NAMES FULL TICKET

Indiana Republican Convention Completes Its Work.

STRONG PLATFORM ADOPTED

The Administration's Policy in the Philippines Upheld-Declares for an Isthmian Canal and Exclusion of Chinese.

The Indiana Republican Convent adopted a platform indorsing the Administration's policy in the Philippines, deciaring for an isthmian canal, favoring reciprocal arrangements with Cuba, legislation to prevent trust abuses, ex-clude Chinese laborers, and suppress anarchy, and declaring for modifications of the tariff to meet changing conditions. The following nominations were made.

Secretary of State-Daniel E. Storms. Auditor-David E. Sherrick. Treasurer-N. W. Hill.

Attorney-General-Charles W. Miller. State Geologist-Willis S. Blatchley. State Statistician-Benjamin F. John

Supreme Court-John H. Gli-

Supreme Court - Robert A.

Elrown Superintendent of Public Instruction-

F. A. Cotton.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 24 .- The first business in the Republican State Convention this morning was the presentation of the report of the committee on resolutions. There was a hot fight in the committee over the insertion of the clause indorsing the gold standard. It had been decided to advocate a plank in which some members of the committee thought ey could detect an approval of bank-set currency. It was stricken out after 5. long debate, and the plank found in the platform was adopted. The report resolutions affirm the platform

adopted by the Republican National Con-vention in Philadelphia, in 1909, and continue:

"We view with pleasure the unprecedenied measure of prosperity which pre Stills throughout the entire country, the rich fruit of Republican policies and Re-jublican administration, and we depre-ciste every effort to overthrow the laws and the administration under which such results are accomplished.

"We mourn the death of our great leader and President, William McKinley. He was an ideal citizen, a statesman of profound wisdom a patriot of the most ex-alted purpose. His name and services are alted purpose. His name and services are a part of the splendki and enduring hie-

ry of the Republic. 'In the death of General Benjamin Harrison the Nation has lost a brave soldier and one of its purest, wisest and most trusted statermen, and Indiana her most illustrious citizen. General Harrison isft his country a rich legacy of good eds done. We revere his memory and decds done. mourn his loss.

"The Republicans of Indiana express their profound sorrow upon the death of

Governor James A. Mount, "We cordially indorse the able and pa-tristic administration of President Roosevielt, and pledge him the earnest sup-port of the Republicans of Indiana in all his efforts to continue and advance the prosperity of the people at home and the glory of the republic abroad."

The platform expresses gratification that Cuba is soon to pass into the hands of her own people, and favors reciprocal her own people, and favors reciprocal irade arrangements with the new repub-lic. The course of the Administration in establishing peace and civil government in the Philippine Islands is heartily ap-proved, and "increased participation in

dopted declaring that the Independent Democracy and the Bryan Democratic League should unite with the Greater New York Democracy for the purpose of defcating the present management of Tammany Hall, and the chairmanship of the committee of the Greater New York Democracy, to be organized on Tuesday next, be conceded to the Independent Deocracy

Renominated for Congress.

LANCASTER, Wis., April 24.-Con-gressman Joseph W. Babcock was re-nominated today by the Third District Republican conventio

NORTON, Kan., April 24.-Congressman W. A. Reeder was remoninated on the lith ballot in the Sixth District Republican convention today.

GREENFIELD, O., April M .- The Republicans of the Sixth District have re-nominated Congressman Charles W. Hildebrant.

BOGUS POSTAL CARDS.

Man Arrested in Chicago Who Has Made Millions of Them.

CHICAGO, April 24-A postoffice fraud involving the issue and circulation of millions of postal cards was brought to a close tonight by Postoffice Inspector Stuart, who arrested Louis Smith and confiscated more than 100,090 cards, print-

ing presses, cardboard and plates. Smith's scheme, according to Inspector Stuart, was to have a printing company enamel a quantity of the cards, as though they were to be used for a per-fortly institute to be used for a perfectly legitimate purpose. He engaged another firm to engrave a plate with Jefferson's head on an imitation card. Still another engraved "The United States of America." Then Smith would pince all these parts together and thus complete an excellent imitation postal cond

inspector Stuart says that from the business in cardboard and from other evidences he has he thinks that Smith must have made millions of the and that he sold all he made in all parts of the country.

