

WANTS A CHIEF OF STAFF

GENERAL SCHOFIELD'S OPINION OF THE NEW ARMY BILL.

Says the Office of Commanding General is Superfluous—Praises the Confederate's System.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The report of the testimony given before the Senate committee on military affairs by General Schofield, formerly the commanding general of the Army, on the bill to create a general staff, was made public today. He endorsed the bill, saying that he had long since come to the conclusion that there is no room under our Constitution for two commanders, and that the President, under the Constitution makes the supreme commander, must act through the Secretary of War. He added: "The very excited individual office, so-called, of commanding General of the Army, there is no room for it in this Government, no matter who occupies it; it is not a question of personality at all, or the character of the individual, so far as this great question is concerned. We must have what other nations of the earth have—a chief of staff, not a commanding General."

Referring to the German system, General Schofield said: "We would have to modify their system, so as to make it applicable. If we had at the head of the Army for years the same distinguished General, other things being satisfactory, that would be very well, but what is the use of a General as the nominal head of the Army if the President will not even talk to him except to criticize him, or if the Secretary of War and the War Department are each other's? What good is that?"

Senator Burrows—Why cannot the Lieutenant-General of the Army confer as it is?

General Schofield—They are not on speaking terms.

Senator Burrows—Not on speaking terms?

General Schofield—No, sir; you will see that it is an intolerable condition, because this man, close to the President, the only man who is available to do these things, is a man whom the President refuses to talk to, except to criticize him; the result is that the President and the Secretary of War are each other's.

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IS GUILTY OF MURDER

MUSIC TEACHER CAUSED THE DEATH OF CARRIE JENNETT.

Professor Miller Confesses to the Detroit Crime—Reprieves Arrives Too Late.

DETROIT, April 11.—After 24 hours spent in the Grand River-avenue police station, Professor Joseph M. Miller broke down today and confessed that he murdered Miss Carrie M. Jennett, one of his former pupils, last Wednesday night with the small hatchet which was found in his kitchen last night with bloodstains upon it. This afternoon a warrant was issued for his arrest in the Police Court, and he was arraigned there at 4 o'clock. He waived an examination and was committed to jail without bail. Tomorrow he will be brought into the Recorder's Court and asked to plead guilty. If he does so, the self-confessed murderer will be on his way to the Jackson Penitentiary by Saturday noon to spend the rest of his life.

Miller said that he had illicit relations with the girl, and was responsible for her condition. He stated he offered to send Miss Jennett to a hospital, but she refused to go, insisting that he leave his family and go to some other city with her. This he refused to do.

HELENA, Mont., April 11.—J. S. Keel, attempted murder and suicide.

ANACONDA, Mont., April 11.—Fred Bauer, an employe of the Washoe smelter of the Anaconda Company, while in a fit of jealousy tonight, shot his wife and then put bullets through his own brain. Bauer died almost instantly, and his wife is now at the hospital under the care of physicians, who state that she has little chance of recovery.

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DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR REPRESENTATIVE FROM BAKER COUNTY.

J. H. ROBBINS.

SUMMIT, Or., April 11.—J. H. Robbins, Democratic nominee for Representative from Baker County, is the present Mayor of this city. He is engaged in the banking and mining business, being president of the First Bank of this city, and also of the Farmers and Traders Bank of La Grande. He is a large stockholder in the Red Boy mine. Recently he negotiated the purchase of the Golconda mine for \$200,000, and is now the principal owner of this noted mine.

Mr. Robbins is a native son of Oregon. He was born on a farm three miles from Salem, May 12, 1859. In 1867, with his parents, he moved to Eastern Oregon. The family moved to Granite in 1864, and the subject of this sketch has since made Eastern Oregon his home, residing in Union, Baker and Umatilla Counties. From 1888 to 1892 he was collector of the county, and in 1893 he was appointed Receiver of the La Grande Land Office by President Cleveland. He served in that office until 1898, or one year longer than the term for which he was originally appointed.

