ENGLAND REJOICES

King's Recovery Said to Be Entirely Probable.

DOCTORS' FAVORABLE REPORTS

Danger of Peritonitis Is Regarded as Almost Passed—Liverpool Celebrates the Good News.

LONDON, June 27.—The following bulletin was issued tonight at Buckingham Palace at 11 o'clock.

"His Majesty's condition is in all respects satisfactory. The King has had a good day, and has made substantial improvement. TREVES,
"LAKING,
"BARLOW."

LONDON, June 28.—King Edward's improvement was maintained at 1 o'clock this morning.

LONDON, June 27.—"It's the best yet," was the popular comment with which the bulletin posted at Buckingham Palace at 11 o'clock tonight was greeted. A small crowd waited before the palace until the bulletin was brought out, and when the good news became known, there were cries of "Hear, hear," and cheers. Lord Churchill, the acting Chamberlain, drove up to the palace just as the bulletin was issued, and expressed his keen pleasure at the doctors' report of the King's condition. After learning the contents of the bulletin, the crowd at the palace quickly dispersed, and the rejoicing, which was apparent in the crowded streets, increased in keeping with the terms of the latest report.

The Prince and Princess of Wales dined at Buckingham Palace tonight, in company with visiting royalties. All the diners returned early to their homes.

The unanimity among prominent physicians in expressing their opinions as to the case of the King is quite remarkable. All the professional opinions gathered are distinctly favorable and hopeful. The doctors regard the danger of peritonitis as now almost passed and believe His Majesty's recovery to be entirely probable.

Liverpool was illuminated tonight in recognition of the good news.

Relaxation of the tension and anxiety concerning the King is everywhere noticeable. The Cunard Line steamer Campania, which left New York June 21, and which arrived at Queenstown today, reports that the news of King Edward's illness, which was transmitted to her by the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy from the Cunard liner Saxonia, Thursday evening, had such a gloomy effect on the passengers that the concert, which was in progress when the news was received, was abandoned. The satisfactory news received at Queenstown this evening, however, caused the greatest satisfaction.

The people are taking the greatest pride in the King's fortitude. It has been learned that His Majesty facilitated the preparations for the operation and when the surgeons were ready, he stretched himself upon the operating table, declining assistance.

Lord Warwick, in proposing a vote of sympathy for the King before the Warwick Town Council today, said that he was authoritatively informed that His Majesty's first words after the operation were: "Will my people ever forgive me?"

King Edward's calmness, cheerfulness and pluck are considered most favorable auguries for a speedy recovery, and the messages from Queen Alexandra and Sir Francis Knollys, the King's private secretary, in reply to expressions of solicitude and the statements of persons most familiar with the situation, all bear out the confident hopefulness which prevails today.

The Day's Bulletins.

LONDON, June 27.—A bulletin issued from Buckingham Palace at 10:15 o'clock this morning says:

"His Majesty had a fair night and has had some natural sleep. His appetite is improving and his wound is much more comfortable. On the whole, the King's condition is attended with less anxiety.

"LISTER, TREVES, SMITH, LAKING, BARLOW."

It is said after the issue of this morning's bulletin Lord Marcus Beresford asked Lord Lister how the King was progressing, and that Lord Lister replied:

"His Majesty is practically out of danger."

The following bulletin was posted at Buckingham Palace at 2 P. M.:

"His Majesty passed a comfortable morning. All his symptoms today are so far satisfactory. His temperature is normal. No other than important fluctuations in His Majesty's temperature will be recorded in the bulletins issued.

"TREVES, LAKING, BARLOW."

The following bulletin was posted at the palace at 6:15 P. M.:

"The King has maintained the satisfactory condition described in the last bulletin. His Majesty shows no disquieting symptoms.

"LISTER, TREVES, SMITH, LAKING, BARLOW."

LONDON WAS DESERTED.

On the Day When the Greatest Crush Was Expected.

LONDON, June 27.—What was to have gone down to history as procession day, when it was expected there would be the greatest crush ever witnessed in the streets of London, finds the city practically deserted. The bank holiday proclaimed for today paralyzed business. The masses, apparently surfeited with their eventless wanderings in the streets yesterday, either cleared out to the country, tempted by the perfect weather, or else stayed at home. Certainly the main thoroughfares could not have been more deserted on any Sunday in the year.

The big hotels, however, were each an oasis of activity amid the otherwise general stagnation. Many Americans are preparing to start for the Continent, and others have already gone there or to the country, while numbers took advantage of the fine day to visit the great fleet assembled off Spithead. Sir Thomas Lipton is entertaining a distinguished party on board his steam yacht Erin.

