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4x5	Cycle camera, extremely fine, extra S. R. lens, rack and pinion, double swings, fine case, plug-lined.	\$30.00	\$15.00
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Rev. J. R. McKee.
DANVILLE, Ky., May 23.—Rev. J. R. McKee, professor emeritus of Center College, and one of the best known Presbyterian teachers and preachers in the South, died today from the effects of a carbuncle on the neck. He was 75 years of age.

Jacob Clute.
NEW YORK, May 23.—Jacob Clute, a veteran of the Mexican War, and widely known as a horseman, is dead at his home in Brooklyn.

Justice George P. Andrews.
NEW YORK, May 23.—Supreme Justice George P. Andrews died at his home in this city at 2:35 o'clock this morning, in his 60th year.

LEFT AS IT WAS

Federated Trades Out
of Strike.

ONLY INDORSED ACTION

Building Trades Council Must
Handle It.

NO GENERAL TIE-UP ORDERED

Strikers Are Promised Moral and
Financial Aid, but Their Fight Is
Placed in Hands of Building
Trades Council.

The action of the Building Trades Council in calling out all of its men was indorsed by the Federated Trades Council at their meeting last night, and the entire management of the strike placed in the hands of the Building Trades Council. The Federated Trades Council decided not to take any active part in the contest, but heartily to indorse every movement the Building Trades Council might make and to render them every assistance within their power, by taking any action required and by giving them financial support.

"It is their fight," said a prominent officer, "and we will let them handle it as they choose. We can be counted upon, however, to give them our unanimous support, and I promise you the planning mill men will get their nine-hour day before they give in."

The conservative element has been asserting itself among the union leaders during the past two days. Shortly after the walkout "a general strike" was the sentiment proclaimed by the majority. Yesterday the talk of radical action had greatly abated, and many thought the best policy to pursue was to allow the men to return to their work and declare a general boycott upon the mills in question. The proceedings of last night's meeting were kept secret, but as near as can be gathered the idea of a general strike did not figure prominently in the discussion. The great question of debate was, "Shall we order the men now out back to their work, or shall we leave the matter as it now stands and indorse the action of the Building Trades Council?" The latter course was adopted.

Injunction Is Discussed.
The matter of the injunction served upon the Amalgamated Woodworkers was brought up, but it was the general opinion that such a sweeping injunction cannot be sustained, and that such as can be sustained will not materially weaken the strikers' cause.

It was also decided to take immediate action toward boycotting all the products from the mills in question, everywhere in the United States where labor is organized.

Just what effect the action of the Federated Trades Council will have upon the strike situation cannot be said, as the officers of the Building Trades Council refuse to make any statement concerning their plans. There is no reason to believe, however, that the men will be allowed to return to work for some time.

"I promise you the men will not go back to work tomorrow," said Secretary Lewton, of the Building Trades Council, as he was pressed for a statement by a reporter. "Tomorrow the executive board will meet, and I will not say what action we will take."

"Do you know yet?" he was asked.
"Yes, sir," was the unhesitating reply, "and maybe we will announce it tomorrow."

Crowd Attends Meeting.
The regular meeting hall of the Federated Trades Council was so crowded that it was impossible to carry on the business, and the services of the A. O. U. W. hall were engaged and the meeting adjourned to more spacious quarters. Delegates to

Contents of Today's Paper.
Congress.
Dubois spoke in the Senate on the Philippine bill. Page 2.
The House devoted the day to private pension bills. Page 2.
Both houses adjourned until Monday. Page 2.
Appropriations for Oregon improvements. Page 2.

Foreign.
The worst eruption of Mount Pelee is yet to come. Page 1.
The war in South Africa is practically ended. Page 3.
Loubet leaves Russia for France. Page 3.

Domestic.
The President attended a luncheon on the Gaults. Page 2.
Miss Lopez petitions for the release of her brother, who was deported from Luzon. Page 2.
The Presbyterian Assembly goes on record against card-playing. Page 3.
Young Corbett bested Kid Broad at Denver. Page 3.

Pacific Coast.
Robert Andrews elected grand master of the Oregon Odd Fellows, and Mrs. Atwood president of the Rebekah degree. Page 4.
Terrible disaster at Fernie, B. C., by which from 125 to 150 lives were lost. Page 1.
Washington, D. C., interested in approaching Oregon election. Page 5.

Marine.
Portland exporters will dispatch a record-breaking cargo of oats for South Africa. Page 12.
Steamship Ventnor completes a big lumber cargo for Siberia. Page 12.
Coasting craft are unusually busy. Page 12.

