

GLISE IN THE DEBATE

Two Notable Speeches in the House on Philippines

BY LANDIS AND WILLIAMS

Indiana Man Charged Democrats With Bringing on War, Then Turning Their Backs and Running Away.

Two notable speeches marked the closing of the general debate in the House on the Philippine civil government bill. They were made by Landis, an Indiana Republican, and by Williams, a Mississippi Democrat. There were demonstrations after each concluded.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Some routine business was transacted in the House today prior to the resumption of the debate on the Philippine civil government bill. Bills were passed to establish a sub-committee of the Permanent International Commission of the Congress of Navigation, and to authorize the Director of the Census to compile statistics regarding irrigation.

Ball (Dem. Tex.), the first speaker on the Philippine civil government bill today, made a general onslaught on the Republican policy. Taking Packoff as his text, he charged the administration with administration with hypocrisy. If the President would dissolve "the firm of Havemeyer, Root, Wood, Thurber & Co.," and strike a blow in the same trust by agreeing to accept the House Cuban reciprocity bill, he said, the bill would pass the Senate by the aid of a solid Democratic vote in 24 hours.

Turning to the question of trusts, he also charged the Administration with hypocrisy on that subject. "Has the gentleman read Mr. Bryan's comment upon the Democratic harmony dinner in New York?" asked Olmsted (Rep. Pa.).

"I decline to answer such an impertinent question," replied Ball, amid Republican laughter. "What is your remedy for trusts?" asked Littlefield (Rep. Ind.).

"To place all trust-made products on the free list," responded Ball: "to deny trusts the power of interstate transportation and the use of the mails; to investigate an administration which will resort to penal statutes and not injunctions in the prosecution of trusts."

"Like hyenas," said he, "you go down into the grave, you dig up the bones of the South and of the North to try to make the Americans believe the soldiers of both armies were guilty of the sort of atrocities that occurred in the Philippines, I denounce you as a coward, a calumniator, and a slanderer on both armies."

Landis (Rep. Ind.), who followed Ball, made an earnest speech in support of the policy of retaining the Philippine Islands. He drew a touching picture of the death scene of a soldier who died in his home town last October, and who said to Landis before he died:

"We soldiers who served in the Philippines do not want to have it said in the years to come we followed a retreating flag. In that utterance, Landis said, was the true philosophy of the situation. "And," he added, amid Republican applause, "it will not be said in the years to come that our brave boys followed a retreating flag."

The Democrats urged on the war with Spain, and they helped to ratify the treaty which gave the Philippines to the United States. Landis engaged in sharp passage with Clark (Dem. Mo.). He described Clark, after war was declared, as charging up and down the aisle boasting that the Democrats had taken the Republican party by the scruff of the neck and dragged it into war. This drew from Clark a challenge to Landis to place in his speech the name of the Republican who he described as the "kicker," and who, he said, was to President McKinley and threatened to vote with the Democrats to recognize the independence of Cuba, unless he sent the right kind of message to Congress.

"That is a fiction," cried Landis, while Cooper (Rep. Wis.), who said he was a member of the committee that waited upon President McKinley, and that no such conversation ever occurred. On the contrary, he said, the committee told the President that they were willing to abide by the decision of the Administration. Landis thereupon repeated the statement that Clark had boasted that the Democrats had dragged the Republicans into war.

"That's what we did," shouted Clark. "And then when the war came with its problems, consequences and responsibilities, you turned your backs and ran away." A tremendous burst of applause greeted this reply. For fully a minute it continued until checked by the presiding officer.

"There is not a word of truth in that statement," retorted Clark, when the applause died away. "And that is not all," returned Landis. "They not only turned their backs and ran away, but they are running yet." (Renewed Republican applause.)

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The conferees on the isthmian canal bill met at 11 A. M. today. The conference, which lasted an hour and a half, was devoted to the discussion of the legal aspect of the Panama route, but no settlement of that point was reached. Another session will be held tomorrow.

Activity of Kilauea. SAN FRANCISCO, June 24.—The bark Redrick Dug brings news from Hawaii that Kilauea volcano is more active than at any time since the outbreak of four years ago. Since June 1, smoke and flame have been issuing from the crater in great quantities. From Hilo the sky in the direction of the volcano resembles a great storm cloud by day and at night the flaming torii of the crater are visible for many miles by vessels passing the island. In the vicinity of the crater the earth trembles almost constantly, and subterranean rumbling is heard. It is believed a still greater eruption is coming.

Mrs. W. Seward Webb Injured. BURLINGTON, Vt., June 24.—Mrs. W. Seward Webb, daughter of the late William H. Vanderbilt, has been severely injured by a fall from her horse. The accident occurred while Mrs. Webb was riding near Shelburne Farms with a party of friends. The rider was thrown to the ground and was unconscious for several hours. Her condition is reported as not serious, although Mrs. Webb will be confined to the house for some time and will suffer severely.

