## 12

## THE HOUSE THANKED HAY

BUT FORTY-SIX DEMOCRATS VOTED "\$0."

General Hooker, of Mississippi, Made an Eloquent Defense of the Secretary's Memorial Oration.

WASHINGTON, June 1.-The House to day, by a vote of 110 to 46, suspended the les and adopted the joint resolution extending the thanks of Congress to Secretary of State John Hay for his address on the occasion of the McKinley memorial exercises last February. Unanimous consent for the consideration of this resolution was objected to by De Armond (Dem. Mo.) some time ago, and today Chrik (Dem. Mo.) made a 20-minute speech in opposition to its adoption on the ground that Hay had abused the occasion by in jecting a "Republican stump speech" in-to the address. General Hooker (Dem. Miss.), a one-armed Confederate veteran, delivered an eloquent defense of Mr. Hay's address, denying that it contained anything that was objectionable, from a political standpoint. Grosvenor (Rep. O.), who was in charge of the resolution, argued that Mr. Hay, in eulogizing the mar-tyred President, could not divorce the mun from his achievements and his record as a manly partisan. Only 46 Demo

crats voted against the resolution. . Special orders were adopted for the cor sideration of the anti-anarchy bill, and the bill to transfer certain forest reserved to the Agricultural Department. The Senate bill to retire Surgeon-General Stern-berg and the House bill to encourage sal-mon-culture in Alaska were defeated on tion to pass them on suspension of the Tules.

### The Proceedings.

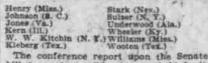
When the House met Burton (Rep. O.) presented the report on the river and harbor bill and gave notice that he would call it up tomorrow.

Hitt (Rep. H.), chairman of the com-mittee on foreign affairs, from his com-mittee presented a resolution calling upon the President for full information concerning the investigation of the British supply camps in Louisiana, made upon his authority. The resolution was a substi-tute for one introduced by Cochran (Dem. The resolution was adopted with-Mal out divisi

Grosvenor (Rep. O.) moved the passage under suspension of the rules of a joint resolution extending the thanks of Con-gress to John Hay for the memorial address on McKinley last February. De Armond objected to unanimous consent of this resolution. Richardson, the minority leader, demanded a second upon Gros-venor's motion, and it was ordered-92 to 52. Twenty minutos' debate was allowed on a side. Richardson yielded his 20 minutes to

Clark (Dem. Mo.), who made an objection consideration of the resolution in tee. "It was because," said Clark, that in the presence of a great, brilliant and sympathetic audience he had abused the occasion to inject into his eulogy of McKinley a high-class stump speech" he opposed the resolution. He did not ob-ject to Republican stump speeches on proper occasions, he said, but he was unwilling to thank any man anywhere for one at any time. Colonel Hay's address, he said, would take high rank as a lit-erary production. Some of its phrases were so extraordinary that its author. perhaps, should be accorded the dublous permaps, should be accorned the dubous honor of ranking with Grover Cleveland as a phrase-maker. But he was willing to submit to the other side as a matter of taste whether Mr. Hay did not vio-bate the semericity more the scenario, for late the proprieties upon the occasion re ferred to. If this resolution was adopted the speech would be circulated as a cam paign document.

Clark contrasted the speech with that delivered on the occ the Garfield memorial services. Although the latter's eulogy was delivered under the most difficult circumstances, when the Republican party was divided into two warring factions, he did not say a single word that could offend a Republican "featherhead" or "stalwart," or any Dem-



bill to protect wild game and birds in Alaska was adopted. Hull (Rep. 1a,) moved the passage, ut

der suspension of the rules, of the Senate bill to permit the retirement of Surgeon-General Sternberg, with the rank of Major-General. Cannon (Rep. III.) vigor-ously opposed the bill, declaring that the principle at the base of such legislation was vicious: Underwood (Dem. Ala.) Clayton (Dem. Ala.) and Cochran (Dem. Mo.) also antagonized the bill. Hull defended the bill. The bill was defeated, 68 to 103.

Lacey (Rep. In.) then moved the adoption, under suspension of the rules, of a rule to make the bill to transfer certain forest reserves to the Agricultural De-partment and for the protection of game, therein a special order until disposed of. Lacey said the bill had been prepared to meet the recommendations on the subject in President Roosevelt's annual message. After some debate, in the course of which Bell and Shufroth (Pop. Colo.) opposed it, the special order was adopted.

A bill to encourage salmon culture in Alaska was defeated. Sulser (Dem. N. Y.) moved to pass it under suspension of the rules, but it falled to secure the necessary two-thirds. The special rule for the consideration of the anti-anarchy bill until disposed of was adopted. At 4:30 P. M. the House adjourned.

