

BIG FINE FOR UNION

Carpenters Must Pay for Breaking Boycott.

UNFAIR MATERIAL WAS USED

Building Trades Council Imposes the Penalty for Violation of Union Law—Carpenters Will Refuse to Pay.

Disension has arisen among the unions affiliated with the Building Trades Council, which threatens to prove a serious menace to the success of the strike. The carpenters' union, the largest in the council, has refused to enforce the boycott and has proclaimed that it will handle all material furnished by the employers. As penalty for this offense, the Building Trades Council has imposed a fine of \$500 upon the carpenters' union. This the carpenters declare they will never pay, and the prospects are that they will withdraw entirely from the council. Members of other unions have expressed a sentiment in favor of the carpenters' action, and the employers are now of the opinion that union forces in the city are shattered.

The union people say that the carpenters are acting contrary to their instructions from their National headquarters, and that their action will inflict more injury upon themselves than upon the other unions. At the meeting of the Federated Trades Council, held last night, the carpenters' offense was not brought up or discussed. The entire trouble will be dealt with by the Building Trades Council.

Carpenters are Disappointed.

The dissatisfaction of the carpenters dates back to the beginning of the strike. From the first a number have not been content to lay down their work for the cause of the woodworkers. At the time the general strike of the building trades was called there was a rumor abroad that the carpenters would not go out. Each time carpenters have been called out on account of unfair material, many of them have complained and have said that such action was a rank injustice to their employers. Fair material had become so scarce that almost a majority of the carpenters were idle. To them the question was whether to remain idle until the strike was settled, or to disregard the boycott and return to work without regard to the material furnished them.

At the meeting of the Federated Trades Council last night the question of the Amalgamated Woodworkers' strike received but little notice, as the Building Trades Council has it in charge. A number of the union men there professed not to have heard any mention of the carpenters' action, so quiet had the matter been kept. Information gleaned from various sources, however, leaves no doubt as to the truth of the report.

Work With All Material.

"My men have returned to work," said Anton Toller, a contractor who is building a number of flats on Park and Jefferson streets, "with the understanding that they are to use any material I bring them, from whatever source. They have disavowed the boycott entirely. I think other unions will soon do the same. Once the men come back giving in, I will soon all give in. I do not think the strike can last much longer."

A number of other contractors were seen, and all testified that the carpenters had disavowed the boycott and had agreed to work with all material furnished them. The agreement seems to have been rather indefinite, however, for some of the contractors were reported to be giving in from any source would be used, provided it had been contracted for before May 1. Others were informed that no discrimination would be made against any material, for it was all fair as far as the carpenters are concerned.

The Building Trades Council people refused to be intimidated concerning the matter. Last night the council met and asked to state the union side of the story, and replied that he had no statement to make. As nearly as can be learned the proposition has been to let the carpenters in the last few days. Two nights ago the carpenters held a meeting. The situation was discussed at length, and it was decided that out of justice to their employers and to themselves the material had been contracted for before the strike was declared. On May 1, should be used by them. This included practically all material in the mills, for so uncertain has been the progress of the building operations since the beginning of the strike that practically no contracts have been made.

Fined by Building Trades Council.

The Building Trades Council has imposed a fine of \$500 upon the carpenters' union. The carpenters say they will not pay this fine, even if they have to withdraw from the Building Trades Council.

Of the painters spoken to some were of the opinion that the painters would also disavow the boycott. Others said that the painters would stand firm until the last. The fact, however, that some of the members were of the opinion that their union would break away shows that there is some dissatisfaction among them.

Bandfield-Vesey Strike Indorsed.

At the Federated Trades Council meeting last night the sand and fuel teamsters reported their strike on the Bandfield-Vesey Company. Not only was their action indorsed, but the firm was placed on the blackboard, and the secretary was instructed to confer with several large users of slawood and request them not to patronize this firm. There was no change yesterday in the situation of the Bandfield-Vesey teamsters' strike. A few more non-union men were secured, but the pickets did effective work and many were induced to throw up their jobs. The strike is determined, and today will distribute posters over the city, setting forth the stand of the union, the nature of their trouble and charges against Mr. Bandfield.

Chinese Laundries Boycotted.