The New Jersey Mystery.

NEW YORK, April 24.-Investigation NEW Institutions death of Marietta odell, the silk mill girl, at Wanaque, N. J., has so far thrown little light on the identity of the man with whom the girl drank at a roadhouse while out bloycie riding. While the girl is said to have insisted the man was a stranger and without motive for poleoning her, the parents have insisted she was murdered. It is now rumored that Miss Odell made

a statement which has been kept secret, that she revealed the name of her com-panion to the woman with whom she boarded, and who was with her when she boarded, and who was with her when she died. It is believed that if such a state-ment was made, the fact will be developed at the Corone's inquest, which has been set for Saturday. set for Saturday,

Italian Miner's Crime.

LAKE CITY, Colo., April 24.-Frank Ni-LAKE CITY, Colo., April 24.-Frank Ni-colli, an Italian miner, this afternoon, shot and killed Mrs. Stockder, wife of Moritz Stockder, superintendent of the Hidden Treasure mine, and then blew out his own brains. Nicolli was formerly an employe of the mine, and, it is said, he blamed Mrs. Stockder for his discharge, which recently occurred. Mrs. Stockder saw Nicolli coming to her home, and ran into a bedroom, locking the door. Nicolli followed her, breaking down the door, shot her three times, and then turned his shot her three times, and then turned his pistol on himself.

Depot Safe Dynamited.

HARVARD, Neb., April 24 .- The safe of the Elkhorn depct was dynamited at o'clock this morning and its contents stolen by unknown robbers. The amount of loss cannot be learned tonight. No clew to the robbers has been found.

WOMEN'S MISSION BOARD

Officers Elected at the Omaha Meeting Yesterday.

OMAHA, Neb., April 24-At this morn-ing's session of the Woman's Presbyter-ian Board of Missions of the North-

THE MORNING OREGONIAN, FRIDAY APRIL 25, 1902.



CALLS CHAFFEE A VILLAIN ticular attention to this phrase in one of General Chaffee's orders: "I do not urge inhuman conduct." "It strikes me," suggested Carmack, "that General Chaffee should have said, "I forbid in-me extent as to be not only extraordinary but in extent as to be not only extraordinary but in extent as to be not only extraordinary but in extent as to be not only extraordinary PINE MILITARY POLICY.

The House Sends the Oleomargarine Bill to Conference After Agree-

ing to Senate Amendments.

WASHINGTON; April 24 .-- Just before

The purpose was, said Rawlins, "thet but in some instances, as with corn, senthe soldiers were left to practice, with impunity and without disapproval, in-human conduct. That is the only insational. "The effects in the Eastern or consuming states are notable, and scarcely any part of the Union has been unaffected by the conditions produced by the scorching telligent and reasonable interpretation that can be put upon it. That was the

meaning ascribed to it by the subordi-nate commanders who practiced the most inbuman conduct that the mind of man on conceive." Rawlins sharply criti-clsed General Chaffee and denounced him blight which, originating only in the arid region, blasted the crops over a large and as a "distardly villain who has brought dishonor upon the American nam

MONEY OF MISSISSIPPI HAS A ROW WITH A CONDUCTOR. Refused to Pay Two Fares and Is Put Off a Street-Car-Has His Assailants Arrested. WASHINGTON, April 24-Senator H. D. Money, of Mississippi, had an allor-cation with a conductor on a street-car

this morning, which resulted in the Sen-ator's receiving two severe blows from the conductor, and the conductor being cut quite severely in the right hand with a knife, As Senator Money reintes the circum-