The fashionable cafes and restaurants were the scenes of numerous smart luncheons, while extensive but quiet preparations were made for week's-end house parties at the surrounding country places, whose owners seem to think that the situation warrants at least some subdued gaiety in honor of the many prominent visitors.

A party of 1100 orphans from the various institutions were entertained by the Prince and Princess of Wales today at a dinner given in the grounds of Marlborough House. The Prince and Princess again visited their little guests.

Throughout the afternoon only small crowds gathered about Buckingham Palace. The 2 o'clock bulletin created the greatest satisfaction.

Subsequently a member of the Government said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"Really, everything is going on wonderfully well and we all now think the King will recover, though, of course, we are afraid of being premature or unusually optimistic. The King is proving himself a gallant chap.

"A good deal of ill feeing and misdirected criticism seems to have been caused by the omission of the temperature from the bulletins. I understood the doctors avoided mention of it for the purpose of preventing what they believed would be an avalanche of faulty deductions from the press and alleged experts. It is only natural that the King's temperature slightly rises at night, and it is expected to do so for some time. Wednesday evening, when perhaps the King might have been expected to have been at his most critical period, his temperature was normal, yet the doctors purposely refrained from mentioning it."

The latest bulletins created the most favorable impression in Parliamentary circles. Many of the medical experts now believe that all danger of any septic process has passed and that so far as can be seen the crisis may be regarded as at an end. The operating table, bandages and other appliances connected with surgical operations were removed from the palace this afternoon.

At the adjournment of the House of Commons at 5:30 P. M. today, A. J. Balfour, the Government leader, announced that the progress of the King was quite satisfactory.

From an authoritative source, the Associated Press learns that the King reads and converses continually with the Queen and the Prince and Princess of Wales. All that the doctors insist is that he shall not discuss matters requiring careful weighing.

The Government officials expect possibly within a week to fix the approximate date of the coronation, which will probably occur early in the Autumn.

An authoritative statement contained in dispatches to the Associated Press that the check in King Edward's progress toward recovery, which was recorded in the last official bulletin of yesterday evening, was merely temporary in its character, receives gratifying confirmation in this morning's announcement by the attending physicians.

The announcement of a more comfortable state of the King's wound and his having secured natural sleep is followed by an indication of increasing assurance in the minds of those responsible for the official report. As the time approaches for the posting of the morning bulletin the crowd about the Palace of the King increased appreciably. When the better tenor of the news contained by the slip of paper attached to the baize-covered board became known, something like a cheer broke forth from the assembled people.

Prince Henry of Prussia and other foreign representatives were among the earlier inquiries at Buckingham Palace. The Prince of Wales and the Duke of Connaught called early. Lord Lister and his colleagues were in consultation for a quarter of an hour prior to issuing the bulletin posted at 10:15.

Electric fans are being utilized to keep the King's apartment at a suitable temperature, the heat in London at present being oppressive.

The American special Ambassador, Whitelaw Reid, and Mrs. Reid called by appointment on the Prince and Princess of Wales this afternoon, to take official leave of their Royal Highnesses. Mr. Reid will now close up the special embassy and go to Portsmouth to visit Rear-Admiral Crowninshield, Commander-in-Chief of the European station, on the United States flagship Illinois. Rear-Admiral John C. Watson, who was to have represented the United States Navy at the coronation, went to Paris yesterday, and General J. H. Wilson, the representative of the United States Army in the special embassy, is to follow him. Colonel John Biddle, General Wilson's aid will return to America.

The presence of the Princess of Wales, and the inclusion of Mrs. Reid in the audience today, was simply a continuation of that specially friendly attitude which the British royal family and government have throughout shown towards the American mission. King Edward has expressed himself as greatly pleased with the receipt of President Roosevelt's message of greeting, and the members of the government have missed no opportunity throughout the mission's visit of indicating its appreciation of the friendly feeling shown by them.

Prince Henry of Prussia leaves London tomorrow for Germany. When Prince Henry was leaving Buckingham Palace after his visit this afternoon, the marked warmth of the cheering of the people evidently pleased him greatly.

Coming Colonial Conference.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The Colonial Premiers and Ministers, while sorely disappointed over the postponement of the coronation, are consoling themselves, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune, and receiving cues from Colonial Secretary Chamberlain respecting the imperial conference next week. There is reason to believe that the conference will gain advantageous importance from the collapse of the general festivities, since public attention will be centered upon it. Premiers Laurier, Barton and Seddon will be chief figures, but there are strong men behind them. There is a hopeful feeling among the Canadian Ministers and the Premiers that with the help of Mr. Chamberlain something may be done in the direction of preferential trade.

