THE MORNING OREGONIAN, WEDNESDAY, MAY 28, 1902.

EIGHT INCHES OF RAIN Follow tion is to advise the members of our or-ganization to adopt the principles of So-cialism without equivocation, for the time has arrived when we must sever our affiliations with those political parties who have legislated us into our present state of industrial bondage." President Boyce announced he would not be a candidate for re-election. jubilee, and on the occasion of her fune-ral. The rehearsal included the picking up of passengers at Buckingham Palace. **DISCUSS MINOR POINTS** the east. The proposed action was no German, but ultra-German, FACES MEAT FAMINE their alighting at Westminster Abbey, LOUBET HOME AGAIN. French Naval Squadron Arrives at Coronation scaffolding now fills every the Crowds FURIOUS STORM BROKE OVER ST. MAIN FEATURES OF PEACE NEGO. thoroughtare on the route of the royat progress. The Abbey is hardly visible from Whitehall on account of the carpen-try barricades. Gradually the dates for the state events of the coronation have been assigned, and the Marchioness of Dunkirk. DUNKIRK, Prance, May 27.-The French squadron of warehips which re-cently visited Cronstadt, Ruasia, as an escort to President Loubet, arrived here today. M. Loubet landed at noon. He was welcomed by the Mayor and received an oration from the populace. The Presi-dent proceded to the Chamber of Com-merce and had luncheon, where he ex-pressed his delight at the extreme cor-diality of the welcome extended to him VINCENT. TIATIONS SETTLED. Chicago Cannot Get Beef From Stockyards. During the Cloudburst Souffriere English Cabinet, It Is Said, Decides Anthracite Situation Discussed. Again Became Active-Scientific Great Clothing Sale HARRISBURG, Pa., May 27 .- The situto Retain the Tax on Grain Lansdowne and others are now arranging dinners and receptions for the remaining intervals. The Duke of Norfolk is doing Investigation at Pelce. tion in the anthracite coal region -Other Foreign News. ernor Stone, Attorney-General Elkin and Thomas Duffy, T. D. Nicholis and John Fahey district presidents of the United Mineworkers, today in the Governor's private office at the executive department. The mineworkers came here by instruction the work of management, but the King is consulted at every turn. He decides everything quickly and does not change 107 FIRST ST., **EFFECT OF TEAMSTERS' STRIKE** KINGSTOWN, Island of St. Vincent LONDON, May 27,-The British Cabipressed his delight at the extreme cor-diality of the welcome extended to him by both the imperial family and the peo-ple of Russia. The atrengthening of the bonds uniting Russia and France would, he believed, have the beneficial effect of causing Frenchmen to forget their own difficulties, which were more apparent than real, and to turn their attention to framedial eccounts and accial problems Monday, May 35.-Saturday night the dense clouds forming a canopy over the greater part of the island lowered, and Bet. Washington and Stark Sts. net was in session for two hours today his mind. discussing the communications received The mineworkers came here by invitation of the Governor to explain the exact all. from Pretoria since the meeting of the a severe thunder storm, accompanied by a heavy rainfall, broke over St. Vincent and continued until today, causing the POTTS NOT SNUBBED. A Startling Revelation in the Twelve Hundred Butchers Threater Ministers on Friday last. It is understood untion in the strike region. President Fahey said the strikers were obeying the Absence of the Emperor Prevented that the inner committee of the Cabinet. Prices of Shoes, Clothing, to Close Their Shops in Order mud streams in the Windward district of His Presentation. will telegraph the result of the deliberato Defeat the Packers in mud streams in the windward district of Georgetown to be flooded. Water pipes were damaged, several houses were washed away, and two lives were lost. The rainfail was so heavy that it dis-turbed the bodies of the buried victims law, and that he did not apprehend any BERLIN, May 27.--Lieutenant-Com-mander Templin M. Potts, the naval at Furnishings, Etc. tions to Pretoria. The Boer delegates at violence which would justify the operators in calling upon the state authorities for Their Fight. financial, economic and social problems urgently requiring settlement. President Loubet concluded with drinkmander Templin M. Potts, the naval at-tache of the American Embassy here, who succeeded Commander William H. Beeh-ler, was presented to Admiral Von Tir-We feel proud to say that every pur-chaser went away from our store smiling with satisfaction at the tremendous bar-gains they secured; that this is no exag-geration, ask your neighbors, who have been to the sale. The bargains we are offering are the talk of the town, and will be for some the Transvani capital will then probably return to Vreeniging and report to the the burghers who are still assembled there. ing a toast "to the reunion of all French-Sympathized With Contractors, A. J. Balfour, the Government leader, of the volcanic disaster, and corpses pitz, Secretary of the Imperia! Admiralty CHICAGO, May 27 .