## PAYMENT TO COMEZ

Secretary Root Assumes Full Responsibility for It.

## DICTATED BY STATESMANSHIP

Had the Cuban Leader Not Been Rewarded. Conditions in the Island. Might Have Paralleled Those in the Philippines.

It is stated at the War Department as a curious fact that Congress has been in full noneerlon of the information ments from the Cubun treasury for me less than two years past. The War Denarrment that far back submitted to Congress the full statement of all exsee in Cuba, and included in the list was the statement of the payments to

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Secretary Root has assumed full responsibility for the payment of money to General Gomes by General Wood during the American oc-cupation of Cuba, and if Congress saks for an explanation of the matter he stands prepared to furnish what he regards as the most convincing proofs that the paynents were dictated by the wisest states-

At the War Department, a high official stated the position of the department in the matter as follows:
"The conditions in Cuba two years ago

were precarious. Not a Cuban believed that the United States Government ever would withdraw from Cuba, and the half famished veterans of the Cuban army famished veterans of the Cuban army were in a dangerous mood and clamoring for their pay. General Gomez was the head and front of their army, and had served the revolutionary cause as its principal leader without having received a cent of pay. General Wood thought, and Secretary Root thought afterward. that General Gomes was entitled to com-pensation; to a home which was supplied him, and in which he entertained his comrades, and to an income, which last might be set down as a small offset to the money which was due Gomes from the Cuban Republic. That the Cubans them-selves regarded the matter in the same selves regarded the matter in the best of the present Cuban Congress, among the very first of its acts, of a bill providing a liberal pension for General Gomes. It is believed that but for this assumption the cost of Gomes' living expenses of the cost of Gomes living expression the conditions in Cuba must have paral-leled those in the Philippines and the United States Government, after fighting Spain to secure freedom for the Cubans, might have been obliged to turn on them

force of her Army. The necessity being present, in Secre "The necessity being present, in Secre-tary Root's view, the only other point was the legality and propriety of the pay-ments. He soon satisfied himself that there was not the slightest doubt on that score. The Military Governor was obliged to assume the responsibility for his dis-bursements and to exercise his discretion. neral Brooke did this, and after him neral Wood, and Secretary Root now proves of everything they did, including

### CONFERENCE OF REPUBLICANS. Proposal to Hold a Caucus Wedner-

day to Consider the Bill. WASHINGTON, June 16 .- It is still the purpose of the Republican members of the a meeting tomorrow for the purpose of conferring upon the question of reciprocity, and whether there shall be a caucus of Republican Senators will de-pend upon the decision of the majority of that committee. If they de-

caucus be called to pass upon it the call will be issued and the caucus probably will be held Wednesday. There is some feeling against a caucus on the part of the Republican Senators who support the reciprocity plan, and on at of this contiment there is a growing possibility that no caucus will be held. No one doubts that the reciprocity advocates will be in the majority in a Republican caucus, but the minority would be sufficiently numerous to show a serious It is the wish of the leaders to

avoid this exhibition, if possible.

The beet-sugar men held a conference last night and again pledged themselves to stand out solidly against the Senate bill. They say that as a result of that conference there are no fewer than 19 Republican Senators, who will announ n the caucus that they will vote against he bill for a reduction of the tariff. Several Senators who have a knowledge

of the condition of business in the Ser ate mid today that Congress would ad-journ by July 1. One of them, who has been an earnest advocate of reciprocity with Cuba, said: "Whether we reach an ngreement or not we will adjourn by the 1st. If there is no agreement by that time it will be useless for the Senate to remain here to reach an agreement. If

The advocates of reciprocity say the Republican conference Wednesday will determine what can be done. When it is that it can be definitely determined how many Rpublicane can be counted for and against it. The reciprocity advocates be-

The beet-sugar men say that in the Renot vote for reciprocity and will vote for any amendments which will help to defeat it. They will vote against taking up the consideration, thus forcing the friends of the measure to rely on Demo-cratic votes and to make the first allience with the Democrats, after which they (the beet-sugar men), will vote with emocrats to secure amendments to defeat the bill. They say the French reciprocity treaty is being put in shape to be germane as an amendment to the reci-

procity bill when brought forward.

During the day talk has been revived about a treaty with the New Cuban Government. Senator Foraker some days ago suggested this to the President as a way out of the difficulty. It also was one of the propositions of the beet-sugar men to the Republican members of the commit-tee on relations with Cuba, and was reected. The beet-sugar men eay that 52 Republicans would support such a treaty, and it is expected that enough Democrats would be secured to ratify it. But the leaders of the reciprocity movement say that a treaty would mean the defeat of legislation at this cossion; that there is not time enough to negotiate it and pass it before adjournment.