Astute men like Premier Ross, from Toronto, and Ministers Fielding, Mullock and Patterson do not wish to commit themselves prematurely to any statement of policy, but they are convinced that the self-governing colonies have in Mr. Chamberlain a resourceful leader who commands support.

How Morgan Heard the News.

NEW YORK, June 27.—A story is going the rounds of how Pierpont Morgan first heard of the postponement of the coronation and its cause, cables the London correspondent of the Herald. The capitalist was traveling at the time on the underground railway, seated in one corner of a first-class carriage, while a stranger sat opposite. Nobody else was in the compartment. Not disclosing the fact that he had identified the American, the other handed him a sheet of paper upon which the single word "perityphlitis" was written, quietly intimating at the time that the King had contracted the disease and that the coronation preparations had been suspended. Mr. Morgan said not a word until two stations had been passed, then merely handing the paper back he laconically muttered, "You don't say so."

Reid Announces His Departure.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Assistant Secretary of State Hill received the following cablegram today from Whitelaw Reid, head of the special embassy of the United States to the coronation:

"LONDON, June 27.—Took leave of Lord Lansdowne today, and, after taking formal leave of Prince of Wales, shall close embassy, unless otherwise instructed, and quit London to pay promised visit to Admiral Crowninshield. Lord Lansdowne expresses warm appreciation of President's speech at Harvard, and general American sympathy shown in this time of trouble. The feeling about the King today is distinctly hopeful."

The State Department will send Mr. Reid no instructions in this matter, so he will proceed as indicated.

They Celebrated the Coronation.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 27.—The passengers of the steamer China, which arrived today from the Orient, being unaware of the serious illness of King Edward, celebrated his coronation on board the steamer last Thursday evening. 21 guns were fired from the steamer's signal gun, and appropriate ceremonies took place in the saloon. A score or more of the passengers were British subjects.

Italian Deputies Cheered.

ROME, June 27.—At the close of the morning sitting of the Chamber of Deputies today, the President of the House, Signor Biancheri, read the latest bulletin on King Edward's condition. Its wordings were greeted with prolonged cheers.

HE TOOK ALL IN SIGHT

DEWEY'S CHARACTERIZATION OF AGUINALDO.

Went to Manila for Loot, Not to Secure Independence for His People.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Admiral Dewey continued his testimony before the Senate committee on the Philippines today. Replying to questions put by Senator Patterson, he said that he had begun negotiations with the Governor-General of the Philippines, General Jaudens, for the surrender of the city, and the negotiations were conducted through the Belgian Consul, who, after the death of the British Consul, had been very courteous in acting as a go-between. It was a diplomatic negotiation, no letters being written.

The Admiral said he had informed General Merritt of the proffer of General Jaudens, but he did not believe that Merritt had taken "much stock" in it.

"I assured him that such was the case," said the Admiral, "but told him of the arrangement that before the surrender should take place I was to engage an outlying fort and make the signal, according to the international code, 'Do you surrender?' after which the Spaniards were to hoist the white flag on the southern bastion. I may say that I was the first to discover the flag, notwithstanding I had stationed 50 men to look out for it. It was a thick day, and I chanced to be the first to discover it."

He also said he had read the testimony of General MacArthur saying that he knew of no agreement of the kind mentioned, but that it had not been his (Dewey's) business to communicate with any one except the commanding official.

Asked by Patterson to explain his statement that General Merritt had not accepted the report that the Spaniards had agreed to capitulate, Admiral Dewey said that was only his belief.

"I don't believe," he said, "that the General entirely trusted the Spaniards. Still, he did not say so in so many words. I may add that I have since learned that some of the Spanish officers were tempted to fire at us. Even my own flag lieutenant did not accept their proffer as in the best of faith. I knew, however, that they would surrender, for I understood the straits they were in."

Replying to a question as to whether the agreement to surrender had been made public at the time of the attack upon Manila, Admiral Dewey said he thought not. "There are," he said, "lots of things which are not communicated to the public."

Patterson sought to secure from Admiral Dewey an admission that Aguinaldo had issued a proclamation of independence to the Filipinos about the time of the sinking of the Spanish squadron, but the Admiral said he did not remember it, although it was possible that he might have done so.

Patterson then read the paper forwarded by Consul-General Pratt, May 20, 1898, in which the Filipino leader said that Providence had opened the way for independence to the Filipinos, and spoke of the Americans as their liberators. The Admiral said, however, that he did not remember to have seen the paper. He had, he said, given Aguinaldo a printing press and probably he used this press for getting out his proclamation.