SENATOR IN A FIGHT

stances, he was riding from his home to the Baltimore & Ohio depot to take the S o'clock train on that road for Baltimore where he goes frequently for medical treatment of his eyes. He had taken a car on the Fourteenth street branch of the Capital Traction line, and nad changed to board a car which stops at the Peace Monument, half a dozen blocks short of his destination. He had failed to notice this circumstance until the car began to

turn around the monument. The car bound for the depot was immediately be-hind the car in which he was scated. The Senator says that he had only three or four minutes in which to make his train, but that after he discovered fie was on the wrong car he called to the conductor and asked him for a transfer ticket to the car bound for the depot. He does not recall what the conductor re-plied, but, failing to receive the ticket and recognizing that he had no time to lose,

he jumped from the car he was on and boarded the other. He had no sooner taken his seat, he says, than the conductor of that car approached him and asked him for his tick-et. He then told the conductor that he had not had time to accure a transfer and reminded him that he (the conductor) had been a witness to the circumstances for, but had not received, he would not pay another. Thereupon the conductor told him that if he would not pay his fare he would put him off the car, and imme-diately proceeded to carry his threat into execution. This the Senator resisted by grasping an upright post, and engaged in a struggle with the conductor, who was not making much headway, when a passenger who had been sitting next to the Senator volunteered to musist the con-ductor. By their combined strength they

contrived to break the Senator's hold upon the post and to force him from the

The Senator says that when they first undertook to eject him the car was in full motion, and he feels that if they had succeeded at that time he would inevi-tably have been badly hurt. The conductor and his assistant did not, however, succeed in their design until the car stopped at the next corner to let off other passen-gers. He says that both the conductor and the passenger were very gruff and abusive in their language, and that after he had reached the street the conductor hit him a severe blow over the heart with his clinched fist. The blow, the Senator says, was very painful, and in order to protect himself he took a small pocket knife from his pocket and opened it. This

weapon the conductor grasped and in do-ing so cut his hand so that it bled very freely. After this proceeding other persons stepped between the two, but notwith-standing their presence the conductor, who is a very tail man struck blin a who is a very tall man, struck him an-other blow over the shoulder of a man standing between them. This blow was struck with the conductor's bloody hand and it hit the Senator squarely on the jaw. He was as a consequence of this blow covered with blood from the wound blow covered with blood from the wound of the conductor, and this circumstance was responsible for a rumor that the Senator himself had been severely in-jured. The Senator adds that there were three or four policemen present, but that none of them took any steps to preven the altercation. The Senator was not badly hurt, but

criti-lim misfortunes, desire earnestly to second ught the endeavor to remove the constant and menace to prosperity in such a wide scope the of territory and strip to Baltimore was prevented. He, however, proceeded with his customary duties about the capital during the day as if nothing unusual hed Later in the day the conductor, who proved to be O. H. Shaner, was arrested on a warrant sworn out by Senator Money. Shaner says he did not strike the Senator until the latter drew his knife, and that he did not make any ef-fort to put him off the car while it was in motion. Senator Money swore out a warrant for James E. Hooper, a member of the local Fire Department, who was the passenger that aided the conductor. Later Senator Money preferred verbal charges against Money preferred vertice of Commission-Hooper before the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia. The Sen-ator also wrote the president of the traction company, demanding the immediate dismissal of Conductor Shaner. Senator Money later secured warrants for the arrest of Conductor Shaner and Foreman Hooper, of the engine company, on the charge of assault. He also brought charges against Capitol Police-man Murphy, who also is alleged to have taken the part of the conductor in the struggle with the Senator. Foreman Hooper and Conductor Shaner were arrested tonight, but were released on furnishing satisfactory security for their appearance in the police court tomorrow. Senator Money said tonight that he had been very friendly with the employes had been very friendly with the employes of the road; always had been solleitons about their welfare and had advocated many changes greatly to their benefit. When he left the loop car today the con-ductor, he said, waved his hand to the conductor of the other, indicating that it was all clober the delayed that the it was all right. He declared that three separate and distinct assaults were com-mitted on him. He drew his knife, he said, to protect himself, but not until he had been ejected from the car, and then not until after the conductor had continued to assault him after the eject-ment. Foreman Hooper did not strike him, he said, but tugged at his wrist to jerk his hand loose from the post be-side his seat, thus assisting in the first assault. "After we were all out on the pave ment," said the Senator, "Hooper seized my wrist to prevent me from cutting at the conductor, as he thought, but no one prevented the conductor from strik-ing me a heavy blow over the heart. That blow constituted the second as-sauit, and the third was committed when the conductor reached over Policeman Murphy's shoulder and slapped me on the jaw with his bloody hand. The po-liceman did not try to prevent the blow After the altercation was over the conductor threatened mo with personal violence in the future. I feel very badly, indeed, tonight and am under **Tutt's Pills** treatment for my injuries."

