TRIP UP THE VALLEY

The Workmen Have Another Pleasant Outing.

CORDIAL WELCOME AT SALEM

Chemawa, Albany, Corvallis, McMinnville, Hillsboro and Other Towns Are Viewed—Election of Officers Today.

The A. O. U. W. and Degree of Honor enjoyed an excursion up the Willamette Valley to Corvallis yesterday. At today's session of the supreme lodge the annual election of officers will be held. Webb McNall, of Kansas, will be elected supreme master; C. R. Matson, of Illinois, will be elected supreme overseer; M. W. Sackett, of Pennsylvania, will be re-elected supreme recorder. Concerning other offices, nothing has been said upon which conclusions can be based. Oregon will ask for no supreme lodge office.

The representatives to the Supreme Lodge, A. O. U. W., and Superior Lodge, D. of H., were given an excursion up the east side of the Willamette Valley yesterday to Corvallis, returning on the west side. The trip, made by special train over the Southern Pacific, was a revelation to the 500 Eastern people who were members of the party. Everywhere they were received with open-handed hospitality, and everywhere they beheld evidences of Oregon's vast resources, of which they had hitherto but little conception. The ride of 190 miles occupied the whole day. At Salem the excursionists were banqueted under the trees in Marion Square.

The A. O. U. W. and D. of H. members at Albany, Corvallis, McMinnville and Hillsboro were at the depots to greet their distinguished guests and to manifest their kindly feelings by gifts of fruit and flowers.

The excursion left the Union Depot at 8:15 o'clock, under the charge of R. L. Durham, H. E. Lounsbury, of the Southern Pacific Company, accompanied the crowd and rendered great assistance in giving information and making everybody comfortable. A few minutes were spent at Willamette Falls, at Oregon City, and a ten-minute stop was made at Chemawa Indian Traning School.

The excursion train arrived at Salem at 10:30 o'clock and backed down the sidetrack to Commercial street, where a large crowd of local Workmen, accompanied by the Military band waited to greet the visitors. Headed by the reception committee, the crowd formed in line and marched down the street to Marion Square, where a bounteous lunch had been spread on tables under the trees, and without further ceremony than a brief invitation, the guests gathered around the tables and helped themselves to the good things so plentifully offered. Sandwiches and coffee, salads, strawberries and cream and cake were supplied in abundance and with enough left over to feed another such crowd when this had been satisfied. Vases of beautiful roses, which grow in profusion in every Salem garden, were arranged in a long row down the center of each table, and all were invited to help themselves to buttonhole bouquets, an invitation which needed no repetition to secure acceptance. When all had satisfied their hunger, the assemblage was called to order by Hon. Frank Davey, of Salem, who, in introducing Governor T. T. Geer, said:

It gives me great pleasure to introduce to the representatives of the A. O. U. W. and D. of H. the Chief Executive of this state, whom all Workmen delight to call a brother. He is a native of Oregon, and you may judge by his stature the scale upon which Oregon does things. He will speak to you on behalf of the State of Oregon.

As Governor Geer's tall figure appeared upon the platform, the crowd applauded with enthusiastic delight. The Governor said:

Supreme Master Workman, and delegates from the different jurisdictions of the United States—and Canada (applause): It is indeed a great pleasure and honor to welcome you on this occasion. . . . You have found that the people of Oregon are imbued with the same spirit of hospitality which prevails among the people of your own state. You have found that Old Glory waves as proudly in the winds of the Pacific Coast as in the breezes of the Eastern States, and we all feel that we are one people. Many of you have visited Oregon for the first time, and perhaps have been surprised to find it a new-old state, or an old-new state. It is true that this is an old state, for in 1843 the first government west of the Rocky Mountains was organized in Oregon, only a few miles from where you now stand. From the stage of development it has reached it may well be called a new state. The reason that California has passed us in population may be found in our innate modesty (laughter), for we have never advertised ourselves as have the people of our sister state. The people of California never go anywhere and never let any one visit them without telling all there is to be told about the advantages of that country. Their persistency in advertising their country reminds me of the story of a Californian who attended a country funeral in Nebraska. The preacher was not well acquainted with the deceased, and after preaching a short sermon he asked whether any one in the audience cared to say anything in regard to the life of their late neighbor. A long and embarrassing pause was broken by the Californian, who said: "If no one else has anything to say, I would like to speak a few moments on the glorious climate of California."

