

LANDS OF THE FRIARS

Instructions to Taft in Dealing With the Vatican

SERVED AS HIS CREDENTIALS

BASIS UPON WHICH CHURCH PROPERTY IN THE PHILIPPINES WILL BE PARCELED—RENTALS TO BE PAID FOR CONVENTS.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Secretary Root sent to the Philippine committee of the Senate and House textual copies of the instructions given by him to Governor Taft for his guidance in dealing with the Vatican regarding the acquisition of lands in such a manner as to contribute to the best interests of the people of the islands.

Any assistance which you may desire whatever on the part of the officers of the civil government or of military officers, to enable you to perform the duties above described in a manner satisfactory to yourself, will be afforded; but one subject is left entirely in your hands, subject to such action as may be taken pursuant to law upon your recommendation. Very respectfully,

"ELIHU ROOT, Secretary of War." "William H. Taft, Civil Governor of the Philippines, Washington, D. C."

HAD SOBERING EFFECT

Blind and Helpless From Paralysis, This Man Now Sees, Walks and Works.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 6.—Last night's shooting had a sobering effect upon the idle men and boys in this valley and, as a result, the Wyoming region was a place of almost absolute peace today.

There were no parades, marches or any considerable gathering of persons, and the police authorities of the county had little more to do than to keep up the peace. The Stantion Colliery, where the shooting occurred, was visited today by bands of persons who expected to see more trouble, but no more crowds were allowed to congregate in that neighborhood. The colliery is closed down as tight as a drum as a result of the disturbance there. Even the coal and iron police, with the exception of four or five, have given up their jobs and left town as quickly as they could get out. There were about 20 in the party, including several colored cooks. Last night's demonstration was too much for them and they decided to leave. The fact in some manner became known to the strikers, and the latter promised to protect them or to the railroad station if they would leave the city accordingly, under a strong guard of miners, the ex-police men left the colliery and marched to the offices of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre coal Co., where they had their say and transportation. Later, the men left for New York and Philadelphia.

The preliminary hearing of the four coal and iron policemen, who were charged with the shooting of the boy, was not held today, but they probably will be arraigned tomorrow. The condition of the boy is still serious, but it is believed he will recover.

There were a number of desertions among the fire bosses employed at several mines in this vicinity, which caused the strikers much inconvenience. President Mitchell said today that the strike of the engineers, firemen and pumpmen is practically complete. The mine superintendents say that as far as they are concerned, the strike has been broken. The situation in the past 24 hours was still accumulating in the lower levels of some of the mines, but the coal company officials seem to be indifferent regarding the flooding of the workings.

LIKE A MIRACLE

Blind and Helpless From Paralysis, This Man Now Sees, Walks and Works.

John Hunter, of Orient street, Chico, Butte county, Cal., was a blind and helpless paralytic, who had lost even the power of speech. In the Spring of last year he was pronounced incurable, but now he can see, talk, walk and work. To the San Francisco Examiner representative he said:

"About four years ago I was suddenly stricken with paralysis. I lost all sense of feeling and all power of movement in my right side, from head to foot. I also partly lost the power of speech. I soon became totally blind, and was so perfectly helpless that for three years I was confined to my bed. "Doctors diagnosed my case as locomotor ataxia, and my family physician gave me every care and attention possible, but all his prescriptions during two years were powerless to alleviate my sufferings or in any way afford the slightest relief.

"After being virtually given up as a dead man by friends and physicians, and resigning myself to my apparent fate, I determined to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, mentioned in my doctor's report, and he not only gave his consent to my trying Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but strongly advised my doing so.

"From a blind, helpless paralytic, unable to move and so broken down and hopeless that life was a burden, I can now walk, do any odd jobs about the place, go down town, and—most wonderful of all—can see. And I owe it all to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"Improvement began when I was taking the second box. I continued taking the pills, and from that time on it was gradual but sure. My awful stomach troubles have disappeared, my eyesight has been restored, my brain is clear and active, and if ever a man should be grateful and anxious that others should know the wonderful properties of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, that man is myself."

The fact of Mr. Hunter's cure is widely known and is vouched for by all who know him, including Mayor O. L. Clark, the Rev. W. G. White, Cashier A. H. Crew and Postmaster W. W. Williams of Chico, Cal.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold at fifty cents a box or six boxes for two dollars and fifty cents, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. J. C. Williams, Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

REFUSES TO ARBITRATE

Western Miners Will Not Join the American Federation.

DENVER, June 6.—The Western Federation of Miners' convention today adopted a report of the committee on the good and welfare of the order, instructing the secretary to notify the American Federation of Labor of this, that in view of the fact that the Western Federation of Miners does not benefit from its previous affiliation with the American Federation, and because of the action of the Western Federation with reference to socialism, the latter organization cannot comply with the request to join the American Federation. The Western Federation of Miners broke away from the American Federation of Labor in 1896.

A resolution was adopted that for the remainder of the session all political discussions will be eschewed and the convention confine itself to the business on the agenda.