The following resolution, presented by the laundry workers, was unanimously passed, and all Chinese wash houses placed on the blackboard:

"Whereas, it is a well-known fact that many union people are at the present time and have been in the past sending their washing to Chinese laundries, thus injuring their own cause and depriving white people of their work; therefore be it Resolved, That we, the Shirtwaist and Laundry Workers' Union, No. 86, and the Laundry Wagon Drivers' Union, No. 412, ask the Federated Trades Council to declare all Chinese laundries on the unfair list, and to call the attention of all unions represented in their council to this order."

STILL TIED UP.

Strike Paralyzing Business on the P. C. & O.

Yesterday was another uneventful day

In the strike on the Portland City & Oregon trolley line. The malice to Oregon City and the cars to Mount Scott were operated, but there was no attempt to induce passengers to ride, and few rode. The boats of the strikers plying to Milwaukie were well patronized, as were the Oregon City steamers, and the Southern Railway trains showed a perceptible increase of travel between Portland and Oregon City.

In the afternoon the committee having in charge the management of the strike went to Oregon City to confer with citizens interested in restoring harmonious relations between the company and its employees. The Oregon City citizens leading in this movement are Mayor G. B. Dimick and ex-State Senator W. H. Carter, the latter being a brother of the chairman of the strikers' committee. No announcement of the matters considered at this conference was made, nor was any statement available as to whether any progress toward a settlement had been made. Before going to the conference, members of the committee expressed themselves as unalterably opposed to any recession from their position. Officers of the company also said they could yield nothing. The company was not notified that a conference would be held, and President Hubbard said last night that he had no knowledge of what, if anything, was done at that meeting. No material change in the situation is looked for today.

ARMY WAR COLLEGE.

Secretary Root Issues an Order for Its Establishment.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The Secretary of War has directed the preparation of a general order for the establishment of an Army War College in this city, of an Army War College for the most advanced instruction of the army officers. The proposed college will be under the immediate direction of a board of five officers detailed from the Army at large and ex-officers, the chief of engineers, the chief of artillery, the superintendent of the military academy, and the commanding officer of the general service and staff college. Major-General S. B. M. Young was named today as president of the college, and General W. H. Carter and General Tasker H. Bliss have been selected as members of the general board, leaving only two more members to be selected from the Army at large.

PRESIDENT HOME AGAIN.

Almost Forget to Shake Hands With the Engine Crew.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—President Roosevelt and party arrived in Washington on a special train over the Pennsylvania Road at 10:35 this morning. The President's special train, which was the second section of the Federal Express. The President was in fine humor. He walked briskly down the station platform on reaching Washington and had almost reached the gates when he recollected that he had not bade adieu to the engine crew, his invariable practice on returning from a trip. Quickly retracing his steps, he reached the side of the engine that had pulled him from Philadelphia, and vigorously shook the hands of the engineer, fireman and another trainman, who had climbed into the cab to share the honors.

As he turned again toward the gates a man roughly brushed against him, seized his hand and exclaimed that he was from Long Island. "Glad to see you," said the President, and he wrenched his hand away and joined Secretary Cortelyou. The White House carriage was in waiting and the President drove directly to his new temporary official quarters.

Next Step in Canal Matter.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—William Nelson Crowell, who represents the Panama Canal Company, called today to see Secretary Hay and requested that the next step be taken in connection with the Panama Canal matter. The Secretary being absent, Mr. Crowell deferred his business to a later day. There is one of two lines of action to be adopted by the President signs the bill. The signing of the canal treaty already negotiated and ready for the formal signature of Secretary and Senator Concha, the Colombian Minister here, and the proving of clear title by the canal company. The Attorney-General and Mr. Crowell will consider the latter.

Official Trial of the Truxton.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—The official trial of the torpedo-boat destroyer Truxton has been held over the Barren Island measure course in Chesapeake Bay. The vessel, which was built at the Naval Yard, showed a mean endurance average for an hour by 1.9 and 1.98 knots respectively. Her maximum speed corrected for tidal allowances was 22.5 knots, while under full power she averaged 27.5 knots for one hour. The Truxton was built at Sparrows Point by the Maryland Steel Co., and was launched last July. Captain William W. U. S. N., is president of the trial board.

Ninth Infantry Goes East.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 27.—The 9th company of the Ninth Infantry, and 107th, which arrived on the transport Elipatrik, left for the East today. Colonel C. F. Robe in command. The headquarters of the regiment and six companies will be stationed at Madison Barracks, N. Y., and the other companies at Fort Niagara.

