

# Morning Oregonian



VOL. XLII—NO. 12,899.

PORTLAND, OREGON, TUESDAY, APRIL 15, 1902.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

**Be sure the heels are stamped.**  
**GOLD SEAL CROCK-PROOF MINING BOOTS**  
Be sure that the heels and knees are stamped as per cut, and that each boot has our "Gold Seal" stamp on the leg.  
Manufactured only by **GOODYEAR RUBBER CO.**  
R. H. PEASE, President.  
73 & 75 First St. Portland, Or.

**These Dogs ARE WELL KNOWN**  
As the label of the celebrated **BEAU BRUMMEL 5c Cigar**  
For sale by all dealers. Smoke no other.  
**DISTRIBUTERS:**  
**Blumauer-Frank Drug Co.**  
Wholesale and Importing Druggists

**SHAW'S PURE MALT WHISKY**  
America's ORIGINAL MALT WHISKY Without a Rival Today  
**BLUMAUE & HOCH**  
108 and 110 Fourth Street  
Sole Distributors for Oregon

**HOTEL PERKINS**  
Fifth and Washington Streets PORTLAND, OREGON  
**EUROPEAN PLAN**  
First-Class Check Restaurant Connected With Hotel.  
Rooms—Single ..... To \$1.50 per day  
Rooms—Double ..... \$1.00 to \$2.00 per day  
Rooms—Family ..... \$1.50 to \$3.00 per day

**St. Charles Hotel**  
CO. (INCORPORATED).  
FRONT AND MORRISON STREETS PORTLAND, OREGON  
American and European Plan.  
American Plan ..... \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75  
European Plan ..... 50c, 75c, \$1.00

**A Strictly Wholesale Shoe House**  
The Packard and Puritan Shoes for men, the K. & P. School Shoes for children. Complete in each detail.

**Krausse & Prince**  
87-89 First St. Portland, Or.

**FERTILIZERS FOR ROSES BEST VARIETIES SWEET PERS**  
**PORTLAND SEED COMPANY**  
SEEDS  
FRONT ST. PORTLAND, OREGON.  
SLUG SHOT KILLS SNAILS

**USE PORTLAND STARCH CO**  
WHEAT GLOSS STARCH MT. HOOD BRAND  
for your Linen  
**PURE WHEAT STARCH FOR FOOD**  
Superior to cornstarch, equal to Bermuda arrowroot. Made out of best OREGON WHEAT in your city.  
Factory, No. 121 Sixteenth Street, Corner Glisan. Telephone North 2421.

**WIRE AND IRON FENCING**  
Of all kinds.  
**Poultry Netting**  
**BANK AND OFFICE RAILINGS**  
AND ALL KINDS OF USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL WORK  
**Portland Wire & Iron Works**  
MANUFACTURERS. 147 FRONT STREET

**Don't Buy Ready-Made Suits**  
We sell unclaimed  
**Tailor-made Suits from \$10 to \$20**  
Worth \$20 to \$40  
**FARNSWORTH-HERALD TAILORING CO.**  
245 Washington Street, near Third. New Falling Building.

**Incomplete--Complete**  
THE PIANO as it stands is INCOMPLETE. (This does not admit of argument.) THE PIANOLA COMPLETES IT. The following artists have passed this judgment by using it in their homes: Paderewski, Sauer, Moszkowski, Rosenthal, Hofmann, De Pachman, Sivinski, Bauer and von Dohnanyi. Investigate by addressing  
**THE AEOLIAN COMPANY**  
H. B. WELLS, Sole Northwest Agt. 353-355 Washington St., cor. Park.

## RIVER ITEMS UP

### Amounts Carried in the Senate Bill.

## THE COLUMBIA FARES WELL

### Dredge Matter Is Left to the Secretary of War.

**\$614,000 FOR THE DALLES**  
Appropriation of \$68,000 for Willamette Above Portland-Cooos Bar, Tillamook and Siuslaw Get Good Increases.