Palma Objects to Rebate. WASHINGTON, June 16. - President value, of Cuba, has indicated to President dent Roosevelt his conviction that the rebate proposition relative to Cuban sugar would not only be very objectionable in strelf, but would be extensively expensive

and almost impossible to carry out in the should it become apparent that there is et col

no possibility of an agreement between the Senate and the House upon the pend-ing reciprocity proposition, then the Presi-dent probably will endeavor to simplify the problem by dropping the House out of the calculations and negotiating di-rectly with President Palma. It is true such a treaty would require the approval of two-thirds of the Senate, but it is be-lieved that under the changed conditions lieved that under the changed condition this would not be impossible of attain

LONDON

could begin.

AND IT PASSED THE SENATE.

Canal Route.

Consideration then was continued of the

isthmian canal project, Cullom and Kitt-

the Panama route. The former based his argument principally on the report of the

Just before adjournment a spirited dis

cussion was precipitated over a motion by Proctor to agree to a conference with

position to Proctor's motion was so vig-

The Proceedings.

To furnish more time for the consider

tion and disbursement of all fands for

the whole period of the military occupa-

ment be now made of the accounts here-after named; therefore, be it "Resolved, That the Secretary of War

"A full itemized statement of all pay-ments made out of Cuban funds to any

person or corporation, if any, for the

any time by the United States and wheth-

proved by the Secretary of War."
Kearns objected to immediate consideration of the resolution, and it went over.

Consideration was then resumed of the

London dock charges bill. Pending dis-position of the bill the Senate agreed to a

conference on the bill for the protection of the President, and Hoar, Fairbanka and Pettus were appointed as conferees.

The London dock charge bill was dis-cussed by McCumber, Nelson, Gallinger and Hale. The vote was then taken on

Hear's amendment, which provided that nothing in the act should prevent the

from the United States to foreign por shall insert in the bill of lading or oth

ure in proper loading or proper delivery of any goods committed to his care; or

any clause or agreement whereby there is imposed on the signee any port or dock

delivery of the goods, the payment of

ter, agent or owner.

A bill for preventing the adulteration,

misbranding and imitation of foods, bever-

ages, candles, drugs and condiments in the District of Columbia or the terri-

tories and for regulating interstate traffic therein then was taken up.

The Senate, at 1 o'clock, at the con-

clusion of the morning hour, resumed consideration of the iathmian canal pro-ject, Cullom addressing the Senate. Cul-

om advocated the adoption of the Spoone

as conferees on the naval appropriation

Kittredge contended that the action of

the Isthmian Canal Commission in recom-mending the Panama route was an unan-

swerable argument in support of that

Proctor called up the Army appropria-

tion bill and moved that the Senate recede from its amendment providing for the erection, by direction of the Secretary of

War, of certain buildings at military posts, and that a conference be agreed

fusal to confer about certain amendments Spooner, chairman of the special com

appointing the special conference com-mittee to insist upon its rights, why not

say so? Why dodge the question in this way? Tillman said the adoption of the amendment would remove the bone of contention. "If that," said he, "is not

A statement by Proctor that he deemed

A statement by Proctor that he occurrent it wiser to recede from the amendment, inasmuch as it was indefensible anyhow, than to hold up the entire measure, aroused Foraker and finally the matter was withdrawn without action on Proc-

or lease its railroad property and fran-chises; to amend the revised statutes re-iating to shipping so that the oath as to

The Rebecca Taylor Case.

WASHINGTON, June 16 .- The House

committee on reform of the civil service oday voted 6 to 2 on party lines to table

the resolution calling on the Secretary of War for information as to the dismis-sal of Rebecca J. Taylor, a clerk of the

War Department. The case has excited some attention, because Miss Taylor was

dismissed for writing a letter appearing in a Washington newspaper, headed, "The Fing Shall Stay Put," and criticising the

President's attitude in reference to

tor's motion,

minous surrender, I do not know

mittee, said the committee had not

to on the other two amendments

Hale, Perkins and Tillman were named

which by law is imposed upon such mas-

carrier from stipulating for

purpose of promoting 'reciprocity' tween the United States and Cuba,

the Senate the following:

"Whereas, It is important that a state-

and he is hereby directed, to send to

draw it for the present.

asserting that he was satisfied that

redge delivering speeches in advocacy

isthmian commission recommending

a good title to the property could be

WHY ELKINS FIGHTS CUBAN BILL, Wants Recognition by Getting Good Committee Place.