In reply to a question, the Admiral said that Consul Williams, who had been stationed at Manila, was an honest man, although, perhaps, quite enthusiastic. The Admiral did not, however, remember to have promised to Aguinaldo his "cordial co-operation," as the Consul had reported. For the purpose of making inquiry concerning some of the representations of Consul-General Wildman, located at Hong Kong, Patterson asked concerning that gentleman's character. The Admiral apparently hesitated to reply, but then said:

"He's dead—I'd rather not say. He was the United States Consul-General." He added that he would prefer not to reply to further questions, but when Patterson persisted, he added: "He was a very able man—an able Consul."

Patterson then read Mr. Wildman's letter of July 18, 1898, saying that Aguinaldo had conducted himself in a dignified manner, etc., and the Admiral assented to the truth of this statement. Speaking of Aguinaldo's loyalty the Admiral said he had become suspicious of that leader before the receipt of his proclamation on July 15. He said:

"I began to suspect that he was not loyal to us when he demurred to moving out of Cavite when our troops arrived."

"You mean that they were thinking more of their own independence than of us?"

"Yes."

Amiral Dewey also testified concerning the arms sent to Manila by Aguinaldo, and Senator Dietrich asked the Admiral if "he did not believe that the arms were purchased with money previously paid by Spain to secure peace, and that it was his intention to use the money to foment another insurrection for the purpose of gain."

The Admiral's reply was, "Exactly so."

Patterson next called attention to a number of proclamations forwarded by him to Washington in May, but Admiral Dewey said he did not remember having read them, and in explanation of his failure in this respect, he said:

"The days and nights were not long enough for me to get through with my work at that time. Evidently I did not consider the proclamations as of importance, and if I did read them I made no comment on them."

The reading of these dispatches was followed by a number of questions.

"Knowing Aguinaldo's expectations and purpose to secure independence," said Patterson, in beginning a question, but before he had concluded he was interrupted by the witness, who said:

"No, I did not know that."

"Then you believed such to be his purpose?"

"I did not believe it, and since you have asked my opinion I will say that I believe he was there for gain—for loot—for money, and I further believe that independence never entered his head."

Replying to another question by Senator Patterson, the Admiral said that while Aguinaldo was located at Cavite and was under his observation, he was always humane, but that he did not see much of him after the army came.

Senator Carmack then put a number of questions to the witness. Replying to these, the Admiral said it was true he had assisted Aguinaldo in organizing his army by supplying him with arms, etc.; that at that time there were no American soldiers in the Philippines, and that Aguinaldo had complete control of his own forces and that he was under no restraint.

Having laid the foundation by securing these statements, which were in reiteration of what the Admiral had said in his testimony yesterday, Mr. Carmack asked the witness why he had done so much to aid a man whom he regarded as a "common robber and plunderer."

The Admiral did not reply immediately. His face reddened and he laughed. He then said the Senator had not quoted him accurately but admitted that he had said Aguinaldo had gone to Manila for pillage and plunder. He added:

"You know the old saying that 'all is fair in war.'"

"Do you consider it fair in war to assist a known plunderer and robber in an enemy's territory to pillage without restraint?"

"I believe it is, as I read history."

"Then you admit that you assisted this robber and plunderer to organize, etc.?"

"I did not then call him a robber and plunderer, I called him 'the insurgent leader.' I have said here that he was there for money and loot. I think those were my words, and I think that is what he was there for. Do you," he asked, turning interlocutor himself, "do you think he was there for anything else?"

"I do," replied the Senator.

"Well, I don't," said the Admiral, and as if to express his opinion still more emphatically he repeated: "I don't," and then added: "I swear I don't."

"Do you think you know Aguinaldo better than General Otis?" asked Senator Carmack.

"In some things I think I do," the Admiral replied. "I think my judgment is better in some matters than the General's. I don't believe he ever saw Aguinaldo, and I saw him 50 times. Moreover, I know his history."

"Do you think you know him better than General Bell?"

"I think I know him better than any of our officers."

"Did Aguinaldo tell you that he was there for money and loot?"

"I saw in his action that he was. He had not been there 48 hours before he was taking everything in sight—provisions, munitions, etc."

"From the Spaniards?"

"From everybody."

"For himself?"

"I expect he got the lion's share."

"If General Otis and General Bell should say they regarded Aguinaldo as personally honest in money matters would their statement influence your opinion in regard to him?"

"Not in the slightest degree."

"You don't know of a single dishonest act on the part of the man you regard as a thief?"

