

PANIC IN A FACTORY

Eight Cigar Girls Killed and Several Seriously Hurt

CAUSED BY JANITOR'S ACCIDENT

Employees Became Terror Stricken and Made a Mad Rush to Escape Down a Narrow Passage Way.

A thousand girl cigarmakers in a Philadelphia factory were thrown into a panic by an elevator accident. In their frantic efforts to get out of the building, eight were killed and many seriously hurt.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—An unfortunate accident to a dumb and dumber, Isador Bacucus, was today directly responsible for the death of eight girls and young women, the total injury of three others and the serious injury of more than two score of girls employed in the cigar factory of Harburger, Homan & Co., a branch of the American Tobacco company, located at Tenth street and Washington avenue. The dead are: JOHANNA GILLEY, aged 22; MARY GENOVA, aged 15 years; HELEN LOLLINA, aged 12; ELIZABETH TARTIN, aged 12; ANNIE ROSSNEIDER, aged 13; LOUISE DESNEPI, aged 15; IDA GREEN, aged 15; ANNIE FORD, aged 13.

Those fatally injured are: Mary Mesino, injured internally, skull fractured; Josephine Oronco, injured internally; unidentified woman, fractured skull; the injuries of the others consist mainly of bruises about the body and fractured limbs. The building in which the disaster occurred is a five-story brick structure, and occupies an entire block. At the time of the accident, 90 per cent of whom were girls whose ages range from 12 years upward. The trouble began on the fourth floor of the structure. The elevator was at the top of the shaft, and Bacucus, janitor of the building, pulled the rope to bring it down. He opened the door, stepped on the shaft and leaned forward to see where the carriage was. As he did so, the elevator, which was descending slowly, struck him across the back of the neck, phoning his head between the elevator and the floor. A stock boy released Bacucus and cried for help. The foreman rushed from the building to call an ambulance, and in less than five minutes a panic among the employees. Some of the younger girls fainted, while others, not being able to control their feelings, cried "Fire."

Mad Rush to Escape. Instantly there was a mad rush for the stairway leading into Tenth street. The girls rushed down the narrow staircase until they reached a bend in the exit between the second and third floors. In their eagerness to escape, the frightened leaders fell. Others immediately following tripped over the struggling mass of humanity, and in less than five minutes there were hundreds of children and young women struggling in the passage-way. The shrieks and screams of terror-stricken girls could be heard for a block or more. During the excitement an alarm of fire was turned in, but before the engines could reach the scene, several of the occupants of the building had rushed to the windows and jumped. Helin Lollina, one of those who jumped, was almost instantly killed.

When the firemen and policemen arrived, every effort was made to guard the terrorized girls. The firemen rushed up the stairway and begged the girls to be calm, telling them that the fire was not near. The sight of the firemen seemed only to add to their terror. While the policemen and firemen were endeavoring to quiet the girls on the stairway, ladders were being run up on the building, and the workmen employed who had climbed onto the fire escape and window ledges were quickly enabled to check the awful crush on the stairway and to return to their work. Crushed those who had been trampled and crushed between the second and third floors.

The alarm for ambulances had been turned in and as quick as the dead and wounded could be carried to the building, they were hurried to hospitals. The number of ambulances was entirely inadequate for the work, and the work was done by using to carry the victims away for treatment.

While this was going on the scene about the structure was being tended. Parents and relatives of the unfortunate girls were screaming and rushing about the streets like mad, and it was almost impossible for the policemen to restrain the mothers and relatives of supposed victims from entering the building. The work of rescuing the girls from the windows was very hard. They were so excited that they did not seem to heed the pleadings of the firemen. At nearly every window of the huge structure were girls crying for help. The panic was over in less than half an hour.

Pittsburg Disaster Victims. CAIRO, Ill., April 30.—Forty-nine bodies of the victims of the City of Pittsburg disaster have been recovered. The bodies now being found cannot be identified.

COAL MINERS' WAGE SCALE

Dispute Referred Back to the Civic Federation.