Portland and Vicinity.
University of Oregon defeats Eugene in dual athletic meet. Page 5.
Butte defeats Portland at baseball by score of 4 to 0. Page 5.
Shooting affray in Chinatown. Page 14.
Federated Trades indorse the strike and call out no more unions. Page 1.

the council occupied the main floor, and conducted the business while visitors from the various unions sat in the gallery and listened with eager interest to every suggestion bearing upon the subject which was of such vital importance to each one of them. Frequent bursts of applause showed that the excitement was waxing high, and the great length of the meeting showed that much difference of opinion existed as to the proper course of action. Nothing was given out authoritatively, but it is concluded from various remarks heard, that the delegates of the Building Trades Council were not satisfied with the course proposed by the Federated Trades, and that the great point of discussion was whether the men be ordered back to work or whether the Federated Trades Council assist the Building Trades Council and indorse their action.

"They asked us to come out, and now they don't want to support us," said a brick mason, who left the meeting early. "The woodworkers are affiliated with them, and not with us, yet they want to put the whole fight on our shoulders." "That the various unions will support the issue there seems little doubt."

"I will give half of my wages every week," said a member of the painters' union, "and will keep it up as long as it is needed."

The machinists' union offered to give anything from \$1 to \$3 per man per week

as long as asked. A large number of the delegates pledged that their unions would give all the financial support needed.

Moral and Financial Support Assured.
The Federated Trades will undoubtedly render all the moral and financial support within its power to help the cause, but it is doubted by many if this council would call out its union if asked.

"How far will your support go?" the secretary was asked.

"We'll dig in our pockets if necessary to help the strikers."

"Yes, but you will do all you can to assist the Building Trades to win their fight," said the reporter.

"Yes," said he emphatically.

"Will you call out more unions if they ask you to?"

"I do not wish to state," said he.

The action of the Federated Trades Council last night relieves the apprehension of a general strike, and it is now safe to suppose that no more unions will be called out unless there are unforeseen developments.

KILLED BY A BULL.

Death of the Builder of the Cook Monument in Hawaii.

HONOLULU, May 23.—Robert Lishman, the builder of the historic monument on Kealahou shore, in honor of Captain Cook, the English explorer, was killed by an angry bull at his home in this city last Monday. He was an old resident of the islands. He was born in Northumberland, England, 71 years ago. He was the architect of many well-known structures here.

Judges Gear and Hume have given a decision to the effect that under the statute there is no authority for more than one session of court in the first circuit at a time. There are three judges in the circuit, the last Legislature having provided for a third, owing to the accumulation of business, but it is held that the wording of the law is such as to provide for only one court.

The Board of Health and Bishop Gulsar, of the Catholic mission, after considerable correspondence and a contro-

verbal trip to St. Pierre today with another party of scientists. She found the conditions there unchanged from yesterday. The top of the mountain was clearly visible for a considerable time.

Capitalist McLean, of the cruiser Cincinnati, who has carefully observed Mount Pelee, agrees with other experts in reporting that a new crater has been formed below the old one. In the new crater there is a great cinder cone, more than 100 feet high, from which steam and volcanic matter is constantly pouring.

It is now the unanimous opinion of the scientists that this is an explosive volcano, no real lava or molten rock material having been emitted, only mud, steam, gas and fragments of the old crater beds. The scientists compare the mountain's outflow to the steam of a boiler in which the pressure rises to bursting point, and they think it possible that a more violent outbreak may occur. They remark that the explosions have occurred at progressively longer intervals and that they also have been progressively more violent. There have been three light eruptions of ash, May 5 there was an overflow of mud which caused the destruction of Usine Guerin; May 8 there was the outbreak which destroyed St. Pierre, and May 20, or after an interval of 12 days, the last tremendous outbreak occurred.

A period of rest is now on, and one of two things may happen. The pressure may be confined for a still longer period and then explode with still greater violence, spreading destruction over a vast area, or the mountain may remain on the quietest for another half century.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon the sky was clear and the population was calm, but despite this favorable change in the situation many families left Port au Prince by the French steamers Versailles and Ville de Tager for the island of Trinidad and Cayenne, French Guiana. This, with the 1300 persons who have gone to the island of Guadeloupe, and many others who have sought refuge at St. Lucia and other islands, has lessened the population considerably. Besides these, some 3000 people have left for the southern parts of the island of Martinique, where 3000 refugees have now assembled.

This desertion of Port au Prince has resulted in the disorganization of many trades. A number of bakers have been

compelled to close their stores, owing to the fact that their employees are among those who have fled.

The French cruiser Tager, having Admiral Servan on board, arrived here yesterday afternoon. She reported that Mount Pelee now presents more alarming prospects. The clouds of smoke leaving the crater mingle with the clouds in the sky and do not have the threatening aspect they formerly had. A new crater has formed in the vicinity of Ajoupa Bouillon. The Tager left New Orleans May 11 with money and supplies for the Martinique sufferers, contributed by the citizens of New Orleans.

A locality known as Camaguey is causing a good deal of anxiety at present. The Capote River is running with hot water.

The French cruiser D'Assas has arrived here from Brest, having on board the

French Government relief commission and large supplies of money and provisions.

Opposed to Evacuation.

