

YOUNG MEN RALLY

South Portland Republicans Open Campaign.

LOYALTY TO TICKET PLEDGED

Enthusiasm for W. J. Furnish, George H. Williams and Henry E. McGinnis the keynote-candidates and others make speeches.

Enthusiasm and harmony characterized the opening of the Republican city campaign at Cape's Hall in South Portland last evening. The occasion was a meeting of the Young Men's Republican Club, at which addresses were made by Judge L. R. Webster, T. J. Cleaton, W. W. Banks, W. A. Storey, H. W. Hogue, and others. The first mentioned the name of Judge George H. Williams, the Republican nominee for Mayor, was received with an outburst of tremendous applause, and other repetition of the name called forth a repetition of the demonstration. Owing to other engagements made before he had noticed that he was expected to be present, Judge Williams could not attend. Henry McGinnis, nominee for State Senator, was also detained, but sent a letter, which was read amid wild outbursts of enthusiastic approval. It was manifest throughout the meeting that the young Republicans of South Portland are in the campaign to take a leading and effective part.

Cape's Hall was filled to standing-room when the meeting was called to order at 8:30 o'clock. Through the addresses and musical numbers occupied two and a half hours, the audience remained and gave close attention throughout. The club closed its session by serving refreshments to its guests. The success of this, its first open meeting, gives assurance that every subsequent meeting will witness a crowded house.

Address by H. W. Hogue.
The meeting was called to order by President W. R. Lillis, with E. J. Murphy acting as secretary. Thirty-four new members were elected and minor business transacted, after which the program of the evening was taken up. H. W. Hogue, Republican nominee for Municipal Judge, was the first speaker. Mr. Hogue said that he has never been charged with being a stump speaker and would assure his audience that this is his first offense. For the reason that he is a candidate for a judicial office, he said he would not discuss matters relating directly to himself, but would speak upon other subjects. Among other things he said:

"We have just had laid before us a proposed new charter for the City of Portland. The charter is a masterpiece of commission of able men, after weeks of careful and painstaking work. It was formulated only after thorough study had been made of the charters of other cities on the Pacific Coast. It is a masterpiece of the best plans of municipal government that could be considered practicable in Portland. Among the new features of the charter which especially commend it to the people and taxpayers of Portland are its very complete and comprehensive provisions regarding street improvements. I have yet to hear of any persons who are opposed to the charter, so I need hardly say anything in behalf of its adoption, but trust you will all make it your duty to read and understand and become familiar with its provisions."

Expressing confidence in the adoption of the charter, as well as the success of the Republican ticket, Mr. Hogue closed his address amid a generous round of applause.

Letter from Judge Henry E. McGinnis.
Secretary E. J. Murphy then read the following letter from Judge Henry E. McGinnis, who was unavoidably detained from attending the meeting. The reading of the letter was heartily applauded:

Mr. W. R. Lillis, President of Young Men's Republican Club, City—My Dear Sir: Personal matters of my own compel me to forego the pleasure of being with you and the club of which you are president at the meeting to be held this evening. The Oregonian which brought me the news that I was expected to be with you also conveyed to me the welcome information that you are all united in the support of the nominees of the recent state and city and county conventions of the Republican party. This splendid exhibition of loyalty to our party and its principles deserves more than passing notice.

It is a matter of common knowledge to those who have lived for any time in this country that the Republican party has been rent with dissension since 1890. The reasons for this dissension were not in the party, no faction of the party is free from blame. It was felt, however, on all hands that if a primary law was enacted which should take the election matter out of the hands of private committees of the party and place it in the hands of public officers, thereby insuring an honest vote and a fair count, that factional differences would cease and an obedience to this general demand the Legislature Assembly at its last session passed the law which enabled us to hold the first fair primary ever conducted in this country, and not contented by any one connected with the losing faction that they were not honorably defeated in every way.

It is not a matter of advantage was unduly taken of them. From no quarter has there been complaint. As the outcome of that primary was nominated the Republican ticket, and city and county tickets, can there, then, be any question where the allegiance of one, calling himself a Republican, belongs? I think not. If we would mirror the example of the Republican party triumphant, if we would say to the Nation that Oregon still believes in the traditions and teachings of the Republican party. This can only be brought about by the election of the Republican state, city and county tickets.