WASHINGTON, June 16.-This was the beet-sugar men's day. The situation in regard to the proposed reciprocity with Cuba changes from day to day on very slight developments. Saturday a number of beet-sugar men had determined that they could not vote for a reduction on the refined sugar carried in the Morris amendment, and it looked as if the opposition to the reciprocity was crumbling to pleces. But the beet-sugar men got together again, counted themselves, and found that there was a sufficient number to materially amend the Cuban reciprocity bill if they stood firm, and they caused the ement to be made that they intended to stand firm.

Senator Aldrich, who has been the leader of the reciprocity advocates, predicts/adjournment by July 1. This is taken to mean that he sees no hope of an agreement, although he still talks about the possibility of getting together. Evidently the President has practically given up hope, and the announcement comes from those close to him that he will not consider it a personal defeat if no reciprocity bill is passed, after doing all that he posalbly could to get one through, as he was simply carrying out the promises made by McKinley.

There is an interesting story in conne tion with this contest that has been made by the beet-sugar advocates. The man most prominent in the fight is one who has no beet-sugar interests in his state and is not interested in the matter personally one way or the other, and everybody is trying to understand why Elkins, of West Virginia, is engaged in the fight. Rumors have been circulated that he wanted to name some big man, either for the Cabinet or diplomatic service; that he had some particular object in view, and would "come down" as soon as he could get what he was after. But Elkins' big fight is for recognition. He has wanted to be a member of either the finance or appropriations committee for some time past. Aldrich has balked him in this ambition. While Elkins is a member of the "steering committee," he has never been allowed any particular voice in shaping the affairs of the Senate, and has never been able to become a member of the "ring" which dominates the Senate most of the time. Elkins set out to overthrow the leadership of Aldrich, and joined the Senators who represent beet-sugar states for the purpose of doing so. All through the fight he has professed to be the friend of the President, and has offered two or three compromise propositions which Aldrich rejected, one of which, a treaty of reciprocity with Cuba, will have to be negotiated instead of passing a bill granting

One unfortunate feature of the effort to secure concessions for Cuba has been that many leaders never had any heart in it. Speaker Henderson wrote a letter early in the session setting forth his opposition to it. Payne, Dalxoft and Grosvenor and other leaders of the House took the same position, afterwards supporting reciprocity with Cuba. In the Senats there is a large number of Republicans who have secretly given encouragement to the beetsugar men. While the advocates of reciprocity could almost muster a majority, they never had a determined and fighting charges of any kind for the discharging o majority of the party, which was necessary to success, and as the matter stands tonight there is not very much encouragement for Cuban reciprocity this seasion. The bill which the Republican members of the Cuban committee will present tomorrow, and the conference of Republican Senators on Wednesday, may change the conditions as to the Cuban bill, as have many ups and downs since this ses-

Oregon Men Reappointed.

Upon the request of Senator Mitchell and Representative Tongue, the Secretary of the Interior has reappointed W. H. H. Dufur, of The Dalles, and S. C. Bartrum, of Roseburg, as forest supervisors of the Cascade reserve. The department has decided to reduce this force from three to two members, Mr. Applegate being dropped. Dufur will have charge of the porth half of the reserve and Bartrum of the south half.

Foster Wants a Place for Stewart. Senator Foster has recommended Carey W. Stewart to be supervisor of the Rainier forest reserve. No appointment has yet been made. The place pays \$2000 annually.

SHEEPMEN WILL BE HAPPY TODAY. Department Will Wire Permits for Grazing in Oregon.

WASHINGTON. June 16.-Representa tive Moody has been urged by telegraph to rush through permits for grazing on the Cascade reserve. Upon investigation known just what the Republican mem- he learned that the applications for perers of the committee offer, it is expected mits had been altered to enlarge improperly the grazing area. They were promp ly returned for correction to Superinten dent Ormsby. Ormsby in turn resubmitlieve that the measure to be presented dent Ormsby. Ormsby in turn resultmit-will command a majority of the Senate ted the applications to Secretary Hynd, Republican party, after which of the Oregon Woolgrowers' Association, there will be little or no opposition to its in May, and be held them up until a week ago, when he returned them. They were received by Secretary Hitchcock this morning, and as soon as approved Ormsby will be adviced by wire to admit the sheep according to permits issued. The sheep were to have entered the reserve last Saturday, and in anticipation of the receipts of permits many sheepowners had driven their flocks up to the reserve line. but cannot proceed without authority from Washington, and in the meantime are forced to encroach upon settlers on the

> Moody that permits will probably be forwarded by wire tomorrow. Paris Contribution to McKinley Fund CLEVELAND, June 16 .- Myron T. Rerrick, treasurer of the McKinley National Memorial Association, has received through the banklug-house of Mergan, Hargis & Co., Paris, their draft for 27140, forwarded in behalf of the Paris commit tee of the Memorial Association, principally the receipts of the benefit given in Paris in aid of the McKinley National memorial fund.

