

ASK FOR GARDENER

Democrats Want Him Summoned to Washington

WARM DISCUSSION IN SENATE

Majority Accused of Trying to Suppress Facts and Information—Sundry Civil Bill Under Consideration.

The Senate was enraptured yesterday by a demand by Patterson that Major Gardener be summoned from the Philippines to testify as to alleged barbarities in Tayabas Province. This was opposed by Republican members of the Philippine committee, as Gardener is about to return with his regiment, and will be here in time to appear before Congress adjourns.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—A resolution offered in the Senate today by Patterson, directing the Secretary of War to order by cablegram Major Gardener, now in the Philippines, to come at once to Washington to appear as a witness before the Philippine Commission, precipitated a warm discussion. The debate continued for about two hours, much feeling being manifested on both sides of the chamber. The charge was made by the minority that the majority of the committee was trying to suppress facts and information. This was denied by the chairman of the committee, Lodge, who said that any such action would be inconceivably stupid. All parties, he insisted, were anxious for the facts and information, but he and others contended that it would not be advisable to cable for Major Gardener, as he was about to come here and would be here in time to appear before the committee. Patterson and Carmack urged that Gardener's testimony was important and that it ought to be had before action was taken on the pending bill. The resolution finally went over until tomorrow.

The bill for the purchase of the Rosebud reservation in South Dakota and the sundry civil appropriation bill were considered, but no action was taken on them.

The Proceedings. Soon after the Senate convened Burton, from the committee on public lands, reported back the bill granting to the Central Arizona Railroad a right of way for railway purposes through the San Francisco Mountain forest reserve in Arizona, with a recommendation that it be passed, notwithstanding the objection of the President expressed in a veto message. Burton asked immediate consideration for the bill, but Wellington objected, and the measure went to the calendar.

Consideration of the bill to ratify an agreement with the Sioux tribe of Indians, of the Rosebud reservation, in South Dakota, was resumed. Gamble made an extensive and eloquent statement strongly urging its enactment. The bill was debated until 2 o'clock, when it went over. Tillman favored the amendment requesting sections to be separated, and Quaker took the same position. Dubois and Clark of Montana favoring the bill as reported. Clark made quite an extended argument in favor of free homes in the West.

Consideration of the Philippine government bill was then resumed, and Patterson offered a resolution for which he asked immediate consideration, directing the Secretary of War to cable Major Gardener, ex-Civil Governor of the Province of Tayabas, to return to the United States to appear as a witness before the Philippine committee. He believed that as soon as he could come to the United States.

McCormack raised the question that it was not proper to say that the committee had divided upon it, as it had not. Patterson, a member of the Philippine committee, objected to the use of the word "partisan," and recommended that it be changed to "disinterested." He said that the Philippine committee was not able to bring the "partisan" minority into conformity with its views.

Patterson said it was the desire of the minority of the committee to get Major Gardener as a witness as soon as possible. The effort was made in good faith, and he was regarded as a valuable witness.

Allison said he was not in favor of Major Gardener's return to Washington long before Congress adjourned, and there would be ample time to get his testimony in the regular course of events without calling on the authorities to cable him to come at once.

Tillman indicated his belief that information was being "smothered," and he asked Lodge whether he proposed to "draggon the Senate into a vote upon this measure."

Lodge replied, laughing, that he wished he could, but Tillman knew he could do nothing of the kind.

"Of course," said Tillman, "everything can go along leisurely if the Philippine Commission is to another information." Allison pointed out that nobody objected to the testimony of Major Gardener. His regiment would leave the Philippines soon. He intimated that Major Gardener was particularly anxious to be a witness, and personally he was not in favor of deterring him by ordering him by cable to come to this country in advance of his regiment.

Carmack declared that the report made by Major Gardener was so startling and important that the Secretary of War had endeavored to keep it from the Senate and from the American people.

Cullerson explained that the minority of the Philippine committee especially desired Major Gardener's testimony, because his statements had been challenged by Governor Taft and General MacArthur.

Lodge, the chairman, said that Major Gardener ought to appear before the committee. Personally, he desired to hear his testimony before Congress adjourned. If the testimony of one provincial Governor was desirable, that of 300 odd other provincial Governors should be.

"Has the Senate suggested," interrupted Patterson, "that the other Governors be called?"

"I make the suggestion now," replied Lodge.