He would not do. Wednesday night, when he started from home for the lodge meeting, he had an engagement with his wife, and intended to kill her. He took the hatchet that was found by the officers yesterday in his kitchen. He secreted it on Seventh street on his way to the meeting. When he left the lodgerooms he secured the hatchet again and proceeded to the corner of Fourteenth and Warren avenues, where he met Miss Jennett. They walked over to Thirteenth street and out to where the killing was done.

Miller says they sat down on the sidewalk and talked for a while, the girl urging him to abandon his family and leave the city with her. He then whipped out the hatchet and struck her on the head. When asked why he mutilated her so, Miller said he had no recollection of what he did after the first blow until he found himself wiping the blood off his hatchet on the grass in the vacant lot.

Suspected of the Heywood Murder.

DETROIT, April 11.—A thorough search of the Heywood premises was made today by the officers who are investigating the murder of George M. Heywood, whose body was found in the stock of his home early yesterday morning with the skull crushed. William M. Jones, who roomed in Heywood's house, is under arrest on suspicion. It is the theory of the officers that Jones went down the back stairs to the cellar, out the rear cellar door and through the shed to the alley, then across the lot and to the barn, where he lay in wait for his victim. According to this theory, Jones must have walked through the ashes of the alley. Among Jones' clothing was found a pair of shoes the soles and heels of which were thick with blood. In a night shirt which Jones wore the officers found a handkerchief with distinct blood stains upon it. With this he might have wiped the head of the hammer, which was found in the room and which fitted perfectly the hole in Heywood's forehead. Jones still maintains his cool demeanor.

RESPIRE CAME TOO LATE.

St. Louis Negro Hanged a Few Minutes Before the Reprieve Arrived.

ST. LOUIS, April 11.—Henry Fletcher, colored, was hanged today for the murder of Louis Roth, 16 years old, August 7, 1900. At 6:45 A. M., 30 minutes after the fatal drop, a telegram was received by Sheriff Joseph E. Dickmann from Governor Dockery, granting a reprieve of 15 days.

At 11 o'clock last night Circuit Attorney Foltz telegraphed Governor Dockery recommending a day's reprieve in order to investigate more fully the testimony of Fletcher acted in self-defense. A message from Jefferson City said that the Governor, when aroused by the messenger, stuck his head out of a second-story window and asked: "What's wanted?"

The messenger told him the nature of the message and he ordered it put under the door. Sheriff Dickmann concluded that this meant no interference.

At 5:50 Sheriff Dickmann told the condemned boy to prepare for the march to the gallows. The next five minutes was spent in prayer. When Fletcher had finished, he turned to a deputy and placed his arms behind him. "We'll go now," he said quietly and the rope was tied over his elbows.

The boy walked to the gallows with a steady step and when asked by the Sheriff if he wished to say anything, began a speech that occupied three minutes. He declared that he fired the fatal shot, but disavowed any intention of murder. His object, he said, was merely to disarm his assailant. Fletcher concluded as follows: "Without the desire to reflect on the man who sent me to this fate, the worst that can befall a man is to die for a crime that he did not commit. I am glad to say that not only have I been persecuted, but relentlessly persecuted as well. This shameful end to my life, a boy's life, marks the final triumph of money over the law. The time is past when anything can be done. Death is very near to me, but before it lays its hand let me say a parting word. Shun evil companions, do not be led by a money man. I want to say, Had I done so there would have been no fight, no shooting, no hangman's noose."

"I did my duty," said Sheriff Dickmann, after the hanging, "and I am glad to say the death warrant called on me to execute Fletcher between the hours of 6 in the morning and 6 in the afternoon. He was hanged by the gallows at 5 in the morning when the drop fell."

"I don't hold myself to blame. The Governor is the one who had the authority, and he is responsible for the whole incident."

Deputy Sheriff Charles Bilbarts, who

CHECK TO TRADE SLIGHT

PRESENT DRAWBACKS ARE OF TRANSITORY CHARACTER.