## THE TRANSPORT SERVICE

#### Major Long Answers Colonel Chamberinin's Criticisms.

made it obligatory upon the United States to treat Cuba differently from other na-tions. In a easual remark, he said that WASHINGTON, June 2-Secretary Root teday sent to the House a suprimental report by Major O. F. Long, the Army Quartermaster, formerly in charge of the transport service at Snn Francisco, answering the criticisms made by Coloeven this showed that it would have been better to allow Cuba to be absoitely independent, as was Mexico told these Republican Senators that the party ought not to be divided on tariff nel Chamberlain, Inspector-General of the Army. Major Long declares the trans-ports were purchased, chartered and mainraues as it was entering the campaign. and he expressed the hope that a Cuban bill would be passed without the aid of tained in service as economically as the conditions of war and emergency war-Démocratic votes, One result of the conferences that have been field at the White House was a meeting at 11 o'clock in the committee-room of Senator Elkins, where those Sen-alors who are opposed to granting conranted: that millions were saved to the Government by the methods pursued; that while in a few isolated cases high prices may have been paid, yet this was due to urgent necessity and is offset by enorm-ous savings in other cases; that Army cessions to Cuba, or who oppose the straight reduction plan of the majority, assembled to consider different proposiregulations and business methods were followed; that the San Francisco busi-ness community gave effective and patri-otic support to the Government, and that tions. These are a flat contribution to the Cuban Treasury or a rebate in duties collected upon Cuban imports to be paid reflections on the community are unwar-ranted by the facts; that as a whole all into the Cuban Treasury. Eighteen Re-publican Senators attended the confer-ence, among them some of those repretransactions of the transport service dur-ing the urgency period of the Spanish War show infinitely more gain than loss. senting the beet-sugar interests. The gen-

## **PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.**

## Shows a Decrease in May of \$646,-

403. WASHINGTON, June 2-The monthly statement of the public debt, issued by the Treasury Department today, shows that at the close of business, May 21, 1902, the debt, less cash in the Treasury, amounted to \$582,469,573, a decrease, compared with last month of \$646,400. The debt is recapituated as follows: 1,091,880 395,447,582 Total ..... . \$1,327,819,802 This amount does not include \$822,156,059 in certificates and Treasury notes out-standing, which are offset by an equal amount of cash in hand, which is held for their redemption. The cash ury is classified as follows: The cash in the Treas 175,619,822 positories ..... Total Demand Habilities outstanding. 182,455,68 Cash balarce on hand ......\$ 545,350,229 QUARANTINE LAWS. Supreme Court Passes on State's

Right to Make Them.

The Cuban Government. The 18 Senators present were Elikina, Scott, Perkins, Bard, Gamble, Kittredge, Dietrich, Millard, Burrows, Foster, Mitchell, Nelson, Clapp, Burton, Kearns, Jones (Nev.), Mason and Pritchard, Senator Pritchard did not ge farther than to say that he was opp to the Cuban concessions, but would abide by a Republican caucus. It was stated that the Senators in the

conference were opposed to any tariff changes, especially of the piecemeni charactef, but that if any changes were to be made, they thought that the whole turiff should be revised. It was deterns to be mined that the utmost concessi tranted should be in the way of a rebate turned over to the Cuban Treasury to be disposed of as the Cuban Govern-ment thought desirable. This rebate to be either 20, 25 or 30 per cent of the duty collected on Cuban products, it was stat-ed, was offered simply as a compromise by those who were opposed to Cuban concessions.

The conference selected Senators Burrows, Jones (Nev.), and Dietrich to con-fer with members of the committee on relations with Cuba and inform them of the attitude of the Senators who participated in the conference.

DO NOT WANT TARIFF CHANGES.

Scutiment Expressed at a White House Conference Last Night. WAEHINGTON, June 2-A conference

#### THEY FAVOR REBATE PLAN today sent the following nominations to the Senate: Navy-Lieutenants, junior grade, to be Lieutenants: Walter J. Marion and George E. Geim.

THE PENDING CUBAN BILL.

Result of a Conference With the

President-Compromise Pro-

posal is Offered.

WASHINGTON, June 2.-Senators Proc-or, Nelson, Gimble and Kittredge called

vitation, and had a conference with the President in regard to pending legisla-tion. The subjects discussed were the

object of the conference was to urge

upon the Senators the necessity for unan-mity of action and the real necessity for

legislation on these subjects at this ses-

The President sent for a number of Sen

ators who have been known to be opposed to granting a concession on the ground that it will interfere with the beet-sugar

Th

at the White House this forenoon on in

Cuban reciprocity bill and the prosp for canal legislation at this session.

George E. Gem. Assistant surgeon, Francis M. Furlong, to be past assistant surgeon. REPUBLICAN SENATORS OBJECT TO Bankruptey Law Constitutional.

WASHINGTON, June 2.-In passing on the case of the Hanover National Bank, New York, vs. Max Moyses, the United States Supreme Court, in an opinion de-livered by Chief Justice Fuller, today decided the National bankruptcy law to be nal

THE MORNING OREGONIAN, TUESDAY, JUNE 3, 1902.

## AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT. Collision With a Trolley Car Injured

Four Persons.

NEW YORK, June 2.-Four persons have been aeriously injured, two of them fatally, it is feared.\*in a crash at Rock-away Beach between an automobile and The injured are: William a trolley car. A froncy car. The injured are: william N. Collard, of Manhattan, legs and arms lacerated; William A. Gilmore, of Man-battai, cut on head, face and hands; Mrs., A. Gilmore, of Manhattan, internal injurits, small chance of recovery; Dorothy interests of this country. To these Sen-afors the President expressed the hope that the Republicans would act together. The President signin assured the Repub-Strassman, & years old, of Manhattan, head crushed. All of the injured were in the automobile party, which was piloted by Mr. Gilmore, acting chaffeur.

icans that in urging action on reciprocity he would carry out the announcement of The automobile, moving at a high rate of speed, approached the Long Island Raliroad crossing at Wainwright Place. President McKinley, uttered in his last speech, with such particular approval throughout the country; also promises Darting along the tracks at the same instant sped a crowded trolley car, en route for Rockaway Park. Efforts of the that had been made concerning conces-sions to Cuba. The President indicated that the adoption of the Platt amendment motorman and chauffeur to stop were futile, and the car struck the automobile. Like a thing of cardboard the heavy machine was tossed into the air fully 15 feet. Its occupants were hurled head-long in all directions, and the machine was sent crashing through a stone wall. Rebounding from the impact, the trolley car was thrown from the track, while its He panic-stricken passengers were tossed to-gether under a shower of glass from lamps and windows. Many were bruised and cut, but all on the trolley car es-caped serious infury. The four occu-pants of the sutomobile, bleeding and unconscious, lay where they had fallen.

#### Wreck on the Northwestern.

DES MOINES, Is., June 2.-Two per-sons were badly hurt and several others s'ightly bruised in a wreek on the Chicago & Northwestern at Otia, seven miles from Cedar Rapids, at 1 o'clock this morning. Westbound passenger train No. 1 was on the siding waiting for eastbound No. 6 to pass. The head brakeman of No. 1 threw the switch before the eastbound train was clear, detailing the last sleeper and hurl-ing it against the engine on No. 1.

eral sentiment was in favor of defeating any proposition for Cuban recoprocity, Eight or ten passengers in the sleeper were bruised, but only five received in-juries of any consequence and only two were seriously hurt. The seriously in-jured are: Dr. C. G. Cook, of San Franbut in order to secure harmony, an agree-ment was made that they would support a rebate plan, the money to be paid to the Caban Government. The 18 Senators cusco, en route to Hamburg, Germany: C. Serefzhjobsky, a noted Russian scholar from Kazon College, Russia, returning home from a trip around the world. Both are badly bruised and cut, but will re-cover. The damage done to the two trains was but slight.

### Train Collides With a Boulder.

GLENWOOD SPRINGS, Colo., June 2-Denver & Riq Grande passenger train No. 6, due in Denver at 7 A. M., with through passengers from the Coast, was wrecked one-half mile east of Spruce Creek, about 13 miles east of Glenwood Springs, last night by colliding with a huge boulder on a sharp curve at the edge of the Grand River. The engine jumped the track and sank out of sight to the bottom of the river. The mail car followed the engine, resting upon the tender. It was partially submerged. The express car also went partially into the river. No one was in-jured, but there were some remarkable escapes. Engineer Flynn was carried down stream over a mile by the swift current before being rescued.

## ANNUAL MUSTER.

Colonel James Jackson to Inspect Portland Militia Companies. Orders for the annual inspection and

FRANCOIS COPPEE THE ONLY VES-SEL STILL OUT.

Lamoriciere, Latimer and La Rochefoucauld Reach Falmouth on Sunday-Sierra Estrella Due.

Another trio of grain ships from Porl-land arrived out at Falmouth Sunday, leaving but one vessel of the 1901 fleet still on the way to Europe from Port-land. This belated grain-carrier is the Prench back Beaucet Conner which

French bark Francois Coppee, which salled out of the Columbia December 28, and is now out 188 days. The vessels arriving out Sunday were the French barks Lamoriciere and La Rochefocauid and the British ship Latimer. The La Rochefocauid made the best passage of the trip works out in 126 days while the the trio, going out in 129 days, while the other Frenchman was 153 days in making the passage. The Latimer was 141 days. The Latimer and Lamoriciere were in collision in Astoria harbor after leaving Portland, and both sustained damages which held them up for about a month for repairs. The arrivals out of Pacific Coast grain

ships were very heavy last week, and will probably continue to be for the next week or two, as there was a good-sized fleet put affoat in January from all Pa-cific Coast ports. The Nelson, which had such d rough experience off the mouth of the river, was for a time one of the 1901 fleet, but after being damaged off the mouth of the raver was not repaired in time to sail again until January.