NEW YORK, April 30.—After spending two days in endeavoring to arrive at a settlement of their differences, the operators and representatives of the United Mineworkers of America, who were brought together by the good offices of the National Civic Federation, have again referred their troubles to the committee on conciliation of that body. When the committee will meet for the purpose of taking the matter up had not up to a late hour tonight been definitely settled, but the probability is that the meeting will take place either Friday or Saturday of the present week.

When the committee of operators and representatives of the union adjourned, a statement was given out which left the general public as much in the dark as the situation as before the negotiations began. Not a scrap of official or authentic information was obtainable to show what progress, if any, had been made towards settlement. "Our conference with the operators," said President Mitchell, "has been ended. According to an arrangement with the National Civic Federation, by which the conference was appointed, we are to refer to that body at a meeting, the date of which has not yet been determined. Outside of this, I cannot say a word further."

Every effort to obtain information, either from the operators or miners who have taken part in the conference, proved futile. The operators, however, seemed in a happy frame of mind. None of the miners seem in any degree discontent, and the

CONSENSUS OF OPINION AMONG OUTSIDERS WAS THAT SOME PROGRESS HAD BEEN MADE TOWARD AN AMICABLE SETTLEMENT.

AMALGAMATED STRIKE FUND.

Ironworkers Vote to Increase it to \$100,000.

WHEELING, W. Va., April 30.—The Amalgamated Association today disposed of the report of the committee on constitution and general laws. Much discussion was held over the proposed increase in the defense fund to \$100,000. It is now \$25,000. The most prominent members of the association favored the change, arguing that the last strike had cost the association did not have sufficient funds to carry on the battle. Every effort was made by the association to keep its action on this matter secret, and the press committee refused to divulge anything concerning it. It is learned, however, on reliable authority that the resolution carried, and that it will be taken in time to put the association in position to carry on a strike for a year, should one ever occur. The election of officers will be held tomorrow afternoon. There is no reason to doubt that President Shaffer and other principal officers will be re-elected.

Twelve Thousand Will Go Out.

PITTSBURGH, April 30.—The May day strikers in this city, and in the morning nearly 12,000 workmen will fail to report for duty because their employers have failed to comply with their demands. Those who will strike tomorrow are: structural ironworkers, 2,800; carpenters, 500; house wiremen, 250; slate and tile-roofers, 300; sheet metalworkers, 300; tile-setters, 200; plumbers, 650; bricklayers, 200; laborers, 200.

Refuses to Recognize Smelter Union.

BUTTE, Mont., April 30.—Manager Whitley, of the East Helena smelters, refuses to negotiate with the men as representatives of the union, and declares that before the company will recognize the organization of the smeltermen it will ship its ores elsewhere. In a statement made yesterday, he made a proposition for the recognition of the union, but that it was refused by the men. Bonds were to be given by the union or the Western Federation of Miners indemnifying the company against loss which might result by reason of the violation of the contracts entered into by the company and the men, the agreement to be of two years' duration.

NOMINATED FOR REGISTER OF OLYMPIA LAND OFFICE.

FRED G. STOCKING.

OLYMPIA, April 30.—Fred G. Stocking, who was yesterday nominated by President Roosevelt for Register of the Olympia Land Office, is a native of the State of Washington. He was born in the vicinity of Gray's Harbor in October, 1863, and moved with his parents three years later to Thurston County. He attended the Olympia Collegiate Institute, and after the graduation taught in the public school. He then moved to Centralia, and engaged in the mercantile business. For 12 years he was Justice of the Peace at Grand Mound, Thurston County. He was Deputy County Assessor for eight years, and served part of a term as Deputy County Treasurer. He was a member of the House in the Legislatures of 1899 and 1901, and a supporter of Senator Foster in the Senatorial election of 1899.

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Yarn Mills Will Close.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 30.—An unlooked-for development in the affairs of the American Woolen Company, in connection with the strike of the weavers in 13 of its mills, came today, when an order was issued to close gradually the yarn-making departments in the Oliveville mill. Over 1200 hands will be paid off. The closing of a number of mills in other cities has stopped the demand for yarn. It is estimated that this strike at present affects 20,000 persons.

Chicago Teamsters Striked.

CHICAGO, April 30.—One hundred and fifty teamsters employed by the J. S. Penney Teaming Company quit work today in consequence of the refusal of the company to sign an agreement respecting the union. The union officials express fears that other employers may refuse to sign the agreement, and thus precipitate a general strike.

