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Government Reply in Merger Case.
ST. PAUL, June 2.—The replications of the United States in the railroad merger suits were today filed with the clerk of the United States Court by the United States Attorney for the District of Minnesota. The Government reserves all advantages of exceptions which may be taken to "manifest errors of the defendants." A general denial of the points in the answers is made and it is alleged that the answer of each defendant is very uncertain, evasive and insufficient in law to be replied to. The plaintiff avers that it will prove the bill to be true.

Anti-Child Labor Crusade.
NEW YORK, June 2.—In order to impress upon the public the injury of child labor, the organized labor bodies of New Jersey will, according to the World's special, from Trenton, N. J., exhibit throughout the state 12 children whose ages range from 8 to 16 years, taken from the glass factories at Minatola.

Rioting in Galicia.
LEMBURG, Galicia, June 2.—A serious affray between soldiers and strikers occurred today on the Schnelzen Platz. While a company of infantry was returning from a drill, strikers began stoning troops. Numbers of the soldiers were injured, and all the windows in the vicinity were smashed. The infantry then charged and 40 workmen were wounded with sabers or were shot. A further collision between the strikers and the military occurred here this afternoon, in which the soldiers fired on the strikers. Three civilians, who were wounded, were removed to a hospital, where they subsequently died.

Stickney is Noncommittal.
ST. PAUL, June 2.—President Stickney of the Chicago Great Western Railway, declined today either to affirm or deny the report that J. Pierpont Morgan and John W. Gates had secured control of that property.

NOTE OF OREGON

Republicans Win a Big Victory.

GOVERNOR IS IN DOUBT

Fairly Large Vote and Count Is Slow.

SURPRISE IN MARION COUNTY

Both Republican Congressmen Are Elected by Good Majorities—Democrats Vote for Geer for Senator.

The Republican state ticket, with the apparent exception of Governor, won a sweeping victory at the polls yesterday. The vote on Governor is very close, and it will require another day to make certain of the result. Tongue, for Congress, in the First district, is elected by an increased majority over two years ago. Williamson, in the Second district, wins by a good majority.

Inclement weather prevailed over Western Oregon, which kept down the vote to some extent. In Eastern Oregon a full vote was polled.

MARION COUNTY.

Both Sides Claim It for Governor—Result Will Be Close.

SALEM, Or., June 2.—The result in Marion County will be close. Both sides claim the county. The counting of votes is progressing slowly, and will not be completed until tomorrow, the full vote for none of the precincts having been completed at midnight tonight.

At that time, W. J. Culver, chairman of the Republican County Central Committee, gave out the following: "Furnish will carry the county by 200 majority. The remainder of our state ticket will be elected by majorities of 500 to 600. Tongue will receive an increased vote over that of two years ago. The entire Republican county and Legislative ticket will be elected."

Chairman W. H. Downing, of the Democratic County Central Committee, said: "Chamberlain will carry the county by 80 majority. Godfrey, for State Printer, is running along with Chamberlain, and will also receive a good majority. Colbath will be elected. Sheriff, the election of Jeffreys, as joint Senator, is assured. Slater and Rock will be elected on the Representative ticket, and we may possibly elect another Representative. I believe Mason's chances are good."

The election passed off quietly. The full vote was polled, but there was no challenging at the polls, nor any arrests for illegal voting. The friends of Geer may be held accountable for the result in this county. They are known to have knifed Furnish and supported the Governor for United States Senator. Many reliable Republican tickets upon which Furnish was scratched carried a vote for Geer for Senator. A great majority of the Democrats voted for Geer, which is an apparent substantiation of the charge of a combination between the Geer people and Chamberlain, by which the Democratic nominee should be made Governor, and in return should support Geer for United States Senator.

At Mason's Governor Geer's home precinct, Chamberlain received 59 votes to 26 for Furnish, as against 64 for Geer and 49 for King in 1898. The vote on United States Senator in Mason's precinct was: Geer, 61; Woods, 12. The vote on Congressman was: Tongue, 49; Weatherford, 33. Colbath, Dem., for Sheriff, carried the precinct by a vote of 59 to 22 for Setzer. On State Senator, the vote was: Republican, Farrar, 49; Croftan, 28; Democrat, McMahon, 61; Dimick, 42. The remainder of the Legislative ticket was carried by the Republicans.