- Chicago's beef sup-ply from the stockyards has been almost with putrid flesh handing to the bones, were exposed to view. NEW YORK, May Z .- An extraordi-After luncheon President Loubst promade no statement in the House of Com-Lieutenant-Commander Potts has aircady ary sympathetic strike has tied up all ceeded to Paris. The President had a tempestuous voyage from Copenhagen. On been received by the other German naval officials of high rank, with every mark During the rain storm the Souffriere volcano appeared to give forth dense clouds of vapor and steam, rising to a mons today regarding the peace agree entirely cut off and unless the conces the ironwork in the Rapid Transit tunnel ment, but he announced a postponement of the budget discussion, fixed for this week, remarking that it would be very insions demanded by the striking teamsters are granted within the next day of two, Sunday the sense continually swept the deck of the cruiser Montcaim, on which he was a passenger, broke over the bridge of consideration. The American naval in this city. The men guit out of sym pathy with a firm which gave up a con-tract it held for the iron work on the attache has not yet had an audie city will be face to face with a mean the Emperor, simply because His Majesty onsiderable height, and spreading over convenient to debate the budget while there were other things in the balance. the neighborhood. Roaring sounds from the mountain also caused apprehension of Not only have the big packers tunnel because it did not pay. The work was sublet to the firm by the subcontracand made it necessary to lash the sallors to the standing gear in order to prevent them being washed overboard. It was failed in every attempt to smuggle mean He explained that it would be impossible, out of the yards, but the wholesale and retail butchers, who usually drive their own wagons, and take out loads of provianother eruption. Severe lightning lasted all night Saturday and Sunday. Eight inches of rain fell at Kingstown between tors for the various sections. It was found in discussing the budget, to prevent refthe contract did not pay, as the employ-ers had to pay union wages, and they abandoned it a short time ago, the connpossible to serve breakfast aboard the Potts' arrival here. erences to the peace negotiatious Montcalm on Monday, as the galleys were flooded, and the President had to be content with eating biscuits. The representative of the Associated Press inquired at the American Embassy According to the views of officials here, sions, have been forbidden to do so in the future. A number of them were today al-lowed to carry away stuff that they Saturday and Monday, the heaviest down-fall since the hurricane. Further interesting incidents which octhere is nothing to warrant the pessimile tracts for the iron work being reassumed by the subcontractors. concerning the report that Mr. White, the United States Ambassador, had written to the German Foreign Office asking that opinion expressed in some quarters as to the outcome of the discussions at Prebought from the packers, but they were warned not to return for any more until the trouble is settled. As a result there curred during the recent cruption of the volcano are continually coming to light. While all the residents of the village of and at Vreeniging. The Astoclated SEVEN DRY YEARS. Telegraphers' Grievances Lieutenant-Commander Potta be pre ented Press learns that the government contin in the usual manner, and that the German Foreign Office sent a curt refusal in reuce to be satisfied that the negotiations will result in a peaceful settlement. Some minor points are being discussed, but CHICAGO, May 27 .- A committee of telegraph operators representing the mer Effect of the Terrible Drouth in 01 is a movement on foot among the 1200 or more butchers of Chicago to close their shops for a week of two, or as long as Morne houge were leaving that place by boat, a man who had declined to leave Australia. ply to this request. This inquiry elicited the response that no such letter had been received at the United States Embassy roods and prices, mployed on the Illinois Central Railroad LONDON, May II.-Cabling from Syd-ney, N. S. W., the correspondent there of the Daily Mail gives an account of the was seen running up and down the shore, screaning for help and saying that the has met representatives of the company to discuss a proposition submitted by the these are expected to be fully disposed of within a diy or two. may be necessary to defeat the packers in their fight against the teamsters. Most of them declare that they are in sympaof them declare that they are in sympa-thy with the strikers, and feel that stop-ping the sale of beef would be the most effective way to help the reamsters. No unions have yet declared ground was hot, that the water was boll-A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from terrible drouth from which, as a climax to seven dry years, Australia is now aufing and that lava was coming down the mountain. It was impossible to reacue the Pretoria reports that 200 Boers have sur-rendered at Frankfort, Orange River Col-The correspondent says that the fering.