Now, while we do not talk about ourselves as much as the Californians do, we believe we have just as good a state. (Applause.) We do not like to boast. We hope that when you return to your homes you will do some boasting for us. ("We will," came from every part of the crowd.) We hope you will tell of the broad wheat fields, the unmeasured forests of the best timber in the world, of our gold mines, our wool, our dairies, our cattle ranges, our fruit, our unused water powers, the evenness of our climate and the beauty of our flowers.

We feel that we have been honored by your visit to our state, and we extend you a most kindly welcome.

In responding to the address of welcome, Supreme Master A. C. Harwick said:

Your words of kindly welcome have been listened to by the representatives to the Supreme Lodge, A. O. U. W., and the Superior Lodge, D. of H., with close attention, and I assure you that the welcome has been received in the same fraternal spirit in which it is given. I think I can also assure you that it is not necessary for you to allude to the many natural resources and advantages which your state possesses. I believe that every one of us will take pleasure in testifying to the truth of anything you may have said regarding Oregon and its climate and resources. I believe I voice the sentiment of all when I say that the beauty of your flowers is excelled only by the beauty of the fraternal spirit in which you have so royally received and entertained us since our arrival in your state. The only question with us is, "When will it cease?"

For all that we have received at your hands we can only thank you and assure you that the pleasure we have had shall not be kept to ourselves, but on our return to our homes we will share it by telling our people of your hospitality and the greatness of your country.

Supreme Foreman Webb McNall, of Kansas, was introduced as the next Supreme Master of the Order. He spoke in a humorous vein in reply to the address of welcome.

Mr. McNall spoke briefly of the extent of the work of the order, and of the good it is doing.

Mrs. Ella Mantor, Superior Chief of Honor of the D. of H., was introduced and was received with warm welcoming applause. She expressed her gratitude for the splendid entertainment the Oregon lodges have given their visitors, and said that "We have received such a welcome as we shall not see again until we come back to Oregon." She spoke eloquently of Oregon's mountains and waterfalls and valleys and flowers, and referred to this state as the Promised Land.

Sam Booth, the A. O. U. W. poet laureate, sang a song, written for the occasion, describing the trip up from Portland, and Supreme Recorder W. H. Sackett spoke a few moments on matters of interest to members of the order, saying, among other things, that Oregon leads all other states in the matter of membership, as compared with density of population.

The Military band then struck up a march, and the crowd followed back to the train. Just two hours after arrival at the Capital, the excursionists were speeding away up the Valley. A stop of 15 minutes was made at Albany and Corvallis, at both of which places the members of the local lodges turned out in numbers to greet the delegates and to distribute large basketfuls of bouquets. The mountain rhododendrons were particularly acceptable to the Easterners, but all the flowers were received with exclamations of pleasure and admiration.

On the return trip down the west side of the Valley the first stop was made at McMinnville, where the city band entertained the travelers with music while men and women distributed boxes of large, luscious strawberries and beautiful bouquets of roses. Dr. Baker delivered an address of welcome, to which responses were made by Supreme Master Harwick, Mr. McNall and Mr. W. H. Barnes. Hillsboro was paid a short visit, where strawberries and roses were passed around to the delegates with a liberality which would seem to indicate that the people enjoy making gifts of a few hundred boxes of berries, for which they could get 10 cents a box in the market. At Hillsboro the crowd was again entertained with a number of excellent selections by the band.

The train arrived at Portland at 6:45, all the excursionists declaring that they had spent a most enjoyable day, and all expressing thanks for the opportunity of visiting the Willamette Valley.

A. O. U. W. Notes.

When it began to rain at Salem yesterday Mrs. Wilda Belknap, grand chief of honor, said that Nature had begun shedding tears of gladness because of the visit of the Supreme Lodge to Oregon.

The Oregon delegates to the Supreme Lodge in 1901 were W. M. Colvig, J. E. Werlein, S. A. McFadden and D. C. Herrin. They secured the session at Portland this year, and were all members of the excursion party yesterday.