Just before this question was asked Senator Lodge, as chairman of the committee, had announced that 2 o'clock, the hour for adjournment, had arrived. The Admiral took advantage of this announcement to cut short a line of inquiry that was plainly annoying him. He rose as the last question was being propounded and when it was concluded said:

"I think I shan't answer that question."

He then took his hat and left the room with a polite word of adieu, but without being finally dismissed. The examination of the Admiral will be concluded tomorrow.

More Soft Coal Mined.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—The statement of coal and coke originating on the Pennsylvania Railroad lines east of Pittsburg and Erie for the week ending June 21 shows that there were carried only 5901 tons of anthracite coal, as compared with 92,812 tons for the corresponding period of 1901. The shipments of bituminous coal were 548,596 tons, as compared with 384,079, and the coke tonnage was 191,841, as against 159,668 tons, the total tonnage amounting to 776,338 tons. Notwithstanding the falling off in the shipment of anthracite coal, the total fuel carried was greater than it was in the corresponding week of 1901.

Interest and Dividend Payments.

NEW YORK, June 27.—A compilation of interest and dividend payments made in June, published by the Journal of Commerce, shows that the total disbursements this season will run in excess of $123,000,000. This is considerably ahead of last year's total, and thus undoubtedly breaks all records. Dividends on railroad securities show an increase over the same period last year of $2,137,000, while industrial dividends show a shrinkage of $4,619,000. The latter is attributed largely to the disappearance of several large copper companies from the list.

Needy Americans in Cuba.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Hundreds of indigent Americans now in the island are petitioning the Minister for aid, says a dispatch to the Herald from Havana. This prompted Minister Squiers to call a meeting of the Americans in the legation, when liberal subscriptions were made to send the needy Americans to the United States.

Bryan Says He Was Not Invited.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 27.—W. J. Bryan has announced that he was not invited to the Tilden Club banquet in New York, adding that if he had been, he would have responded, explaining why he would not attend a political banquet given in honor of one who twice opposed the Democratic ticket, and has never since announced his intention to return to the party.

Boer Prisoners Go Home.

ISLAND OF ST. HELENA, June 27.—The first consignment of Boer prisoners, numbering 478 men, sailed from here yesterday for South Africa. After taking the oath of allegiance to Great Britain, the prisoners marched to the boats singing the national anthem.

Ranger Arrives at Panama.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The Navy Department received a telegram today announcing the arrival at Panama of the gunboat Ranger, which will keep watch on events on the Pacific side of the Isthmus and allow the Philadelphia to come North.

A NEW DISCOVERY

MADE BY A MAN IN ALLEGHENY, PENNSYLVANIA

George C. Eldridge Finds Something Which Many Consider to Be Better Than Gold—His Statement.

There is much talk in the town of Allegheny, Pa., over the discovery made by Mr. George C. Eldridge, of that place. After a long search he has found something better than gold. In a recent interview he says:

"Yes, I have made what I consider to be an important discovery. To tell you about I must start at the beginning.

"That was a number of years ago," he continued. "The nature of my work forced me to be very irregular with my meals, and that, together with a general misuse of my stomach, brought on nervous dyspepsia. My trouble commenced with bloating constipation, and this was accompanied with pain in the back and stomach. I suffered with shortness of breath and palpitation of the heart, sleeplessness and an absolutely miserable feeling at all times. About three years ago I had an attack which confined me to my bed for three weeks, and times without number after that I was obliged to give up. My kidneys also became affected, and caused me considerable trouble.

"Four different doctors attempted to cure me, but they gave me only temporary relief. I became utterly discouraged. Then I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Relief came in about a week, and at the end of four months I was entirely well.

"I can only say that I believe I owe my life to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and can find no words to express my thanks for what they have done for me. Better than gold is but mild praise for them. Everybody who knows me remarks the wonderful change. I can eat anything now, sleep like a child, and do my work with ease. I do not need medicine any more, although I always keep Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People on hand."

Mr. Eldridge lives at No. 235 Carroll street, and is but one of thousands who always speak of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the highest terms of praise. They know what this remedy will do, for they have used it. It acts directly on the blood and nerves.

At all druggists, or direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., fifty cents per box; six boxes for two dollars and fifty cents.

A BUNCH OF BARGAINS
FOR TODAY

We have prepared some specially GOOD bargains for today's selling, just at a time when they will be appreciated by mothers of strenuous boys, and fathers who don't mind taking advantage of some extraordinary values.

BOYS' KNEE PANTS

100 pairs Dark Brown Corduroy Knee Pants, well sewed, just the thing for outing and school wear, sizes 4 to 15, our regular 50c values, some stores say 75c. EXTRA SPECIAL 29c

200 pairs Heavy Mixed Cheviot Knee Pants, just the kind for romping boys, all sizes 3 to 16 years, good 50c values. EXTRA SPECIAL 29c

Not more than 2 pairs to each customer.