The only districts which have escaped

drouth are the northern rivers district of New South Wales and parts of the River-

Sheep are dying by the million, co

CORONATION PROCESSION.

Length of the Route.

LONDON, May 27 .- A full rehearsal

£30,000 annually

No unions have yet declared a sympa-thetic strike, but many individual mem-bers have been doing all in their power required to work. They have the support of the Brotherhood of Railway Teleg-rephers and assert that nearly every opto aid the teamsters, and if the present situation continues much longer, it is asserted that other local unions, such as erator on the line belongs to that organization.

the ice and coal men, may join in the

DENVER LABOR CONVENTIONS.

Politics Were Discussed at Both Meetings.

DENVER, Colo., May 27.-The Western Labor Union convention this morning adopted the report of the credentials committee, seating 76 delegates. President McDonald announced the committees, the more important being as follows:

Preamble, declaration of principles and constitution-George W. Morse, Butte; Robert B. Hughes, Salmon City; M. M.

Robert B. Hughes, Salmon City; M. E. White, Leadville; Clarence Smith, Butte; D. C. Choates, Denver. Résolutions - H. F. Hughes, Spokane; Mary Hazelton, Missoula; C. D. Smith, Denver; William Cunningham, Butte; William Liddell, Pocatello; Ben Peters, Cripple Creek; F. W. Ott, Laramie; S. E. Hyan, St. Regis; W. F. Cronin, Butte. Appreals of relevances and udiclary-Appeals of grievances and judiciary-Frank C. Ives, Missoula; Ed Joseph, Po-catello; J. S. Pauley, Butte; C. P. Lafrey, Bonner; William Wallace, Butte; John

Stephens, Hami The convention this afternoon heard the reading of the annual reports of the pres-ident and secretary. The report of Presi-dent McDonaid was received with hearty applause. President McDohald urged each union to impress upon the laboring men that "labor owns itself; that the

resent system clothes a few in silks and the many in rags; that manhood will de-cay, reason wither and liberty die under cay, reason wither and interly die under such a system." Mr. McDonaid recom-mends the establishment of a magazine and a labor press to disseminate the lit-erature of the Union, and he is desirous that the organization present a united front in favor of the initiative and referendum. He is especially emphatic in his recommendations to laboring men that they guard themselves against an inundation of cheap Oriental labor. He urges the organization to combat trusts with every honorable means. The moral influ-

se of the union is asked to favor the irrigation of the arid lands, and the en-actment of eight-hour laws in the several states The report of Secretary Clarence Smith,

that the Cabinet has decided to retain the tax on grain, Preparing for Trouble. HAZLETON, Pa., May 27 .- Everything was quiet today at the Cranberry colliers of A. Pardee & Co., where the engineers Debate Begins in the Lower House firemen and pumpmen quit yesterday. Several men employed at the Silverbrook colliery, who refused to act as foremer BERLIN, May 27.-The debute on the

and pump-runners were discharged. It is stated that a consignment of rifles was sent to some of the collieries on the south

side late last night. Knows Nothing of the Project. CLEVELAND, O., May 27 .-- When seen today relative to a proposed meeting of the Civic Federation in Chicago, as stated in a newspaper dispatch from the latter Senator Hanna said he knew nothclty, ing of the matter. He declined to say whether or not he had any further con nection with the efforts to secure a settle-ment of the anthracite coal strike.

Papermakers' Grievances Settled.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., May M.-P. J Ackerman, secretary of the United Brotherhood of Papermakers, announced today that the differences between the Union and International Paper Company in re-gard to the hours of labor have been settled, and that beginning June 8 the mills would close down from 4 P. M. Sat-urday until 7 o'clock Monday morning.

Hanna Company Will Raise Wages BUFFALO, May 27 .- The Buffalo Union Furnace Compnay, the local plant of the Hanna interests, will increase the wages of all employes, about 300 in number, 10 per cent June 1.

Ended in a Compromise.

WASHINGTON, May 27.-The strike of the union carriage-workers of this city, which has been in force for several weeks, has come to an end, both the employers and the union making concessions.

Damnsk Weavers on Strike. HILADELPHIA, May II. dred damask weavers went on strike here today for higher wages, closing a nun ber of mills."

Prussian Diet today. The Prussian Chancellor, Count von Bulow, said the government was compelled for the sake of the security of the monarchy to erect a bulwark against agitation in favor of granting Poland constitutional rights. The Poles would be sufeguarded, but any ef-fort to change the existing relations of the two nationalities would be rigorously sup pressed. The government's object was to continue the policy inaugurated by Prince Bismarck in 1886. The present bill

A statement is issued by a news aget

that Lord Kitchener will become Adju-tant-General to the forces, instead of tak-ing command of the Indian Army, as pre-

The Daily Telegraph says it understands

THE POLISH QUESTION.

of the Prussian Diet.

all providing for strengthening the Ger-man element in the Polish provinces of

Prussia began in the lower house of the

viously reported.

was only a commencement. Next Winter further measures would be introduced to strengthen the German element in the Matern provinces. The Chancellor concluded with an appeal

to the House to support the government in its protection of German customs and manners. Herr Shuman, a Pole, bitterly denounced the government for not keeping failh with the Poles, and at the conclusion of his speech the Polish members left the manners