The Grand Recorders' Association held an annual meeting yesterday and elected C. T. Spencer, of California, president; Mrs. Frances Buell-Olson, of Minnesota, vice-president, and H. W. Myers, of Missouri, secretary-treasurer.

A representative from California said last evening that his state could not hope to entertain the delegates to the Supreme Lodge as Oregon has done. If this sort of entertainment becomes general, the Supreme Lodge session will be a popular place to go.

Representative Barnes, of California, said yesterday, in making an address at McMinnville, that the Easterners will find that the residents of the "wild and woolly West" are "all wool and a yard wide."

This evening the City & Suburban Street Railway will give the delegates to both lodges a trolley ride to Mount Tabor, where the Mount Tabor lodges will give a strawberry festival. Only delegates will be admitted to the festival.

CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS.

Elated by the Decision of a Swiss Supreme Court.

BOSTON, Mass., June 16.—Important meetings have been held today by some of the Christian Scientists while the majority have utilized the time for sightseeing or visiting among their friends from distant parts of the country. The alumni of the Massachusetts Metaphysical College were in session for several hours both morning and afternoon, and the board of directors likewise held a meeting to elect officers and to transact other business, which will be announced at the great annual meeting of the church Wednesday.

Word has just been received from Switzerland by the Christian Scientists assembled here which has been the source of much gratification. The Supreme Court of the Canton of Zurich has rendered a decision which virtually places Christian Scientists' practice upon a legal and authorized footing there. A short time ago two practicing Christian Scientists in Zurich were fined under a mistaken application of the medical laws in existence there. They refused to pay the fine, and asked to have the case tried in court. The trial was held before the District Court, and upon sworn testimony taken of cases of healing, the fine was reaffirmed with costs, medical expert opinion having been given that Christian Science healing was mere suggestive therapeutics. Upon appeal to the Supreme Court of the state, before which the case was retried recently, the decision of the lower court was not only reversed, but an unanimous decision given which places the Christian Science practice upon a firm legal footing. The Christian Scientists of America will very much appreciate the justice of the Swiss courts.

HANNA'S DAUGHTER WEDS

Marries One of the Ohio Senator's Secretaries.

CLEVELAND, June 16.—The marriage of Miss Mabel Hanna, eldest daughter of Senator and Mrs. M. A. Hanna, to Harry Parsons, of this city, took place this afternoon at the Hanna residence, in Lake avenue. Bishop Leonard, of the Episcopal Church, performed the ceremony. Only the closest friends of the Hanna and Parsons families were present. This evening the bridal couple left for Sault Ste. Marie, where the bridegroom owns a handsome Summer home, and where the honeymoon will be spent. The groom has for some time past acted as one of Senator Hanna's secretaries.

A London Wedding.

LONDON, June 16.—Rutherford Stuyvesant, of New York, a brother of Mrs. Henry White, wife of the secretary of the United States embassy here, and the Comtesse de Wessenaer were married today. The ceremony, which was quiet, occurred at St. George's Chapel, Albemarle street. United States Ambassador Choate and Mrs. Choate and members of the embassy staff and their wives, besides several of the bride's relatives, attended. The bride is the widow of a Dutch Count.

Ran Into a Washout.

BARRE, Vt., June 16.—In addition to property damage caused by a cloudburst over this section late last night, five railroad men lost their lives by a freight train on the Central Vermont Railroad running into a washout at Middlesex. The dead include the conductor, engineer and fireman and two brakemen. Passing through Middlesex, the train was running at a fair rate of speed when it struck a ditch washed out by a torrent of water. The locomotive leaped into the ditch, and freight cars piled up on top of it. The trainmen were buried under the ruins. The Winnoski River rose to Spring-freshet heights, and caused much other damage. The railroad bridge at Bolton was destroyed, and a saw-mill, together with the house adjoining, was demolished in the Town of Middlesex. One hundred thousand feet of logs were carried away.

For those who are nervous and run down, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the ideal building-up medicine.

THREE-DAY CELEBRATION

FOURTH OF JULY PROGRAMME ARRANGED BY COMMITTEE.

Fine Display of Fireworks Assured—Subscriptions Coming In—Details Agreed Upon.