Patterson said the minority had objected to the calling of no witness, and, indeed, was willing that any witness should be summoned who could throw any light on the situation. Continuing, Lodge said that the minority of the committee had suggested that every man who was a prisoner of war on the island of Guam; H. H. Bray, an agent of the Philippine Junta at Hong Kong, and two Associated Press correspondents—Mr. Collins, at Pekin, and Mr. Martin, in Venezuela—be called as witnesses. The committee had decided not to call them for various reasons. The committee said that the testimony of the Philippine prisoners was not desirable; Bray was a British subject, and the two correspondents were inaccessible.

Carmack said Major Gardener had made a grave accusation against military conduct in his province, and he believed the accusation demanded investigation. He then sent to the clerk's desk and after some objection from Lodge and a brief sent between the two, read a synopsis of a statement which Edward Atkinson expected to have made to the committee.

ARE UNFIT TO GOVERN

GENERAL MACARTHUR'S OPINION OF FILIPINOS' ABILITY.

AMERICAN WITHDRAWAL FROM ISLANDS WOULD RESULT IN A FRATRICIDAL WAR, HE SAYS.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Major-General MacArthur today gave further testimony before the Senate committee on the Philippines. He explained that his statement yesterday that absolute chaos would have resulted should independence be given the Filipinos and the United States forces withdrawn, by saying that the people of the Philippine Republic, as prepared for self-government and administration at the time of their emancipation from Spain, their own unaided efforts to accomplish self-government would, in all probability, prove rudimentary ideas and aspirations, and they are therefore in an essentially plastic condition, which, under the tutelage of the United States, would, in his opinion, admit of a rapid molding of the body politic into consistent, self-supporting commonwealth. Even the best thinkers, he stated, among the Filipinos, have no conception whatever of the practical mechanical effects whereby the results they are all anxious to attain can be successfully accomplished.

American withdrawal from the islands would, in his opinion, result in the permanent failure of republican institutions in the East, and a fratricidal war which would continue until the United States exterior force. The broad generalization, he said, is reached that the United States must retain the tutelage annex; that we must contend for commercial supremacy and perhaps combat for political supremacy to overcome the inherent difficulties of the situation which will require the most profound efforts of constructive statesmanship. He gave it as his conscientious belief that the presence of the United States in the Philippines is an unmitigated benefit to the Filipino people.

Do you mean the Filipino people that are left alive after they have been subjected?" inquired Senator Patterson.

General MacArthur declared that he did not mean that the Filipinos are an unfit race, but that the Filipinos are in a plastic condition, which, under the tutelage of the United States, would, in his opinion, admit of a rapid molding of the body politic into consistent, self-supporting commonwealth. Even the best thinkers, he stated, among the Filipinos, have no conception whatever of the practical mechanical effects whereby the results they are all anxious to attain can be successfully accomplished.

"The destruction," said he, "is simply incidental to war, and, of course, embraces a very small percentage of the total population which it denies."

"Thirty-three and a third per cent in one province," remarked Mr. Patterson.

Replying to this statement, General MacArthur informed Senator Patterson that if he preferred to believe that he (MacArthur) could not help it.

"We have as much right to believe that an American officer who is the Civil Governor and who is in the provinces as we have to believe you," replied Senator Patterson, which brought the retort from General MacArthur:

You call me a liar. Believe what you wish, and I will believe what I wish."

The committee, by a strict party vote, refused to subpoena Major Cornelius Gardner, Aguinaldo, Sixto Lopez and Malabon.

General MacArthur referred to his many efforts to bring about a cessation of hostilities and stop the bloodshed. These efforts, he said, were directed to Aguinaldo, through some friendly medium, in his opinion, Aguinaldo was the "incarnation of the revolution."

General MacArthur said the disparity between the Filipinos and the United States was due to the fact that the Filipinos knew nothing of the double sights on the rifles. Senator Patterson wanted to know, if, as a matter of fact, the Filipinos were twice our troops and the Philippines were simply assault and pursuit.

General MacArthur denied that this was so, saying that since the army has reached the guerrilla stage, the United States troops have had the greatest difficulty in finding the Filipinos, so that whenever the Filipinos attacked, it was in the nature of a surprise. He was posting himself in thick mountain gorges and firing first. Under these circumstances, our officers and men would be in after the manner of a man who is surrounded by friends who came personally to voice the general regret at his departure and to express their good wishes for his success in the Cabinet.

The Goldfidge resolution, calling on the Secretary of State for information as to whether American citizens of Jewish faith were excluded from Russia, was adopted.