House in a body. Herr Richter, Radical, during a scathing criticism of the bill, said it appeared to have been "dictated from the saddle ing critician of the bill, said it appeared to have been "dictated from the saddle with orders to advance and to attack with it at quick time, without regard to what might be trodden under foot." The bill, he declared violated the principle that all Frussians were equal before the law. It was remarkable that the moment when the dictatorship paragraph was abolished in the west was chosen for the enact-ment of a similar excentions.

ment of a similar exceptional measure in at the time of the late Queen Victoria's

MR. FULTON'S UNANSWERABLE APPEAL.

from the German Foreign Office. The correspondent was informed also that Mr. White had cabled a denial of the report that Emperor William would not receive Lieutenant-Commander Potts to the news-paper in the United States in which this losses in stock in Australia since 1399 amount to £15,000,000. Unemployed men are drifting into the cities by thousands, and the state governments are providing them with relief.

atory was published. The Embassy is investigating the origin of the story, which officiale here regard as an invention, probably emanating from source hostile to Lieutenant-Co Polts.

The South China Rebellion.

na district. The situation has been ag-gravated by the federal duties on fodder, which prevent its importation. Communi-LONDON, May 28.-Cabling from Shanghal, the correspondent of the Daily Mail, says the Southern rebellion is in in the interior has been paralyzed as the waterways are unnavigable. Owing to the expense of fodder the firm which full activity: that a severe battle has been fought at Shu Lub Slen, in which the reb-els were defeated by the government forces, and that the losses amounted to 1500 men in killed or wounded. The govhad the contract has abandoned the haul-ing of mail in Queensland, the cost of transportation having risen from £5000 to ernment troops pursued the reheats to their entrenched villages and cut off their sup-plies. The insurgents, who include boys and women, made desperate sortles from the villages and forced the government troops to retreat. The rebel leader, Ching Ting Pin work fulled. the correspondent, and even the rabbits are starving. Animals have stripped the bark from the trees for food. A common method of treating exhausted horses is to slit the animal's painte with a knife; then the horse is revived by swallowing his own blood. Numbers of "sundowners" and "swagmen" have been found dead by the waysides. Ting Pin, was killed. The rebels are in-creasing in strength. "Eoxers" are gathering in large numbers in Shan Tung Province

The governments are doing everything possible to alleviate these conditions, but meteorologists despair of any change in the weather conditions. He Caned a Frenchman NEW YORK, May 27.-The American Exchange has been emashed by an angry mob, says a Paris dispatch to the American and Journal. The proprietor, Donald Downle, formerly of New York, had an altercation with one of his French em-Full Rehearsal Along the Whole ployes. The latter was slightly intoxi-cated and refused to leave the premises, the coronation procession along the whole length of the route from Buckingham Palace to Westminster Abbey and return took place this morning. The attendants whereupon Mr. Downle caned him severe An angry mob quickly gathered, as usual in Paris, and seeing blood flowing from a Frenchman, the crowd began by smashing the windows and finally wrecked the place. During the excitement and the horses were practically the same as will take part in the parade of June 26. The vehicles were plain coaches and 1000 people collected in the Rue Scribe,

Spanish Cabinet Crists

MADPID, May 27 .- A crisis in the Cab-net has occurred. At the meeting of the Cabinet today, Senor Caneljas, Minister of Agriculture, insisted upon the necessi-ty of convening the chamber immediately to discuss the religious question. The other Ministers opposed this proposal and Senor Caneljas resigned. After this action, the remainder of the Cabinet placed their portfolios at the disposal of Pre-mier Sagasta, to enable him to molve the difficulty.

man, and he died a horrible death. A pathetle scene was witnessed when father and mother, holding such other's

hands, the woman having an infant at her breast, and with another child at her feet, were all struck dead together. The United States steamer Dixle has done splendid work here, and has ren-

dered great assistance to the government. The Americans evince the greatest interest in the island generally,

SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATION.

Minute Examination Made by Professor Hill.

FORT DE FRANCE, Monday, May 35. Professor Robert Hill, United States Gov-ernment geologist and head of the expedition sent by the National Geographical Society, has just come in from a daring and prolonged investigation of the volcanic activity in Martinique. Professor Hill chartered a steamer and carefully examined the coast as far north as Port de Mcouba, at the extreme end of the island, making frequent landings. After landing at Le Prechur, five miles north of St. Pierre, he walked through an area o. active volcanism, to the latter place, and made a minute examination of the various phenomena disclosed. Professor Hill is the first and only man

who has get foot in the area of craters, fissures and fumaroles and, because of his high position as a scientist, his story is valuable. In addition to his work of investigation the professor rescued in his steamer many poor people of Le Prechur, who had ventured back after descring their homes, and found themselves in awful danger. He reports as follows: "The zone of the catastrophe in Martinique forms an elongated oval, contain-ing on land about eight equare miles of destruction. This oval is partly over the sea. The land part is bounded by lines running from Le Prechur to the peak of