CAR SMASHES BUGGY.

G. I. Gheen and Family Have a Narrow Escape.

While driving across the steel bridge last night, G. I. Gheen, with his wife and baby, narrowly escaped being crushed between the wheels of a street-car, and the buggy in which they were riding was badly broken up.

While crossing the bridge Mr. Gheen started to turn out of the way of a car that was meeting, not hearing a car coming behind him. His buggy was caught between the two cars, and the front wheel smashed and the buggy badly wrecked, and broken in several places. His horse, fortunately, was well behaved and managed to crowd between the two cars, being neither injured nor frightened. Had the horse been unruly or had the buggy been struck more squarely by the car, it is more than probable that one or all of the party would have been killed.

Mr. Gheen lives at 38 North Fourteenth street. He says that the motorcar coming behind him did not ring his bell, and he received a complaint at the company headquarters.

Probating of Patrick Will Denied.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Surrogate Frank Fitzgerald today handed down his formal decision and decree in the litigation over the two alleged wills of the murdered millionaire, William Marsh Rice, admitting to probate the will of September 8, 1886, under which the Rice Institute of Houston, Tex., is the residuary legatee, and denying probate to the alleged will of June 30, 1900, commonly known as the "Patrick will," under which Albert T. Patrick was the residuary legatee.

Potoczek's Story Untold.

VIENNA, June 27.—The report circulated in the United States that Count Rudolf Potoczek, an aid-de-camp to the Emperor, had been killed in the attack on the two alleged wills of the murdered millionaire, William Marsh Rice, admitting to probate the will of September 8, 1886, under which the Rice Institute of Houston, Tex., is the residuary legatee, and denying probate to the alleged will of June 30, 1900, commonly known as the "Patrick will," under which Albert T. Patrick was the residuary legatee.

Sale of Mrs. Humbert's Jewelry.

NEW YORK, June 27.—There were few persons in attendance, but the Paris correspondent of the Herald, upon the sale of jewelry belonging to Mrs. Humbert, each article was passed from hand to hand, and examined with a magnifying glass. The chair, which was sold for a pearl necklace, which realized \$488. The total sale realized \$24,600.

WORK OF WOMAN'S CLUB

YEAR JUST CLOSED IS REVIEWED IN OFFICERS' REPORTS.

Retiring President, Mrs. Julia Marquand, Is Succeeded by Mrs. A. S. Dunaway.

The Women's Club held the last meeting of the club year yesterday afternoon. The various committees gave reports of the work of the year, the retiring officers gave their reports and the newly elected officers were installed. Mrs. Row declined to serve as auditor and Mrs. Ogden was elected to fill the office. The appointment of a club historian was recommended by Mrs. Row, and it was voted that the president appoint one. Besides the reports of officers and standing committees, there were some very interesting accounts given.

REAPPOINTED COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS



I. L. PATTERSON.

en of the biennial celebration at Los Angeles.

In her report of the Los Angeles convention, Mrs. Robert Miller said: "We had brought a report of the progress of all that is best in literature and philanthropy. Plans for perfecting our organization and constitutional amendments were brought before us which embraced the all-important color question. We have all the political machinery of an election, even to the secret work of the nominating committee, the oratory of the platform, and the vehemence of declining speeches, when greatness is thrust upon us."

"The greatness of the convention, not as to numbers, but as to spirit and soul, left an impression and a lesson with each delegate there. The worthiness of every subject or line of work in which women are interested, active or ambitious; the greatness of woman's heart toward the betterment of humanity, the greatness of her social spirit were manifested at that convention, where the club badge was a pledge of high-mindedness, and every badge you met on the street and for you smile and a good above it, or if it came from the sunny South, a cordial 'good morning.' Broadmindedness, high-mindedness, that ignores selfishness and strife and factions, feeling and makes a grand and glorious effort for the common good of all, is the faith that removes mountains."

Mrs. J. C. Pritchard, who was also a delegate to Los Angeles, said, in part: "It is impossible to go into details of the convention. To those of us who attended it served as a lecture course of a week; or, as some one put it, a 'university course for middle-aged women.'"