Portland's Independence Day celebration this year will cover three days, and will be the most elaborate held in this city in several years. The programme, as adopted by the general committee last evening, provides for the opening of the celebration the night of July 3 with a band concert and small display of fireworks. On July 4 there will be the grand civic and military parade, balloon ascension and sports, the day's festivities concluding with an elaborate illumination and fireworks display. On Saturday, the 5th, there will be more sports and band concerts.

The committee on fireworks reported that final negotiations had been closed with W. H. Wilson, of Los Angeles, for furnishing the pyrotechnical display, Chairman Meier having wired Mr. Wilson as follows:

"Prepare for exhibit, $1000. Must be excellent. Want some large set pieces, including suitable characteristics of Lewis and Clark Centennial; many aerial works. Location left to you."

Features of the fireworks will include a dozen varieties of rockets, comets, shooting stars, bombshells, dragon nests, fountains, mines, etc., besides the following set pieces: "Everybody Welcome," portrait of Washington, My Country, 'Tis of Thee, group of fountains, large "wheel of wheels," roaring cataract, "Home, Sweet Home."

Julius Meier, chairman of the committee appointed to solicit funds from the banks, breweries and railroads, reported that the O. R. & N. desired more time before giving a definite answer, and a similar request came from the Southern Pacific, both roads having taken the matter up with their Eastern officers. The City & Suburban Railway Company gives $200, the same as last year, which amount, added to the $1025 reported by this committee at the last meeting, makes a total subscription of $1225, and the committee believes that fully $1500 will be forthcoming. Other small subscriptions reported make the grand total to date $3198 52.

Treasurer Dan McAllen reported having received in cash to date $1312, which has been duly deposited in the bank.

General Summers announced the appointment of the following committee on sports: E. W. Rowe, Charles E. McDonell, B. A. McPherson and W. A. Robb.

The advertising committee reported that 300 three-sheet posters have been printed in two colors, and will be distributed in different towns and cities within a radius of 200 miles of the city. The committee has also had printed 2000 single sheets.

In regard to the plans for the literary exercises, W. Wynn Johnson reported that C. E. S. Wood had consented to be orator of the day. The other details of the exercises have not yet been completed, and additional time was granted the committee.

Several of the committees asked for larger appropriations than was originally planned to give them, and it was decided that if these requests are to be granted more money must be raised. The committee will meet again tomorrow night, when the appropriation question will be finally settled.

SHRINERS SEE COLUMBIA

Fez-Wearing Visitors Enjoy a Brief Stay in Oregon.

One hundred members of Medinah Temple Shriners, of Chicago, including 35 ladies, arrived here yesterday at 12:40 o'clock on a special train from San Francisco. The visitors were met at the depot by Dr. George H. Chance, F. A. Nichols and other local Shriners.

They expected to arrive in time for the morning boat to take the Columbia River scenic trip, but on account of a freight train wreck were detained and did not arrive until 12:40 P. M. Frank C. Roundy, who had them in charge, wired for a special train. The White Collar Line chartered a special train from the O. R. & N. Co., for them, leaving the Union depot at 12:45, arriving at the Locks at 2:15 P. M. Some time was spent examining the locks and rapids, then the party got on the steamer in the locks and started for Portland. A stop was made at Warrendale to see the salmon cannery there. They witnessed the full operations of canning the salmon. Some fine 35- and 40-pound fish were being used.

The Davidson Fruit Company, of Hood River, sent 12 crates of fine strawberries for their use. The Shriners arrived in Portland well pleased with their trip.

The scenery far exceeded any of their expectations. They were met at the boat landing by a lot of Portland Shriners, and escorted to the Portland Hotel. They left over the Northern Pacific at 10:30 last night for a trip to Seattle, Tacoma and Victoria. They will return home by way of Spokane and the Yellowstone Park.

Cleveland Shriners are due to arrive here this morning, and Buffalo Shriners Wednesday morning.

WILL BE ELECTED SUPREME MASTER OF A. O. U. W.

Webb McNall.

Webb McNall, of Gaylor, Kan., who will today be elected supreme master workman of the A. O. U. W. of the United States and Canada, is a lawyer of recognized ability in his own state. He was born in New York in 1849, and went to Kansas in 1871. He owns a farm of about 600 acres, and divides his time between his farm, his law practice and politics. As a legislator he became known for his effective debating ability, and later gained great popularity by compelling insurance companies to comply with the law while he was Insurance Commissioner.