The Proceedings. Without preliminary business the House resumed consideration of the agricultural bill. Cannon offered an amendment to transfer \$50,000 of the appropriation for the expenses of the division of statistics to the Weather Bureau, which, he said, the amendment was lost, but the following offered by Wadsworth was adopted:

"The Secretary of Agriculture shall, on or before June 1, 1902, transfer to and under the direction of his chief all the work of the Department of Agriculture relating to the gathering and compilation of statistics by the division of statistics." The appropriation for good roads in (Rep. Or.) from \$20,000 to \$30,000.

Without further amendment the bill was passed.

The Goldfidge resolution, calling on the Secretary of State for information as to whether the Russian Government had barred or excluded American citizens of Jewish faith who desired to visit Russia, was adopted.

Dalzell, from the committee on rules, presented a special order making the personal tax legislation operative in the District of Columbia and engraving it on the District of Columbia appropriation bill. Cannon explained that the personal tax law of the District, which ought to raise \$2,000,000, had been inoperative for 30 years, and the appropriation committee now proposed to put it into force.

The rule was adopted, and the House then began consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill. Without finishing it the House, at 5:10 P. M., adjourned.

THE DEATH ROLL. Simon Ballen. NEW YORK, April 30.—Simon Ballen, a young Peruvian who was educated at the United States Military Academy in West Point, has been found dead in bed, says a Herald dispatch from Lima. Peruvian has had seen service in Indian campaigns in the United States.

Chief Engineer Francis C. Dade. PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—Chief Engineer Francis C. Dade, U. S. N., retired, died today of his disease, aged 73 years. He was a son of General Lawrence F. Dade, who fought in the War of 1812.

GREEN WANTED IN VIRGINIA

HELD BY A TELEGRAM FROM THE SHERIFF OF GRAYSON COUNTY, VA., DIRECTING HIM TO SEND JOHN F. GREER UP TO THE SHERIFF'S OFFICE AT OLD TOWN, VA., AND THAT HE WANTED TO

TO AVOID FURTHER TROUBLE.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The commander of the cruiser Chicago, at Venice, continues to keep all his men on board to avoid further trouble, says a Rome dispatch. The Italian law does not allow the court to grant pardon in cases of assault on the police. Some of the newspapers mention the lynchings of Italian in the United States as sufficient reason for a refusal of royal clemency. It is considered probable, however, that the prisoners will be released by order of the King, June 1, the date of the fete of the constitution.

Application for Discharge Rejected. ROME, April 30.—The officers of the United States cruiser Chicago, who were arrested at Venice, remain in prison there. An application for their discharge has been rejected. The Italian law does not allow the court to grant pardon in cases of assault on the police. Some of the newspapers mention the lynchings of Italian in the United States as sufficient reason for a refusal of royal clemency. It is considered probable, however, that the prisoners will be released by order of the King, June 1, the date of the fete of the constitution.

Civil Action Against Officers. LONDON, April 30.—Special dispatches from Rome state that at a conference held yesterday with Signor Prinetti, Minister of Foreign Affairs, Ambassador Meyer, while taking no exception to the action of the authorities at Venice, asked as a favor to have the imprisoned officers of the Chicago handed over to the commanding vessel to undergo sentence. A civil action is to be brought against the imprisoned officers for costs and damages.

In the Prison of St. Mark. VENICE, April 30.—The officers of the Chicago are confined in the common prison of St. Mark. They are all together in one room.

NEW NAVAL SECRETARY. Moody Will Assume the Duties of His Office Today. WASHINGTON, April 30.—Representative Moody spent the last day of his seven years' service as Representative of the Sixth Massachusetts district in performance of his legislative duties. During the day he was almost constantly surrounded by friends who came personally to voice the general regret at his departure and to express their good wishes for his success in the Cabinet.

Secretary Linn was given complimentary dinner at the New Willard Hotel tonight by the chiefs of the various bureaus of the department with which he has been associated during his official career.

OR for the Coronation. NEW YORK, April 30.—The United States battle-ship Illinois sailed today with Rear-Admiral Crowninshield on board; to take command of the European station and take part in the naval ceremonies at the coronation of King Edward.

A CHINESE VILLAGE. Proposed Show at the St. Louis World's Fair. ST. LOUIS, April 30.—Le Toy, merchant and so-called Mayor of Philadelphia's Chinatown, has applied for a Chinese village concession at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. He says that as soon as it is granted he will go to Shanghai, Hong Kong and Canton for men, women and babies to show the real every-day life of a Chinese village, including music, acting and a tea garden. Some of the most life-like men to show Americans the handiwork of Chinese progress, in the way of hand-made carving, sewing and weaving silk, in an other fabric by hand, will be brought over. He expects to bring over about 300 persons.