PARIS, May 23.—A dispatch received here from the Governor of Martinique, dated yesterday, read as follows:

"Have consulted with the Council of the Colonies on the partial or total evacuation of the island. They are unanimous in declaring the measure is not justifiable at present. A trans-Atlantic line steamship now undergoing repairs here might be utilized to transport those who are desirous of emigrating. About 1000 persons are leaving by the steamer Versailles and others are sailing on the Ville de Tager for Trinidad and Cayenne. There have been no new fatalities."

New Crater Forming.

PORT DE FRANCE, May 23, 3 P. M.—It is reported on seemingly reliable authority that a new crater is forming at Ajoupa Bouillon, which lies on the side of the mountain opposite to St. Pierre, with its northern face toward the Atlantic. A huge fissure is said to have opened there, which is vomiting gases and volcanic matter similar to those thrown out from the crater at the summit. The volcano is now throwing off large quantities of ashes. These fell upon boats which were coming to Port de France this morning

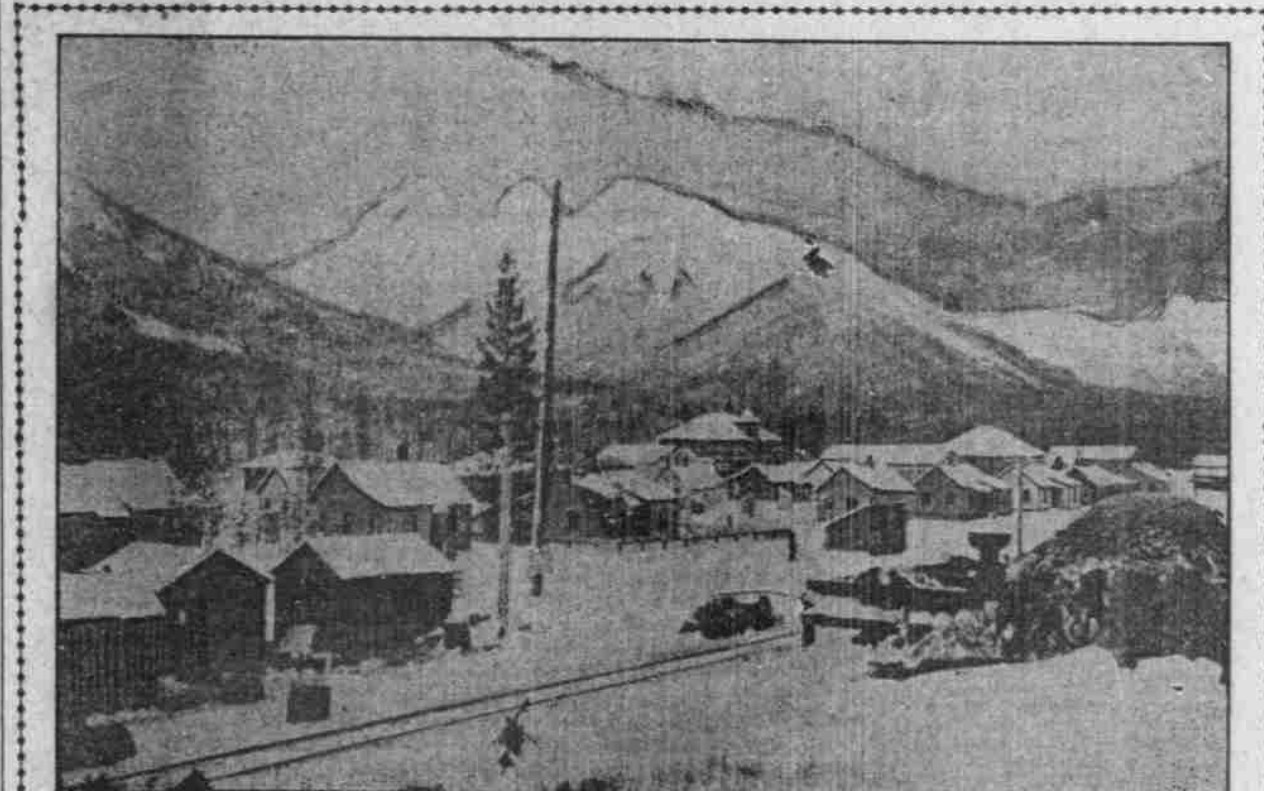
WORST YET TO COME

Next Eruption of Mount Pelee
Will Be the Greatest,

ACCORDING TO SCIENTISTS

They Class It as an Explosive Volcano, Whose Outbreaks Will Grow
in Intensity—Evacuation
of Martinique.

PORT DE FRANCE, Thursday, May 22.—A torrential downpour of rain in the morning washed off the ashes from the vegetation on the mountain. The United States ship Potomac made



MINING TOWN OF FERNIE, B. C., SCENE OF THE COALMINE DISASTER.

her usual trip to St. Pierre today with another party of scientists. She found the conditions there unchanged from yesterday. The top of the mountain was clearly visible for a considerable time.

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