As young men, just commencing your political careers, you are to be congratulated on the stand you have taken. Your course will do much towards ending the unhappy factional quarrels which have been a curse to our political life. Insist everywhere that if one is a Republican this is the time for him to show it, and let it be known that in politics, as in religion, the rule holds good, "By their fruits ye shall know them."

I fear I have already imposed upon you with this letter. I shall at all times be ready and willing to assist you in any way possible to bring about the success of the party we so much love. I am, with great respect, your devoted servant. HENRY E. MCGINNIS.

Mr. Thomas Brown entertained the audience for a few moments with some very pretty rapid clubswinging, after which W. A. Storey, nominee for Sheriff, was introduced. The name of Mr. Storey was greeted with approving applause, about by Mr. Storey spoke briefly, expressing his approval of the new city charter. Among other things he commended was the provision which places the power in the hands of the Mayor, thus giving that official control of the Police Department, for which he must be responsible.

He said that in Portland today there are two parties—the Republican and Democratic. "You may call the Democratic ticket what you please, but it is a Democratic ticket just the same. In the contest that is now on, I expect to see the Republican ticket go through without a scratch, headed by the name of W. J. Furnish."

Cheers for W. J. Furnish.
The mention of the name of Furnish was received with cheers, which disclosed in no uncertain manner the loyalty of the members of the club.

Leonel R. Webster was introduced and addressed the club upon the local issues. In the course of his remarks he referred to Judge George H. Williams, who was unable to be present because of other engagements, and said:

"It was a proud day for the Republicans

of Portland when this honored gentleman consented to allow his name to be placed at the head of the city ticket as a candidate for Mayor. And I wish to say to you now that though Judge Williams is old in years and in experience, yet in energy and vigor he is still young and in his prime. Talk of defeating Judge Williams—and I have heard some men talk of defeating him—if it were even possible for him to fall of election to the office of Mayor, every Republican in Oregon should go and bang his head in shame and disgrace."

Judge Webster expressed his opinion of the policy of the Democratic party by telling a story of a negro boy who plunged into a stream to pull out a white boy who had fallen in and was about to be drowned. A passer by said: "You must think a good deal of that boy to risk your life to save him." "Oh, no," responded the negro, "I don't care for him, but he's got my ball in his pocket." And so with the Democrats, said Judge Webster. They don't care for the disgruntled Republicans, except that they think those Republicans, by their votes, have some bait for them in the form of office.

Judge Webster contended that this is a government of majorities, and that the majority must rule in the party primaries, and at the polls, and the minority must yield.

Speech of W. W. Banks.
W. W. Banks, nominee for the Legislature, was called for. After explaining that he had resided in South Portland ever since the secretary of the club was in the Democratic camp, he declared in a very able manner the party principles involved in this campaign. Upon the question of organized labor he said: "I believe that laborers should organize for their protection, for if they don't organize, they are on their own. No one will organize for them. I believe I can say that if the Republican candidates are elected, the laboring men can secure anything they can agree upon among themselves—not that the Republican candidates are ready to support any policy, but because I feel certain that the laboring men will not agree upon anything but that which is for the best interests of the whole people."

Mr. Banks said that he had heard it said that the coming election is to be decided by the young men. If that be true, he felt certain of his own election. That the young men of the club agreed with him was attested by the cries of "That's right" and the long demonstration that followed the close of his address.

Discussion of the Issues.
T. J. Cleaton was the next speaker. He said that the paramount issue of this campaign is whether we shall go forward or backward—whether we shall endorse the policy of industrial development, sound finances, National honor and expansion, or the policy of business stagnation, National disgrace and scuttles. He held that the question of commerce and expansion is involved, and that the Republican party is the exponent of the policy of extending our commerce. He expressed the opinion that there is no dissension among Republicans for if there be any who profess to be Republicans who are opposing the Republican candidates, they are not Republicans in fact.

Besides these addresses, brief remarks were made by George Watson, nominee for Assessor; J. C. Jameson, nominee for City Treasurer; and Frank C. Barnes, nominee for County Commissioner.