He became a member of the A. O. U. W. in 1880, and was elected grand master workman in Kansas in 1891, since which time he has been a member of the supreme Lodge. He served on committees until 1900, when he was elected supreme overseer. In 1901 he was advanced to supreme foreman, and his election to the office of supreme master will be in the regular line of promotion. He is recognized as one of the ablest debaters in the supreme lodge at this time, the only member who is always ready to meet him being W. Wanie Wilson, an Episcopal minister, of Detroit, Mich.

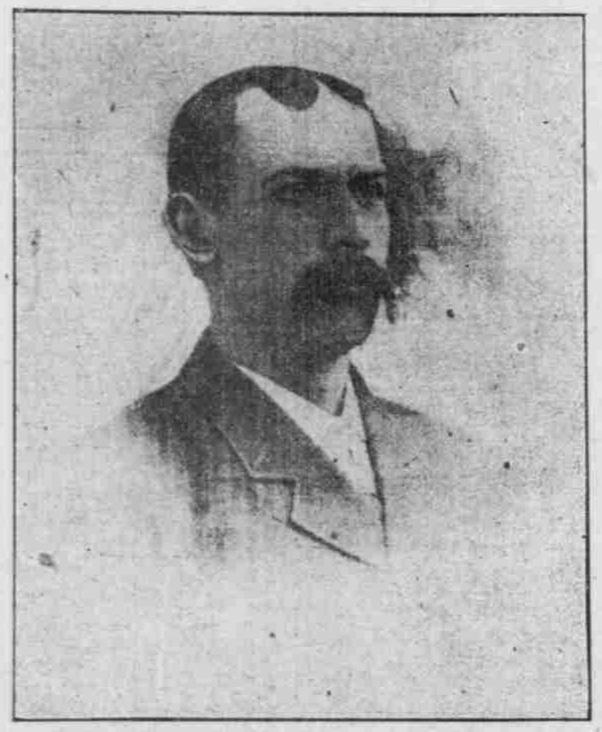
Across the Continent on Horseback.

CHICAGO, June 16.—Dr. A. Donaldson Smith, of Philadelphia, an African explorer, who is crossing the continent on horseback, accompanied by his valet, also on horseback, has arrived here. They left Philadelphia May 17, and, omitting periods of complete rest, have averaged 30 miles a day. They will rest in Chicago four days and then resume their journey to the Yellowstone Park, and thence either to Seattle or to Nevada.

Pressmen in Convention.

BALTIMORE, June 16.—The 14th annual convention of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union of America assembled today, with 200 delegates from every state in the United States and Canada present. Many important questions will come before the union, including one to grant autonomy and a separate National union to the pressfeeders and assistants.

RECOVERY OF BRAVE CONVICT IS ASSURED.



FRANK INGHRAM, WHO DISTINGUISHED HIMSELF AT OUTBREAK AT OREGON STATE PENITENTIARY.

SALEM, June 16.—Brave Frank Inghram, the convict who received a wound which cost him his leg by standing between danger and a guard at the penitentiary at the outbreak a week ago, is getting along nicely, and his recovery is now assured. The photograph herewith presented of Inghram was taken a short time before his commitment to the penitentiary, 10 years ago. Governor Geer stated that he proposes to reward Inghram by granting him a full pardon, as soon as his condition will permit. The convict is almost sure to be allowed to walk forth from prison a free man.

Inghram was received at the penitentiary about 10 years ago from Linn County, having been convicted, after two trials, of killing his brother. Inghram pleaded self-defense. Since his incarceration he has been a model prisoner. The killing of his brother was the result of a family quarrel, and indirectly resulted from the division of the Inghram donation land claim upon the death of the parents. In the division of the property, Frank being the favored son of his mother, was willed one-half of the farm home, while the other children were given the remainder of the farm and a small money consideration.

Affidavits have been obtained from public officials and prominent citizens in California and in Kentucky, acquaintances of Inghram, attesting to his good character prior to the commission of the crime. Petitions will be circulated in Linn County and the several documents filed with Governor Geer as evidence of the desire of the public of the pardon of the brave convict.