> border. The department assures Mr.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIPE. Riching, Hind, Eleeding or Protruding Piles, No Core, No Pay, Druggists are authorized by manufacturers of Paso Ointment to return uponey where it falls to cure any case of piles no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in four teen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discourse and is the only offer remedy and

DOCK CHARGES

Objected to Croster's Nomination. OPPOSITION TO BILL COLLAPSED, WASHINGTON June 16.—The consider-ation of the nomination of General Cros-ler, to be Chief of Ordnance, was objectler, to be Chief of Ordnance, was objected to by Senator Hoar while the Senate was in executive session today. The nomination stands at the head of the executive calendar, and Senator Warren told the Senate that hereafter he would insist on the calendar being taken in its order. Therefore no other confirmations were made. Senators Callom and Kittredge Spoke in Favor of the Panama

WASHINGTON, June 16 .- After a dison extending over parts of several the Senate today passed what is larly known as the London dock MOHR ROAD HAS MONEY. Sold Its Rails, Then Bought Then charges bill. The opposition to the measure collapsed, and it was passed without

Buck at an Advance. A few weeks ago the Columbia River & Northern Railroad Company bought all the ralls of the Columbia Railroad & Navigation Company. The first-named company is the one that is building the railroad up the Klickitat Valley to Goldendale; the other is the Paul P. Mohr enterprise. Sev-enty-five to 199 tons of the rails are piled on the right of way of the Columbia Rall tained. Kittredge not only strongly fa-vored the Panama route, which, in his judgment, was much the better, but also road & Navigation Company, on the Wash-ington side of the Columbia River above The Dalles, and the rest are laid on sever niles of the Mohr portage rallway in that

attacked the Nicaragua pian as lacking in definiteness. He pointed out that Coata Rica was constitutionally unable to grant A few days ago the Columbia Railroad & the necessary concession to the United States, and said that if the Nicaragua route was selected it would be a long time Navigation Company bought back the rails it had previously sold to the Columbia River & Northern Railroad Company, paybefore work could be begun, if it ever said that the first transefer was for about 25,000 and the second for about \$30,000. This information leaked out last nigh the House on the Army appropriation bills. Several weeks ago the Senate was confronted by a message from the House refusing to submit to conference certain Senate amendments to the bill. The opfrom a source believed to be trustworthy. By the transaction the Columbia River & Northern Railroad Company is said to have made a greater profit on the rails than it could have realized by taking them up from the Columbia Railroad & Navigabrous that finally he was forced to withtion track and relaying them on its own

But the significant part of the story is that this deal indicates that the Paul Mohr enterprise is again in funds and promises ation of the isthmian canal project the Senate ression began at 11 o'clock. At to proceed along the original lines to con pletion. For some weeks negotiation have been on looking to the rehabilitation the conclusion of routine business Teller offered the following resolution:
"Whereas, It seems impracticable to prepare during this session of Congress an itemized statement showing the collecof the Columbia Railroad & Navigation Company. These negotiations appear to have been successful, though no authori tative announcement to that effect has yet been made. Mr. Mohr is out of the city, and no one here is authorized to talk

LESS THAN TWENTY HOURS.

New York and Chiengo. NEW YORK, June 16.-The new special train over the Pennsylvania road that is to make the trip from Chicago to Jersey City in 20 hours arrived at the latter place at 8:35 o'clock this morning, three

ginutes ahead of schedule time. The New York Central's first 20-hou train from Chicago arrived at the Grand entral Station at 9:26 A. M. today, four minutes ahead of time. The train aver ged 49 miles an hour for the entire trip

The running of these two 20-hour trains by the Pennsylvania and New York Cen-tral inaugurates the fastest regular service ever attempted between Chicago and

CHICAGO, June 16 .- New York to Chi cago in 19 hours and 58 minutes—that is the record time made by the new fast trains put into service by the Pennsyl carrier from stipulating for reimburse-ment to him by the consignee or shipper of any charges which he lawfully may be compelled to pay or compensation for any service which he may agree to ren-der. The amendment was rejected—8 to 25. The bill was then passed. The bill provides that no master, agent or owner of any vessel transporting goods from the United States to force years. vania and Lake Shore Railroade yester-day. The 25-hour schedules over both were more than equaled. The train of the former road that left New York yester-day at 10:55 P. M. arrived here three minutes ahead of time at 8:52 this morning The Lake Shore train made exactly the same time, arriving three minutes ahead of the schedule at 3:54 A. M.