Concedes Marion to Chamberlain.

SALEM, Or., June 2.—R. J. Hendricks, editor of the Statesman, concedes the election of Chamberlain in this county, but claims the election of the Republican nominee and Legislative ticket, with the exception of Sheriff, which is considered in doubt.

At Woodburn.

WOODBURN, Or., June 2.—This city cast a light vote of 117. Furnish, it is believed, will run considerably behind the other state and county candidates. The anti-Geer sentiment was very strong.

Clatsop County.

OREGON CITY, June 2.—Incomplete returns from only four precincts that gave Geer 522 and King 253 give Furnish 158 and Chamberlain 116. It is probable that Furnish will carry the county by 300 to 200. Tongue will have an overwhelming majority. State Senator Brownell is elected by about 400 plurality, and will carry Oregon City by over 500. The Republicans will probably elect all the members of the Legislature. G. L. Hedges, Fusion nominee for Representative, is running ahead of his ticket. From present indications C. G. Huntley, Hans Paulsen, and Herman A. Webster, Republican nominees for Representatives, will be elected.

The Republicans will elect a full county ticket, with the possible exception of E. H. Cooper, Fusion nominee for Clerk. The officials are: Judge, Thomas F. Ryan; Commissioner, William Brobst; Sheriff, John R. Shaver; Recorder, Henry E. Stevens; Assessor, James F. Nelson; Surveyor, John W. Meldrum; Coroner, R. L. Holman; Treasurer, Enoch Cahill. Herbert Holman, for Joint Senator, and Nottingham, for Joint Representative, will carry the county. Henry E. Stevens, for Recorder, will have the largest majority of any man on the ticket. Judge Ryan's

plurality will be large, and State Senator Brownell, who is running for a third term, and on whom the Fusionists made their main fight, will have a larger plurality than ever before.

Linn County.

ALBANY, Or., June 2.—Linn County will give Chamberlain probably 300 to 400 plurality. Less than half of the votes are counted, and the returns are incomplete. Kelly, Republican, will be elected Senator, as will the three Democratic nominees for Representatives.

Three hundred and eighty-five votes counted in the four Albany precincts give Furnish 174, Chamberlain 134, Bonham 137, Dunbar 132, Sears 134, Moore 173, Blackman 142, Ackerman 158, Wann 132, Crawford 177, Raley 142, Whitney 228, Godfrey 107.

Senator, Kelly, Rep., 203; Miller, Dem., 113. Joint Senator, Hobson, Rep., 115; Jeffreys, Dem., 135. Representatives, Hillman, Dem., 138; Claypool, Dem., 121; Mackey, Dem., 112; Burggraf, Rep., 150; Cornett, Rep., 154; Glas, Rep., 143. Most of the Republican county ticket will be elected.

Tallman, Or.

TALLMAN, Or., June 2.—Tallman precinct gives Chamberlain 50, Furnish 24, Bean 4, Bonham 4, Dunbar 4, Sears 4, Blackman 4, Moore 4, Ackerman 2, Wann 4, Crawford 2, Raley 4, Godfrey 4, Whitney 2.

Brownsville, Or.

BROWNVILLE, Or., June 2.—South Brownsville precinct cast 183 votes; votes counted, 134, of which Geer receives 51, Wood 52, Tongue 53, Weatherford 52, Chamberlain 37. Congressmen, Tongue, Rep., 112; Howes, Republican, 112; Ham 50, Dunbar 51, Sears 51, Blackman 50, Moore 51, Ackerman 52, Wann 51, Crawford 54, Raley 51, Godfrey 52, Whitney 50.

Yamhill County.