Mont Pelee, thence curving around to Carbet. There were three well-marked zones: "First, a center of annihilation in which all life, vegetable and animal, was utter-ly destroyed, the greater northern part of St. Pierre was in this zone; second, a zone of singeing, blistering flame, which also was fatal to all life, killing all men and animals, burning the leaves on the trees and scorching but not utterly de-stroying the trees and shrubs; third, the large outer, non-destructive zone of ashes where some vegetation was injured. Men's Fine Underwear at less than "The focus of annihilation was the new crater, midway between the sea and the peak of Mont Pelee, where now exists a new area of active volcanism with hur dreds of fumaroles or miniature volcan-oes. The new crater is now vomiting black, hot mud, which is falling into the sea. Both craters, the old and new, are active. Mushroom-shaped steam explosions constantly ascend from the old crater, while heavy, ash-laden clouds float horizontally from the new crater. The old one ejects steam, smoke, mud, pumice and lapilli, but no molten lava. . "The salient topography of the region is unaltered. The destruction of St. Pierre was due to the new crater. The explosion had great superficial force, acting in radial directions, as is evidenced by the dismounting and carrying for yards the guns in the battery on the hill south of St. Pierre, and the Colonial stat-ue of the Virgin in the same locality, and

of getting the biggest bargains in cloth-ing, furnishings, etc., ever offered to the people of Portland, as you may never be able to get a chance like this again. Be-low we quote a few prices to show what tremendous accriticae we are making iow we quote a rew proces to show what irremendous sacrifices we are making. Just think of the following proposition, and remember that all goods priced in this advertisement can be brought back any time during the sale:

A fine sult of Men's Clothes, all \$2.98 This suit is positively worth \$12.50, or your money refunded at any time dur-ing the sale.

Men's fine Suits and Overcoats, \$4,98 In cheviots and Scotch plaids, \$4,98 Worth \$15, or your money refunded at any time during the sale if you are not satisfied. any

Don't fail to ask to see these garments. Men's finest Waterproof Overcoats, mak-er's guarantee ticket on every \$9,98 coat; worth \$20 to \$25 Don't fail to see them.

Men's fine Dress Worth \$3.50, or your money refur

Men's fine Trousers for Sunday worsteds and fancy stripes, at \$2.38 Positively worth \$5, \$6 and \$7, or money

980

refunded. Boys' Sults and Overcoats, worth \$4.50 98c worth \$4.50 Boys' finest Suite and Over-\$2.48 coats, worth \$5, \$6 and \$7

Thousands of Children's Suita to

from.	
1000 pairs Boys' Knee Pants, worth 11	120
Men's best quality reinforced Un- laundered Shirts, worth \$1	29c
Fine Dress Shirts, worth \$1.50	39c
Men's fine Silk Embroidered Sus- penders, worth fac	80
Good heavy Socks, worth 25c	30
Over 5000 Neckties, in all shades, worth from 50c to \$1	
Men's Handkerchiefs, worth 35c	30
Mackintoshes, odd Coats and odd at your own price: 300 other article numerous to mention.	

half the cost of production.

SHOES

talk of the town, and will be for some time to come. Do not take our word, but come and see for yourselves. We are sel-ing goods for less than haif, what you can buy them from other stores. Come be-fore it is too late.

It being necessary to realize on our stock quickly to save our good name, we offer our immense stock of \$135,000 worth of clothing, shoes, furnishings, etc., at

331/3 per cent less than manufacturers' cost

This is a tremendous eacrifice, as we were considered very close buyers by the trade. You cannot appreciate what a great reduction this is until you see the posth and refers

Do Not Miss This Rare Opportunity

after reciting that the Western Labor Union has doubled its membership during the last year, states that the total yearly receipts for the fiscal year are \$12,36 double the receipts of last year; and that of this sum \$11.352 was expended for orgapization of other unions.

"Our cash receipte," the report goes on, "from per capita tax alone during the last year were greater than during the entire previous existence of our organization, a period of more than three years. A year ago there were affiliated with the Western Labor Union 94 local unions, two district unions, one state organization, and one international organization. Since then, charters have been issued for 102 local unions, three district unions, and one international union. There are now 173 ocal unions, five district unions, one state organization, and two international ganizations, there having been a lapse of 23 locals.