Month of Columbia.....	\$500,000
Continuing contracts.....	1,000,000
Portland to the sea.....	225,000
Dalles-Celilo project.....	614,000
Upper Columbia and Snake.....	40,250
Columbia at Cascades.....	30,000
Willamette above Portland.....	68,000
Columbia, Vancouver to Willamette.....	10,000
Coquille, Coquille to mouth.....	30,000
Cooos Bay.....	75,000
Cooos River.....	2,000
Siuslaw.....	35,000
Tillamook Bay.....	27,000
Long Tom.....	500

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The river and harbor bill, as reported to the Senate for the mouth of the Columbia River \$500,000, with contracts not to exceed \$1,000,000, exclusive of the amounts in this bill and heretofore appropriated. This can not be interfered with in conference. Other items contained in the bill are: For the improvement of the Columbia River at the Cascades, \$30,000, provided that so much thereof as may be necessary shall be used on the obstructive rock in the rapids of the Columbia near Cascade Locks, for the improvement of the Lower Willamette and Columbia below Portland, \$225,000, of which amount \$175,000 is to be used at the discretion of the Secretary of War for the construction or purchase of a dredge to be used in said river; this cannot be changed in conference; for improving the Willamette River above Portland and the Yamhill River, \$68,000, of which so much as necessary is to be used in revetting the banks of the Willamette near Independence and at Corvallis; for the maintenance of the Long Tom River, \$500; for improving the Coquille River from Coquille to its mouth, \$30,000; for improving Cooos River, \$75,000; for improving the Upper Columbia and Snake Rivers, \$40,250.

The unexpended balance of the appropriation heretofore made for the improvement of Clearwater River, Idaho, is made available for the improvement of the Upper Columbia and Snake Rivers. Of this sum, \$38,000, or so much as necessary, may be expended in completing the improvement of Snake River between Riparian and Lewiston, and \$32,000 may be expended in the improvement of the Snake River above Lewiston.

As a substitute for the House provision providing for a survey at the Dalles, there is the following provision: Improving the Columbia River between the foot of The Dalles rapids and the head of Celilo Falls, Oregon and Washington, by means of canals, and the improvement of the channel of the river in accordance with the project submitted in House document No. 228, 56th Congress, second session. The unexpended balance heretofore appropriated for the purpose of procuring a right of way and commencing the construction of a boat railway at said point are hereby authorized to be used for procuring a right of way, and commencing the construction of said canal, and commencing the other improvements contemplated as a part of said project, provided that a contract or contracts may be entered into by the Secretary of War for such materials and work as may be necessary to prosecute said improvement in accordance with the plan approved by the Chief of Engineers, to be paid for as appropriations may from time to time be made by law, not to exceed in the aggregate \$400,000, including the amounts herein and heretofore appropriated, said contract or contracts to be made for such work and materials as will materially forward and advance the completion of said project.

The unexpended balance referred to as appropriated for the boat railway is \$24,000. This makes the appropriation for The Dalles improvement, if it can be held in conference, \$614,000.

Another new item in the bill appropriates \$10,000 for improving the Columbia between the mouth of the Willamette and the City of Vancouver. The House appropriation for improving the mouth of the Siuslaw River is increased from \$35,000 to \$38,000, and the appropriation of \$10,000 for improving the entrance to Cooos Bay and harbor is changed so as to provide for maintenance and continuing the improvement and repair of the jetty to \$75,000. For completing the improvement of Tillamook Bay and bar, \$27,000 is appropriated, and the Secretary of War is directed to cause to be made a survey and estimate the cost of securing channels across said bar and 15 and 20 feet in depth, respectively. Provision is also made in the bill, by way of amendment to the House bill, for surveys and estimates as follows: Cape Lookout, with a view of establishing a breakwater; Yamhill River, with a view of prolonging the period of navigation; Yaquina River, from its mouth to Elk City; and Willamette River, between Portland and Oregon City. An amendment to the House provision

## THE ISSUE IN OREGON

### Clear Across the Country It Shows Itself "Scuttled."

**SO THEY SAY IN THE EAST**  
Republican Platform Declares for Expansion, for Which the People Voted Two Years Ago—Have Not Changed Their Minds.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Philadelphia Press, commenting editorially upon the Oregon platform, says that the "Republican plank is an unequivocal endorsement of the McKimley policy of expansion, for which the people voted two years ago—have not changed their minds."

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Philadelphia Press, commenting editorially upon the Oregon platform, says that the "Republican plank is an unequivocal endorsement of the McKimley policy of expansion, for which the people voted two years ago—have not changed their minds."

## END OF STRIKE IN SIGHT

### Mitchell and Mineowners Hold a Five-Hour Conference.

DUBOIS, Pa., April 14.—General Manager Robinson, of the Rochester & Pittsburgh Coal & Iron Company, met President Mitchell and the district officers of the United Mineworkers today, with delegates from the different mines in this region, at Pankraty today, in a conference lasting five hours. As a result of the conference it is generally felt that within a few days the strike of the bituminous miners will be declared off. None of the parties to the conference would give out a statement, but it is believed that an agreement had been reached. The delegates hurried to their respective homes after the conference, and at once called the meetings to be held tomorrow afternoon. It is reported that both sides have made concessions.