#### CARGO SHIP DUE.

#### Sierra Estrella Is Out 120 Days From Liverpool.

The French bark Jacobsen, which for a ime had the distinction of being the only vessel on the en route list that was fully due at Portland, has lingered so long on the way that she no longer enjoys that distinction. The British ship Sierra Es-trella is out 120 days from Liverpool, and as she is a very fair saller, she may be ooked for most any time. The average passage is between 129 and 130 days, but It has been made in 105 days, so that there is no opportunity for record-breaking if she comes in ahead of the Jacobsen. The Cypromene, which put into Faikland Island in distress, will not reach here before next season. The first reports that came from Fort Stanley did not conway the impression that the vessel was much damaged, but later advices state that she is so seriously crippled that her repairs will keep her longer than was ex-pected. The vessel so far as known was not charfered for the outward trip, but she is bringing a cargo of merchandise, some of which is very much needed at present. Included in her cargo are a lot of rails for the Third-strot line, and she may be delayed so long that this portion of the cargo may not be available for use before next season.

## DEMAND SHORTER HOURS.

#### California Pilots and Engineers Present Request to Shipowners.

The demand of the California steamship and steamboatmen for a nine-hour day was accompanied by the following rules which pilots and engineers wish to have

adopted after July 1: "Rule 1-A working day shall be from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M., with one hour allowed for dinner, making a day of nine working hours. Sunday and legal holidays are to be considered working days when the ves-

he considered working days when the ves-rel sails thereon; provided the company has a regular schedule. "Rule 2-All labor performed on a Sun-day or on a legal holiday (other than a sailing day) and of every day between the hours of 5 P. M. and 7 A. M. shall be termed overtime, and shall be paid for at the rate of \$1 an hour. "Rule 3-If an officer is required to sleep

10

LAST. YEAR'S GRAIN FLEET paid overtime. "Rule 4-In all ports of enli, other than San Francisco, the officers can continue their regular sea watches, and shall not be called except in an emergency. If they so desire, they may make any other suit-able arrangements; provided that they are not compelled to work more than nine hours out of 24, and all work in excess of nine hours shall be considered over

watch at sea shall continue their regular dutics in these ports, but they must be paid overtime for more than 12 hours'

watches, no officer who has to keep the first night watch after sailing shall per-form any labor, unless for the safety of the vessel, within six hours before saliing.

Puget Sound Steamer Launched. TACOMA, June 2.- The new steamer Georgia was successfully launched from the Hardy Shipbuilding Yards this after-noon, in the presence of Captain A. W.

Horne, the owner, and a number of friends from Port Townsend. The steam-er is named in honor of the captain's wife, and his little daughter did the christening. The steamer is 110 feet long and has 22 feet beam. She will go on the Puget Sound run.

Large Lumber Cargo From Tacoma. TACOMA, June 2 .-- The four-masted cooner William Nottingham, Capitain C. Taylor,<sup>\*</sup> of the Globe Navigation Company, cleared today for Sydney, Aus-tralia, with one of the largest lumber cargoes ever carried from this port on a schooner. It consisted of 1,225,335 feet of lumber from the St. Paul & Tacoma Lumber Company.

Unimportant Black Sea Wreeks. LONDON, June 2 .- The wrecks in the Black Sea, as a result of the recent heavy weather, are limited to small sailing craft along the Asiatic shore. There were

## few fatalities.

Domestic and Foreign Ports. ASTORIA, June 2.-Arrived at 6 A. M.-Steamer Washtenaw, from San Francisco, Sailed at 8 A. M.-Steamer Eider, for San Francisco. Condition of the bar at 4 P. M., moderate; wind south: weather cloudy. Falmouth, June 1.-Arrived-Strilah ahlp Latiner, French barks Lamoreiers and La Bocheroweald, from Portland; San Francisco, June 2.-Arrived-Steamer Pielades, from Seattle. Sailed-Steamer Co-Jumbia, for Portland; San Francisco, June 2.-Arrived-Steamer Pielades, from Seattle. Sailed-Steamer Co-Jumbia, for Portland; Say, steamer Titania, for Nanaimo. Tacoma, June 2.-Arrived-British bark Holy-wood, from Vancouver; steamer Al-El, from F ASTORIA, June 2 .- Arrived at 6 A. M.

wood, from Vancouver; steamer Al-Kl, from Ainsica

Boston, June 2 .- Arrived-Uptonia, from Liverpool. Liverpool, June 1.-Arrived-Cymric, from

New York. Bromen, June 2.-Arrived-Friederick of Grome, from New York, via Southampton. Gibraitar, June 2.-Arrived-Aller, from New Gibraitar, June 2.-Arrived-Aller, from New

York for Naples and Genoa. Glasgow, June 2. - Arrived - Carthagenian, from New York; Sardinian, from Montreal. London, June 2 .- Arrived -- Minneapolis, from