The report recites that a large number of applications for charters have been received from independent labor organiza-tions in the East, and says: "The com-plaint is constantly being made that, with its established policy of inaction and non-progression, the American Federation of Labor is impotent to lead the workingmen of the country out of the iniquitous sys-tem of wage slavery. The question is whether we will broaden our scope of action into an American labor movement with radical and straightforward principles to guide us, or whether we shall allow our movement to decilne and decrease from the same causes which have nade the eastern movement a force to retard the advance of labor and make a machine for the maintenance of the capitalistic system. If we are not to take the advanced stand, we have no excuse for existence, and ought to go out of business."

Federation of Miners,

One hundred and sixty-five delegates were in attendance today at the annual convention of the Western Federation of Miners. The preliminary work was dispresed of at the morning session, and this afternoon President Edward Boyce deliv-ered his address, in which he strongly advocated the participation of the labor unions in politics. President Boyce said that 50 new unions had been admitted to Federation during the year,

"During the past 10 years," he said, mated Copper trust, metal selling trust, steel trust and railroad trust or combi-nation, all of which are the offspring of the Standard Oil Company, or trust, have sprung into existence, and are today threatening the mining industry of the United States and Canada by dictating the terms upon which the individual operator shall dispose of the product of his erty, and the wages workingmen shall receive for producing this product But not satisfied with this control, they reach farther and threaten the very exist ence of the people engaged in other tions, but necessarily depending upon the mining influstry. All this power to co-erce and exploit the people has been ac-

quired by law. "The relations between employer and employe are becoming more strained every day. The trust magnates know they have no fear from organized labor, as it is now constituted. If the Chinese and Japanese are an undesirable element, let workingmen exclude them by collect-ive ownership of the railroads, the coal mines and metalliferous mines and steamship lines, and operate them for the bene-fit of all, not for the benefit of a few in-dividuals who traffic in human life and human misery. The most important ac-tion which we can take at this conven-

PERSONAL MENTION.

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Supreme Judge C. E. Wolverton, of Salem, is at the Imperial. E. W. Langdon, the well-known banker,

of Albany, is in Portland. C. P. Bishop, Mayor of Salem, was in the city yesterday, registered at the Portland.

J. R. Whitney, Republican candidate for the office of State Printer, and W. M. Cannon, of Albany, are at the Imperial. A. Wann, of Eugene, Democratic W. candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, is registered at the Perkins.

Mr. E. W. Ferguson, of the firm of Moore. Ferguson & Co., prominent grain commission merchants, of San Francisco, was in the city yesterday.

The name of George J. Kelly was in-The name of George J. Kelly was in-advertently omitted in yesterday's Ore-gonian from the list of those who passed a very successful examination in the junior year of the University of Oregon law school

Captain George Pope, who spends most of his time on his farm, near Aurora, cultivating hops and making butter, was in the city yesterday as sunburned as if he had been cruising in the tropics for a year. He says the frost early in the month slightly damaged hops in some parts of Clackamas County, but the gen-eral outlook is favorable for a magnificent crop. He says the effects of the strike here have extended to the country, and farmers' hired men are becoming restless and dissatisfied with their wages, and would like to spend a week in this city. W. H. Wehrung, State Senator from Washington County and president of the Oregon State Board of Agriculture, came down from Hillsboro yesterday, and is at

the Perkins. W. M. Wisdom, well known in the drug business in this city, and afterward employed by the Blumauer-Frank Drug Company, is seriously ill with nervous prostration at his home, 594 Market street. Lewis L. Fluhrer, of Fluhrer Bros., shingle manufacturers at Maygers, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Fluhrer said that his firm had just been informed that it had won the sliver medal offered for the best quality of shingles at the Charles-ton Exposition. The firm also won first prizes at the Omaha and Buffalo Expositions. Mr. Fluhrer says that the award shows what Oregon can do in the shingle . In previous years Michigan and sconsin had carried off the prizes, but decision of the judges indicates that

their product is not equal to that of Oregon. Both the Fluhrer boys learned Oregon. Both the Fluhrer boys learned the shingle business in Michigan, where their father operated a mill. Ten years. ago they came to Ores two mills at Maygers. to Oregon and established

NEW YORK, May 27 .- Northwestern people registered at New York hotels to-day as follows:

From Portland-J. A. Martin and wife, at the Manhattan, From Spokane-A. Freidlen, at the Marl-

borough; J. W. Douglas, at the Fifth-Avenue.

From Sestile-E. C. Hawkins, at the Hollard; E. Chlopeck and wife, at the Herald Square.

Finmes Seen at St. Lucia.

CASTRIES, Island of St. Lucia, B. W. L. May 17.-Flamos were seen on the Island of Martinique at frequent intervals last night. They were visible from the signal station at this port.

Reasons Why Every Business Man and Laboring Man Should Vote for Furnish.