GREAT FOREST RESERVE

SENATE PASSES BILL CREATING ONE IN SOUTHERN APPALACHIANS.

Provides for the Purchase of Four Million Acres, to Cost Not to Exceed Ten Million Dollars.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The Senate today passed a bill creating a National forest reserve in the Southern Appalachian Mountains, and ratifying the agreement between the United States and the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians of Indian Territory. The first bill provides for the purchase of 4,000,000 acres in the Southern Appalachian system, to cost not to exceed \$10,000,000. The Secretary of Agriculture is to designate the lands to be purchased and to take measures to preserve the hardwood forests which they bear. Quay was unable today to secure consideration for his motion to discharge the committee on the bill, and the consideration of the omnibus statehood bill, but gave notice that he would demand that it be taken up tomorrow.

The Proceedings. Gallinger offered a resolution declaring that "the present phenomenal prosperity in all lines of business and industry in the United States is largely due to the existing tariff law, and the best interests of the country demand its continuance." The resolution was adopted by the Senate on the resolution at a later date. A resolution offered yesterday by Bailey, directing the Secretary of State to transmit to the Senate a copy of the case of Bellinger against Scott, including all communications sent to and received from the Ambassador to Mexico in respect to the case, was called. Bailey said the case would be taken up tomorrow.

JANE TOFFAN'S MURDERS. Confessed to Killing Twenty-one Persons. BOSTON, June 24.—Suspected of the death of 21 persons, but indicted for murdering only three, Miss Jane Toffan, who was yesterday declared insane, has confessed that she has killed during her career as a professional nurse no less than 21 human beings.

This statement was made to Judge Fred M. Hibbs, of Brockton, senior counsel at the trial at Barnstable yesterday. Mrs. Toffan, 40, of Chicago, was indicted by reason of insanity, of the charge of murdering Mrs. Mary D. Gibbs. Judge Hibbs said also that Miss Toffan had admitted that she had killed 21 persons, other than Mrs. Gibbs. She said she could not help committing the crimes. She argued, moreover, that she was not insane. She said she knew she was doing wrong, and she had no remorse for her victims and she asked Judge Hibbs how, under such circumstances, she could be of unsound mind. Morphine was Miss Toffan's agency for producing insanity, she said, and she had been using it for some time.

WAR AGAINST CASTRO. Minister Bowen Reports a Critical State of Affairs. WASHINGTON, June 24.—The State Department today received a cablegram from United States Minister Bowen, at Caracas. The official declined to make public the text of the dispatch, but it is understood that it reports a critical state of affairs arising from the present revolution in that country, which was caused by the efforts of the United States to make Castro, who is generally recognized as the strongest yet known there.

Philippine Greets Mrs. McKinley. CANTON, O., June 24.—Mrs. McKinley has returned from Felipe Buencamino, ex-member of Aguinaldo's Cabinet, and now a leader of the Federal party in the Philippines, the greetings and memorials of that party, which he was commissioned personally to carry to her. The address contained reference to the distress which the Federal party of the Philippines felt at the assassination of President McKinley, and to the sympathy of the love of 6,000,000 Filipino Christians.

RESERVE BILL SLIPS THROUGH. Senate in Line With Roosevelt on Appalachian Forest. WASHINGTON, June 24.—The bill for the Appalachian forest reserve slipped through the Senate without any opposition today, and, like the irrigation bill that preceded it, did not even demand a roll-call. This is another victory which President Roosevelt recommended in his message, and which he has supported ever since Congress met. It is understood that a number of Senators are depending upon the House to kill the bill, the same as they depended upon the House to kill the irrigation bill. The House may take the same course with this Southern forest reserve measure as it did with the irrigation bill, and pass it. In fact, a number of Western men will, no doubt, join the Southerners in favor of the measure, as the Western men received help when the irrigation bill was under consideration.

House Passes Resolution of Tongue-Its Object. WASHINGTON, June 24.—The House today passed Representative Tongue's joint resolution authorizing the Director of the Census, upon completion of the volume of agricultural statistics, to complete and bring up to date of the present crop year the statistics relating to irrigation, the area of land reclaimed, cost and value of the works, and such other information as can be obtained bearing upon present conditions of irrigation. These data are desired to assist the Interior Department in carrying out work under the new irrigation law.

Senate Committee Would Make Investigation in Hawaii. WASHINGTON, June 24.—The committee on contingent expenses of the Senate has agreed to report a resolution introduced by Senator Mitchell providing for a committee to investigate the conditions in the Hawaiian Islands and report at the next session. It is Senator Mitchell's idea that a Congressional investigation of the situation in Hawaii is necessary to enable Congress to legislate properly for that territory. Many conflicting reports have been received by the present session of Congress, each prejudiced by the interests represented. There is opposition to any such investigation because of the "junkier" feature which it presents, and it is likely that a Congressional investigation of the Philippines will be authorized, and if so the Hawaiian bill will be likely to go through.