M'MINNVILLE, June 2.—Out of a total of 31 precincts, incomplete returns from five and complete returns from one that gave Geer 577, King 265, give Furnish 182, Chamberlain 149. Congressmen, Tongue, Rep., is receiving his party vote and will carry the county by 150. The Legislative nominee probably elected are R. C. Miles, R. L. Edley, W. A. Howes, Republican, Charles V. Galloway, Democrat. For county officers the Republicans elect J. L. Hoskins, Recorder; H. Z. Foster, Treasurer; C. E. Branson, Surveyor. The Democrats elect L. Booth, Commissioner. The vote on Judge, Sheriff and Clerk is very close. The Democrats appear to be in the lead in precincts heard from, but no returns have been received from the east end of the county, which is the Republican stronghold.

Indications now are that Chamberlain will carry Yamhill County by least 100 majority. But few straight tickets were cast, the Geer element supporting Chamberlain. The election was the most hotly contested in the history of the county.

Washington County.

HILLSBORO, June 2.—Out of a total of 21 precincts, incomplete returns from three that gave Geer 294, King 276, give Furnish 139, Chamberlain 149. Congressmen, Rep. 361, Dem. 115. The Legislative nominees are running close with the probability of the election of the Democratic nominees. For County Judge, County Clerk, Sheriff, and possibly the Recorder, the Democratic nominees will be elected.

In North Hillsboro, out of 44 counted precincts, 24, Chamberlain 44; Tongue 32, Weatherford 2. If South Hillsboro, Furnish receives 34, Chamberlain 53; Tongue 44, Weatherford 35. In Dalry Precinct, Furnish receives 46, Chamberlain 43.

Wasco County.

THE DALLES, June 2.—Out of a total of 36 precincts, incomplete returns from seven and complete returns from three that gave Geer 128, King 72, give Furnish 128, Chamberlain 149. Congressmen, Rep. 361, Dem. 115. The Legislative nominees are running close with the probability of the election of the Democratic nominees. For County Judge, County Clerk, Sheriff, and possibly the Recorder, the Democratic nominees will be elected. J. F. Hampshire Treasurer.

Morrow County.

HEPPNER, Or., June 2.—Out of a total of 105 precincts, incomplete returns from one and complete returns from eight, that gave Geer 109 majority over King, give Furnish 34, Chamberlain 373. The Legislative nominees probably elected are Sheriff and Phelps, Republicans. For Congressman the county goes for Williamson. The county officials probably elected are: Sheriff, for Sheriff, by a majority of at least 100; County Clerk, C. N. Burgett, Coroner. The Democrats probably elect J. F. Hampshire Treasurer.

Clatsop County.

ASTORIA, Or., June 2.—Out of a total of 25 precincts, incomplete returns from eight precincts and complete returns from eight precincts that gave Geer 136 and King 69 give Furnish 72 and Chamberlain 43.

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CHARLESTON FAIR

Nominally a Failure but Practically a Success.

WHY IT WAS PROJECTED

Its Financial Basis Was Less Than a Quarter of a Million Dollars—Bonds Issued on Prospective Gate Receipts.

(By a staff writer—Letter No. 1.)
It is no part of my plan in this letter and in those which are to follow it to describe the Charleston Exposition in its de-

velopment of Charleston and South Carolina and this surely is worth something to a man already a millionaire, with no chick or child to suffer through any possible excess of generosity on his part.

Whatever the rest of the world may think about it, Charleston looks upon the exposition as a success. It has not, indeed, "paid out," but there have been no scandals connected with it; there will be no unpaid bills; whatever the losses have been they will cause no man to suffer.

The local motive back of this exposition was almost precisely similar to that which prompted the fair at Omaha, of which I wrote some 10 days ago. The city was dead, in a business sense, and almost desperate. Its old commerce, based on conditions long gone from the commercial world, had dwindled to nothing. With a harbor second not even to that of New York, and with a geographical situation which would seem to mark it as the pre-eminent port of the South, the old docks of Charleston are falling into ruin. Mobile on the Gulf, Savannah at the south and Norfolk at the north have somehow taken away the shipping from which



GEORGE H. WILLIAMS.
WHO IS PROBABLY ELECTED MAYOR OF PORTLAND.

talks. That has been sufficiently done already from the news standpoint; and besides, it does not fall in with my purpose, which is to develop such lessons from experience here and elsewhere as may help to discreet policies in the great work before us at Portland.