"PAINE'S"

THE GREAT DELIVERER FROM DISEASE AND SUFFERING.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Fu'l of Life Giving Power and Virtue Is the Prescription of

a Great Physician.

It Has No Equal as a Spring Med cine.

It should be well understood by the alling, physically broken down, and diseased that the ordinary advertised nervines, sarsarparlilas, tonics, and pills have never accomplished the glorious life-saving work in Springtime that has marked the history of that health-giver, Paine's Celery Compound, which has cured such desperate cases of kidney disease, liver complaint, rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, and blood discases.

Palne's Celery Compound is the discov-ery of one of the ablest physicians that ever lived, and one of the strongest proofs of its worth and value, is the strongest that able practitioners prescribe and rec-ommend it daily.

It is this Paine's Celery Compound, dear sufferer, the great nerve feeder, the marvelous system cleanser, and digestive reg-ulator, that we now strongly urge you to make use of at this season if you lack The conductor replied that the Senator would have to produce a ticket or pay his fare, whereupon the Senator told ,him that he had paid one fare, and being er-titled to a transfer, which he had aaked for hut had not second to a transfer. courative virtues without delay, if you would be free from your allments and en-joy life. A bottle or two used just now will cause you to bless Heaven that such a life-giver was placed before suffering humanity.

Dye Cotton goods with Diamond Dye cotton

feur appear at the Police Court tomorrow, and Senator Clark agreed to do so. He also announced that he had not intended to violate any regulations, but he did not intend to be subjected to unnec-essary annoyance, and would fight the case to the end.

Cath date date of a ASK YOUR GRO

proved, and "increased participation in the administration of their domestic affairs as they shall demonstrate intelligence and capacity for self-government,' is advocated for the Filipinos.

The platform continues;

"We are opposed to all trusts or com-binations of capital whose purpose or effort is to restrict business or control prices. And, we especially denounce those whose tendency it is to increase the cost of living and the necessaries of life. We favor legislation to prevent such abuses. We approve the sincere and determined effort of President Roosevelt to enforce the laws against illegal combinations in restraint of trade, and demand that administrative officers, state and National, shall enforce the laws in the most vigorous manner, so that legitimate competition shall not be embarrassed or destroyed. "We adhere to the policy of protection.

Under it our industries have developed and the hopes of labor have been in-creased and wages maintained at a higher rate than would have been otherwise

"We favor the extension of our markets through carefully guarded reciprocity ar-rangements with other countries wherever it can be done without 'interrupting our home production.' While we favor such modifications of tariff schedules as from time to time are required by changing conditions, we insist that such changes shall be made in line with the funda-mental principle of protection.

"Our faith in the gold standard has been amply justified by the wonderful strides of American industry and commerce since its adoption.

"We are gratified that Republican dip-macy has secured the abrogation of the Cifyton-Bulwer treaty, enabling the Gov-ernment to proceed with the construction of a ship canal between the Atlantic and acific Oceans under the authority of the United States and the protection of our

We favor the most stringent National and state legislation to suppress anarchy. "We approve the enactment by Con-gress of Legislation which will debar Chinesse from gaining admission to the United States to the injury of American labor, and we demand the enforcement of immitration laws which shall exclude all un-worthy and undesirable immigrants, whose presence menaces our cltizenship or in-lures our wageworkers."

Liberal pension laws are also advocated. The remainder of the platform is devoted o state issue

Daniel E. Storms, of La Fayette, was ominated by acclamation for Secretary of State

There being no contests for the following positions, the rules were suspended and nominations were made by acclamation, as follows

Judge of the Supreme Court-John H. Sillett, Hammond. Judges of the Appellate Court-W. D.