Mrs. A. S. Dunaway, the president-elect, spoke of the necessity of women speaking extemporaneously, instead of reading. Mrs. Dunaway suggested the organization of a class of oratory.

Other speakers were Mrs. Rosa Hoyt and Mrs. Breyman, both of whom spoke of the necessity of women speaking extemporaneously, instead of reading. Mrs. Dunaway suggested the organization of a class of oratory.

OREGON YOUTH THE YOUNGEST MEMBER OF THE NAVY

Virgil Pinta Wright.

SALEM, June 27.—Virgil Pinta Wright, of this city, is the youngest member of the United States Navy. Young Wright was nominated into the Naval service this week by Lieutenant J. P. Morton, who conducted a recruiting station at Salem. He passed a very satisfactory physical examination, but he was under the required age. On the day of his enlistment as apprentice third class, Wright was only 14 years, 11 months and 10 days of age, and his admission to the Navy was secured by a special dispensation of the Navy Department. Young Wright is a native Salem boy, the son of "Uncle Billy" Wright, an attendant of the Salem public schools.

held next Monday at 3 P. M. at the North. A report of the studies of the class in German was given by Mrs. Mundi, who said that the members of the class had done so well that they were often asked if they were not natives of Germany.

Mrs. Robert Miller reported that the Oregon history class had accomplished a great deal during the year and said that the plans for the next year included the history of Oregon and the story of the Lewis and Clark expedition.

Madame Bager reported from the French and Shakespearean classes and said that a pleasant afternoon was in store for them next Monday afternoon, when the study of the "Tempest" would be concluded under the trees on Mrs. Breyman's lawn.

Other reports were from Mrs. Grace Wait Ross, of the calendar committee, Mrs. Lawson, of the visiting committee,

UP TO THE HIGH SCHOOL

MANY PUPILS GRADUATE FROM GRAMMAR GRADES.

Pass Successful Examinations and Are Promoted for Good Work.

Reports were received from all the public schools by City Superintendent Rigler yesterday, and the list shows that the following pupils were graduated from the grammar grades. They are now eligible to enter the high schools.

Alasworth school—Helen Beach, Gertrude Carter, Nora Doty, Lola Fear, Ethel Gordon, Marie Marshall, Ernest Marion, Mabel Morley, Emily Robertson, Rachel Shaffer, Frank Williams, Alkinson school—Hazel Anderson, Sarah Bromberger, Thomas Canavan, Isabella Darrin, Sallie Lee, Florence Dowling, Ella Erickson, Otto Sming, Roy Feldensheper, Bertha Hunt, Martin Hawkins, Rudolph Hochuli, Edward Jeffery, Peter Johnson, Nora Lawler, Winale Lewis, Susan McDonald, Della Need, Grace Otten, Vivian Place, Rae Patterson, Emily Reckard, Vera Reed, Belle Robertson, Lillie Robertson, Rachel Rosenthal, Earl Reed, Hardy Rasmussen, Anna Ska, Louise Sina, Pearl Simmons, Hannah Skans, Esther Skans, Pearl Stamp, Albert Stark, Alfred Stone, Frank Stoddard, Nellie Weather, Mae Wilson.

Brooklyn school—Hazel Root, Mattie Clark, Mert E. Dimick, Jr., Fred Johnson, Marie Dunlop, Henry Chase, Gladys Roberts, Otto Odjord, Oliver Mitchell, Faith Torndrup.

Central school—Lola Bennett, Gwendoline Chapman, Yvonne Clark, Edith Clark, Emma Cowan, Charles Delany, James Demest, Laura Douglas, Edith Ford, Eva Graves, Muriel Hale, Olga Haggard, John Hastings, Stanhope Johnson, Edward Haggard, Harry Kneale, Myrtle Kelly, Arthur Kincaid, George Knox, Marie Magnus, Claude Morgan, Frank Munka, Albert Murphy, Grace Nicholson, Sylvester Owen, Anna Peterson, James Polhemus, Nellie Roane, Grover Rash, Carl Robinson, Earl Robinson, Lena Rothelberger, Edith Schmetz, Male Scofield, Neuber Stevens, Ethel Tease, Harry Trueland.

Clinton Kelly school—Felix Berthelson, Christopher, Charles, Gladys, Nellie, Nellie Dale, Guy Dickens, Helen Dunham, Darius Fish, Eleanor Gansmiller, Lizzie Goff, Blanche Greene, Winfield Henderson, Harriet Johnson, Beale Kern, Eva Neely, Ethel McConnell, Chester Perkins, Stella Smith, Marie Zillinger.