Action that it is thought will bring the Western Federation of Miners in closer touch with the United Mineworkers of America was taken today when the convention voted to introduce a readable card between the two organizations.

At a joint meeting held with the American Labor Union, it was decided to hold the next convention in Denver in 1903. The vote on location was as follows: Denver, 13; Butte, 10; San Francisco, 3; Los Angeles, 2. The federation pledged its support to the United Mineworkers in the arbitrate strike.

The American Labor Union convention today received the report of the ritual committee, which was adopted. A resolution favoring Government irrigation of the arid lands was passed.

Daniel McDonald was re-elected President for his third term, receiving 45 votes out of 71 cast. The others were divided between J. S. Compton and W. H. Leonard.

PACKERS WILL USE RAILROADS. Only One-Fourth of Many Transfers Will Be Required. CHICAGO, June 6.—In reference to reports of a threatened strike at the stockyards over the discharge of men, A. G. Leonard, general manager of the Union Stockyards & Transit Company, said today:

"During the past month we have discharged 60 men, not because of unionism, but because their services were not needed. The men were discharged because there is no dissatisfaction among the men that I know of.

The packing-houses of Chicago are preparing to introduce more modern methods into their system of meat delivery for city trade. They will use the railway lines. During the recent strike of the teamsters, the business, it is said, was given a thorough and successful test. Once in effect the packers will require but one-fourth of the present force of drivers. So anti-union feeling among the packers and drivers, the packers say, that the plan of their distributing depots in the city near a railroad switch on some line connected with the Belt system. But until forced by the refusal of the millwrights and contractors to submit their case, the contractors adhere to their determination not to recognize the Building Trades Council until it confers the union men will break away from the council and return to work in a few days. It is claimed that

at least one-fourth of all the building laborers now on strike have left the city for other points in the state and the East, where work is plentiful.

CREAT BARGAIN SALE

For THIS WEEK'S SALE we have received direct from the manufacturer

300 Boys' Sailor Wash Suits

in crash, duck, chambray and seersucker, neatly trimmed, well made, in all sizes 3 to 10 years; most stores would call them bargains at 50 cents

EXTRA SPECIAL 35 cents

not more than 3 suits to one customer. SEE THEM IN OUR WINDOWS

1085 Suit Sale Still On

Included in the lot are several styles of STEIN-BLOCH & CO.'S make—not all sizes in every style, but every size in some style, and you will be sure to be fitted out in excellent style at a nominal price. YOU KNOW we always make our promises good, and can therefore depend upon receiving unequalled values in this sale.

WHEN YOU SEE IT IN OUR AD, IT'S SO

Moyer Clothing Company

THIRD AND OAK STREETS

at least one-fourth of all the building laborers now on strike have left the city for other points in the state and the East, where work is plentiful.

PROVIDENCE STREET RAILWAY STRIKE.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 6.—The street railway strike tonight was robbed of any special feature by the withdrawal of cars from the United Traction Company's system. Mounted men and scores of regular and special officers kept the thousands who filled the streets in an orderly mood. Chief Bradford had the tendons of one hand severed amid the showers of breaking glass. The building was completed only three months ago and cost \$55,000.

LONG TRIP IN AN AUTO.

Two Germans Start on a Novel Journey Around the World. Chicago Tribune.

Two adventurous Germans, Max Cudell and Dr. Lehwies, started from London in a specially constructed automobile on June 23 on a trip around the world, which has a double purpose.

The two travelers have undertaken the journey not only for the purpose of gratifying their ambition as sportsmen, but also for the purpose of collecting valuable material regarding the agricultural and commercial conditions and possibilities of the countries which they shall traverse during their ride.

The automobile in which they are traveling and which bears the proud name of "Passapout," is a gigantic vehicle built in Paris after designs furnished by Mr. Cudell. It has a box-shaped front part, containing a 25-horse-power benzine motor. The motor has four cylinders of the Daimler pattern, which are arranged to act alternately. The reservoirs, large enough to hold 120 gallons of benzine, are stowed away on both sides of the vehicle, underneath the seats. Mr. Cudell expects that the amount of fuel will be sufficient to enable them to travel 60 miles without refilling the reservoirs. The large wheels are supplied with pneumatic tires, and every detail of the running gear is of the best material and made with special care, so as to insure the safety and comfort of the travelers.

Particularly the journey through Asia, which leads through the heart of Siberia, is considered by the travelers of great industrial and commercial importance. The completion of the eastern China branch of the great Trans-Siberian Railroad a short time ago has attracted the attention of the entire civilized world to the enormous extent and wonderful resources of Siberia. Considering the fact that Siberia covers nearly one-third of the entire dry surface of the earth, its importance as an economic factor cannot be overrated. Notwithstanding its enormous extent, its wonderful fertility and its wealth of mineral and vegetable resources, Siberia has a population of only 5,000,000. It is true the immigration to Siberia is increasing every year, and has aggregated 2,000,000 during the last 10 years, causing a wonderful boom of the cities along the route of the Trans-Siberian Railroad, but the country is still undeveloped and offers a valuable market for the products of Western industry and commerce.