Tire-Makers Quit.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Seven hundred employees of Morgan & Wright, manufacturers of bicycle tires, went on strike today. Tomorrow the electrical workers and hod-carriers are expected to strike. The strike in the rubber work is expected to last for an eight-hour day, and a Saturday half-holiday.

Strikes at Paterson.

PATERSON, N. J., April 30.—Between 500 and 600 carpenters went on strike today. Tomorrow the electrical workers and hod-carriers are expected to strike. The strike in the rubber work is expected to last for an eight-hour day, and a Saturday half-holiday.

Carpenters and Plumbers Want More

BUFFALO, April 30.—Two thousand carpenters and plumbers employed in this city will strike tomorrow for more wages. The carpenters demand 27 1/2 cents an hour. They now get 30 cents. The plumbers want an advance from \$3 to \$3 50 per day.

Washington Notes.

It is estimated that about 250,000 pounds of wool will be handled at Starbuck this season.

The I. O. O. F. Lodge, No. 45, of Honolulu, advertising for bids for the construction of its new hall.

The Snobomish County Agricultural Association will offer \$100 in cash prizes at the county fair to be held this fall.

The Wisconsin County Agricultural Association has completed arrangements for a Spring race meet to be held July 3, 4 and 5.

A. B. Warner, of Missouri Valley, Ia., has been chosen to succeed R. S. Eling, who is Superintendent of Schools at Tacoma.

One hundred and sixty acres of the summit of the famous Steptoe Butte were sold by the Sheriff at Colfax Saturday, to the Canadian & American Mortgage & Trust Company, Liverpool, for \$207.

Spokane real estate men are of the opinion that the \$50,000 carried by the omnibus bill in the House Representatives is not sufficient to purchase a suitable site for the Federal building at Spokane.

Oregon Notes.

The streams in Eastern Oregon are becoming swollen by the Spring freshets.

A large number of horses on the ranges in Baker County are suffering from the mange.

Wash has purchased a carload of lumber to use in building new crosswalks and bridges.

The directors of the Alder Slope Ditch Company, at Enterprise, have not yet been able to let a contract for its construction.

SMITH'S DANDRUFF CURE

Positively cures dandruff, itching scalp, eczema, and spots falling hair. Price, 50c. at all drug stores. Sample free. Address: Smith Bros., Fresno, Cal.

TWO YEARS FOR FORGERY

PRINCESS RADZIWIILL CONVICTED AT CAPE TOWN.

Attorney-General Appealed to the Jury to Rid Society of a Cruel and Dangerous Woman.

CAPE TOWN, April 30.—Princess Radziwiill, who has been on trial here before the Supreme Court on the charge of forgery in connection with notes purporting to have been indorsed by the late Cecil Rhodes, was sentenced today to two years' confinement in the House of Correction.

The Attorney-General made a long address in which he cautioned the jury against being misled by telegrams from "harbored individuals like William T. Stead and others," and alleged incriminating documents which were merely the "ordinary armament of a blackmail." Continuing, he said: "Nothing could be more gross and treacherous than the prisoner's behavior throughout." He appealed to the jury to arrive at a verdict on the evidence which would rid society, temporarily at least, "of a cruel and dangerous woman."

Troubles in Southern Asia.

PARIS, April 30.—The Temps correspondent at Saigon, capital of French Cochinchina, cables that disquieting news has been received from the Malay Peninsula. The troubles in the Malay Peninsula continue.

High-Priced Snuff Boxes.

NEW YORK, April 30.—At an auction of the famous Dunn-Gardner collection, the bidding was brisk, says a London dispatch. The highest price was for the snuff-boxes, one of which fetched \$230. The most sensational price reached \$150 for a tri-pyeh of boxwood, five inches high and six inches long.

Yerkes Explains.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Charles T. Yerkes has explained, at a lengthy hearing before the House of Lords committee, why he has not yet been able to get the extension of the line and the use of electricity on the District Railway, says a London dispatch to the Tribune.

Alleged Mutineers Acquitted.