TRADE WITH ASIA

Gains There Greater Than Anywhere Else, Especially in Export Trade

Asia and Oceania Are Now Buying From the United States Nearly \$125,000,000 Worth of Goods Every Year.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Exports from the United States to Asia are showing a greater gain in the present year than to any other part of the world. A report of the Treasury Bureau of Statistics, issued today, shows an increase in the exports to nearly every division of Asia for the 10 months ending with April, while to South America they show a decrease in the exports to nearly every division. To the Dutch East Indies the figures show an increase of from \$1,661,142 in the 10 months of 1901 to \$1,988,185 in 10 months of the present fiscal year; to Hong Kong, from \$6,925,703 to \$7,896,792; to Japan, from \$15,118,532 to \$15,981,250; and to China, from \$7,423,948 to \$10,163,125.

To China our exports for the full fiscal year seem likely to exceed those of any previous year except 1900, which was exceptional, because of the large purchases of cotton made in the United States in that year for the Japanese market. Our exports to China, which in 1902 were \$5,029,871, seem likely to be nearly or quite \$6,000,000 in 1903.

To Japan our exports in 1902 were \$1,230,111, and in 1903 seem likely to be \$2,000,000. To Hong Kong our exports during 1902 were \$4,994,648, and in 1903 seem likely to be about \$5,500,000. To the British East Indies our exports in 1902 were \$3,071,307, and in 1903 will be about \$3,000,000. To the Dutch East Indies they were in 1902 \$1,372,635, and in 1903 will be about \$2,000,000. To the Russian possessions, and Asia our exports in 1902 were \$128,350, and in 1903 will be about \$1,000,000. Comparing our exports to Oceania in 1902 with 1903, however, there is a marked growth in the shipments of all of those sections of Oceania now included in the statements of foreign commerce. To British Australia our exports were in 1902, \$1,865,671, and in 1903 will be about \$3,000,000. To the Philippine Islands our exports in 1902 were \$60,914, and in 1903 will be about \$5,000,000. Comparing our exports to Oceania in 1902 with 1903, and these figures included \$3,781,625 of shipments to the Hawaiian Islands; in 1902 the total to Oceania, exclusive of the Hawaiian Islands, was \$1,865,671, and in 1903 will be \$3,000,000.

SITUATION IS CRITICAL. Union Pacific Boiler-makers' Strike Grows More Serious. OMAHA, Neb., June 24.—The strike situation on the Union Pacific Railroad grows more critical daily. Today Chief of Police Donahue called President Kennedy, of the Boiler-makers' Union, into his office and warned him that no violence would be tolerated. Mr. Kennedy told the chief that this was far from the minds of the strikers, and that if they could not win fairly, they preferred to lose the strike.

Coal Company's Partial Victory. WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 24.—The Susekwanee Coal Company, which is controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad, scored a partial victory today when it succeeded in getting several engineers, firemen and pumpmen to return to their collieries at Mantlocke. The men held a secret meeting yesterday, and most of them decided to return to work. Many of those who went back were members of the union.

Boiler-makers at Work. KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 24.—Twenty-five men, including two ex-strikers, are at work in the Kansas City, Kan., boiler shops of the Union Pacific. Union leaders say most of the new men are inexperienced.

Austro-Hungarian Treaty. VIENNA, June 24.—The Neue Presse says the Hungarian Premier, Oloman de Szell, has been officially informed that Austria desires to notify the foreign powers that Austria-Hungary intends to terminate the existing commercial treaties. The paper urges Hungary to declare whether she intends to have a tariff system or whether she desires to have a tariff of her own.

Lynch's Case Remanded. LONDON, June 24.—At the Bow-Street Police Court today, after the taking of brief and unimportant evidence, the case of Colonel Arthur Lynch, member of Parliament-elect for Galway, and formerly of the Boer Army, who is charged with high treason, was again remanded, this time until July 1.

Shot by a Physician. KANSAS CITY, June 24.—Albert Sechler, a physician, was shot and killed here by Louis Zorn, a wealthy retired physician, the result of a dispute over rent, died today of his wounds. Zorn is held without bail.

WOODARD, CLARKE & COMPANY

WHEN ORDERING Homeopathic Medicines

Kindly remember that we are the agents for LUYTIE'S—the standard—HOMEOPATHIC medicines, specialties, combination tablets, etc. Having a complete stock, your orders will receive prompt attention. These medicines are fresh. An experienced HOMEOPATHIC DRUGGIST is at all hours in charge of this department. These medicines are dispensed strictly in accordance with homeopathic principles.

