the Bowker company three weeks ago, he stating that Coe had confessed to the officers of the Bowker company that he had taken the money represented by $120,000 in notes. Mr. Higginson added that it was as yet impossible to learn from the company's books the exact sum lost. P. S. Gorham, counsel for the company, said that no action had been taken against Coe, and that he did not know what the future would bring forth.

Mr. Coe is between 60 and 70 years old, and declares that he did not profit personally by the transactions, the money going into the Dudley Hosiery Mills, of Newton Lower Falls.

Fiendish Crime at Missoula.

MISSOULA, Mont., July 30.—Little 5-year-old Edith Baker was the victim of a fiendish assault almost in the heart of the city at 6 o'clock tonight. The child was picked up off the thoroughfare by an unknown man and carried to the rear of a building. The child has given a description of her assailant, and large bodies of men are searching the city for the miscreant. A lynching is probable if he is caught. The girl's condition is precarious.

Daring Crime of Hobos.

OGDEN, Utah, July 30.—Three hobos coolly held up and robbed a passenger on the Rio Grande Western train who had stepped out on the platform of the Union Station here last night. A detective who went in pursuit of the robbers was in turn held up and relieved of his revolver, handcuffs and other paraphernalia and told to hurry away, which he did. A posse headed by several policemen took up the pursuit of the robbers. They came up with them, and in the exchange of shots which followed, Policeman Farr was severely wounded. The robbers then fled toward the hills north of the city.

Bloodhounds from the State Penitentiary at Salt Lake were telegraphed for, and were put on the track of the robbers this morning.

What are Humors?

They are vitiated or morbid fluids coursing the veins and affecting the tissues. They are commonly due to defective digestion but are sometimes inherited.

How do they manifest themselves?

In many forms of cutaneous eruption, salt rheum or eczema, pimples and boils, and in weakness, languor, general debility.

How are they expelled? By

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which also builds up the system that has suffered from them.

It is the best medicine for all humors.

MAN'S MISSION ON EARTH.

Medical Book Free.

"Know Thyself," a book for men only; regular price, 50 cents, will be sent free (sealed postpaid) to any male reader of this paper, 6 cents for postage. Address the **Peabody Medical Institute**, 4 Bullfinch street, Boston, Mass., established in 1860, the oldest and best in America. Write today for free book, "The Key to Health and Hapiness."

Editor's Note For 40 years the Peabody Medical Institute has been a fixed fact, and it will remain so. It is as standard as American Gold.

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals.—Boston Herald

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

"I SUFFERED TERRIBLY WITH FEMALE WEAKNESS"

SAYS MRS. ESTHER M. MILNER.

"I Had the Headache Continually--Could Not Do My Work--Pe-ru-na Cured."

Mrs. Esther M. Milner, DeGraff, O., writes:

"I was a terrible sufferer from female weakness and had the headache continually. I was not able to do my housework for my husband and myself. I wrote you and described my condition as near as possible. You recommended Peruna. I took four bottles and was completely cured. I think Peruna a wonderful medicine and have recommended it to my friends with best results."—Mrs. E. M. Milner.

Miss Mamie Groth, Platteville, Wis., writes: "Accept a grateful girl's thanks for the wonderful help I have received through the use of Peruna. Although I looked well and strong I have for several years suffered with frequent backache and would for several days have splitting headaches. I did not wish to fill my system with poisonous drugs, and so when several of my friends advised me to take Peruna I asked my physician what he thought of it. He recommended it and so I took it and am entirely without pain of any kind now."—Miss Mamie Groth.

Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, has had over 50 years' experience in the treatment of female catarrhal diseases. He advises women free of charge. If you are suffering from any female derangement write him a description of your symptoms and he will give you the benefit of his experience in the treatment of women's diseases.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

NOW IS THE TIME

TO TREAT AND CURE CATARRH

SPECIAL NOTICE---Office Hours From 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. Evenings, Tuesday and Friday From 6:30 to 8:30. Sunday From 9 A. M. to 12 M.

DISEASE DESCRIBED BY SYMPTOMS

The Proper Course for Sufferers.

Great numbers of people suffer from the malign poisons of catarrh, as from other chronic maladies, without any correct or definite idea of the nature of their affliction. The following symptoms have been carefully arranged to enable many sufferers to understand just what it is that ails them. Many diseases, known under various specific names, are really of a catarrhal origin and nature. Every part of the mucous membrane, the nose, the throat, eyes, ears, head, lungs, stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys and bladder, are subject to disease and blight by catarrh. The proper course for sufferers is this. Read these symptoms carefully over, mark those that apply to your case and bring this with you to Drs. Copeland and Montgomery.

If you live away from the city, send them by mail, and ask for mail treatment.

In either instance, and whether by mail or office treatment, the patient may be assured of the speediest relief and cure possible to medical science.

CATARRH OF HEAD AND THROAT

The head and throat become diseased from neglected colds, causing Catarrh when the condition of the blood predisposes to this condition.