BERLIN, April 30.—At the end of the third trial by court-martial at Gumbinne today, of Sergeants Helckel and Martien, charged with mutiny in the Prussian Cavalry, and with mutiny, a verdict of acquittal was rendered.

Was Recommended for Minister.

PEKIN, April 30.—The Southern Viceroy recommended Wang Ting-Pang, the Chinese Minister at Washington, for appointment as head of the new bureau of foreign loans.

Siplagaine's Assassin Condemned.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 30.—Balechneff, the man who assassinated Mr. Siplagaine, the Russian Minister of the Interior, April 14, has been sentenced to death. He will be hanged May 1.

LYNCHED BY A MOB.

BRANDENBURG, Ky., April 30.—Ernest Dewey, a negro, who shot and seriously wounded Harry Dowell, a young white man, at Guston, was taken from jail and hanged by a mob early today, and his body riddled with bullets. The shooting which caused the death of Harry Dowell, a bystander. The negro was arrested and brought to Brandenburg, where it was thought he would be safe from lynching.

Negro Desperado Hanged and His Body Riddled With Bullets.

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Personality of the Princess.

LONDON, May 1.—The morning papers comment upon the remarkable career and personality of Princess Radziwiill. They generally attribute Mr. Rhodes' death to the worry she caused him and to the fact that she was obliged to return to South Africa in the hottest weather to fight his case. In a sketch of the Princess, the Daily Telegraph says that Mr. Rhodes lived in almost constant terror of her. His house was always open, says the paper, and his notions of hospitality did not permit him to deny his door to any one. As a result, Princess Radziwiill was a frequent but unwelcome visitor. The Daily Chronicle describes the Princess as a woman of great energy and force, probably the only woman who ever obtained the least influence over Mr. Rhodes.

MANY PEACE RUMORS.

Definite News Not Expected Within a Fortnight.

LONDON, April 30.—There is no truth in the report circulated in the United States today that General Delarey and three Boer commandos had surrendered to the British in South Africa. The War Office received dispatches from Lord Kitchener today, but he made no mention of surrenders.

Will Face the Music.

KANSAS CITY, April 30.—Edward L. Swazey, a member of the livestock commission firm of Ladd, Penny & Swazey, who was arrested in Baltimore, Md., on the charge of having stolen \$100,000 from the Kansas City stock exchange, was today taken to St. Louis, Mo., where he will face the music.

Fight With Safe Robbers.

PITTSBURGH, April 30.—Five burglars broke open the safe in DeLoe & Presner's grocery store, Craft avenue, Craffon, Pa., this morning. The explosion aroused the citizens and a desperate fight ensued. Officer Whelan, who was shot through the leg and Officer William M. Peak was struck on the head with a heavy chisel. The latter's condition is serious.

Murder in a Penitentiary.

HOUSTON, Tex., April 30.—It has just been learned that a murder was recently committed in the Penitentiary at Rusik, Okla. by the ordinary. Recently the San Antonio officers convicted a number of Mexicans of robberies extending over several years, in which it was estimated that \$200,000 worth of goods had been stolen and sold. The leading one of the gang was Ramon Mendez, and he was given 15 years. The police used Juan Aguilar for a witness, and he was let off with five years. Aguilar was later given an opportunity, after arriving at the Penitentiary, he killed Aguilar.

Express Messenger Arrested.

BURLINGTON, Ia., April 30.—W. B. Mahannah, formerly an express messenger, has been arrested here by Government secret service men. His arrest is said to be in connection with the theft of a \$20,000 package consigned from a Chicago bank to this city. The arrest followed an attempt to get the Government to redeem money that was partly burned.

It's in Revolt, All Right.

Brooklyn, N. Y., April 30.—Republicans who make light of what has happened are optimistic. If they think of the little consequences, the wish is father to the thought. If they think long, they will be further from the truth. Judgment which is based upon existing phases of the trouble is superficial. The House is in revolt, and the Senate has long been held as in a vise by half a dozen men, to whom, individually and collectively, it has been compelled to make obeisance. It has scarcely yet recovered from

YOUR BLOOD IN MAY MUST PRODUCE TRUE VITALITY OR DISEASE.