Fire at Pueblo. PUEBLO, Colo., June 6.—A fire which raged all afternoon in the Presidential insurance company's fine new four-story building burned out the upper two floors

increase of the number of teachers to 6000, with an increase of their salaries to double what they are now receiving.

In answering the objections of the Democratic members, I incidentally brought to the attention of the committee the humane conduct of the Army and the enormous and excellent work performed by the Philippine Civil Commission in organizing a provisional government under the wise instructions received from you and the intelligent direction of Governor Taft.

The government now established in the islands, which is to the Filipinos of the middle and lower classes highly satisfactory, will be reinforced by the provisional measure pending before the House to the satisfaction of the higher and intelligent classes.

Senator Buencamino then offers his services to prepare a statement of Filipino wants. If Secretary Root desires it, and says if his services are not needed, he wishes to visit Canton, New York, Charleston, Boston, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Chicago and Detroit, and the widow of General Lawton. He then wishes to visit his son at San Francisco, saying that he expects San Francisco to be in the future the base of the Philippine trade. He concludes:

"I wish to prepare a small exposition in Manila in honor of Dr. Rizal, similar to that held in Charleston, with an appropriation of \$100,000. The receipts will probably be the same amount. I will employ in the direction and management of this exposition, Malvar, Trias, Mascardo, Alexandrino and other prominent ex-ministers of the Philippine government, who would be very useful and active, on account of the numerous data which they have with regard to our secret wealth and resources. I wish to have a meeting with the ordinary local political ideas they entertain and can practically know all the benefits of American civilization. Such is the resume of my private intentions upon the subject of the proposed purpose of creating better relations of a commercial character between the Philippines and America. If these purposes should be accepted, I would thank you to furnish me such facilities as you can to carry them out.

I conclude with the statement that there is a real complaint in the Philippines from the owners of houses and other buildings occupied by the American forces, because in some cases these owners receive no pay, and in other cases an unduly low rental is paid. There was a military tribunal of claims, but the decisions of the same were very arbitrary, in the opinion of the public."

READY TO ORGANIZE. Civil Government for Several Philippine Districts. WASHINGTON, June 6.—Secretary Root today made public the following cabinet from Acting Governor Wright, of Manila, May 31, 1902.—Secretary of War Root, Washington—With reference to your cabinet of the 15th, outside of the Moro country, the only portions of archipelago not under civil government are Lepanto, Botoc, Batangas, Laguna, Principe, Infanta, Mindoro, Samar and the Paragua and other small groups. No armed insurrection in any of them. No reason, so far as relates to peaceful conditions, why civil government in all may not be established.

Speeches will be given for Botoc and Lepanto, inhabited exclusively by peaceful Igorrotes, will be organized in a few days. Will organize civil government in Laguna immediately. Whilst Principe and Infanta could be organized at once, difficult to look after them until we receive vessels now building, say by September 1, few inhabitants and unimportant. Mindoro and Paragua grow large islands sparsely populated and difficult access without vessels. For these reasons think best to leave military temporarily in charge of them, because they have the transportation facilities. Under Spanish regime, Botoc, Lepanto, Principe, Infanta and the Paragua group did not have provincial government, being commanded by military officers, and Mindoro is attached to Masindague.

"Major-General Adna R. Chaffee concurs in move. WRIGHT."

Hunt for a Bandit Leader. MANILA, June 6.—American soldiers and members of the Philippine constabulary have recently been engaged in hunting for Para Ido, the bandit leader of the Island of Negros, in the mountains near Lanao, Negros. In a recent engagement between the Americans and bandits, five of the latter were killed, four were captured and many were wounded. Para Ido is reported to have been wounded.

Strikes Imminent at Manila. MANILA, June 6.—Several strikes are imminent in Manila, the employers having refused the general demand for an increase of 50 per cent in wages by the workmen.

Challenged to a Duel. ROME, June 6.—As a sequel to a heated discussion in the lobby of the Chamber of Deputies on the subject of the Eritrean (Italian East Africa) budget, Senator Franchetti, a member of the Chamber, has challenged the Foreign Minister, Signor Prinetti, to fight a duel.

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CASITORIA for Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF CHAS. H. FLETCHER. In Use For Over 30 Years. THE CENTRAL COMPANY, 27 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

DR. WALKER'S KIDNEY AND URINARY PILLS. In the treatment of chronic diseases, such as liver, kidney and stomach disorders, constipation, diarrhoea, dropsical swellings, Bright's disease, etc. KIDNEY AND URINARY. Complaints, painful, difficult, too frequent, milky or bloody urine, unnatural discharges speedily cured. DISEASES OF THE RECTUM. Such as piles, fistula, fissure, ulceration, mucous and bloody discharges, cured without the knife, pain or confinement. DISEASES OF MEN. Blood poison, gleet, stricture, unnatural losses, impotency, thoroughly cured. No failures. Cures guaranteed.