Chapman school—Christine Bergwick, Dun Byrns, George Grimm, Floyd Gotcher, Rachel Hays, Carrie Hansen, Fred McPherson, John Pank, Selma Reiner, Helen Stafford, Nettie Spreitzer, Guy Weymouth.

Falling school—Mary Anderson, Elizabeth Cornack, Moses Cohen, Albert Courtney, Steve De Martini, Oliver Davis, Gertrude Gibbs, Louise Greene, Myrtle Hanson, Henrietta Toss, Roy Ketchum, Leonard Ketchum, Irene Leeb, Minda Marshall, Bonita McFarland, Lena Nemo, Vera Price, Jack Pratt, Fred Putnam, Mollie Seal, Fred Smith, Ethel Sherwood, William Timm, Ion Wells.

Pollen Park school—Nellie Hanson, John P. Hoxie, Annie Troutwine, Helen Wilson.

Harrison school—Ella Ailyn, Alice Bayes, Myrtle Barker, Helen Bicknell, George Carlson, Graham, Gladys, Willie Harcus, Gilbert Herren, Elsie Johnston, Olin Kiggins, Mabel McLeod, Lawrence Milner, Fred Newell, Magdeline Phillips, Ruby Porter, Robert Rouse, Chas. Sever, Abs Semeler, Magdalena Senkler, Walsla Shields, Ethel Simmons, Jessie Tiffany, William Tiffany, Louise Walker, Fred Washburne, Mabel Walker, Hazel Westermeyer.

Holiday school—Anna Agre, Lora Baty, Edna Clark, Herbert Elliott, Turie Freeman, Vernon Graden, Lottie Hampton, Alma Johnson, Henry Keck, Winifred Kendall, William Klinker, Fannie Loller, Elsie March, George Schell, George Sutherland, Paul Wagner, Willie Whitfield.

Park school—Mota Baker, Lee Bingham, Laura Bristol, Julia Cole, Guy Crow, Joseph Emlinger, Ethel Halshurst, Bronie Harrison, Josephine Jacobs, Margaret McDonald, Henry Poulter, Winnie Ruggles, Tom Struble, May Torgin.

Portsmouth school—Verna Arnold, Albert Dennis, Zula Fink, Gertrude Gibbs, Louise Hoxie, Ethel Tatum.

Bellevue school—Lillian Bays, Leona Brown, Ben H. Coffman, Stephen Illie, Lillian Johnson, Clara Pieper, Frieda Rathen, Stella Schell, Elsie Wallberg, Helen Waltz, Anna Willing.

Sunshine school—Walter Buchanan, Hazel Bunker, Alma Clark, Robert Adie, Carrie, Mina Davis, Carolyn Dunston, Andrew Gattis, Sylvia Hardman, Maggie Marmon, Charles Henry, Charles Howard, Edith Howard, Dale Hunter, Pauline Keady, Mary La Berre, Alma Lorens, Elsie McElwain, Bess Sharon, Mabel Van Zile, Beattie Whitman.

Bleick, Handle Evans, Katy Hald, Margie Jantzen, Beale Leary, Albert List, Fred Monag, Gladys Norton, Esther Peterson, Gertrude Stoppel, Cora Shover, George Thane.

Williams-avenue school—Alice Adler, Ernie Allison, Elsie Brown, Eunice Clark, Herman Hansen, James Haggard, Bronie Harrison, Amanda Lewis, Jessie Lewis, LeRoy Thompson, Maude Williams, Lulu Withrow.

Windsor school—Lynn Anderson, Constant Covell, Edward Covell, Florence Davis, Samuel Foster, Emma Keep, Willie Kelt, Pearl Lott, Isabel Mason, Winifred Tilton, Maybel Tea.

TYLER CHOSEN PRESIDENT

School Convention.

DENVER, June 27.—The 10th triennial convention of the International Sunday School Association today elected Rev. H. Tyler, pastor of the South Broadway Christian Church, of Denver, president for the ensuing triennial.