Robinson, Princeton; William J. Henly, Rushville; James D. Black, Indianapolis; Danlei W. Comstock, Richmond; W. Z. Wiley, Fowler; Frank S. Robey, Auburn, State Statistician-B. F. Johnson, Fowl-

State Geologist-W. H: Biatchley, In-

dianapolis. David Sherrick, of Noblesville, was named for State Auditor on the third ballot, and N. W. Hill, of Bloomington, for Treasurer on the second ballot. For Attorney-General, Charles W. Miller, of Goshen, was nominated on the third bal-

The convention adjourned sine die,

Fight Against Tammany. NEW YORK, April 2.-At an antimany meeting resolutions have been

port read: "The conditions in Utah have come to

too closely identified."

The report of the nominating committee, which was unanimously adopted, was as follows: President, Mrs. Henry H. Forsyth; recording secretary, Mrs. Thomas L. D. Bradley; general corres-ponding secretary, Mrs. Robert Waller and seven assistants; financial secretary, Mrs. D. B. Wells and 10 assistants; treasurer, Mrs. C. B. Farwell; auditor, Mrs. Earl C. Greenman. These are all Chicago people. Vice-presidents were ap-pointed as follows: Illinois, 12; Indiana,

 Mishigan. 2; Iowa. 3; Wisconsin, 3; Minnesota, 4; Colorado, 1; Nebraska, 2; Utah, 1; South Dakota, 1. The report of the treasurer showed receipts for the year of \$78,470, of which

amount \$71,628 was appropriated for mis sionary work. An invitation to meet in Chicago next

year was accepted.

New Bishop of Sioux City.

WASHINGTON, April 24-The papal briefs creating the new diocese of Bloux City, Ia., and appointing Very Rev. Dr. Philip J. Garrigan, the present vice-rector of the Catholic University, its first bishop, have reached here and been delivered to the bishop-elect by Cardinal Martinelli, Bishop Garrigan will be consecrated at Springfield, Mass., the former diocese of the new bishop, Sunday, May 25.

Adventist Conference Adjourns.

TOPEKA, Kan., April M-The general conference of the Seventh-Day Adventists adjourned today, and most of the delegates have returned to their homes. Plans were adopted for the establishment of ho of superannoated ministers, and provision made for the liquidation of \$300,000 indebt-edness on the general assembly,

"DREAMY EYES."

A Musical Sensation That Charmed Buffalo Audience.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 24.-The latest event in musical sensations is the rendi-tion of the new march two-step "Dreamy Eyes," by the "Transportation Club" Minstreis at Teck's Theater this evening. Minstreis at Treck's Theater this evening. The composition is the work of J. B. Lampe, a Buffalo musician, composer of the well-known and popular "Creole Belles." The city press is enthusiastic in its praise. The march "Dreamy Eyes" is one of those melodious cake walks with a rhythm that starts the feet a-danc-tion. There is such a sting and duab to ing. There is such a swing and dash to it that it is impossible to resist humming while it is being played. It is the musical hit of the season

Kills a Practical Joker.

CHICAGO, April 24-A practical joke terminated fatally for Edward L. Miller, a colored man, who was shot and killed by Joseph B. Brown, another colored man, who was a friend of his victim. Both men had lived in the same house, 103 South Peoria street, for several months. South Peoria street, for several months. Brown was approaching his home, when Miller started out of the shadows with a gruff command of "throw up your hands." Brown fired four shots at the supposed hold-up, who fell to the street. Brown was arrested. Miller had no weapon and his hands were in his pockets.

opposition to the Philippine government bill. As The conditions in Utah nave come to on previous days he devoted much of his time today to a consideration of the testi-time prohibited from going to Gentile schools, and religion and state are being too closele identified." on previous days he devoted much of his Connection with orders is general officers in Department and by general officers in the Philippines. He was particularly severe in his denunciation of General Chaffee for the orders he had issued in carrying out the policy of the Govern-ment. He deciared, in conclusion, that ment. He deciared, in conclusion, that the United States would reap a whiri-wind of misfortunes and disasters as a result of its policy in the Philippines. The Senate passed several unobjected measures of minor importance and a large number of private pension bills.