CADETS FINISH COURSE

GRADUATING EXERCISES OF HILL MILITARY ACADEMY.

Gold Medal for Drill Won by Cadet St. Martin—Pleasing Programme by Students.

The first commencement exercises of the Hill Military Academy were held last night, and Lawrence H. Holman, Harvey Allen Houston, of Missoula, Wash.; Wilmer D. McCully, Joseph, Or.; Clement George Smith, of Honolulu, received diplomas from the scientific course.

A pleasing programme was given, followed by some fine exhibitions of drill work. In the individual competitive drill the gold medal was awarded Cadet St. Martin, of Portland, and the silver medal to Cadet Leo Hahn.

The armory of the Hill Military Academy was beautifully decorated for the occasion, and was crowded with friends. The programme was interspersed with numerous choice musical selections, which were thoroughly enjoyed.

The principal's address, by J. W. Hill, M. D., was in part as follows:

It is with great pleasure that I extend to you, my friends, a most hearty welcome to these commencement exercises, the first that we have held in the Hill Military Academy. Let us look back one year in imagination and view the place where we now stand. The only evidence of a school at that time was a partially completed excavation, and a contract for a building to be ready for occupancy in less than three months' time. The building, however, in spite of many predictions to the contrary, was finished and opened on the day advertised. When I make the statement that my old boys, as I always familiarly and affectionately call my former pupils, helped me, nay, made it possible for me to accomplish this work, I am but stating the absolute truth. I found them in the architect's office, manning the sawmills and planing mills, in the offices of firms furnishing material for the building, and I found them also ready on every hand and in almost every town throughout the Northwest to assist me in obtaining pupils and in every practical and useful way assisting me in placing the Hill Military Academy at one bound upon the high plane that it was our intention to place it. As this is my first opportunity to make a public acknowledgment of these facts, I do most earnestly and gratefully acknowledge my thanks to all who have assisted me to this end.

Our enrollment for the present year has been 51 boarders and 33 day pupils, the representation being as follows: Portland, 46; Oregon at large, 19; Washington, 10; Montana, 3; Idaho, 1; California, 1; British Columbia, 3; Alaska, 1; Honolulu, 1. At the opening of the Fall term in September, although the school was new and the teachers, with two exceptions, were unacquainted with the previous work of the boys, the pupils were classified on the first day. On the second, the school was permanently organized, and work was assigned immediately. The studies pursued covered all the branches taught in the leading secondary schools, and the work in the study-hall and classrooms has been done with diligence and cheerfulness.

It would take up too much space to enter upon details as to the scope of the work accomplished by the various departments. All have been conducted most satisfactorily. In English, careful attention has been paid to reading and to intelligent expression of thought. In the upper classes the official list of English classics required for entrance to college have formed the regular course; and not only in these classes, but in the lower classes as well a taste for good literature has been stimulated. Every class has had constant practice in English composition. In mathematics and chemistry, the classes have done very good work, indeed, and have easily completed the course within the usual time. In bookkeeping, the budget system, which has been recently adopted by the leading commercial colleges of the country, was introduced during the Fall term.

The classes in manual training have taken very kindly to their work, and constantly pupils have requested permission to spend their playtime at the bench. The work has been done commendably, and the pupils have been carefully trained to habits of industry and exactness in detail. In mechanical drawing special care has been directed to the accuracy of the work and neatness of the plate. In the preparatory department great pains have been taken, not only to impart the required amount of knowledge, but also to train the pupils to habits of concentration of mind and quiet deportment. Some interesting "field work" has been done by the primary department. Resemblances to the greater formations of the earth were found as nearly as possible, and fundamental facts about trees, plants, clouds and animal life were acquired through actual observation. The resources of our own immediate surroundings were utilized in making these practical and useful studies.

The military instruction during the past year has consisted chiefly in the physical building up and setting up of the cadet, and in the inculcation of prompt obedience to orders, neatness in personal appearance, and order in the cadets' rooms, and a good foundation has been laid for the more advanced military work of the coming year. The academy will be furnished with a complete set of new rifles, which in size and weight will be adapted to the different ages and physical development of the cadets.

The music department, with its three teachers, has done good work in vocal, piano and violin. The whole school has had daily practice in singing at the conclusion of the devotional exercises at the opening of school. Popular songs, secular music and college glees suitable for boys' voices, have been learned by the boys, with pleasure and profit to them all. It is my intention to make music a special feature of the home life of the institution.