Special Activity in Leading Manufacturing Lines—Bank Clearings Large—Review of Week.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: While crop currents in trade and industry make it difficult to characterize the general trade situation the country over, appearances indicate that the check on Western trade by reactionary weather, crop uncertainties and additional inaction in industrial circles is of a transitory character. Bank clearings, all things considered, are large volume; railroad earnings reported to Bradstreet's point to continued increases over the same period a year ago, and special activity noted in leading manufacturing lines, particularly iron and steel, lumber, cotton goods, coal mining, machinery making and a host of lesser industries. Jobbing distribution in the Central West and at the leading Eastern centers notes a further quieting down, but in the Spring wheat season reports are of undiminished activity. Southwestern trade reports continue of a cheerful nature. At industrial centers in the South, iron, coal and coke production is active, and while the backward weather conditions are credited with limiting demand in agricultural sections, the strength of cotton prices leads to a more hopeful feeling there.

It is interesting to note the general average of wheat, as a result of dry weather of last Fall and the early Winter, indicated by the Government reports. Winter wheat crop prospects are still for an excess of 400,000,000 bushels, and about equal, in fact, to the indicated final out-turn last year. A large increase in acreage is indicated in oats, and that crop seems to be progressing well.

Wool has tended to weaken, owing to the spread of the strike of weavers to other mills of the leading interests. Raw sugar has weakened on the anticipation of legislation in the matter of Cuba, and record low prices have been reached again. The same is also true of silver prices.

Among the industries, iron and steel are still exemplars of activity. West of the mountains, where the Government report, some strength being imparted by better export prospects, and a cold weather interfering with the growing crop, but this strength disappeared later, and the report itself, though held to be a surprise, exercised little effect on the net changes for the week being slight.

Hog products strengthened slightly on the small amount of hogs, and also on increased demand by packers.

Wheat, including flour, exports for the week aggregate 4,842,012 bushels, against 4,447,917 bushels last week and 4,250,000 bushels the week last year. Wheat exports, July 1, 1901, to date, 41 weeks, aggregate 222,087,979 bushels, against 227,718 bushels last season.

Business failures in the United States for the week number 182, against 176 last week, 205 in this week last year, 192 in 1900, and 243 in 1899. Failures in Canada for the week number 26, against 18 last week, 25 in this week a year ago, and 35 in 1900.

Bank Clearings.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at the principal cities for the week ended April 10, with the percentage of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year:

Table with columns: City, Clearings, Inc. Dec. Includes New York, Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Baltimore, San Francisco, Cleveland, Kansas City, Minneapolis, New Orleans, Louisville, Portland, Providence, Omaha, Milwaukee, Buffalo, St. Joseph, Denver, Savannah, Lake, Albany, Los Angeles, Memphis, Fort Worth, Seattle, Washington, Hartford, Toledo, Portland, Or., Rochester, Atlanta, New Haven, Worcester, Boston, Springfield, Mass., Syracuse, Dayton, O., Richmond, Va., Spokane, Des Moines, Davenport, Wilmington, Del., Evansville, Birmingham, Fall River, Macon, Little Rock, Helena, Knoxville, Lowell, Akron, Wichita, Springfield, Ill., Lexington, New Bedford, Chattanooga, Fargo, Birmingham, Canton, Springfield, O., Chester, Birmingham, Birmingham, St. Paul, Jacksonville, Ill., Fremont, Galveston, Columbus, O., Wheeling, Milwaukee, Decatur.

Total, U. S. \$2,247,119,858. Outside New York \$781,449,408.

CANADA. Montreal \$1,066,000. Toronto \$1,714,170. Vancouver \$87,849. Hamilton \$71,291. Victoria \$130,529. St. John \$1,000. Ottawa \$1,959,959.

Total Canada \$4,022,510. Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings. Not included in totals because of no comparison for last year.

GOOD NEWS PREDOMINATES.

Worst Handicap in the Strife Between Employers and Employees.