> The House today sent the oleomargarine bill to conference, after agreeing to the Senate amendments with some modi-fications suggested by the agricultural committee. The opponents of the measure offered a number of amendments, the principal one of which was designed to principal one of which was designed to place renovated butter on the same foot-ing with oleomargarine, but they were voted down. The latter part of the day was devoted to the agricultural appropriation bill.

THE DAY IN DETAIL. Senator Rawlins Continues His

Speech on the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, April 24-During the consideration of routine business in the Senate today a bill was reported from the judiciary committee and paased, providing that certain cierical defects in the naturalization cases in Territorial Courts that have gone out of existence

may be remedied on proper hearing. A resolution offered by Proctor direct-ing the Secretary of War to send to the Senate all reports regarding the But-fington-Crozier gun carriage which may have been made to the department was adopted.

Bills then were passed as follows: To provide for the purchase of a site and the ersetion of a public building thereon in the City of Washington, to be used for a hall of records, and indicating an appropriation of \$1,000,000 for the purpose; authorizing an increase of pension in cases involving total deafness; authorizing the appointment of a committee to distribute \$500,000 of the funds of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians among indigent mem At 2 o'clock the Philippine government

bill was taken up and Rawlins tinued his speech in opposition to it. He quoted from the testimony of General MacArthur before the committee on Philippines in accounting for the dis-proportion of killed and wounded among the Filiphnos. General Mac-Arthur's explanation was that "It arises from the fact that our soldiers are trained in target practice. In other words, they know how to shoot. The Filipino soldiers do not know how to shoot."

The explanation made by General Mac-Arthur was not satisfactory, in the opinion of Rawins. The Senator's ex-planation was that "our troops were directed not to encumber themselves with prisoners and not to burden them-selves with the wounded. The Filipinos were swept from the face of the earth

the American people. He attacked the Administration for referring to the army in the Philippines, for investigation, th charges against the military authorities in the islands made by Provincial Gover-nor Gardener. He declared that no

proper investigation could or would be conducted by the army which was the object of the criticism." In the course of an eloquent and impassioned peroration, Rawlins declared that if the United States Government

should continue in the enforcement of its present policy in the Philippines it would reap a whiriwind of misfortunes and disasters. He received congratula-tions from many Senators when he had concluded. The Senate then passed 43 private pen-

sion bills. At 4:40 it went into executive session and at 4:55 adjourned.

In the House.

The House today resumed the con-sideration of the Senate amendments to the oleomargarine bill. All the amend-ments offered by the opponents of the bill were rejected and the Senate amendments, with such amendments to thos amendments as were proposed by the majority of the agricultural committee, were adopted. The opponents of the bill made a strong effort to place renovated-process butter on the same foot-ing with oleomargarine, but they were defeated by a two-thirds majority. At the conclusion of the debate the amend-ment was sent back to conference.

The House then went into committee of the whole and took up the agricultural appropriation bill. It was agreed that there should be three hours' general de-bate upon each side. Wadsworth (Rep. N. Y.), in charge of the bill, made a brief preliminary statement of the con-tents of the bill, which he explained carried \$5,158,570, an increase of \$557,150 over the current law. The largest increases were those for the Weather Bureau and Bureau of Plant Industry, each about \$100,000.

Fox (Dem. Miss.), availing himself of the latitude allowed in general debate, discussed the question of restricted suffrage in the South, with especial reference to the legislation of his own state, which he defended. He argued that Minsissippi had done the wise and patriotic thing and deserved the com-mendation of the country.

At the conclusion of Fox' remarks the House, at 5:08 P. M., adjourned

EFFECT ON CLIMATE.

Why Western Arid 'Lands Should Be Irrigated.