MEN'S PANTS

200 pairs Men's Cassimere Pants, medium and heavy weights; regular $2.50 and $3.00 values. EXTRA SPECIAL.... $1.85

150 pairs Men's Striped Worsted Pants, patterns equal to the five dollar kind; $2.50 and $3 values. EXTRA SPECIAL... $1.85

See them in our windows.

FIRECRACKERS FREE WITH ALL PURCHASES IN THE BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENTS

THE GREATEST BARGAIN OF ALL are those MEN'S SUITS which we have placed on sale this week and which have proven such a drawing card. We believe in giving our customers values, and are doing better now than at any time in our history.

MEN'S ALL-WOOL and WORSTED SUITS, HAND MADE, hand-felled collars, hand-worked buttonholes, worsted serge lined, $15.00 and $18.00 SUITS at less than half price $7.95

$20.00 and $25.00 SUITS at less than half price $9.85

No such values ever offered in Portland by any one.

WHEN YOU SEE IT IN OUR AD. IT'S SO

MOYER CLOTHING CO. Corner Third and Oak Streets . . .

MAY REVIVE PROGRAMME

NOT ALL CORONATION FESTIVITIES TO BE ABANDONED.

Prince and Princess of Wales Will Review Indian and Colonial Troops—Other Maneuvers.

LONDON, June 28.—The Daily Mail says this morning that all King Edward's functions are working admirably. The drainage pipe has not yet been removed, but the King's progress is sure and steady. His diet already includes soup, fish, and baked apples. It is probable that next week the number of daily bulletins will be diminished. "It has been informally settled," says the paper, "that as soon as it is safe to do so, His Majesty will be moved to Cowes and placed on board the royal yacht for his period of convalescence."

The King of Denmark, who intended coming to London today, has been dissuaded from doing so by Queen Alexandra, who telegraphed her father, that King Edward is making good progress.

The prospect for the King's rapid recovery has led to a revival of the projects for festivities. It has practically been decided that the Indian and colonial troops here shall be reviewed next Tuesday or Wednesday by the Prince and Princess of Wales on the horse guards parade. Queen Alexandra attending to take the salute on behalf of the King, as she did recently at Aldershot. This idea was warmly advocated by the Colonial Premiers in London, and it has been approved by Joseph Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary.

It is also likely that as soon as His Majesty is pronounced to be out of danger, London will indulge in a general illumination. Very few of the illumination devices have been disturbed, their owners awaiting the decision of the Princess of Wales in the matter. The Prince has not yet ordered the removal of the devices from Marlborough House.

It is now possible that the abandonment of the naval review set for June 28 will be reconsidered in the interests of the colonial and Indian visitors, who are greatly disappointed at missing the sight. The other entertainments for the national colonial and Indian guests are also being arranged. Thus, if there is no setback in His Majesty's progress, there will be a partial revival of the interrupted festivities.

The Times says this morning: "The King remains recumbent, he takes with comfort the nourishment appropriate to his condition, and keeps bright and cheerful in spite of the irksomeness of his enforced inactivity. Some of his medical advisers are always in attendance. There is happily good reason for hoping that His Majesty will make a complete and speedy recovery." In an editorial article the Times suggests utilizing the return of Lord Kitchener to England, about July 12, as a suitable occasion to organize some kind of ceremonial, in which Queen Alexandra and the Prince and Princess of Wales might participate, to express the national feeling of thankfulness over the King's recovery.

Fish Food.

Public Opinion.

The microscopic creatures in parts of the Atlantic are massed so thickly in the water as to discolor the surface and give abundant food for the whale and other animals. For the purpose of the herring and countless other vertebrate fish, shell fish, and zoophytes, the upper waters of the sea are, in fact, a nutritive soup, teeming with food exactly suited to their needs. These microscopic creatures are the basis of all the larger life of the ocean, and in a great degree of the growth and increase of fresh-water fishes. Some of these tiny creatures are water-fleas, others are like carapaced shrimps, others occupy shells like miniature bivalves, others are forms of the one-eyed microscopic monsters of the ponds, the cyclops. All are of prodigious fecundity and proof against astonishing changes of temperature, and the eggs and young, the microscopic offspring of the water midgets, pervade every drop of the surface ocean, the rivers and the ponds. Dead vegetable and animal matter feed these cutomostraca, and they are converted without further machinery into the food fishes of the world, or at one remove, when these are eaten, as food for other fish, such as the tunny, the cod and the mackerel, which follow the herring shoals. Nothing short of assimilation in the digestive organs of fish seems to kill these cutomastraca.