"Is your voice husky?"
"Do you spit up slime?"
"Do you ache all over?"
"Do you snore at night?"
"Do you blow scabs at night?"
"Is your nose stopped up?"
"Does your nose discharge?"
"Does your nose bleed easily?"
"Is there tickling in the throat?"
"Is this worse toward night?"
"Does the nose itch and burn?"
"Do you hawk to clear the throat?"
"Is there pain across the eyes?"
"Is there pain in front of head?"
"Is your sense of smell leaving?"
"Is the throat dry in the morning?"
"Are you losing your sense of taste?"
"Do you sleep with your mouth open?"
"Does your nose stop up toward night?"

CATARRH OF BRONCHIAL TUBES

This condition often results from catarrh extending from the head and throat, and if left unchecked, extends down the windpipe into the bronchial tubes, and in time attacks the lungs.

"Have you a cough?"
"Are you losing flesh?"
"Do you cough at night?"
"Have you pain in side?"
"Do you take cold easily?"
"Is your appetite variable?"
"Have you stitches in side?"
"Do you cough until you gag?"
"Are you low-spirited at times?"
"Do you raise frothy material?"
"Do you spit up yellow matter?"
"Do you cough on going to bed?"
"Do you cough in the mornings?"
"Is your cough short and hacking?"
"Do you spit up little cheesy lumps?"
"Have you a disgust for fatty foods?"
"Is there tickling behind the palate?"
"Have you pain behind breastbone?"
"Do you feel you are growing weaker?"
"Is there a burning pain in the throat?"
"Do you cough worse night and mornings?"
"Do you have to sit up at night to get breath?"

SYMPTOMS OF EAR TROUBLES

Deafness and ear troubles result from catarrh passing along the Eustachian tube that leads from the throat to the ear.

"Is your hearing failing?"
"Do your ears discharge?"
"Do your ears itch and burn?"
"Are the ears dry and scaly?"
"Have you pain behind the ears?"
"Is there throbbing in the ears?"
"Is there a buzzing sound heard?"
"Do you have a ringing in the ears?"
"Are there crackling sounds heard?"
"Is your hearing bad cloudy days?"
"Do you have earache occasionally?"
"Are there sounds like steam escaping?"
"Do your ears hurt when you blow your nose?"
"Do you constantly hear noises in the ears?"
"Do you hear better some days than others?"
"Do the noises in your ears keep you awake?"
"When you blow your nose do the ears crack?"
"Is hearing worse when you have a cold?"
"Is roaring like a waterfall in the head?"

CATARRH OF THE STOMACH

This condition may result from several causes, but the usual cause is catarrh, the mucus dropping down into the throat and being swallowed.

"Is there nausea?"
"Are you costive?"
"Is there vomiting?"
"Do you belch up gas?"
"Have you waterbrash?"
"Are you lightheaded?"
"Is your tongue coated?"
"Do you hawk and spit?"
"Is there pain after eating?"
"Are you nervous and weak?"
"Do you have sick headache?"
"Do you bloat up after eating?"
"Is there disgust for breakfast?"
"Have you distress after eating?"
"Is your throat filled with slime?"
"Do you at times have diarrhoea?"
"Is there rush of blood to the head?"
"When you get up suddenly are you dizzy?"
"Is there gnawing sensation in stomach?"
"Do you feel as if you had lead in stomach?"
"When stomach is empty do you feel faint?"
"Do you belch material that burns throat?"
"If stomach is full do you feel oppressed?"

CATARRH OF THE LIVER

The liver becomes diseased by catarrh extending from the stomach into the tubes of the liver.

"Are you irritable?"
"Are you nervous?"
"Do you get dizzy?"
"Have you no energy?"
"Do you have cold feet?"
"Do you feel miserable?"
"Is your memory poor?"
"Do you get tired easily?"
"Do you have hot flashes?"
"Is your eyesight blurred?"
"Have you pain in the back?"
"Is your flesh soft and flabby?"
"Are your spirits low at times?"
"Is there bloating after eating?"
"Have you pain around the loins?"
"Do you have gurgling in bowels?"
"Do you have rumbling in bowels?"
"Is there throbbing in the stomach?"
"Do you have a sense of heat in bowels?"
"Do you suffer from pains in temples?"
"Do you have a palpitation of the heart?"
"Is there a general feeling of lassitude?"
"Do these feelings affect your memory?"

CATARRH OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Catarrh of the kidneys and bladder results in two ways, first by taking cold; second, by overworking the kidneys in separating from the blood the poisons that have been absorbed from catarrh, which affects all organs.

"Is the skin pale and dry?"
"Has the skin a waxy look?"
"Is the hair dry and brittle?"
"Is the skin dry and harsh?"
"Do the legs feel too heavy?"
"Is there nausea after eating?"
"Do the joints pain and ache?"
"Is the urine dark and cloudy?"
"Are the eyes dull and staring?"
"Is there pain in small of back?"
"Do your hands and feet swell?"
"Are they cold and clammy?"
"Have you pain in top of head?"
"Has the perspiration a bad odor?"
"Is there puffiness under the eyes?"
"Is there a bad taste in the mouth?"
"Is there a desire to get up at night?"
"Are there dark rings around the eyes?"
"Do you see spots floating before the eyes?"
"Have you chilly feelings down the back?"
"Do you see unpleasant things while asleep?"
"Does a deposit form when left standing?"

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