> No Decision in Phoenix Rate Case state Commerce Commission today, in the case of the Shippers' Union of Phoenix, Aris, against the Santa Fe and other railroads, declined for the present to restanding system of rate-making, but retained the case for further consideration. pending the action on other similar cases. The shippers complained that freight rates between New York, Chicago, St. Louis and other Eastern points and Phoenix are unjust and unreasonable in themselves and as compared with rates on like traffic be-tween Eastern points and Los Angeles. The commission holds that the evidence in this case was insufficient. The system of rate-making complained of also applies over other transcontinental line shout a great belt of territory and affects numerous localities and interests which had not been heard in this pro-

Merger Case in Minnesota. ST. PAUL, June 16.—Counsel for the State of Minnesota in the United States District Court today gave notice that when the merger suit against the North-ern Securities Company comes up June 34, the state will make a motion to remand the case to the state courts. Judge Lochren granted the petition for leave to argue this motion on the date named. The move on the state's part is one to save time. The state courts, too, are more likely to assume jurisdiction than the Federal courts, which apply a stricter

Foraker inquired what had been accomplished by the special committee appointed to confer with the House as to its re-New York Underground Tunnels. NEW YORK, June 16.—At a special meeting of the Rapid Transit Commitcluded its labors. A report would be made later, and he thought the Senate would tee of this city heid today, the report sub-mitted by a sub-committee recommend-ing that permission be granted the Penn-Allison made a conciliatory speech and urged that the honor of the Senate was sylvania and Long Island Railroads this city by tunnels under the North directly involved, although the motion, in a sense, did extend the olive branch to and East Rivers was adopted. The Pennspivania Railroad Company is to pay the city \$775,555 a year for 10 years, and \$115. Instead of extending the olive branch. 871 a year for the 15 years following. At exclaimed Tillman, it is running up the white flag. If the Senate was wrong in

Von Tirpitz Entertains O'Neil. BERLIN, June 16.-Admiral Von Tirpits, the Secretary of the Admiralty, gave a Charles O'Nell, United States Navy, who recently returned from Dusseldorf. he had attended the naval congress. A number of German Ministers and naval officials of high rank were invited to meet

Snowdrifts in Cape Colony. accompanied by storms of unprecedented severity, continues to prevail in Cape Col-ony. Thousands of sheep have perlahed, and the telegraph wires are down and buried in the snowdrifts.

the ownership of any vessel offered for Cuban Salary Bill Approved. HAVANA, June 16.—The Senate has approved the bill fixing President Palma's salary at \$25,000 a year, and that of Senor Esteves, the Vice-President, at \$6000. agent of the corporation owning the ves-The Senate, at 5:06 P. M., went into executive session, and soon afterward

Degree for Ex-Secretary Long.

MEDFORD, Mass., June 16.—Ex-Secretary of the Navy John D. Long will receive the degree of LL. D. from Tufts Cyclone in India. BOMBAY, June 16.—A bad cyclone, accompanied, by a tidal wave, swept over Kurrachee, the principal scaport town of the province of Sinde.

Spanish Minister to Cuba. MADRID, June 16.—It is announced here today that the government has decided to appoint a Minister to the Cuban Republic,

man, stating: "No head of a department can maintain effective administration if he is obliged to depend upon the services of clerks who are so violently opposed to the success of the work in which they Shake Into Your Shoes es in fourand rest:
he is obliged to depend upon the services
he is obliged to depend upon the services
of clerks who are so violently opposed
services of clerks who are so violently opposed
to the success of the work in which they
are engaged that they are unable to retrain from public denunciation of the purfrain from public denunciation of the purpose of the work, and public insult to
the Precident." The other correspondTablets.

Shake INIO TOUR Shoes
Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It curss painful
ameritag, nervous feet, and instantly takes the
sting out of coras and bundons. It's the greatcomfort discovery of the age, Allen's Footless makers.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It curss painful
ameritag, nervous feet, and instantly takes the
sting out of coras and bundons. It's the greatfrain from public denunciation of the purpose of the work, and public insult to
pose of the work, and public insult to
from the second of coras and bundons. It's the greatfrain from public denunciation of the purpose of the work, and public insult to
pose of the work, and public insult to

ence, including Miss Taylor's letter acknowledging authorable, has appeared RULES WERE SUSPENDED

AND HOUSE TRANSACTED MUCH

MISCRILLANBOUS BUSINESS.