PAIN'S CELERY COMPOUND Expels All Winter Impurities and Poisons From the Blood and Builds Up the Entire System.

True health can only be maintained by keeping the body free of acid and sluggish blood and morbid waste matters. The blood that is pumped through the heart to all parts of the body, carries with it health, or poison and the seeds of death. Close confinement in badly ventilated offices, stores and workshops during the winter months has lowered the vitality of tens of thousands of persons and impurities have been implanted in the blood; these agents of death must be expelled if health were to be maintained during the coming summer.

AN ASTONISHING PROOF OF BLOOD CLEANSING AND RESTORATION TO COMPLETE HEALTH.

The month of May should be renovating and building-up time with the vast army of weak, debilitated and broken down men, women and young people. If the work of purifying and vitalizing the blood be longer deferred, eruptions, blotches, sores, eczema, scrofula, erysipelas and other dangers are sure to be your portion.

Pain's Celery Compound meets successfully at this season all unhealthy conditions of the blood.

It is the only medicine that can guarantee perfect purification of the vital fluid; that can give true nutriment to the nerves and tissues; that can bestow new life, vigor and strength for the enjoyment of Summer and the prosecution of life's duties.

Mr. George Schmidt, 20 West Third St., Cincinnati, O., briefly and forcibly writes regarding his rescue from a slow but sure death.

"Since infancy I have been bothered with impure blood and nervousness. I tried almost all known remedies and went to many physicians, but nothing seemed to do me any good until a druggist recommended Pain's Celery Compound. I used this great medicine, and before I had finished two bottles I found relief. I am now using it regularly, and never felt better in my life. My nervousness is all gone and my skin clearer than ever it was."

Diamond Dyes color feathers and ribbons. Easy, Expeditious, Economical.

the shock of its own tremor. To the leaders the loss of the grip means loss of prestige, and power goes with prestige. It has a deeper significance. It means they came to the end of their rope. They were lethargic, apathetic and indifferent. If not positively hostile, long after the sentiment of the country with reference to reciprocity had asserted itself. For that apathy and indifference they are now paying the penalty. And for it the party will be penalized at the polls later on. It is another contribution to the Democratic revival."

Many Want to Learn of Him and a Number Have to Regain Sight.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Some months ago, a press paragraph appeared, which gained wide circulation, saying that Senator H. D. Money, of Mississippi, who was very near total blindness, had found an oculist in Baltimore, who had treated his eyes with marked effect. This is a fact and Senator Money, who could scarcely see anything three months ago, can now see very well and believes that his sight is going to be permanently restored. Many people all over the country have taken advantage of the publication, and have written Senator Money, and many others, asking him to refer them to the oculist. Senator Money has received thousands and thousands of letters on the subject asking for information, many of which he could not read. He has also received a great many letters from men who have gone to Baltimore to be treated, thanking him for having pointed out to them the way of restoring their sight. One of the letters is from J. B. Nichols, of Burkemont, Or. The writer says about two months ago an article appeared in a Baker City paper, which told him about the treatment of Senator Money's eyes. He went to Baltimore, and his eyes are now very much improved by the treatment he received from the same specialist. The Senator also has a letter from William C. Mendenbauer, Jr., of Sitka, Alaska, who says that he has traveled all the way to Baltimore to take the same treatment that was given Senator Money, and has been helped by it to see. He has recovered his sight in six weeks that he is now able to get about Baltimore alone. The newspapers which told of this newly discovered method of treating the eyes, and says that it has saved his sight. Senator Money has been unable to answer the correspondence that he has received on the subject, and is simply overwhelmed with letters from every part of the United States asking for information.

NEW FLY WEATHER FLAGS

Gresham Rural Delivery Wagons Give Farmers Latest Predictions.

GRESHAM, Or., April 30.—The two delivery wagons from the postoffice here began flying weather flags today. The system is the same as used by the Weather Bureau all over the United States. A series of flags, five in number, are used, being blown in combination, according to predicted variations in the weather. For nearly two months the carriers have distributed printed forecasts, the reports being received by telephone from Portland each morning at 6 o'clock. Nearly every patron of both routes gets one, the predictions being for 24 hours in advance, and they have proved highly satisfactory.

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