## Form a National Union

### FITTSBURGH, April 14.—A convention of the members of the United Sheet Metal workers' Union, who operate the factories of the American Can Company in the metropolitan district, which takes in Chicago, Cleveland, St. Louis, Cincinnati, New Orleans and Canada. The association is being formed for the purpose of rendering mutual assistance, fixing a scale of wages and forming a fund for use in promoting the union.

## Strike Declared Off

### NEW YORK, April 14.—The strike of the members of the United Sheet Metal workers' Union, who operate the factories of the American Can Company in the metropolitan district, which takes in Chicago, Cleveland, St. Louis, Cincinnati, New Orleans and Canada. The association is being formed for the purpose of rendering mutual assistance, fixing a scale of wages and forming a fund for use in promoting the union.

## COURT DECIDES FOR CITY

### Fire and Police Board Must Cut Its Appropriations.

DENVER, April 14.—The Court of Appeals gave a decision today in favor of the Denver City Council in the mandamus proceedings brought by the Fire and Police Board to compel the Council to appropriate for the fire and police departments the sums asked for by the board. The appropriation bill, which the Council will now pass, gives the fire department \$150,000 and the police department \$100,000, a total for both departments of about \$250,000 less than the board demanded. The lower court had granted a mandamus as asked for by the Fire and Police Board, and the Court of Appeals reverses this finding. Owing to the suit, no city salaries have been paid for three months.

## MILES DIDN'T DO IT

### He Didn't Pull Ord Down to Pull Himself Up.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—It was said at the War Department today that there was no ground for the assertion that General Miles had secured the retirement of General Ord as a Brigadier-General in order to have himself appointed as Ord's successor. This statement came from friends of General Miles. It is asserted that Miles received his appointment from President Hayes chiefly because he had recently performed meritorious services in the Indian campaigns, particularly in the capture of Chief Joseph. The story was started about Miles' procuring Ord's retirement as a justification for the retirement of Miles arbitrarily. A number of

## BUDGET GIVEN OUT

### England May Tax Wheat to Meet Cost of War.

**CHANCELLOR SO RECOMMENDS**  
Hopes After War Is Over Government Will Supply Money for Restocking Farms of Honest Enemies, as Well as British.

## WILL BE APPOINTED SURVEYOR OF CUSTOMS OF PORT OF NEW YORK.



**JAMES S. CLARKSON.**  
WASHINGTON, April 14.—The President has determined upon the appointment of James S. Clarkson, of Iowa, formerly First Assistant Postmaster-General, to be Surveyor of Customs of the port of New York.

James S. Clarkson is a journalist. He was born in Indiana, in 1842. His education was received in the public schools, and in 1860 he became a school teacher. He enlisted in an infantry regiment in 1861, and a cavalry regiment in 1862, but was rejected because of weak lungs. He served on the Daily State Register, Des Moines, as printer, foreman and business manager and editor, and with his brother purchased it in 1870. He sold his interest in 1881. He was chairman of the Iowa State Republican Committee in 1880, and for several years afterward. He accepted a mission to Switzerland in 1889; was postmaster at Des Moines, 1871-7, and First Assistant Postmaster-General, 1880-1890, a position he resigned. Just after his retirement he was asked to accept a mission to China, but declined. He is now president of the New York & New Jersey Bridge Company, a large concern. Mr. Clarkson was married in 1867 to Miss Anna Howell.

## THE DEATH ROLL

### A Vaudeville Performer.

LOUISVILLE, April 14.—Robert MacDonald, a vaudeville performer, who was filling an engagement at a local theater, died at St. Mary and Elizabeth Hospital today, after an illness of three days. The body will be sent to San Francisco.

## ACTOR FREDERICK BRYTON

### NEW YORK, April 14.—Frederick Bryton, the well-known actor, who was associated with Clara Morris at one time, is dead at a home in Rochester, according to a World special from that city.