New York. Plymouth, June 2.-Balled-Phiricia, from Hamburg for New York. Hong Kong, May 31.-Salled-Tacoma, for

Tacoma Seattle, June 2 .- Sailed June 1-Steamer Sen ator, for Nome; steamer Garonne, for Nome. Salled June 2-Steamer Discovery, for Golovin

Bay. Arrived June 1-Steamer Humholdt, from Skagway; steamer Rainler, from San Fran-cisco; steamer City of Seutile, from Skagway; steamer Al-Ki, from Skagway; steamer Chico, from Valdes; steamer Lucere, from San Fran-cisco. Arrived June 2-Steamer City of To-peks, from Skagway. Sailed-Schooner James H. Bruce, for Alaska,

The Greene-Gaynor Case. NEW YORK, June 2-Marion Erwin, United States District Attorney for the southern district of Georgia and special outhern district of Georgia and special The Greene-Gaynor Case. assistant to the AttorneysGeneral in the conduct of extradition proceedings against John F. Gaynor and Benjamin D. Green,

"Rule 3-If an officer is required to sleep on board at night, or to stay on board Sundays or holidays, such officer shall do no work other than for the safety of the

DYSPEPSIA vessel, and shall have equal time or be

'Rule 5-All officers who do not stand a duty in 24. "Rule 6-In all ports: : If not standing

My DYSPEPSIA CURE positively cures all forms of indigestion or stomach trouble. It rejuvenates worn-out stomachs. It builds up stomachs that have been weakoned by powerfulcath-artics and old-fashioned nostrums.

artics and o'd-fashioned nostrums. Manyan's livepennia fore corrects bleatingol the stomach, palpitation of the heart, shortness of the stomach, palpitation of the heart cossed by in-ligentin, which on the stomach, blething wind or our food, had rues, offensive herath, loss of appentic, laistons or evolvess of the stomach, improper ci-mistive, conted tongue, heart-huro or water-brash. His Headache Cure stops headache in a minutes, Munyon's Pile Ointment cures fail forms of paes. Munyon's Pile Ointment cures fail forms of paes. Munyon's Liver Cure corrects all blevelimpurities. Munyon's Liver Cure corrects bradache bilines ass, jaundier, construction and all liver disease. Munyon's Asthenis Cure and Herbs are graamster dos Munyon's Charrh Semedies never fail. Munyon's Charrh Semedies never fail. Munyon's Charrh Semedies never fail. Munyon's Cure for estroy disease. The Guide the dealth of earth for every disease. The Guide to the life the for every disease. The Guide

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Hunyon has a cure for every disease. The Guide to Health (free) tells of them. Cures, monthly 25 cts. Munyon, New York and Philadeshia HUNYO York, and Philadeshia HUNYO York, and Philadeshia

an lawfully take Green and Gaynor from the extradition commissioner at Montreal, who issued the warrants upon which the men were arrested at the Chateau Frontenac. We contend that as the jurisdiction of the commissioner extends over the entire province of Quebeo, the writ of Indeas corpus cannot etand." Mr. Erwin will return to Quebec in a

few days.

Persona whose occupation gives but lita exercise are victims of terpid liver and constitution. Carter's Little Liver fills will telleve you.

Rheumatism

DR. RADWAY & CO

And three-fourths, of a bottle of Entroped three-fourths, of a bottle of Ready Relief I could use my arms as we ever. You can see why I have such ever. You can see why I have such the your Relief. Yours truits. W. C. BAKE lund. such great

C. BAKER, New Orlean



Radway's Ready Relief is a sure cure for every Pain, Sprains, Nuclea, Pains in the Back, Cheet and Linkos. Taken inwardly, inves is not a remedial agent in the world hard will cure Pever and Ague and all other mainfous, billous and oth-er fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so pulckly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Sold by druggets.

druggists. RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm st., New York,



BIAD

ocrat of the numberless varieties. He be-lieved in the right of any man to express his opinion, but he believed the House right of a state of the Union to pass laws would lower its dignity if it voted to thank any man for delivering a political speech

About half the Democrats applauded Clark as he concluded, but the demonstration was not enthusiastic. Grosvenor yielded five minutes to Hooker (Dem. Mr. Hay's speech. General Hooker is a one-armed Confederate veteran, who was one of Jefferson Davis' counsel when he was tried for treason. He served in the was one of the leaders on the Democratic side. Of late years his voice had failed comewhat, but as soon as he began to epcak members from both sides of the House crowded about him. Hooker spoke