PRICE FOR PELLETS, DISKS, DILUTIONS, ETC. Usual prices, 1-2 oz. 25c; our prices, 1-2 oz. 15c. Usual prices, 1 oz. 50c; our prices, 1 oz. 25c. POSTAGE FREE.

Fountain Syringe Specials

Good Fountain Syringe, 2 qt., regular 65c; for 43c. Good Fountain Syringe, 3 qt., regular 75c; for 49c. Good Fountain Syringe, 4 qt., regular 85c; for 57c. Guaranteed Fountain Syringe, red rubber, 2 qt., reg. \$1.00; for 79c. Guaranteed Fountain Syringe, red rubber, 3 qt., reg. \$1.10; for 87c. Guaranteed Fountain Syringe, red rubber, 4 qt., reg. \$1.20; for 94c.

Melcher's Shower Yoke

A high-class bath room luxury. Does not splash. Ladies use it without wetting the hair, price \$4.00.

FLORIDA PALMS

FROM SUNNY FLORIDA COMES OUR NEW STOCK OF PALMS. PRICES LOWER THAN EVER. EACH MOUNTED IN JAR.

Table with 4 columns: No. of Pals, Height in Feet, No. of Leaves, Price. Rows include 104 25 4 .35, 106 25 4 .50, 146 35 6 .65, 185 45 5 .70, 226 55 6 \$1.25, 188 60 8 \$1.50, 12 tree 72 12 \$2.50.

Woodard, Clarke & Co.

FRESH ALLEGRETTI CHOCOLATES received today.

PROVINCE NOT PACIFIED

CAILLES REFUSES STATEMENTS BY MAJOR GARDENER.

Native, He Says, Were Loyal to the Insurrection—Funds Raised to Combat the Cholera. MANILA, June 24.—The insurgent General Cailles continued his testimony today before the board which is investigating the charges of cruelty against Major Cornelius Gardener against American officers and soldiers in Tayabas Province, Luzon, of which the Major is Governor. Cailles testified that he had commanded in several towns, including Litchan, Sampol, Barola and Poega. The province was loyal to the insurrection during the entire time prior to his surrender. The witness several times refused depictions of the Major's conduct. The province showed their loyalty in always supplying the quota required. After Major Gardener had declared it to be the most pacified province, he called the troops insurgents to Luzon, and, recruiting 400 more, went to Sampola to superintend the shooting of five influential residents who had been guilty of crimes.

Combating the Cholera. The Province of Bulacan, Central Luzon, has granted \$500 toward the expenses of combating the spread of cholera. The cholera totals to date are as follows: Manila, 127 cases and 125 deaths; provinces, 948 cases and 672 deaths.

Civil Rule Established. Civil government will be established in the island of Mindoro and in the island of Pangasinan, and will be re-established in Batangas Province, Luzon, July 4.

Taft's Negotiations. Success of American Proposals on All Essential Points. ROME, June 24.—There is no doubt of the negotiations of Judge Taft, Governor of the Philippine Islands, and the success of the negotiations of the friars' lands in those islands, ending in all essential points. Reports of serious bitches are denied by those who are best entitled to know.

Some diversity of opinion regarding details has developed. This is prolonging the negotiations longer than was anticipated, and the answer of the papal Secretary of State, Cardinal Rampolla, to Judge Taft, is too general in form to be straightened out. Judge Taft will present another note to Cardinal Rampolla, precisely indicating the American wishes and asking for a categorical reply thereto.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Secretary Root declines to discuss details of Governor Taft's negotiations with Rome until they are completed. They are proceeding steadily and in the usual course, each side seeking to make the best possible bargain with the result that there have been several changes since the original proposal of Governor Taft touching the friar lands. These are reported to

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After Dinner. To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take Hood's Pills. Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills. Save Your Money. One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors bills. They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels. No Reckless Assertion For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse TUTT'S LIVER PILLS.

Every Woman. Is it rivalled by Human Hair? Where the hair is the head is the head. Sealine is admitted the world over for its softness and glossiness; and yet the human hair is equally as soft and glossy when healthy; and the radical cause of all hair trouble is dandruff, which is caused by a microscopic parasite that saps the vitality of the hair at its root. Sealine's Herpicide is the only preparation that is fatal to the dandruff germ. Without dandruff no falling hair, but a luxuriant growth of glossy, soft hair is certain. Sealing the scalp won't cure dandruff. Kill the dandruff germ. Thousands of women owe their beautiful tresses of hair to Sealine's Herpicide.

Pearline or Soap. —not soap and PEARLINE. That is waste. PEARLINE has enough soap to act in the most effective way on dirt. With many washing powders, much soap is needed. You can't find a trace of soap in some. But PEARLINE is improved soap itself. Takes soap's place. Does easier—quicker—better work—aves rubbing. Proved by Millions.