NEW YORK, April 11.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade tomorrow will say: Good news predominates in the business world, notwithstanding two somewhat serious drawbacks. Many conditions have been unattractive at various points, retarding retail distribution and delaying outdoor work, while excessive rains have put many Southern planters behind with work in the cotton fields. Still more of a handicap is the strife between wage-earners and employers. Manufacturing is exceptionally active in lines not disturbed by strikes, and there is a vigorous movement of goods through regular channels. Not only pig iron but bars, billets and structural shapes are all sold so far ahead that new business is comparatively light, although consumers would quickly absorb any early deliveries that might be offered. It is the exception when order books are not filled for full capacity well toward the end of 1902.

What moved within narrow limits. Western receipts for the week were 1,722,242 bushels, against 2,968,022 bushels a year ago, and the total for the crop year is gradually falling back to last year's figures. Lower prices stimulated exports for a time, but shipments of wheat and flour from all parts of the United States during the week were only 3,540,870 bushels, against 4,976,810 bushels last year.

Failures for the week numbered 186 in the

WE ARE NOT ALARMISTS

WOULD SIMPLY DIRECT YOUR ATTENTION TO SERIOUS SYMPTOMS EXPERIENCED BY THOUSANDS.

They Truly Indicate Terrible and Deadly Kidney Disease.

Paine's Celery Compound

Has Cured the Most Desperate Cases and Will Assuredly Banish Your Trouble.

While we would not play the part of alarmists, and seek to frighten people by declaring that a large majority of them are already victims of kidney disease, and liable to be hurried into untimely graves by them, still the very noticeable increase of kidney diseases in recent years, and their virulent power, is a subject that is constantly engaging the attention of the ablest medical investigators.

Have you pain in the small of the back, dull, dragging nature, but often acute and severe? Is the urine in a disordered state, sometimes pale in color and very copious, at other times high colored and scanty, with brick sediment or with settling of mucus, offensive, and foul smelling? Have you a general feeling of lassitude and weakness? Do you recognize the fact that you are unable to perform the same amount of mental or physical work that you got through with months ago?

Any one of the symptoms mentioned points unmistakably to deadly kidney disease in some form. Do not delay until it is too late. If you value life, begin this very day with Paine's Celery Compound; it is your only hope of success and safety. By the use of this wonderful remedy, tens of thousands are now enjoying perfect health who once were victims of treacherous kidney diseases. Read carefully the testimony of Mr. Albert Borewell, 84 North 15th St., Newark, N. J.:

"Some two years ago I suffered with kidney disease, during which time I had two doctors, neither of whom could do me any good. It was not until I used Paine's Celery Compound that I found relief. I had no strength, energy, or ambition, and was nervous and irritable. I was all run down and lost about 40 pounds. I felt that the end was near, when a friend suggested Paine's Celery Compound, and I have this great medicine to thank for my restoration to health."

It's Easy to Dye with DIAMOND DYES. Take no other.

Our Lizzie second, Wyoming third; time, 1:28. One mile and a sixteenth, selling—Marshall Neil won, Lena second, Windward third; time, 1:49.

A society called "La Ligue Contre la Mortalité Infantile" has just been founded in Paris, which is intended to combat by every possible means the excessive and avoidable mortality of young children. The society will devote all its efforts to the work in France destined to this end.

Races at Oakland.

OAKLAND, April 11.—Results: Seven furlongs, selling—Mamie Hildreth won, Katie Walcott second, Ed Rey third; time, 1:36. Six furlongs, selling—Divina won, Rubus second, John Peters third; time, 1:34. Four furlongs, selling—The Blue Boy won, Fredlin second, King Della third; time, 1:14. Four furlongs—Orlando won, the Fog second, The Forum third; time, 1:10. Seven furlongs, selling—Aloha II won.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

CANDY CATHARTIC

BOON FOR MOTHERS

PLEASE THE CHILDREN

CURE GUARANTEED

HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS

Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior. Try a ten-cent box today, if not pleased get your money back. Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

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