## WELL-KNOWN THEATRICAL MANAGER

### NEW YORK, April 14.—Edward Knowles, a well-known theatrical manager, died of paralysis in Brooklyn tonight.

## CONTENTS OF TODAY'S PAPER.

- Congress.  
Senate river and harbor bill increases amount for Oregon. Page 1.  
Senate gives day to Chinese exclusion bill. Page 2.  
House begins second week's debate on Cuban reciprocity. Page 2.  
Senate committee begins investigation of "water cure" practiced on Filipinos. Page 2.
- Foreign.  
English budget statement is given out. Page 1.  
Many strikes in Belgium, and situation in mining regions is serious. Page 3.  
Boer leaders talk over peace terms with Lord Milner. Page 3.
- Domestic.  
David B. Hill speaks at New York Democratic harmony meeting. Page 2.  
Washington's case against the railroad merger was heard in the United States Supreme Court. Page 5.
- Pacific Coast.  
Oregon Supreme Court renders three opinions. Page 4.  
Fishing season for salmon in Columbia River opens today. Page 4.
- Marine.  
Portland-bound ship in trouble in the Falkland Islands. Page 12.  
Bark East Indian, last of October grain steamer, reaches Fairport. Page 12.  
Reinsurance on salmon ship Red Rock is declining. Page 12.  
Four log rafts will be built at Stella this summer. Page 12.
- Portland and Vicinity.  
H. C. Smith named for secretary of State Republican Central Committee. Page 10.  
Representatives of St. Louis Fair arrive to exploit project. Page 11.  
Judge Sears becomes Presiding Judge of Circuit Court. Page 8.  
State Board of Horticulture meets. Page 8.  
Blind woman takes poison. Page 10.

## THE ISSUE IN OREGON

### Clear Across the Country It Shows Itself "Scuttled."

**SO THEY SAY IN THE EAST**  
Republican Platform Declares for Expansion, for Which the People Voted Two Years Ago—Have Not Changed Their Minds.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Philadelphia Press, commenting editorially upon the Oregon platform, says that the "Republican plank is an unequivocal endorsement of the McKimley policy of expansion, for which the people voted two years ago—have not changed their minds."

## END OF STRIKE IN SIGHT

### Mitchell and Mineowners Hold a Five-Hour Conference.

DUBOIS, Pa., April 14.—General Manager Robinson, of the Rochester & Pittsburgh Coal & Iron Company, met President Mitchell and the district officers of the United Mineworkers today, with delegates from the different mines in this region, at Pankraty today, in a conference lasting five hours. As a result of the conference it is generally felt that within a few days the strike of the bituminous miners will be declared off. None of the parties to the conference would give out a statement, but it is believed that an agreement had been reached. The delegates hurried to their respective homes after the conference, and at once called the meetings to be held tomorrow afternoon. It is reported that both sides have made concessions.

## Form a National Union

### FITTSBURGH, April 14.—A convention of the members of the United Sheet Metal workers' Union, who operate the factories of the American Can Company in the metropolitan district, which takes in Chicago, Cleveland, St. Louis, Cincinnati, New Orleans and Canada. The association is being formed for the purpose of rendering mutual assistance, fixing a scale of wages and forming a fund for use in promoting the union.

## Strike Declared Off

### NEW YORK, April 14.—The strike of the members of the United Sheet Metal workers' Union, who operate the factories of the American Can Company in the metropolitan district, which takes in Chicago, Cleveland, St. Louis, Cincinnati, New Orleans and Canada. The association is being formed for the purpose of rendering mutual assistance, fixing a scale of wages and forming a fund for use in promoting the union.

## COURT DECIDES FOR CITY

### Fire and Police Board Must Cut Its Appropriations.

DENVER, April 14.—The Court of Appeals gave a decision today in favor of the Denver City Council in the mandamus proceedings brought by the Fire and Police Board to compel the Council to appropriate for the fire and police departments the sums asked for by the board. The appropriation bill, which the Council will now pass, gives the fire department \$150,000 and the police department \$100,000, a total for both departments of about \$250,000 less than the board demanded. The lower court had granted a mandamus as asked for by the Fire and Police Board, and the Court of Appeals reverses this finding. Owing to the suit, no city salaries have been paid for three months.

## MILES DIDN'T DO IT

### He Didn't Pull Ord Down to Pull Himself Up.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—It was said at the War Department today that there was no ground for the assertion that General Miles had secured the retirement of General Ord as a Brigadier-General in order to have himself appointed as Ord's successor. This statement came from friends of General Miles. It is asserted that Miles received his appointment from President Hayes chiefly because he had recently performed meritorious services in the Indian campaigns, particularly in the capture of Chief Joseph. The story was started about Miles' procuring Ord's retirement as a justification for the retirement of Miles arbitrarily. A number of

In the budget statement for England the Chancellor of the Exchequer estimates the deficiency for the coming year at \$45,000,000, and recommends that the tax on wheat be renewed. It is evident from the statement that strong hopes are entertained for peace in South Africa, but at the same time the government desires to impress the Boers with its ability and determination to push the war to a finish.