I wish emphatically to go on record as being pleased with our boys. We are proud of them all, day pupils and boarders, proud of their conduct during the year, of their improvement mentally and physically, and particularly are we pleased with our graduating class as it stands here before us tonight. The class numbers four. They have earned their diplomas, the highest testimonial of our appreciation that we can give them. They have earned these diplomas by good, faithful work. They stand here tried, tested and true boys, having done their work thoroughly and conscientiously. If they continue their college work in the same earnest spirit as they have done their work here, I predict for them all a successful future. That each and every one may play his part as a man, and a good man, wherever he may be placed, is my highest ambition for him.

In conclusion, I beg to announce that it is my intention to open a Summer school during the months of July and August. I am led to do this by a demand made upon me by a number of people who wish to have their boys do special work during the Summer, and at the same time have them in a safe home. It seems to be the idea of a number of thoughtful people that a Summer vacation of three months is longer than is really necessary, and that a proper division of study time with recreation would be as pleasant a manner of spending the Summer as any other, and at the same time more profitable. The daily session of the Summer school will be from 8:30 to 12:30, and the rest of the day and evening devoted to rest and recreation. Portland's climate is an ideal one for Summer work, and the opportunities for outdoor sports are numerous.

After his address, Dr. Hill presented the diplomas to the graduates.

Following the exercises were a number of drills by the different companies. The cadets showed up in fine form, and proved that they had been thoroughly trained. The main interest was centered in the individual competitive drill, for which gold and silver medals were awarded.

Captain Baker and Lieutenant Renstrom, of the Third Regiment, Oregon National Guard, acted as judges, and the commands were given by Cadet Captain Olmsted.

The drill was sharp and fast, and as each one blundered and was turned down a sigh could be heard in some part of the house where a fair maid or fond mother had hoped to see her hero win the prize. Finally only Hahn and St. Martin were left, and the crowd held their breath in suspense as each order was promptly and precisely responded to. At last Hahn made the fatal blunder, and the coveted gold medal went to St. Martin.

The following are the drills that were given:

Calisthenics ..... Company C
Cadet Lieut. M. R. McEwan Commanding.
Bayonet drill ..... Picked Squad
Cadet Captain C. G. Smith Commanding.
Company drill ..... Company C
Cadet Captain E. H. Streit Commanding.
Company drill ..... Company A
Cadet Captain H. H. Olmsted Commanding.
Individual competitive drill .....
(For gold and silver medals.)

TOO LATE FOR THIS YEAR

Summer Will Be Passed in Preparing Navigation Work.

Now that the river and harbor appropriation bill has received the approval of the President, Captain Langfitt is looking for instructions from the Chief of Engineers to submit plans for carrying out the provisions of the bill in this district. These plans have been prepared and are ready for submission to the Washington authorities without loss of time. It is deemed improbable, however, that work on the improvement at the mouth of the Columbia will proceed this year. July, August and September are the best working months for that enterprise, and the appropriation bill was passed so late in the year that the good working months will be consumed in making the preliminary arrangements. This is true to a greater or less extent of all the larger improvements authorized in the new law. It may be possible to proceed with some of the lesser improvements this season. Much will depend on the instructions that come from the office of the Chief of Engineers. If the Government should conclude to do the work at the mouth of the Columbia without letting it out by contract, considerable time could be saved in starting the improvement. But the circumstances of the case and the conditions of the appropriation are said to point toward contract as the best way to handle it.

The language of the bill touching the appropriation for the mouth of the Columbia River is as follows:

Improving the mouth of the Columbia River, Oregon and Washington: Continuing improvement in accordance with the latest approved project, and such modification thereof as may be approved by the Secretary of War, $500,000; provided, that a contract or contracts may be entered into by the Secretary of War for such materials and work as may be necessary to prosecute the approved and modified project, to be paid for as appropriation may from time to time be made by law, not to exceed, in the aggregate, $1,000,000, exclusive of the amounts herein and heretofore appropriated; Provided, further, that such modification shall not cause the total cost of the work to exceed that of the latest approved project.