The other officers chosen were: First vice-president, E. R. Machum, St. John, N. Y.; second vice-president, W. E. Cady, Cincinnati; vice-presidents-at-large, A. B. McCallister, Providence, R. I.; Rev. E. R. Jacobs, Nashville; C. M. Campbell, Sacramento; and others for colored people, Rev. E. R. Carter, D. D. Atlanta; treasurer, G. W. Bailey, Philadelphia; assistant treasurer, Howard S. Merriek, Philadelphia; recording secretary, Rev. E. Morris Ferguson, New Jersey.

An executive committee and a state vice-president for each state was also chosen. These include the following:

Executive committee—Arizona, W. M. Messenger; California, H. R. Walker; Colorado, W. E. Sweet; Idaho, H. E. Neal; Montana, H. M. Patterson; Nevada, Rev. Charles E. Chase, New Mexico, H. E. Fox; Oregon, A. A. Smith; Utah, Thomas Weir; Washington, W. D. Wood; Wyoming, D. R. Cowlick.

State vice-presidents—Arizona, Walter Hill; Colorado, W. E. Weid; Idaho, E. J. Cook; Montana, D. E. Price; Nevada, J. T. Gaynor; New Mexico, M. V. Long; Oregon, A. A. Morse; Utah, Dr. E. V. Allen; Washington, D. S. Johnston; Wyoming, Professor J. O. Churchill.

The reports of the general secretary and treasurer showed a flourishing condition in the association. The convention is making an effort to increase the contributions to \$25,000 annually, and \$15,000 was pledged this afternoon.

The fieldworkers' conference elected the following officers: President, E. Morris Ferguson, New York; vice-president, W. E. Cady, Cincinnati; secretary, W. E. Cady, Cincinnati; vice-presidents-at-large, A. B. McCallister, Providence, R. I.; Rev. E. R. Jacobs, Nashville; C. M. Campbell, Sacramento; and others for colored people, Rev. E. R. Carter, D. D. Atlanta; treasurer, G. W. Bailey, Philadelphia; assistant treasurer, Howard S. Merriek, Philadelphia; recording secretary, Rev. E. Morris Ferguson, New Jersey.

A motion that the chair nominate all convention committees was adopted, and the chairman named committees on resolutions and auditors' reports.

A resolution to have the chairman of the executive committee selected by that committee, and not, as heretofore, by the nominating committee, was passed after discussion. As adopted, the resolution reads:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of the International executive committee that each new committee, as soon as possible after appointment, should nominate to the convention the chairman for the ensuing triennial."

The following is the message to King Edward prepared by the committee, to be forwarded to London:

"Sir Francis Knollys, Buckingham Palace, London: The International Sunday School Convention, 200 delegates, gathered from the United States and Canada, assembled in Denver, desire humbly to express their earnest hopes for the speedy recovery of His Majesty, King Edward."

Adjusted Bankrupt.

HELENA, Mont., June 27.—I. S. Hirschfeld, ex-president of the suspended Mercantile National Bank, of Helena, has been adjudged bankrupt in the Federal Court. His liabilities are \$48,484, and assets \$215.

Ex. W. Grove.

This name may appear in every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets, the remedy that cures a cold in one day. 25 cents.

WEDDING

AND VISITING CARDS

W. G. SMITH & CO.

329 WASHINGTON ST., IMPERIAL HOTEL BLDG.

This is the last day of matted-framed pictures free with every \$10.00 purchase.

Men's socks, black, good wear, 2 pair for \$1.00. 50c. 75c. 1.00. Underwear, ribbed, its snug, each. 50c. 75c. 1.00. Today only, wraps, each. 50c. 75c. 1.00. Never-break hairpins, 6 for 50c. Shaving strap, soap.

VII, and their sincere sympathy with Her Majesty, Queen Alexandra, the royal family and the British people in their present anxiety.

Secretary Lawrence announced that the organization the report says:

The organized Sunday school work is in better condition today, we believe, than ever before in its history. The only states, provinces and territories unorganized at present are Nevada, Indian Territory and Alaska. In many of the states and provinces the organization is in a very prosperous condition.

The more thorough city organization followed by house visitation has attracted a good deal of attention and accomplished much good. Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Cleveland, Cincinnati and St. Louis have set the pace for other large cities, while effective house visitation has been carried on in nearly all these cities named and very many others, including Tacoma, Seattle, Toledo, Buffalo and hundreds of smaller cities. Pennsylvania easily leads in house visitation.