At the close of the meeting the bagpipes and solos were rendered by Messrs. Zan Fitzsimmons and Cooley. The very entertaining meeting closed with a "bottle royal" between four young men who were present. After the adjournment refreshments were served.

VACANCIES ARE FILLED.

Both Republicans and Democrats File Their Tickets.
Both the Republican and the fusion county tickets have been filed in the office of the County Clerk, and also the acceptance of all of the nominees. Vacancies were filled on the fusion ticket as follows:

Sidney Smyth and A. P. Velguth, nominated for Representatives in place of Robert Krohn and J. A. Bushman, resigned. Smyth is a contractor and Velguth is a cabinetmaker. Isaac L. White was placed on the ticket for County Treasurer, in place of B. S. Reilly, resigned. For joint Representative, W. F. Young, of Clackamas County, has been nominated; for Justice of the Peace, Multnomah district, P. H. Roork; for Constable, Clatsop County, J. E. Blackburn.

The Republican county ticket has been completed by the following: For Constable, Multnomah, W. H. Powell; for Justice of the Peace, Clatsop, S. A. Baybrook; No. 1, William G. Wallace; No. 14, D. V. Hart. For Justice, Mount Tabor, Thomas Graham.

Independent nominations for the office of Road Commissioner have been filed as follows: District No. 1, J. W. Cook, John Helmeke, R. H. Love; No. 4, Samuel Bauman; No. 5, S. I. Ogden; No. 6, Henry Chapman; George Spring, James Kopchak; No. 8, Martin Kronenberg; No. 12, Carl Nelson; No. 13, Ernest A. Graf.

VICTORY SURE IN COLUMBIA.

Republican Ticket Will Carry by Three Hundred Majority.

J. B. Godfrey, of St. Helens Republican Congressional committee from Columbia County, was in Portland yesterday. In speaking of the political situation in his part of the state, Mr. Godfrey said:

"The Republican ticket will carry Columbia County by at least 300 majority, according to present indications, and I think the conditions are steadily improving. Some of the candidates on the ticket will receive more than 200 majority. There are few Republicans who are dissatisfied with any part of the ticket—not to exceed half a dozen are talking against any candidates. These few are sore over political disappointment, but think that if they will only conclude to vote the ticket straight, Columbia County has always been a strong supporter of the Republican nominees, and we won't hurt our record this time."

"We have a good Legislative ticket and will elect it by more than the party majority."

Polk is Surely Republican.
State Senator B. F. Mulkey, of Monmouth, who is in the city on a short business trip, says that Polk County will not be found wanting when the Republican majorities are figured up. He declares that George L. Hawley, candidate for Representative, will be re-elected, and that B. F. Jones, of Toledo, Republican candidate for Joint Representative from Lincoln and Polk, will have no difficulty in carrying Polk County, as well as his own against J. M. Simpson, the Democratic nominee, who aspires for re-election.

Mr. Mulkey says that inasmuch as Hon. W. J. Furnish spent his boyhood days in Polk County, where he still has hosts of friends, his nomination is particularly pleasing to the people there, and he looks for a handsome Furnish majority.

Over 40,000 Furnish Buttons.
More than 40,000 Furnish buttons have already been sent out from the headquarters of the Republican State Central Committee, and there are loud demands for more from all quarters of the state. Hundreds of these little trophies are being sent out in every mail, and more than 10,000 will have been distributed by May 15.

No County Headquarters.
The city and county Republican managing committee has not opened headquarters and probably will not do so unless it be for the last two weeks of the campaign. Secretary Frank S. Grant can be found every evening at room 3 in the city headquarters in the Benson block.

TO DREDGE OUT RIVER

PLANS DISCUSSED BY PORT OF PORTLAND COMMISSION.

Protest Received From Taxpayers' League at Raising \$220,000 for Dredge at One Levy.

At the meeting of the Port of Portland Commission yesterday afternoon estimates for the proposed dredging at the different bars in the Willamette and Columbia Rivers for a distance of about 53 miles below Portland were submitted by Superintendent Kelley, of the dredge Portland. At the same time the levy for the dredge for this year. The bar at Slaughter's has showed a great deal and increased in length, both up and down stream, during the winter.