This makes it plain that $500,000 is made available immediately for improvement of the mouth of the Columbia River, to pay for work to be done directly by the Government or through the instrumentality of contractors. Contract is authorized for $1,000,000 more there, to be paid for by subsequent appropriations. The advantage of this authority is that the preparations may go forward at once on the basis of having $1,500,000 assured for the enterprise. The additional $1,000,000 appropriation will not be dependent on the fortunes of the river and harbor bill; the sundry civil bill may provide for that hereafter, Congress having once authorized the expenditure for the purpose now named.

But it will be about four months before work at the mouth of the Columbia can be taken up. Official notice must come from the Washington authorities that so much money is available for the improvement, and the district engineer will be asked to submit a scheme for expenditure of the money. This is necessary because the appropriations so often vary in amount from the sums recommended by the engineers and it is essential to adjust the work to be done to the size of the appropriation. This scheme of expenditure has already been prepared by Captain Langfitt and will be submitted to General Gillespie, Chief of Engineers, when called for, and after approval by him, as submitted or after modification, directions for the work to proceed will be issued. Then if it shall be decided to have the work done by contract, as is probable in this case, detailed specifications must be prepared and authority from Washington asked to advertise for bids in accordance therewith. For work of this magnitude the advertisement for bids should run 60 days, and after a bid shall be accepted the bidder must file a bond and wait for its approval, and there will be other details to attend to before actual work under the contract can begin.

The Government already has a good working plant at the Columbia jetty—80 dump cars, five locomotives and much other apparatus. This is ready for immediate work. The plant will probably be turned over to the contractor for his use, his receipt being taken for every article, and at the end of the contract he will turn it back to the Government, paying whatever shall have been agreed upon for its use. Of course, if the Government shall do the work itself it will use its own plant now on the ground. The track is in good condition for a distance of about 5½ miles, with the exception of two spots where the Winter's storms injured the jetty.

Captain Langfitt is of opinion that it is advisable to build a dredge for regular work on the river between Portland and the sea, for which $175,000 is allowed in the bill, to be used for that purpose at the discretion of the Secretary of War. The present dredge is entirely inadequate for the work necessary to be done, and the United States authorities do not feel that they should depend too much on the Port of Portland Commission for river improvement. Therefore the sum to be available for actual work on the river channel will be but $50,000, the total appropriation for the Willamette and Columbia Rivers between Portland and the bar being $325,000.

For most of the smaller items of river and harbor improvement the procedure will be the same as in the case of the largest, so that it will be late in the year before work on any of the improvements provided for in this bill will be under way.

Besides the appropriations for the Lower Columbia, including the bar, and the Lower Willamette, projects are provided for as follows in the bill that has now become law:

The Dalles-Celilo Canal	$314,000
Upper Columbia and Snake Rivers	53,000
Columbia at Cascade Locks	30,000
Columbia between Vancouver and mouth of the Willamette	2,000
Gauging Columbia River	1,000
Coos Bay	75,000
Coos River	2,000
Mouth of Siuslaw	25,000
Tillamook Bay	27,000
Upper Willamette, Yamhill and Long Tom	65,000

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"It was very strange," she says. "I never could tell what caused it, and neither could anybody else. For a long time I had bad spells with my stomach. The pain would commence about my heart, and was so deadly agonizing that I would have to scream aloud. Sometimes it would last several hours, and I would have to take laudanum to stop it. Besides this, I had a headache almost constantly, day and night, that nearly crazed me, and hemorrhages caused by the change of life; so you see I suffered a great deal. And when I think of the agony, it still makes me shudder.

"Doctors, did you say? Their medicine made me sicker. I couldn't take it, and I kept growing worse until this lady came to our village. She advised me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and I did. I only took half a box before I began to feel better, and after taking the rest, was wholly converted to this wonderful medicine. It did me more good than I had ever hoped for. I kept on with the pills, and now I recommend them to all who suffer."

The pills which cured Mrs. Gardner have accomplished as wonderful results in hundreds and hundreds of other cases just as severe. They are an unfailing specific for locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, and all forms of weakness, either in male or female. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold at all druggists, or will be sent direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., postpaid, on receipt of price, fifty cents per box; six boxes for two dollars and a half. Send for free booklet of medical advice.

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