Everywhere outside of Charleston one hears that the exposition is a failure; indeed, it is a failure in the sense that it has not paid for itself, and it is as a failure that it will be historically classified. But failure is a term of various and diverse interpretations. That which from one point of view may be a failure may from another be a shining success. And this fair, which must be called a failure because it has cost more money than it has taken in, is from the broad standpoint of general local interest the most fortunate event in the material history of Charleston since the Civil War. First, it has brought into working co-operation the several social and business elements of Charleston which for long years had worked at cross-purposes, and whose mutual and altogether stupid antagonisms had well-nigh choked the business life out of the old town. Second, it has made manifest to the country and to the world at large—best of all to Charleston herself—that Charleston has the resource and the spirit to carry through a great enterprise upon which her mind and ambition are set, even under adverse conditions. Third, it has brought the old and half-forgotten geographical advantages of Charleston freshly to the attention of the world. Fourth, it has attracted some of the population and some new capital. Fifth, it has given the old stay-at-home element of Charleston some sense of their responsibilities and duties. And sixth, it has brought something more than three millions of dollars into the general trade of the city and so has given it two of the most prosperous business years in its history.

Charleston's fortunes were originally made. Atlanta, far to the west, has become the center of the jobbing trade of the South—a business which in the older times centered at Charleston. Even the cotton export business has gone, for the development of home manufactures during recent years has made a home market and all but destroyed the export trade. The local factories, which are established not at or near Charleston, but far in the interior, work up the raw cotton into a half-manufactured product, which goes North to be finished and is exported from the ports of New York or of New England. Charleston still has a relatively small jobbing trade, and she is still a financial center, for there is much accumulated wealth in her coffers, but adaptation and reaction have in recent years made the tone and the spirit of her business life.

Charleston is fit for better things and she knows it. With her fine harbor, her geographical situation, her capital, her inspiring commercial history and her ambitions, the future ought to hold for her something better than the dry rot of her present condition. These considerations have long been discussed. The problem was how to wake up the town, how to get the attention of the commercial world to the conditions favorable to trade and commerce, how to inspire her own people with the modern spirit and make them take hold of opportunities which lie all about them. The prospect seemed almost hopeless for Charleston, of all the places in the United States, is the very home and headquarters of rock-ribbed conservatism. Her pride is involved in the records of time past, rather than in plans and hopes for the future. Her financial fortunes are just enough to make her cautious and timid; not enough to inspire boldness. She has, indeed, a class of up-to-date men, but they are mostly of an alien race and they do not command the general social leadership essential to the success of large general movements. And, on top of all, there is the negro, an amiable and even likeable element in the community, but contributing nothing to its real resources, utterly destitute of initiative, of responsibility, of the wish or capacity for progress, of independent social value—in short, a social and economic dead weight.

It was while these discussions were in the air that the project of an exposition was suggested. Colonel Averill, a local railroad man, who combines Northern energy with the spirit of a lifelong residence in the South, was the first to propose it and the most active man in its development. His argument was that it would break down the narrow spirit which was slowly but surely strangling the business community; that it would give the city and state contact with the more active outside world; that it would awaken the spirit of co-operation, advertise the resources of South Carolina, bring in money for investment and make an active business season or two while the fair was in preparation and in operation.

Under all the circumstances it was a very bold project. Charleston is in a way a wealthy city, but her wealth is in few, and for the greater part, in

BY SMALL VOTE

Chamberlain Probably Carries County.

HIS MAJORITY MAY BE 500

Legislative Ticket Is Doubtless Republican.

WILLIAMS WILL BE NEXT MAYOR

Defeats Inman by 1000 or Less—Nearly All Republican County Nominees Are Safe—Council Is Republican.

The total vote cast in Multnomah County is 17,515, a shortage of 2875 under the registration, which was 20,390. The total vote cast two years ago was 15,740. The total vote cast in the city yesterday was 14,940, against 13,562 in 1900. The count is very slow, and it will not be entirely finished before tomorrow. Up to midnight only about 2000 votes had been counted, or one-seventh of the total vote.