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for the heater and \$40 for the pump. Mr. Lockwood also recommended that the time of the Portland Shipbuilding Company, which is engaged in work on the new dredge, be extended 23 days, as the company had been delayed that length of time by the non-arrival of the steel trusses. Both reports were adopted.

HE WILL SOON ACT.

Kr. Harriman Considers Lewis and Clark Subscription.

In answer to the telegram sent Thursday by H. W. Scott, chairman of the Lewis and Clark transportation committee, to Chairman Fenton, of the ways and means committee, who is in San Francisco, the following telegram was received yesterday:

San Francisco, May 2.—H. W. Scott, Portland, to the Lewis and Clark transportation committee, early action is anticipated. WILLIAM D. FENTON.

This was in response to the following telegram:

The unmerciful drubbing which George E. Chamberlain received from Senator C. W. Fulton in his speech at Ashland Thursday evening, was one of the chief topics of discussion in political circles yesterday. It was generally said that the Chamberlain boom had received some pretty serious punctures, and even the Democrats are dismayed to find how many untenable positions Chamberlain has taken. It was thought that his experience on the stump would have enabled him to foresee the exposure of the defects in his address, but it would seem that he went upon the assumption that whatever he said would be accepted by the people without question or investigation. Perhaps he thought that his readiness as a stump speaker and the want of experience in this particular on the part of Mr. Fulton would enable him to place before the people either by direct statement or by implication statements which would not accord with the record. As soon as it was announced that Fulton would take the stump, it was felt that Chamberlain's arguments would be fully answered, but no one supposed that the Democratic nominee for Governor had left himself open to attack at so many and such vital points. From the standpoint of practical politics, it is believed that Chamberlain made his most serious error when he made the general promise of a lopping off of legislative appropriations. While this is a vote catcher as a glittering generality, the challenge he has received to be more specific and point out the appropriations he would cut off has put him in a very serious position. He cannot ignore the challenge, for that would be a direct confession that his economy talk was put up for no other purpose than to catch votes. If he attempts to specify the expenses he will cut off, so as to make any material reduction in state taxes, he will get into no end of trouble. The people are now prepared to veto the next appropriation for normal schools, he will have votes from the four corners of the state clattering about his ears. If he raises his hand against the scalp bounty law, as it now exists, Eastern Oregon will tell him to go "back and sit down." If he points his big pencil at the National Guard appropriation, all the people who belong to the citizen soldiers will draw their swords and proceed to pierce his political anatomy. And so it will be through the whole list.

It is the general opinion that Chamberlain made a grave mistake in boasting of his new record in conducting the business of his office without additional help, when the records show that he has been getting help all the while, and the bill for that expense amounting to \$6000 was before the Legislature for an appropriation session after session. This lapse of memory on the part of Chamberlain will impress upon the minds of the people were utter buncumb of his campaign assertions. These two bad breaks of Mr. Chamberlain's have caused his friends the most concern, but they are also troubled over the probable effect of his refusal to stand on the party platform. The fact that the Democratic State Convention deliberately declared in favor of independence of the Philippines is evidence that large numbers of Democrats believe in that policy, though many do not. By rejecting the plain declaration of his party, Mr. Chamberlain has lost the confidence of many Democrats, and will lose some of their votes. His course in this respect is cited as proof of the

message sent by direction of the Lewis and Clark board of directors:

It would not be practicable for you to have a conference with Mr. Harriman, first consulting with Mr. Mohler and Mr. Knobel, as to subscription for Lewis and Clark Centennial? It is important that we should know at once what railroad is likely to do. H. W. SCOTT, Chairman Transportation Committee.

Mr. Fenton's assurance that the matter is receiving careful consideration gives ground for the expectation that the Lewis and Clark celebration will receive fair treatment from Mr. Harriman's lines. The sum that was asked of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific systems is \$80,000. The railroad subscribed \$10,000 for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition—one-fifth of the sum subscribed by the citizens of St. Louis. Portland citizens expect to raise \$50,000, and the railroads will pay \$100,000 if they subscribe in the same ratio as they did at St. Louis. Of this it is estimated that the Harriman lines should properly subscribe \$50,000 and the other lines \$50,000. No considerable subscription is expected from railroads that do not reach Oregon.