WASHINGTON, April 24-William H. Chadwick, chairman of the transporta-tion committee of the Board of Trade, of Chicago, has written a letter to Rep-resentative Newlands, of Nevada, the author of the pending irrigation bill, presenting new reasons why this measure should be passed. He says: senting

"The districts which compose the 'arid lands, by reason of the intense dry heat there, produced and which, through the esstward movement of all atmospheric conditions across the continent, are, and always have been a menace to all that great agricultural country lying to the east and northeast of the section in ques-tion, notably, Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri, Illinois, Iowa, South Dakota, Indiana and Ohio. The tremendous losses experienced within the past 12 months by farmers, the livestock interests, the merchants and common carriers, are fresh in our minds-a veritable calamity,

"The great loss entailed through the District of Utah,

of territory and ask for legislation to that end."

DISAGREEMENT ON EXCLUSION BILL

Point of Difference Is Date as to When the Law Shall Extend, WASHINGTON, April 24.-The conferent

in the Chincse exclusion bill decided to day to report a disagreement to each House. The point of difference is the dute as to when the law shall extend, the House contending for an indefinite period, and the Senate being equally firm in insisting that the law shall not last beyond the life of the treaty. The House conferees have held out at

the earnest request of the California dele ration, but it is believed that when a further conference is ordered an agree-ment will be reached. The Senate con-ferees announced that a canvars of the Senate showed that body would not yield on this point,

No Action in Croaler Case.

WASHINGTON, April 24.-The Senate iled in executive session to consider the comination of General Crozier to be Chief of Ordnance at the close of routine busi-ness today, notwithstanding a previous agreement to the effect that this should agreement to the effect that this should be done. The committee on military at-fairs desired delay. It today decided to make a more detailed investigation before taking the matter up in the Senate, as Senator Scott suggested it had been represenied that injustice had been done to General Crozier in connection with his in-levent in the Buffington-Crozier gun car-The committee decided to make riage. urther investigation, but without asking have the adverse report already made the committee in General Crozier's se withdrawn. All persons having knowledge of the gun carriage, and espe-cially the members of the board of ord-nance and fortifications, of which General Miles is president, will be summoned to give testimony. The Senate adopted a resolution offered by Senator Proctor, "di-recting the Secretary of War to send to

recting the Secretary of War to send to the Senste copies of all official reports from artillery officers in regard to the Buffington-Crozier disappearing gun-carriage, made either to the War Department or to the board of ordnance and fortifica-It is the general opinion that the committee's action will postpone consid-eration of the nomination by the Senate for a considerable time.

For Repeal of Bankruptey Law,

WASHINGTON, April 24 .- Four of the emocratic members of the House com-tittee on judiciary united today in a minority report on the bill amending

bankruptcy law. The report favors the repeal of the entire law, and says: "We do not believe there is any necessity or any general public demand for the longer retention of the law. It has tended

to burden the Federal Courts with litigation which could be just as well conduct-ed by the courts of the states."

Monument to Fremont.

WASHINGTON, April 34. - President Roosevelt today expressed his approval of the measure now pending in Congress for the appropriation of \$50,000 to erect a monument in Washington to the late Major-General John C. Fremont.

Sominations Confirmed.

by the Senate: by the Senate: Postmasters-Oklahoma: W. E. John-ston, Tecumseh; H. Brown, Watonga; Jo-seph Lippman, United States Attorney, Montana Senator Arrested.

WASHINGTON, April 24 .- When Sen itor Clark, of Montana, arrived at the Senate annex today in his automobile, he was interviewed by two bloycle po-licemen, who had been following him. They asserted that he had been exceeding the speed limit of 12 miles an hour. The Senstor declared that he had not been going more than 10 miles an

The pollcemen requested that the chauf-



Just before retiring, if your liver is singgish, out of tune and you feel dull, billous, constipated, take a dose of

And yon'll be all right in the marning

nd all bilious diseases. **TUTT'S Liver PILLS**

Cure All Liver Ills. Arrest

isease by the timely use of att's Liver Pills, an old and vorite remedy of increasing pularity. Always cures

H DE

SWEET

CRISP FLAKES

OF WHEAT AND

MALT

READY

TO SERVE

SICK HEADACHE, ur stomach, malaria, indigeson, torpid liver, constipation

WASHINGTON, April 24 .- Confirmations **Hood's Pills**