The fact is, no country has ever experienced so high a degree of prosperity as has this country since the Republican party came into control in 1896. It will not do to answer that the Republican party had nothing to do with bringing about that prosperity. We have to deal with facts and conditions, and the fact is that, during the Democratic administration, every industry was paralyzed and every business was stagnant, and that since the Republican party came into power every business has been stimulated, while the song of industry is heard instead of the cry of hunger and want. That is not all. The Republican party has done exactly everything which the Democratic party said must not be done, and it has refused to do everything which the Democratic party said must be done, in order to bring about prosperity. Now, which party was right? You all remember that in 1896 and in 1900 the Democrats told us that the establishment of the gold standard meant destruction to our foreign commerce and paralysis to our domestic industries. They said that the only hope for the country and the only remedy for our political ills were free coinage of silver and free trade. Yet, when the Republican party came into power, it established the gold standard; It repealed the Wilson Democratic free trade tariff and substituted the Republican protective tariff. Immediately the fires were rekindled in the furnaces, the factory doors were opened, and the cry of hunger and want gave way to the song of industry, and instead of 3,000,000 laborers walking the streets and hunting for work (some of them even begging for bread, as in 1803-4-5-6), every man who desires employment can now secure it, and he can secure it at higher wages than ever have been paid before.

Is it not a wonderful fact, and yet it is a fact, that this Nation today enjoys the largest foreign commerce of any nation in the world and is at the same time paying to its laborers the highest wages of any nation in the world? But did the gold standard contract the volume of our circulating medium as the Democratic party said it would? Did it make money dearer? as they told us it would. Not at all. On the contrary, there is more money in circulation today per capita in this country than ever before in all its history, and money is cheaper; that is, it can be borrowed at a lower rate of interest than ever before. Why, do you remember that during the last Democratic administration, the Government was compelled to issue bonds in order to obtain money with which to meet the current expenses of the Government and to maintain the treasury balance, and that it had to pay as high as 5 per cent per annum interest? I say, do you remember that? It is a fact. Yet, since the Republican party has come into power, so great is the confidence of the people in the correctness of its policies, so splendid a credit has it given to this Government, that nearly all of the bonds issued by the Democratic administration have been paid off with money derived from the sale of bonds drawing only 2 per cent interest per annum. Think of it, only 2 per cent per annum! Something that no other nation in all the world has ever been able to do. But that is not all. That 2 per cent interest-bearing bond is today selling on the market of the world at a premium of 8 per cent, and I, myself. knew of a transaction a tew months ago where a National bank, being compelled to purchase bonds to secure its circulation, paid 8 per cent premium in the open market for the 2 per cent interest-bearing Government bonds.

Such is the record of the Republican party; two words will describe it prosperity, progress. You have tried it for a third of a century, and during all that time it gave you prosperity and progress, with ever-increasing diversity of industries, with increasing values for our products and with ever-increasing wages for the employed. You have also tried the Democratic party. You placed it in control of Congress and gave it the Presidency. It wove its doctrines into legislation. Immediately every industry was paralyzed, while every branch of trade and commerce became stagnant and still. Then the Republican party again came into power, and with it came hope and confidence and new life and prosperity. Do you want to abandon these? If so, vote the Democratic ticket.

I should like to put to every laboring man in Oregon this question: "Do you want to return to the conditions that obtained during the last Democratic administration?" I am sure that every one would answer "No." Some would probably use a more emphatic negative. Then I would say "Vote the Republican ticket."

West African Trade.

NEW YORK, May 27.-The West Afri-can Anglo-American combination is not losing any of the intercet already created in commercial circles, says a Lon-don dispatch to the Herald. George Mac-Donald, one of its prime movers, who has just returned from West Africa, expressed the opinion that such a syndicate will have an enormous effect on the whole future of West Africa. American interests in West Africa at the present time are very small, however,

German Tariff Bill.

BERLIN, May 37.-The tariff committee of the Reichstag today adopted clauses 240 to 250 inclusive of the new tariff bill. These clauses, dealing with wax goods. soap, etc., were not materially amended. Clauses 265 to 283, admitting bromide and its salts duty free, were the occasion of a warm discussion, the Conservatives and Liberals advocating a retallatory duty of 100 marks against the United States. A retallatory amendment was rejected.

More Time for Danish Treaty.

COPENHAGEN, May 27. - King Chris-tian, after a long conference today with the Premier, Dr. Deuntser, finally acceded proposal of the United States to extend for a year the time limit for ratification of the Danish West Indian trenty. This action was taken in spite of very heavy pressure upon the part of the sition press and many of the royal family.