Secretary Reed yesterday received sealed proposals for sites for the Lewis and Clark expedition, and also the sealed opinion of City Engineer Chase on the suitability of the City Park for the fair. On none of these will the seal be broken until there has been a meeting of the executive committee.

PERSONAL MENTION.

F. M. Flye, who owns and operates a large salmon cannery at Marshfield, is in the city.

Dr. James Withcombe, of the Oregon Agricultural College, came down from Corvallis last evening, and will spend Saturday in Portland.

David Davis, editor of the Oregonist, at St. Helens, was in the city yesterday. He is the Republican candidate for Clerk of Columbia County.

Judge John F. Caples will go to Hopperville, Mo., this evening, to launch the Williamson Congressional campaign at that place this evening.

George H. Kelly, of Eugene, one of the proprietors of the Booth-Kelly Lumber Company, returned to this city yesterday after a short business trip through the Gray's Harbor country.

W. F. Butcher, Democratic nominee for Congressman in the second district, left for Hood River last evening, where he will open his campaign tonight. He will return to Portland to spend Sunday.

Judge J. W. Hamilton and wife came in from Roseburg last evening and are at the Portland Hotel. Judge Hamilton came to attend the special meeting of the board of regents of the University of Oregon.

J. H. Raley, Democratic candidate for Attorney-General, returned last evening from Southern Oregon, where he has been in the interest of his campaign. He leaves this morning for his home at Pendleton.

N. L. Butler, of Monmouth, came down today to attend today's meeting of the Board of Regents of the University of Oregon. Mr. Butler is the Democratic candidate for Representative from Polk County.

Charles Chamberlain, son of George E. Chamberlain, has returned from San Francisco, having completed his junior year at Cooper Medical College. He will spend the summer in this city, studying hospital methods, and will return to Cooper in October.

Vincent Barber, of this city, who has just finished his first year's work at the United States Military Academy, ranked first in mathematics and military drill in the recent examination. His older brother, John R. Barber, will be graduated next month from the medical department of the University of Chicago.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Northwestern people registered at New York hotels today as follows: From Portland—E. T. Scott and wife, the Waldorf. From Grants Pass—W. Bailey, at the Olney. From Spokane—B. N. White, at the Victoria; J. W. Douglas, at the Fifth Avenue. From Seattle—Jaffe and wife, Miss Jaffe, at the Albert.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. W. W. Aldrich will sail on the Kaiserin Maria Theresa tomorrow for Italy.

BAD BREAKS BY GEORGE C.

HOW MR. FULTON PIERCED THE CANDIDATE'S ARMOR.

Will He Kindly Tell Where He Is Going to Begin When He Lays Off Appropriations?

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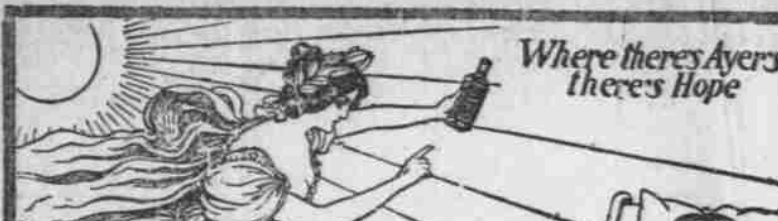
J. H. Raley, Democratic candidate for Attorney-General, returned last evening from Southern Oregon, where he has been in the interest of his campaign. He leaves this morning for his home at Pendleton.

N. L. Butler, of Monmouth, came down today to attend today's meeting of the Board of Regents of the University of Oregon. Mr. Butler is the Democratic candidate for Representative from Polk County.

Charles Chamberlain, son of George E. Chamberlain, has returned from San Francisco, having completed his junior year at Cooper Medical College. He will spend the summer in this city, studying hospital methods, and will return to Cooper in October.

Vincent Barber, of this city, who has just finished his first year's work at the United States Military Academy, ranked first in mathematics and military drill in the recent examination. His older brother, John R. Barber, will be graduated next month from the medical department of the University of Chicago.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. W. W. Aldrich will sail on the Kaiserin Maria Theresa tomorrow for Italy.



Where there's life there's hope

Never give up. Even if you have been trying a Sarsaparilla and have not improved. It's not the slightest reason why "Ayer's" will not cure