LONDON, April 14.—The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, rose in the House of Commons at 4:25 P. M. today to make the budget statement. He declared the revised figures had not been exceptionally prosperous, but there was nothing to depress the people. Despite the fact that thousands of workmen had been removed from productive labor by the war, the revenue figures showed no diminution of business at home, while there was a satisfactory increase of foreign trade, and there was no reason for thinking that there had been any falling off of the consuming power of the people. There had been a heavy slump in the receipts from spirits, tobacco and beer, but there was a great increase in the consumption of tea and cocoa. The decrease in the receipts from spirits and tobacco was due to the forestalling of the duty during the previous year. He was in an exceptional position for a Chancellor of the Exchequer, holding office during a severe war, in that for two years past the revenue had exceeded his anticipations, the last year by \$53,000, when his total deficit, including the war expenditures of \$73,132,000 for South Africa and China, was \$20,132,000.

Proceeding to deal with the receipts of last year in detail, Sir Michael said the sugar tax was most successful. It brought in \$2,500,000 against his estimate of \$1,100,000. The export duty on coal produced \$124,000, which was also above the estimate, while the profits of evil were so far from being justified that the exports were higher than in the case of any year except the second year of 1899. The death duties had produced \$18,398,000. There had been a material decrease in the consumption of beer. He had seen it set forth that the brewers were covering the higher duty by decreasing the gravity of their beer. Possibly their customers had not fully appreciated the diluted article.

Tax Which Bore Him Through.  
Though the death duties were a useful life-buoy to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the real ship which bore him safely through the stormy seas of National finance was the income tax, which last year yielded \$34,900,000, or \$1,000,000 above the estimate. He had hoped to hope that though the tax was a heavy burden in some cases, the instances were not quite so numerous as many people believed.

The account of the national debt was not so satisfactory. It now stood at \$17,986,000, the funded debt showing an increase of \$3,000,000, chiefly due to the consols loan of last Spring.

The cost of the war for three years was \$18,000,000, in addition to the hope of repayment from the wealth of the Transvaal, there was their share in the Chinese indemnity, which was a very valuable asset.

After touching on various details, the Chancellor turned to the prospects for the future. He estimated the expenditures for the coming year at \$174,000,000. The revenue on the part of the Senate of the nation was \$175,785,000, leaving a deficit of \$28,215,000. This would be increased by \$18,500,000 by gratuities to the troops and bringing the soldiers home, the maintenance of the South African constabulary, and the cost of the international sugar convention, etc., making a gross deficit of \$46,000,000.

He then went on to say that war was a costly thing to wage, and a costly thing to terminate. After the war was over there would be the great expense of the relief and resettlement of the two colonies, and the restocking of farms. He hoped that, when durable peace was established, Parliament would be generous and lend money for restocking the farms, not only of those who fought for the British, but of those who had been enemy enemies, and whom they now hoped to make friends, and for railroad and other enterprises, to serve to develop the two states. It was his duty not to take a rosy view of the case, but to provide for the worst. He had hopes of a happy result from the conference in South Africa, but he had put them aside. Preparations for the continuance of the war were the best guarantee of peace.

Duty on Wheat to Be Renewed.  
The Chancellor proposed to suspend the sinking fund, reducing the deficit by \$4,500,000, and then increase by a penny on the pound the income tax, yielding \$2,000,000 increase. From July 1 there would be a penny to two-pence stamp duty on eight bills, including dividend warrants and checks, yielding \$200,000. After admitting that he did not purpose to interfere with beer, wine, tea and sugar, the Chancellor said he must select for indirect taxation an article practically in universal use, the taxation of which would not unduly press upon any class. The ordinary expenditure of the country, quite apart from the war, was greatly increasing, and in view of the ever-growing expenditure for armies and navies in other countries he thought it desirable to frame some scheme of taxation under which, when peace returns, there would be no difficulty in settling the country's financial situation on a basis equitable alike to all the taxpayers of the country. He was of the opinion that the repeal by the late Mr. Lowe of the import duty on wheat had not realized the expectations formed at the time. The effect of a duty of 3 pence per hundredweight on wheat would mean but a very small fraction of a farthing increase in the price of the loaf, and the competition of the bakers was so keen that any one trying to raise the price of bread on such a ground would probably find such action not to his advantage.

(Continued on third page.)