Reided a New York Poolroom. NEW YORK, April 30.—For the first time the recent police raids here on poolrooms and other lawbreaking resorts, pistols have been drawn. Captain Sheehan, with three men, gained admittance to an alleged poolroom in West Fourth street, in the heart of the old Knickerbocker district. When the door swung ajar, however, scores of persons rushed from the room, which were located in the wall in the rear of the room, and attempted to throw the Captain and his men over the balustrade. Captain Sheehan knocked several of his prospective assailants unconscious with his club. His men were being rapidly borne toward the stairway, however, and pistols were quickly drawn.

With bloodshed as a possibility, the pursuing assailants unconsciously with their clubs, were being rapidly borne toward the stairway, however, and pistols were quickly drawn.

Athletic Park is Assured. ABERDEEN, Wash., April 30.—The new athletic park is now an assured thing. Sufficient money has been subscribed to secure an excellent site and to put the grounds in order for a ball park and croquet track. Work will be commenced as soon as the association is incorporated, which will be in about two weeks, and it is expected that the grounds will be ready for the Summer season. Aberdeen has some excellent material for a ball team, and will get down to hard work as soon as the grounds are in condition for practice.

PERUNA IS OF SPECIAL BENEFIT TO WOMEN

SAYS DR. M. C. GEE, OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Dr. M. C. Gee's Experience.

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Miss Rose De la Sen, 16 Windsor avenue, Windsor, Ontario, Secretary of the French Women's Clubs of Ontario, Canada, writes:

"I have been a sufferer from ovarian troubles for over four years, which caused me excruciating pains at times and life looked very dreary to me. My family physician and other doctors prescribed for me, but I failed dismally in relieving me, but I am pleased to say that after years of suffering I have been entirely cured by your woman's friend, Peruna."

Mary F. Bartholomew, St. Francisville, La., says: "About twelve years ago I was afflicted with female trouble (peru catarrh). I doctored with several special physicians, but kept getting worse, until I became bedfast. I was in this condition about two years, under the attendance of four physicians. I got no better during this time. Finally, looking over Dr. Hartman's female book, I concluded I would write for advice. I am not sorry that I owe my life to Dr. Hartman and Peruna. My friends and neighbors never expected to see me well again."—Mary F. Bartholomew.

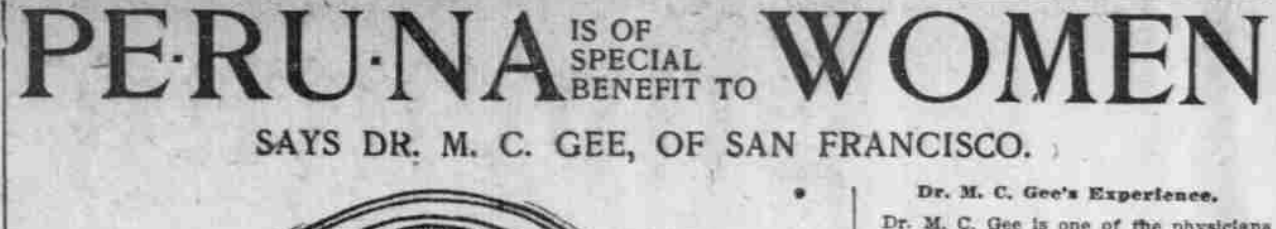
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The most prominent and universal symptoms are bearing down pains, dragging sensations in abdomen, backache, leucorrhoea, nervousness, periodical headache, sleeplessness, dizziness, loss of appetite and painful or suppressed or profuse menstruation.

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Dr. M. C. Gee is one of the physicians who endorse Peruna, in a letter written from 512 Jones street, San Francisco, Cal., he says:

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"I have been a sufferer from ovarian troubles for over four years, which caused me excruciating pains at times and life looked very dreary to me. My family physician and other doctors prescribed for me, but I failed dismally in relieving me, but I am pleased to say that after years of suffering I have been entirely cured by your woman's friend, Peruna."

Mary F. Bartholomew, St. Francisville, La., says: "About twelve years ago I was afflicted with female trouble (peru catarrh). I doctored with several special physicians, but kept getting worse, until I became bedfast. I was in this condition about two years, under the attendance of four physicians. I got no better during this time. Finally, looking over Dr. Hartman's female book, I concluded I would write for advice. I am not sorry that I owe my life to Dr. Hartman and Peruna. My friends and neighbors never expected to