King Edward's Curious Presents.

Indianapolis News.

Two sacred white elephants, from the King of Siam.

Two sacred white monkeys, from the Rajah of Sikkim.

One snow leopard, from the Khan of Kalat.

Two purple Macacus monkeys, from the Sultan of Borneo.

One rare golden cobra di capello, from the Nizam of Hyderabad.

One necklace of tigers' teeth, from the Sultan of Perak.

One ancient jeweled ax, from the Ahkoond of Swat.

One jeweled bottle of Ganges water, from the Maharajah of Jeypore.

One gold-inlaid opium pipe, from the Maharajah of Jubbulpore.

One ancient wooden idol, from the King of Barotseland.

Two magnificent tom-toms, from the King of Yonnis.

Two suits of native armor, from the Amir of Baluchistan.

Six handsomely woven head baskets, from the King of Raratonga.

Sixteen curious crooked knives, from the chiefs of New Guinea.

One magic hat, from the chief of the Solomon Islands.

Twelve fine efficient boomerangs, from the Queensland chiefs.

Twelve rare Indian shawls, from the Rajah of Bobbill.

Two trained hunting leopards, from the Maharajah of Nabha.

One educated orang-outang, from the Rajah of Sarawak.

Six high-bred cats, from the Shah of Persia.

Two pink-eyed mongooses, from the Nizam of Hyderabad.

Two oves poli, from the Rajah of Nepal.

One white Himalayan tiger, from the Rajah of Bhotan.

One splendid Buddhist prayer wheel, from the Khan of Kasmir.

Don't Peach.

London Daily Telegraph.

A short time ago some Eton College boys, during a concert at the termination of the "half," stuffed some of the locks of a classroom with plaster of paris. Notwithstanding threats of punishment and the stoppage of all leave this "half" it was impossible to find the culprits. Two of the ringleaders have now confessed. One was about to leave, and no punishment could be inflicted. In the other case the boy has been requested to leave. The head master, Dr. Warre, in addressing the school upon the matter, said it had been within his knowledge who the offenders were, but he admired the esprit du corps of the school in not "peaching" upon their comrades.

Nominations Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The Senate today confirmed the nominations of the following Washington postmasters: J. M. Benedict, Centralia; R. P. Campbell, Aberdeen; Ira Brown, Sedro-Wooley; William L. Lemon, North Yaktma; N. C. Baldwin, Pomeroy.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

THE PERKINS.

J L Kahany, Seattle
Guy W Phillips, city
W P Howe, Kan City
Mrs Howe, do
C C Darling, Tacoma
W C Miller, McMinn
F J Banard, Kalama
L G Potter, city
Oscar A Morglich, Spokane, Wash
Mrs Morglich, do
P M Elwell, Seattle
L J Stabler, Los Angls
T J Stoner, Mathews, Wis
C I Leavengood, Dallas
D W Pettyjohn, Ritzville
Mrs Pettyjohn, do
J A Moir, Moscow
Mrs Moir, Moscow
C A Russ, Walla W
P J Worrall, Seattle
Mrs Worrall, Seattle
H S Sanford, Ashland
Mrs Laura Coykendahl, Anaconda
A J Johnson, Astoria
J C Nash, Medford
A B Tebbatts, Chgo
D Sommor, Elgin, Or
Mrs Sommor, do
H I Kent, Lincoln, Nb
Miss Maria Walker, Lumberton, N J
Miss Fannie Betts, do
A M Stone, San Fran
Miss Clark, Salem
O M Johnson, San Fr
Mrs Johnson, do
Walter Hatton, Pa
Mrs W Hatton, do
Wm Eccles, Vienio
Angus McDonald, Knappa, Or
Mrs A McDonald, do
F W Callender, Athena
H Hemmidinger, N Y
O Hamilton, city
Wm Kehr, Milwaukee
E A Porter, Grass Vy
M B Galloway
J Holter, Salt Lake
Mrs H Jarchow, Appleton, Wis
Master Jarchow, do
H E Dodson, Warrendale
R S Hutchinson, Quincy, Ill
Wm C Duthie, Tacoma
Mrs Duthie, Tacoma
Miss Ida Hanley, do
J K Flint, Seattle
S J Beck, Ostrander
Willie Beck, do
Miss Gusta Dunham, do
N Collins, Seattle
Mrs Collins, Seattle
J J Collins, Albany
J E Cann, U S Navy
Dennis Harrington, NY
Mrs D Harrington, do
W H Rhodes, San Fr
A J Ross, Lulvil, Ky
S S Goldberg, San Fr
H E Henry, WestBend, Wis
G E Henry, Wis
Fred Eldenweiler, Tacoma
W Zwick, Seattle
P L Lock, Aberdeen
E F Danforth, Maine
J Allen De Cow, Red Bluff, Cal
A J Harris, Colfax
F W Callender, Duluth
J S Connor, Hoquiam
Mrs C W May, Astoria
F W Ketchum, Seattle
G F Welder, Tacoma
Lottie R Snively, Menominee, Wis
Thomas Coats, do
S French, The Dalles
Mrs French, The Dalles
E Z Ferguson, Astoria