Secretary Lawrence announced that since the printing of his report word had come that organization had been effected in Indian Territory and Nevada.

The report of the home department was made by W. A. Duncan, of Syracuse, N. Y., the founder. This department was organized, Mr. Duncan explained, for the benefit of those who wish to attend the annual convention of the International Convention of a church or Sunday school. Since the issuance of the last report the membership and departments had increased 50 per cent. At present there are 44 departments, with a membership of approximately 300,000 members. The banner states in the North are Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, New England, Tennessee and Alabama lead in the South.

Rev. Silas X. Floyd read the report of the work among the colored people in the South. Mr. Floyd said, in part:

"In spite of reports to the contrary, the colored people are a grateful people. In the name of my race, in the name of humanity, in the name of God, continue to do a helping hand to my struggling people."

He declares that the apparent indifference of the colored people to the association was due to the fact that there was no one change of the work among those in the South.

The report of the executive committee was presented by W. C. Pearce, of Illinois.

Mr. Pearce announced that the executive committee decided to allow the report of ex-Chairman Jacobs, made to the Illinois Association recently, to stand as the report of the committee. This report told of the extension of the Sunday school throughout the world.

The convention took up the question, "How Has the International Convention Helped Your State and Province?" Responses were made by A. A. Moore, of Portland, Or.; Dr. F. Kelley, of Montreal; W. C. King, of Springfield, Mass.; W. C. Hall, of Indianapolis, and N. B. Brighton, of Raleigh, N. C. Mr. Hall made a strong bid for the convention for Indianapolis in 1906.

The report of Treasurer George W. Bailey, of Philadelphia, was presented. It shows receipts since the last convention in 1898 of \$38,357; expenditures, \$26,734; balance on hand, \$5258. Mr. Bailey pleaded for additional money for use in the work and urged that a colored worker be placed permanently in the South. He also suggested that a primary expert be added to the field force.

At the evening session the nomination committee reported, completing the list. Addresses were made by E. Y. Mullins, D. D., of Louisville, Ky., and H. M. Hamill, D. D., of Nashville, Tenn.

The primary department held its election this evening. Mrs. J. L. Walker, of Denver, was elected president, and Mrs. V. R. Halpin, of Montreal, vice-president. The election of secretary-treasurer was postponed for the time.

International Council of Women.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Mrs. Susan Young Gates has called for Copenhagen, when the annual meeting of the National Council at the meeting of the executive committee of the International Council of Women. The National Council meets every year and its meetings are only second in importance to the triennial quinquennial meetings of the council. The Danish women, who are among the most progressive women of the Continent, have prepared an attractive programme for the convention, which will be held July 10 to 13 inclusive. The first meeting will be held at the home of the president of the Danish Women's Council, Frokenhennil Fornerum.

Aside from the meetings there will be a number of social and business meetings.

Your Grandmother

and her descendants used

ACORN

Stoves and Ranges

They have been the standard cookers and heaters for three generations. Without an equal; a signed guarantee with every ACORN. Greatest variety in patterns and prices offered by any foundry.

DAYTON HARDWARE CO.

192-194 1st St. Portland, Ore.

CONTRACTED DISORDERS

To be partially cured contracted disease is almost as dangerous as to allow it to go untreated. Unless every particle of the infection and inflammation is removed, the probability exists that the disease will gradually work its way into the general system. Still greater is the danger of the disease (which always brings partial or complete loss of power. Perhaps 25 per cent of the cases of so-called "weakness" are a direct result of some improperly treated contracted disease. During the past five years we have treated over 4500 cases of contracted disorders, and have effected an absolute cure, through the use of our special treatment, in every case.

Dr. Talcott & Co.

2504 Alder St., Cor. Third.

Established 1823.

WILSON

WHISKEY

That's All!

W. G. SMITH & CO.

329 WASHINGTON ST., IMPERIAL HOTEL BLDG.

Men's socks, black, good wear, 2 pair for \$1.00. 50c. 75c. 1.00. Underwear, ribbed, its snug, each. 50c. 75c. 1.00. Today only, wraps, each. 50c. 75c. 1.00. Never-break hairpins, 6 for 50c. Shaving strap, soap.

VII, and their sincere sympathy with Her Majesty, Queen Alexandra,