had the honor to be appointed on the joint memorial committee to present suitable resolutions in honor of our deceased President McKinley and to select an appropriate speaker to deliver the eulogy on that occasion. I accepted the position and united in the selection of the prosent Secretary of State to deliver the eulogy. I listened with great care and attention to the address delivered by Mr. Hay. I think I am as keenly alive to everything that affects the interest and the honor and the welfare of the Democratic party as my friend from Missouri, but from whom I entirely dissent on this occasion. I listened to that address with great care, with great caution and even with a disposition to criticise if anything wrong had been said. But I falled to de-tect in the whole of that address anything that I thought was improper to be said or anything said in a party spirit. And i feel sure that if a man elected for the great duly of speaking on that occasion the sentiments of the American people had dared to inject into his address anything that was an appeal to party spirit and party sentiment, the shade of our great President, breaking the cerements of the tomb, would have appeared before him and at once challenged his utter-ances. Any man who would have made here on such an occasion a speech politi-cal in its character would, in doing so, have dishonored the memory of McKinley's great absence of partisan feeling and partisan ideas. "I say that the man selected to deliver

the address in commemoration of him and to utter the sentiments which all the people of this country entertained for him. and proudly entertained, would not have dared to undertake to deliver a political address when he was speaking of a man of such high character, such noble nature, such pure life as our assassinated President.

Grosvenor concluded the debate with a words, pointing out that the failure of the House to adopt a resolution of thanks would be construed by many not only as a condemnation of Mr. Hay's address, but as one of McKinley. He called attention to the universal acclaim with which the Democrats of the country had received Mr. Hay's oration, not only as a literary production, but for the spirit it manifested, and insisted that it was impossible in sulogizing McKinley to di-vert him from his work and partisanship.

The vote was then taken and the reso lution was adopted, 129 to 46. Those who voted against the resolution were all Dem-ocrats, as follows:

Adamson (Ga.) Bell (Ter.) Bartleit (Ga.) Brantley (Ga.) Brantley (Ga.) Brundage (Ark.) Burness (Ter.) Burness (Ter.) Burnett (Ala.) Candler (Mas.) Clarton (Ala.) Conty (Mas.) De Armond (Mo.) De Armond (Mo.)	Letter (Ga.) Levier (S.C.) Levier (Ga.) Lidoyd (Ma.) McCullough (Ark.) McCullough (Ark.) McCullough (Ark.) McCullough (Ark.) McCullough (Ga.) Mahomey (H1.) Mahomey (H1.) Neville (Neb.) Eichardison (Tenn.) Scarborough (G.C.) Sins (Tenn.) Slayden (Tex.) Smith (Ey.)

right of a state of the Union to pass laws excluding the body of a person going into a city or community which is quaran-tined. The case in which this decision is given is one brought against the Louisiana Board of Health by the owners of Britan-nia, a French steamer, which sought to land Italian immigrants in New Orleans in 1888. The city then was infested with yellow fever and a quarantine was in force against it. The Board of Health enforced the state law authorizing exclu-sion from a quarantined municipality, re-fusing to allow the immigrants to land. The owners of the steamer took the case to the state courts, where the decision was against them. There was an appeal to the United States Court on the ground that the law is a violation of the interstate commerce law and also in contrastate commerce as and also in contra-vention of the treaty of 1800 with France. The opinion of the Supreme Court was handed down by Justice White, and sus-tained the state law on the ground that until Cougress takes the quarantine power from the states each state is entitled to make and enforce its own quarantine regulations. Justices Harlan and Brown

## Receipts and Expenditures.

unite in a discenting opinion.

WASHINGTON, June 2.-The monthly comparative statement of the Government receipts and expenditures shows that the total receipts for May, 1902, were \$49,509,449, as against \$52,620,440 for May. 1901. The expenditures for last month were \$38,745.707, leaving a surplus for the month of \$10,767.552. The receipts from the several sources of revenue are as follows: Decrease

Customs Internal revenue ..... 20,631,632 Miscellaneous .... 3,718,044 4.000.000 2,000,000 \*Increase

The expenditures charged to the War Department amounted to \$5.555,064; de-crease, \$1,500,000; charged to the Navy De-partment, \$5.453,563; decrease, \$245,000

The Chicago Court of Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, June 2.-Secretary Moody has been informed of the findings of the court of inquiry which investigated the conduct of the officers of the Chicago, who were involved in the trouble at Ven-loe some weeks ago. This came in the shape of a cablegram from Admiral Crowninshield, at Castellamare, where the European squadron is now lying. The department deems it well not to make public, at this time the conclusions reached by the court. The present belief is that the officials have not seen fit to is that the officials have not seen fit to recommend a court-martial, but in view of the clemency generously extended by the King of Italy to the imprisoned offi-cers, it is regarded as politic not to pub-lish any conclusions by the court that, perhaps, might reflect on the Italian Judges and the police officers of Venice.