Columbia River Scenery.—Regulator Line steamers, Dalles, Cascade Locks and return daily, except Sunday, from Oak-st.

THE IMPERIAL.
C. W. Knowles, Manager.

G L Becker, Ogden
J N Williamson, Prineville
W F McGregor, Astoria
H T Prael, Astoria
Miss Munson, Astoria
Louis Leroy, Astoria
Theo Linnville, do
Mr & Mrs M Winter, city
M A Bryte, San Fran
E I Pennington, Wakefield, Mass
J M Bothwick, Arapahoe, Neb
W H Carpenter, Cinn
Mrs Carpenter, Cinn
A J Judah, Salem
G A Forbes, Monmouth
E M Howell, San Fr
J D Wisdom, city
M C Shields, Seattle
F W McCormack, Astoria
Frank Patton, Astoria
G W Bingham, Salem
C D Irvine, Salem
P D Prouty, Salem
A T McAtee, Salem
H J Smith, Salem
J M Van Deweeks, Los Angeles
F J Sheedy, Granite
H C Armstrong, Oak C
R A Stenner, Indpls
John Finley, Astoria
C A Wolfe, city
Miss Katharine Staley, Frankfort
John Crawford, Tacoma
J E W Warren, Spokane
J B Yates, Wasco
D S Priest, Sheridan
Geo Grisward, Salem
B H Lacey, Colfax
W D Jameson, San Fr
C W Fulton, Astoria
H H Smith, Catlin
Mrs C Beard and son, Eufaula
O L Bowder, Eugene
A G Young, Cottage Grove
J D Reckmeyer, Forest Grove

Hotel Brunswick, Seattle.

European plan. Popular rates. Modern improvements. Business center. Near depot.

Tacoma Hotel, Tacoma.

American plan. Rates, $3 and up.

Hotel Donnelly, Tacoma.

First-class restaurant in connection.

Everett Defeats Vancouver.

VANCOUVER, Wash., June 27.—Everett defeated Vancouver at baseball here today by a score of 4 to 2.

Regulator Line Steamers, Dalles, Cascade Locks. Return daily. Oak-st. dock.

THE ST. CHARLES.

R Andiker, city
F M Grant, Mt Pleas
C F Tank, do
John Ranes, Westport
Chas Borg, do
Geo Lee, city
F A Smith, city
Miss G Jones, Warren
Miss Wilson, do
G W Phillips, Westport
J W Ballou and wife, Spokane
E G Waterman, do
C J Littlepage, Latourell Falls
H Martin, Quincy
D Moore, Sauvie's Is
R Tenakan, do
A L Talmage, Silverton
A Palm, London, Eng
Frank Wagner, city
C E Fory and wf, S F
Mrs B L Betts, S F
Mrs C H Schofield, Klamath Falls
S Hutchinson and wf, Klamath Falls
L L Marble, Mt Pleas
Jas Brown & wf, city
A H Scholes, Dallas
E A Miller & wf, Long Creek
M Merrill, Clatskanie
D E Elliott, Marshland
J M Hayden, do
W J Shelley and wife, Eugene
Bessie Henry, Eugene
Belle Matheney, Boise
Mrs R C Jones, city
Mrs Gray, Knappton
Mrs M Wendall, do
W Udell, Stevenson
John Hext, Ridgefield
Dean Blanchard, Raipier
C D Staley, Greenville
Elma M Staley, do
M M Clapshaw, Gale's Creek
R Lunsmore, do
Wm Hoach & son, do
Chas Beggs, do
M G Flynn, Philomath
E F Snyder, do
J W Worthington, do
J W Hyde, do
R Bowers, city
Capt D Roberts, Tillamook
John Nichols, do
John J Snider, do
H H Smith, Catlin
Mrs C Beard and son, Eufaula
O L Bowder, Eugene
A G Young, Cottage Grove
J D Reckmeyer, Forest Grove