Jamalca Invites the Homeless

KINGSTON, Jamaica, May 27.-The planters here, including the United Fruit Company, an American concern, are warmly supporting the proposal to bring hundreds of the sufferers from the volcanic outbreak on St. Vincent to work on estates here, and also to settle them on the crown lands. The Government of Jamaica is being asked to make an offer to transport people from St. Vincent to

Argentine-Chilean Treaty Signed.

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, May 27.-The treaty between Argentina and Chile (providing among other things for a restric tion of armaments and general arbitra tion) was signed this evening. The two governments have named the British Gov-ernment to arbitrate all questions which in the tuture may arise between Argentina and Chile. The agreement is to last five vears.

WASHINGTON, May 27.-- A special serv-loe was held at the British Embassy today over the remains of Lord Pauncefote It was very brief, and only the members of the Ambassador's family and the Em bassy staff were present. Bishop Sat-teries and Condjutor Bishop Mackay Smith officiated,

NEW YORK, May 27 .- Fire today in the terminal warehouse at Sixty-sixth atreet and 128th avenue caused a loss of \$150,000 to buildings and their contents.

Court Notes.

Judge Bellinger will call the docket in the United States Court this morning at 10 o'clock and set down cases for jury trial

Thomas Dobson was appointed adminis trator of the costate of his brother, Henry Dobson, deceased, valued at \$10,000. The heirs are Thomas and John Dobson, Ellen Devlin, and Harry, John and William

also by the condition of the ruined houses in St. Pierre. According to the testimony of some persons, there was an accom panying flame. Others think the incandescent cinders and the force of their ejection were sufficient to cause the destruction. This must be investigated. I am now following the nature of this. This is the first positive scientific st state ment based on observation. Professor Hill has now started on horseback for the volcano. He will study the whole

affected area, and will try to get to both craters. He will surely visit Morne Rouge and the slope of Mont Pelee. The undertaking is very hazardous, as explo-sions may occur at any moment, as one did May 20. Professor Hill knows the risk he takes, but says the only way to discover exactly what has happened is

to go to the crater itself or as near it as Fort de France is nearly deserted. A new source of fright is the fear that a tidal wave may come. A wave eight feet high would certainly destroy Fort de

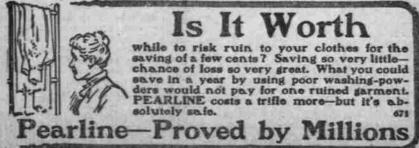
France and probably cause enormous loss of life. The weather is lowering and rainy. The south winds carry the smoke and ashes from the volcano away from Fort de France.

Pelee Again in Eruption. FORT DE FRANCE, Island of Martin-ique, Monday, May M.-Mount Pelee is again in eruption. Huge inky black clouds are rolling over Fort de France in great masses, in which there are peculiar great masses, in which there are pecuai-ity vivid lightning flashes. The inhabit-ants are now flocking into the great square of the town. If the domonstra-tion increases, a panic is imminent. A heavy surf has been beating on the

shore for the last two hours, and an enormous, greyish yellow cloud, at a great height, is dimly visible in the direction of Mount Pelee. The night is intensely dark, and the stars are only faintly visi

Fort de France is in no danger from the





Men's Velour Calf, worth \$2.50. \$1.48 Men's Finest Welts, in Vici and Will Calf, regular \$5.09 shoes, C2 \$3.38

at \$3,38 Boys' and Youth's Kangaroo \$1,28 Calf, worth \$2.50, at. \$980 Little Gents' Nobby Shoe, 980 worth \$2.00, at. These are all up-to-date 1992 goods. -Do not confound this sale with so-called closing-out sales, etc. This is a legiti-mate sale. We must raise the money necessary to satisfy our creditors' claima.

This Ten-Day Sale Positively Closes Saturday Night, May 31

A.E.NathanCo. 107 FIRST ST.

Bet. Washington and Stark Sts. PORTLAND, OR.

Mail orders carefully filled. Railroad fare paid on all purchases of \$25.00 or over.

here and ashes and stones begin to fall, There are no noises from the volcano at resent

9 P. M .- For the space of one hour flames rose from the crater to the height of 150 meters. The crater seemed to be about 300 meters in diameter.

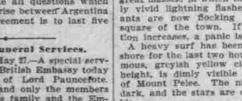
Ashes Fell at Dominica.

ROSEAU, Island of Dominica, R. W. L. May 27.-During the whole of last night ashes from the volcano on the Island of quantities Martinique fell here in greater than has been experienced since the outbreak of Mount Pelee.

To Prevent an Epidemic. PARIS, May 27.-In order to avoid a possible epidemic among the 7000 refugees now at Fort de France, it has been decided to distribute them among a number

of depots. Martinique Cable Is Working.

NEW YORK, May 27 .- The French Ca-Company today issued the following notice:



Panacefote Funeral Services.

Bad Warehouse Fire.