#### Coinage in May.

WASHINGTON, June 2 .- The monthly statement issued by the Director of the Mint shows that during May, 1992, the coinage executed at the mints of the coinage executed at the mints of the United Statés amounted to \$2,359,350, as follows: 

	coin	scale birth
bie're		DITLE

### Supreme Court Adjourns.

WASHINGTON, June 2 .-- The Supreme Court of the United States tonight ad-journed finally for the present term. The court will convene again October 12 next.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gent-ly stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels, but do not purge.

was held at the White House tonight and was attended by leading Republicans of both Houses, the President inviting them fo return. There were present Senators Allison, Aldrich, Hanna, Platt (Conn.) and Spooner; Representatives Payne, Can-non, Daisell, Babcock, Hull, Sherman and. Overstreet and Postmaster-General Payne. Those present included members of the mance committee of the Senate, the the ways and means committee of the House and of the Republican Congressional cam-paign committee. The subjects under discussion were pending legislation and its relation to the coming campaign. The chief relation for the assemblage, how-ever, was the tariff, the discussion turning upon the advisability of attempting any revision now or of taking up the matter in committee during the recess of Congress with a view of presenting a measure in the short session.

All of those present were decidedly op-point to tariff revision, either now or at the short session, the view being expressed that revision was unnecessary, and that, furthermore, there was no time for it. The opinion prevailed at the con-ference that any movement in the direc-tion of changes in the tariff schedules

would disturb business conditions and complicate the coming campaign. The members of the campaign committee present concurred in the view that no tariff legislation was necessary, and, moreover, would be harmful. They said

they were confident of success on the is-sues as made up and to be made up on suce as made up and to be made up on pending legislation. The Representatives left the conference some time before the Senators, and then, with the latter, the President discussed in detail the out-look for Cuban reciprocity. Continued efforts will be made to units the Repub-ligans of the Senate upon the Spooner plan for a 30-per-cent reduction for five years, with power given the President to annul the concession if it be found that annul the concession if it be found that it goes to any persons other than the

Cuban sugar-growens and planters. REPORT ON SEAL SITUATION.

For Permanent Preservation of the

Herd or Its Destruction.

WASHINGTON, June 1.-Representative Tawney, of Minnesota, today presented the report of the ways and means committee favoring a reopening of the Behring Sea seal negotiations with Great Britain, with a view to securing the permanent preservation of the seal herd, or else the destruction of the herd, with the excep-

"The killing of the surplus female seals will be an act of mercy, since it will put an end at once to the extreme brutality of the pelagic hunters' work. It will prevent the slow torture to death by starv-ing of tens of thousands of helples young seals, which is officially observed and counted every season by our agents, un-der existing laws and regulations. If we do it, it means but one killing, and then the work is ended. If not done by us, then this infamous and cruel butchery

monthly of the female scals and the starvation of the young by the pelagic hunter will con-1902, the i of the 55,553 as jrevailed from year to year since 1802, and will end only with the exter-mination of this seal life in the very near 4 435,000

the report says that the young male a will be destroyed by 1996, and the h rate will cease on the breeding mds almost immediately thereafter. The accompanying papers represent that the seal herd has been reduced from 4,700,000 in 1874 to 224,000 at present, and that the United States has spent 11,441,831 aince 1830 in protecting the herd, over and above all receipts for rent, etc.

Presidential Nominations. WASHINGTON, June 1.- The President

muster of the Oregon National Guard have been issued by Adjutant-General Gantenbein and Colonel James Jackson, Inspector-General, will inspect the various companies as follows:

Monday, June 9, at 8 P. M., Company D., Fourth Regiment, Woodburn. Tuesday, June 10, at 8 P. M., Company F.

Fourth Regiment, Salem Wednesday, June 11, at 8 P. M., Company G, and Hospital Corps, Fourth Regiment, Albany.

Thursday, June 12, at 8 P. M., headquarters staff, band and Companies A and C, Fourth

Regiment, Eugene. Friday, June 12, at 8 P. M., Company E.

Fourth Regiment, Roseburg. Saturday, June 14, at 8 P. M., Company H., Fourth Regiment, Grant's Pass. Monday, June 16, at 8 F. M., Company B, Wanth & Balance, Sablack.

Fourth Regiment, Ashland. Tuesday, June 17, at 8 P. M., Troop A. Leb-

Friday, June 20, at 8 P. M., Company A. Third Regiment, Oregon City. Monday, June 23, at 8 P. M., Company D.

First Separate Battalion, The Dalles, Tussday, June 24, at 8 P. M., headquarters, and Company B, First Separate Battalion, La Grande.

Wednesday, June 25, at 8 P. M., Company First Separate Battalion, Baker City. Friday, June 27, at 8 P. M., Light Battery A. Portland.

A. Portland. Monday, June 30, at 8 P. M., headquarters' staff, band, Hospital Corps, Company G, Third Regiment, Portland. Tuesday, July 8, at 8 P. M., Company B,

Third Begiment, Portland. Wednesday, July 0, at 8 P. M., Companies D and F. Third Regiment, Portland. Thurnday, July 10, at 8 P. M., Companies C

and E. Third Regiment, Portland Tuesday, July 5, at 8 P. M., Headquarters' Brigade, Portland.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

A. N. Gilbert, a well-known citizen of Salem, is at the Imperial.

Mrs. Jennie B. Shellaberger is very sick at her father's home, at Jefferson

A. Yerrington, of Eugene, who is at the Perkins, is a member of the State Board of Pharmacy.

Miss Amy Rothschild, of Cincinnati, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rothschild, of 86 North Seventeenth street. George F. Wade has been appointed by United States District Judge Bellinger as a Commissioner at Susanville, Grant County.