Two Bills Passed Amending General Pension Laws-Monuments and Memorials-The Taylor Case.

WASHINGTON, June 16.-The House today transacted some miscellaneous busi-ness under suspension of the rules. It inchided the adoption of a resolution ap-propriating \$25,000 for the preparation of plans for a memorial in this city to Abra-ham Lincoln, \$100,000 toward the erection of a monument to the prison-ship martyrs who died off Brooklyn as a result of the cruefties to which they were subjected by the British during the Revolutionary War, and \$10,000 for the erection of a monument at Fredericksburg, Va., to the memory of General Hugh Mercer, who was killed during the Revolutionary War. The resolution adopted today was to carry out an authorization made for this purpose in 1777 by the Continental Congress.

Two bills were passed to amend the general pension laws, one to provide for the restoration to the pension rolls of the widows of soldiers who subsequently mar ied and were again widowed, and creuse the pension of those who have lost a limb or were totally disabled while in the military or naval service. The latter bill also carried an important provis ion to increase the pension of a soldier under the dependent act of 1890 from \$13 to \$30 per month, if such a pensioner reulres frequent or periodical attendance.
The resolution calling on the Secretary

of War for his reasons for dismissal of Rebecca J. Taylor, a cierk in the War Three Republicans voted on this ques tlen with the Democrats. A bill to au-thorize the Secretary of War in his discretion to favor American-built ships in the transportation of Government supplies to the Philippines was defeated. The Proceedings.

At the opening of the session Cooper (Rep. Wis.) asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution to make the Philippine government bill a special order from June 19 to June 25, inclusive. The resolution provides for five days' general debate, beginning at 11 o'clock each day, and for night sessions from 8 to 10:30 P. M.; for two days' consideration under the five-minute rule, and a final vote at Richardson, the minority leader, saked if the effect of the rule would not be to out off all except committee amendments. Copper denied this, and said it was the intention of the committee to allow the widest latitude in amendment. There was

no objection, and the resolution was adopted without division.
Gillett (Rep. Wis.), chairman of the committee on reform of the civil service, from that committee, reported back the resolution calling upon the Secretary of War for the reasons for dismissal from her position in the classified service of the War Department of Rebecca J. Taylor, and moved that the resolution be laid upon the table. Upon that motion Shallenber-ger (Pop. Neb.) demanded an aye and no and the roll was called. Gillett's on prevailed, 109 to 84.

The Senate amendments to the naval appropriation bill were non-concurred in and the bill was sent to conference. Sherman (Rep. N. Y.) moved to suspend the rules and adopt a Senate resolution to amend the Indian appropriation act for the coming fiscal year in deference to the allotments in severalty of lands in certain

Indian reservations.

Richardson asked if the President had signed the Indian appropriation bill with the obnexious provisions in it. Sherman replied that the President had signed it in the expectation that the provisions would be modified in accordance with the

Little (Dem. Ark.) said he believed the President should have vetoed the bill on unt of provisions it contained regard was, however, in full sympathy with the purposes of the pending resolution. The

Miers (Dem. Ind.) moved the passage under suspension of the rules of a bill to amend the existing pension laws so as to provide that the marriage of a widow, deendent mother or sister of a deceased oldler shall not be a bar to her right to a pension before such marriage, and that a woman who was the wife of a soldier during his service in the Army, and who subsequent to the death of such soldier, remarried, should be entitled again to a pension upon the death of her second husoand or upon divorce from him, if the

part. The bill was passed. Sullows (Rep. N. H.) moved the passage under suspension of the rules of the Sen-ate bill to increase the pensions of those who have lost a limb or limbs, or have been totally disabled in the military or naval zervice of the United States. The House amendments to the bill reduced the increase allowed for the loss of a hand or foot from \$45 to \$40; for an arm at or below the elbow, or a leg at or below the knee, from \$50 to \$45; leg at hip joint or an arm at shoulder, from \$50 to \$55. No amendment was made to pensions for total disability, which remains at \$60. The committee also added an amendment to increase the pensions of soliders under the dependent act of 1800, when they re-"frequent and periodical aid." from

\$12 to \$30. McClellan (Dem. N. Y.) moved the adoption, under suspension of the rules of a resolution appropriating \$100,000 toward the erection of a monument to prison ship martyrs at Fort Green, N. Y. McCiellan said the State of New York had appropriated \$25,000 and the City of New York \$50,000, and that \$25,000 had been raised by private subscription. The resolution was adopted.