Partial returns from every precinct in the City of Portland and from all the outlying country precincts in Multnomah County—about one-seventh of the entire vote—indicate that Chamberlain, Dem., has carried the county by a small majority, perhaps by 500. The early returns appear to indicate that George H. Williams, Rep., is elected Mayor over R. D. Inman, Dem., by a majority that is probably in the neighborhood of 1000. The entire Republican Legislative ticket is in the lead, the greater part of it is certainly elected and complete returns may show that the opposition has not won a single Legislative candidate. The race between Henry E. McGinn, Rep., and Harry Lane, Dem., for State Senator, is exceedingly close. Out of something over 5000 votes counted for this office at 1 o'clock this morning Lane had the lead over McGinn by 65 votes. George T. Myers, Rep., for Senator, Herbert Holman for Joint Senator with Clackamas and C. W. Nottingham, Rep., for Joint Representative with Clackamas, are unquestionably elected. The highest man in the incomplete count on the Republican Representative ticket is John Gill, with 1271 votes, leading the highest man on the Citizens ticket, J. C. Bayer, by 220 votes, and the lowest man on the Citizens' ticket, Sydney Smith, with 519, by 499. The lowest man on the Republican Legislative ticket is W. R. Hudson, with 1059, leading the highest man on the Citizens ticket by 78 votes. The endorsement of certain Legislative candidates by the Non-Partisan Advisory Association has evidently been of benefit to these particular nominees. They are in almost every instance ahead of the average vote on the respective Legislative tickets.

Williamson, for Congress, and all the other state nominees will have full Republican majorities in the county, approximating 6000. Godfrey, however, Democratic nominee for State Printer, is running ahead of his ticket and will considerably reduce the majority of Whitney, his Republican opponent.

On the county ticket the Republican candidates have been generally successful. Webster for County Judge, Barnes for Commissioner, Lewis for Treasurer, Brandes for Auditor, Hurlburt for Surveyor, Finley for Coroner, all Republicans, have been elected. Fields, Rep., for Clerk, has a comfortable lead over Kennedy, Cit., and McDonell, Cit., for Assessor, is 66 votes ahead of Watkins, Storey, Rep., Driscoll, Cit., and Bird, Ind., for Sheriff, are running a neck-and-neck race.

On the city ticket, besides Williams, for Mayor, the Republicans all appear to be generally successful. Jameson, Rep., and Weirich, Cit., are having a close contest for Treasurer, and McNary, Rep., has an advantage of 61 votes over Bronaugh, Cit., William Reid is probably elected Justice of the Peace for Portland district, and W. E. Jackson, Rep., Constable. On the East Side the Republican candidates for Justice and Constable are in the lead.

The City Council will stand nine Republicans and two Citizens. This counts Merrill, who is on both tickets, as a Republican. The city charter has been adopted by a large vote, and the vote for the initiative and referendum amendment is overwhelming.

State Ticket.
For United States Senator—1399
T. T. Geer, Rep. 752
C. E. E. Wood, Dem. 752
For Governor—1150
William J. Furnish, Rep. 1150
George E. Charles, Dem. 1150
R. R. Ryan, Soc. 111
For Supreme Judge—1674
Theodore S. Sean, Rep. 1674
B. F. Bonham, Dem. 1674
For Secretary of State—1391
Frank L. Emory, Rep. 1391
D. W. Seam, Dem. 1391
For State Treasurer—1418
Charles E. Moore, Rep. 1418
Henry Blackman, Dem. 1418
For Superintendent Public Instruction—1384
J. H. Sherman, Rep. 1384
W. A. Wann, Dem. 659
For Attorney-General—1257
A. M. Crawford, Rep. 1257
J. H. Raley, Dem. 1257
For State Printer—1353
George T. Myers, Rep. 1353
James Godfrey, Dem. 500
Second Congressional District.
For Representative in Congress—1411
N. Williamson, Rep. 1411
W. F. Butcher, Dem. 717
Seventeenth Senatorial District.
For Joint State Senator—1382
Herbert Holman, Rep. 1382
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