Judge Thomas A. McBride came down from Oregon City last evening, and was an interested listener to the returns at Republican headquarters.

Sanders Logan, a well-known stockman of Lane County, came down from Eugene last evening. He says that the political fight in his county has been a hard one, but believes the official count will give Mr. Furnish a handsome majority.

NEW YORK, June 2-Northwestern people registered at New York hotels to day no follows:

From Portland-W. Simpson, at the Waldorf.

From Baker City-E. J. Tive, at the Imperia From Seattle-W. J. Haney, at the Hol-

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders

Mothere Gray, a purse in the Children. Mother Gray, a purse in the Children's Home in New York, treated children mutcoastilly with a ramedy called Mother Gray's Buset Powders for Children. They are harmiens as milk, pleasant and never fail. A certain cure for fewerishness, constipation, headache, teething and stomach disorders and remove worms. At all drugsiss, 36. Hample FREE, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

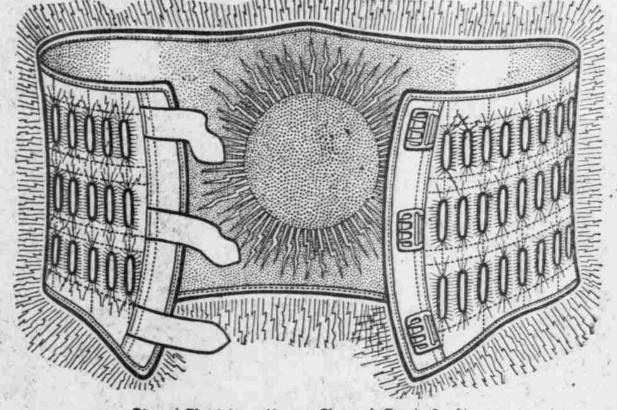
If Baby is Cutting Teeth,

Be sure and use that old and weil-tried rem. Mrs. Winslow's Socthing Syrup, for child techning. It soothes the child, softens the gu allays all pain, sures whod collo and diarrh tens the gums,

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Nature's Remedy-A New and Successful Treatment for Weak Men-Young Men, Middle-Åged Men, Old Men. If You Really Want to Be Cured Now Is Your Opportunity.



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We burning-no blistering-no skin poisoning-no charging the batteries with dangerous acids. A dry, soothing current applied direct to the nerve centers controlling the nervous system. Even the very worst cases find a cure under our wonderful MAGNO-MEDICINAL TREATMENT. All diseases that affect the nervous system or caused by impurity of the blood, are speedily and permanently cured.

For the purpose of popularizing my wonderful MAGNO-ELECTRO treatment, I am going to send to each sufferer who writes to me at once my NEW MAGNO APPLIANCE absolutely without any cost. FREE AS THE AIR YOU BREATHE. All I ask in return is that you recommend my appliance to your friends and neighbors when you are cured.

Are you a strong, vigorous, manly man? If not, write for my ELECTRO-MAGNO APPLIANCE to-day. Send your name and full particulars of your case. It matters not what you have tried, how many belts you have worn without relief, my new method will cure'you.

Why suffer from WASTED VITALITY or any form of NERVOUS ORGANIC DISEASES when my MAGNO-ELECTRO APPLIANCE will restore the declining forces to the strength and yigor of robust manhood?

Cures permanently all NERVOUS and SEXUAL DISEASES-LIVER, KIDNEY and STOMACH TROUBLES, RHEU-MATISM, VARICOCELE, CATARRH of the BLADDER, INFLAMMATION of PROSTATE GLAND, Spermatorrhoea, Nervous Debility, Nocturnal Emissions, Losses, Drains of any description, Weak Back, Skin Diseases, Blood Poison, Neglected or Badly Treated Cases of Gleet, Stricture, Rheumatism, Pain in Back, Spinal Disease, Constipution, Asthma, Lack of Nerve Force and Vigor, Sexual Exhaustion, General Debility, Urinary Diseases, Insomnia (sleepleasness), Throat Troubles, Paralysis, Epileptic Fits, Neuralgis, Lumbago, Dropsy, Piles, Bright's Disease, Catarrh, Indigestion, Lung Difficulties, Weakness, Sciatica, Gout, Varicocele and Headache.

My wonderful MAGNO-ELECTRO APPLIANCE has astonished the world. Thousands of sufferers have already been cured, why not you? No tedious waiting for renewed health and strength. My appliance cures quickly, and, what is more, you stay cured. Remember,

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San Francisco, Cal.

BUSINESS ITEMS.