McCleary (Rep. Minn.) moved the
adoption, under auspension of the rules.

of a resolution to appropriate \$25,000 for lans for a memorial monument in this Although 38 years had passed since Lin-coin died, McCleary said, there was no worthy memorial to this great man here. The resolution was adopted unanimore. The Senate bill was passed to a the bill granting pensions to the sur-vivors of the Indian wars from 1882-42. Stevens (Rep. Minn.) moved the passage, under suspension of the rules, o a bill to authorize the Secretary of War ships in the transportation of Govern-ment supplies to the Philippines across the Pacific Ocean.

"Is not this a homeopathic dose of the ship subsidy bill?" asked Clay (Den

"I am willing," replied Stevens, "to pay 10 per cent additional for the next two years in order to establish a direct Merit. line of communication to the Philip-

Slayden (Dem. Tex.) said he was surprised to see so good a man as Stevens support a bill so vicious. It was a direct application of the ship subsidy principle to a few individuals. Clayton (Dem. Ala.) said the bill was

a proposition to give an unnecessary gratuity to certain shipowners. Snodgrass (Dem. Tenn.), Underwood (Dem. Ala.), Cochran (Dem. Mo.) and Williams (Dem. Miss.) also opposed the bill Jones (Ren. Wash.) amounted to bill. Jones (Rep. Wash.) supported it.
It was defeated, 78 to 66, two-thirds not having voted for it.
At 5:25 P. M. the House adjourned.

Commutation of Sentences.

WASHINGTON, June 16 .- Senator Hoar from the committee on judiciary, today reported favorably the House bill proriding a commutation of the sentences of risoners in Federal prisons amounting o from five to 10 days per month for good-behavior.

Senate Sugar Inquiry. WASHINGTON, June 16.-Wallace P. Willett, a New York sugar broker, teati-

# "ALL RUN DOWN," ARE WOMEN IN EARLY SUMMER



A Beautiful Young Society Woman's Letter.

Miss Bess F. Healy, 521 Wabash street, St. Paul, Minn., a prominent society girl,

"I took Peruna last Summer when I was all run down, and had a headche and backache, and no ambition for anything. I now feel as well as I ever cid in all my life, and all thanks is due to your excellent Pe-The symptoms of Summer catarrh are

quite unlike in different cases, but the most common ones are general lassitude, played-out, tired-out, used-up, run-down feelings, combined with more or less heavy, stupid, listless, mental condition. Relish for food and the ability to digest food seems to be lost.

Skin eruptions, sallow complexion, bil-iousness, coated tongue, fitful, irregular sleep, help to complete the picture which common at this season. Life is a burden, business a dread, pleasure a mockery, friends a bore and social privileges a tedious round of dis-

agreeable tasks Peruna so exactly meets all these conditions that the demand is so great for this remedy at this season of the year

that it is nearly impossible to supply it. It never falls to bring an immediate relief, and a thorough course of it leads with certainty to a permanent cure. Miss Anna Johnson, 60 Clergy street, Kingston, Ont., writes: "I have suffered for several years with

scrofulous blood, and it would many times break out in unsightly pimples on my face. I also had severe indigestion. I took Peruna and soon found that it cured the indigestion and gave me a fine appetite. I was also pleased that it drove the humor out of my blood. My skin is now smooth and clear, and my health is excellent." Miss Anna Johnson.
May V. Adams, vice-president of the
Louisiana Literary Union, writes from 1119

Terpsichore street, New Orleans, La., as follows: "Any person with sedentary habits is apt to become habitually con-stipated. I have found this to be the case by sad experience, and am thankful to say that Peruna cleansed my system, purified the blood and drove out atom-ach disorders and all aches out of the body. I take a few doses every few weeks and find that it keeps me in perfect health. I believe it to be an ideal woman's medicine."

If you do not receive prompt and satis-

factory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

fled today before the Senate committee on Cuban relations. His testimony re-lated largely to the prices of sugar, and he gave quotations to show that Ham-burg controls the price in other parts of the world, the United States and Cuba included. He knew nothing of Mr. Have-meyer's connection with the reciprocity

Clark to Be Rear-Admiral. WASHINGTON, June 16.-The Prest ient today sent the following nominations Captain Charles E. Clark, to be ad-

vanced seven numbers in rank to be a Rear-Admiral in the Navy.

Joseph E. Profiitt, of West Virginia, to be Consul at Pretoria, South Africa.

WAR IN VENEZUELA.

Revolution the Most Formidable in Recent Years. WASHINGTON June 18 -In wall to formed diplomatic quarters here the impression prevails that the revolution which

resent threatening President Cas-Venezuela, is perhaps the most formidable of any that have arisen there during the past few years. Nevertheless as long as the revolutionists can be confined in their movements to outlying towns and can be kept from the central points of administration, such as Caracas or the City of Valencia, it is thought here that there is no possibility of final success of the opponents of the Castro administration.

La Gunyra Bombarded.

WILLEMSTAD, Island of Curacao, Monday, June 2 .- Advices reached here to day announcing that the Venezuelan revolutionists attacked La Guayra, the port of Caracaa Saturday, June 7. The Govof Caracas Saturday, June 7. The Gov-ernment forces answered by shelling Malmquella, a suburb of La Guayra, from the forts ashore, and from the Ven-eguelan warship Miranda. Only peaceful women were killed.

All the commercial houses at La Guay-ra were closed the day of the bombardment, and the inhabitants were panic-stricken. Eventually the revolutionists, who numbered about 400 men, were repulsed. They destroyed the bridge at Boqueron, on the Caracas (English) Rail-road, and stopped traffic for 12 hours. They also out the French cable and the telegraph when. The people of Caracas were thrown into a state of alarm, and every one began buying provisions, ap-prehensive of a siege.

The situation in Venezuela as these ad-

vices were sent indicate that a crisis is A Dutch warship and the German cruiser Falke leave Curacoa today

NEW YORK, June 18.—General Pompilio Guiterez, as commander-in-chief of the army in operations on the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts and the Isthmus of Panama, in view of the apecial powers con

ferred upon him by the Vice-President of the republic has issued, says a Panama dispatch to the Herald, his first decree. It is to the effect that he has practically Hood's Sarsaparilla Has won success far beyond the effect

of advertising only. The secret of its wonderful popularity is explained by its unapproachable

Based upon a prescription which

cured people considered incurable, Hood's Sarsaparilla

Unites the best-known vegetable remedies, by such a combination, proportion and process as to have curative power peculiar to itself.

Its cures of scrofula, eczema, psoriasis, and every kind of humor, as well as catarrh and rheumatism - prove

Hood's Sarsaparilla the best blood purifier ever produced.

Its cures of dyspepsis, loss of appe-tite and that tired feeling make it the greatest stomach tonic and strengthrestorer the world has ever known. Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a thoroughly good medicine. Begin to take it TODAY. Get HOOD'S.

assumed command of all the sea and land forces of this department. The police force will continue under the command of the Governor of this department. All future naval and military appointments will be made by separate decree.

Coronation Celebration in Peru. NEW YORK, June 16.—The coronation committee of the British colony here has decided to hold a grand ball at the Relver Club on the night of June a Lima, Peru, dispatch to the Herald The new secretary of the Peruvian Le-gation in London, Senor Carlos Alberto Rey de Castro, sailed Saturday via Pana-

ma for his post. The government has appointed Senors Arturo Aspiblaga, August Legula and Alexander Garland to propose measures to improve the sugar industry, which is

Minneapolis Bribery Case. MINNEAPOLIS. June 16 .- The trial of Christopher Norbeck, of the detective force, for bribery, was interrupted today by a sensational occurrence. George E. Harvey, another detective, had testified with reference to the swindling of one Peter Berg by confidence men.

he had received no money from Berg. The state then put Berg on the stand, and Berg swore that he had paid Harvey \$70 for recovering his check. This testimony was corroborated by another witness. Judge Harris ordered Harvey committed for perjury, and recommended that the bribery affair be investigated by the grand

Chilean-Argentine Protocol. NEW YORK, June 16 .- El Mercurio,

one of the best-informed papers in Chile. asserts, says a Valparaiso dispatch to the been made in the text of the prtocols recently signed by Chile and Argentina, which will be presented to the Senate worded just as they were when signed.

## MAN'S MISSION ON EARTH.

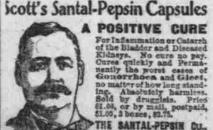
Medical Book Free. "Know Thyself," a book for men only; reg-ular price, 50 cents, will be sent free detailed postpaid; to any male reader of this paper, 6 cents for postage. Address the Penhody Medical Institute, 4 Buildneh street. Hos-ton, Mass., established in 1800, the oldest and best in America. Write today for free book, "The Key to Health and Hapiness." Editor's Note For 40 years the Peabody a fixed fact, and it will remain so. It is as standard as American Goldanius has many imitators, but no squals.—Boston Berald.



Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspep-

sia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TOR-PID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowein. Purely Vegetable.

Small Dose Small Price.



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