to catch the statement of the foreman

started for an instant as its import reached him, and then sat calmiy await-

er Goff had, at the request of the pris-oner's counsel, fixed a week from Monday as the day on which to pronounce sen-

MORGAN'S BIG DEALS

Financier on the Stand at the Power Hearing.

ANSWERED QUESTIONS FREELY

But Declined to Go Into the Firm's Relationship With Its Customers -Formation of Securities Company.

NEW YORK, March 26 .- J. P. Morgan gave evidence today before Special Ex-amine: Maybe, in the suit of Peter Power against the Northern Pacific Company He was questioned for two hours and a half by George Alfred Lamb, of counse for Power, and during that time he answered questions rapidly and without the slightest appearance of reserve. Only once or twice, when questions were asked concerning the relationship of J. P. Morgan & Co, with the firm's customers, did he decline to answer. Before the hearing was opened Mr. Morgan objected to the presence of a number of photographers, and they were directed to leave the room During the examination Mr. Morgan leaned back heavily in his chair, and his left hand thrust from time to time deeply in his trousers pocket. He toyed with an envelope impatiently, now and then striking it against his knee, now against the table on which his arm rested. eyes expressed impatience. They roamed about in excited restlessness while the questions were being put to him, but the moment he was ready to answer they fixed themselves on Mr. Lamb.

Several times during the hearing the financier seemed amused. Once Mr. Lamb asked if the price of Northern Pacific did not go above its real value while his firm was buying it in May, 1901.

"No," said Mr. Morgan, so amused that he had to stop to control himself before he answered. "It did when they came to tually bought."

another point the witness was asked if Mr. Hill had not told him that there was danger that the Harriman syndicate

was danger that the Harriman symmetre would buy the Burlington. "No," replied he, "but such a thing was only to be expected. The papers had much in the mabout railroad interests buying roads. I believe that within 30 days we railroad in the United States," and Mr. Morgan laughed.

After his examination had been finished Mr. Morgan was conducted through several hallways to Judge Wallace's private chambers, whence he made his way out of the building. All this was necessary to get away from a number of photographers who, were waiting in one of the hallways to take the financier's picture when he left the examination hall.

His Line of Business.

Mr. Morgan said it was the business the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co, to take up anything in a financial line that was creditable, and which might suggest itself as profitable. The firm had much to do with the reorganization of the Northern Pacific in 1896. The amount involved in that reorganization was something like

Mr. Lamb next asked Mr. Morgan in regard to a transaction in which \$26,000,00 or value of Northern Pacific stock was purchased for J. J. Hill and associates in 1896. The witness said he conducted the negotiation for that amount. He did not know whether all the purchasers of that block of Northern Pacific stock were Great Northern people. Mr. Morgan said he did not remember all the details of the

it is only natural that you might not be able to remember," said Mr. Lamb. "It did not look very large to me," said the witness. "The amount of cash in-volved was not more than about \$1,000,000. "If the Northern Pacific wanted any

thing today it would be financed by you house, would it not?" asked Mr. Lamb. 'Has your firm loaned the Northern Pa

"On whose account have these loans

"That I won't answer. We were com

missioned to raise the money. We got it wherever we could. From whom it was gotten, I will not say." Morgan said the Northern Pacific had not been controlled by any other rail-

road since 18%. Since that time its value had steadily increased. The Great Northern, to a certain extent, was a competitor of the Northern Pacific. J. P. Morgan & Co. received no commission for financing the retirement of Northern Pacific pre Concerning the Burlington purchase, the

witness said he had made up his mind that the Northern Pacific ought to have an Eastern terminal in Chicago. He talked the matter over with all the persons in terested, and they agreed. He said there were three lines available—the Wisconsin Central, the Burlington and the St. Paul, The first, he said, he would not he 'I wanted the St. Paul," said Mr. Mor-

"and Hill wanted the Burlington and finally the Burlington was selected. It was the chief desire of Mr. Hill that the Great Northern should have a ter-minal in Chicago. I desired the same for the Northern Pacific. There was nothin secret at all about the operations. Mr Hill made the negotiations. The price of \$200 a share for the Burlington stock was demanded by the Burlington directors, and I told Mr. Hill by all means to

"Did you know that there was a compe Great Northern for the business of the

"I never knew two roads that did not compete," the financier replied,
"At the present time the Burlington is operated jointly by the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern roads?" asked

"Nothing of the kind. The Burlington is operated as independently of all other roads as any railroad in the country." "Was not the Burlington deal precipitated because somebody else was after it?

"I do not know. If you ask my personal opinion I might say 'yes.' Why were you so anxious to have a majority interest in the Northern Pacific

"Well, our firm was financial agent of I felt it as a moral obligation

the Union Pacific interest. I felt in or bound to prevent that as a matter " said Mr. Morgan You bought your stock in the open

Objects of the Securities Company.

In further explanation of the intention Securities Company, Mr. Morgan said that as far as the placing of the Northern Pa-cific stock in that organization was concerned. It was done to have the majority

approached him two years ago about organizing a holding company, which would throw the Northern Pacific and Great

Northern interests together.
"I told Mr. Hill we could work together," said the witness, "but that we could not form any closer alliance, as that was against the law. The idea of forming the Northern Se

curities Company was never thought of previous to May 19. Mr. Morgan further explained that after the experience of May 5 he became more strongly imbued with the idea of forming a holding comwith the seas of forming a notating company for the Northern Pacific stock.

"This was what occurred to me," Mr. Morgan continued. "I might die, or the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. might be dissolved, and in such an event I wanted the Northern Pacific stock to be in safe hands, or that the stockholder might be seen that the stockholder might be seen that the season of the stockholder might be seen that the season of the stockholder might be seen that the season of the season

so that the stockholders might not suffer. I did not care who went into the company as long as the Northern Pacific interests were safe, as they would be if I held a majority of the stock."

"Such a majority you could not have without Mr. Hill going in with you?" asked Mr. Lamb. "I could. Mr. Hill did not have control; nor did I."

Mr. Morgan returned to the time when he learned of the contest for Northern Pacific control.

"I was at Aix, and so was Mr. Kennedy," he said, Mr. Kennedy was a large holder of Great Northern stocks, and also of Northern Pacific. He came to me at What means all this? I said: 'I do not know.' He said: 'I will put my stock into your office.' Kennedy and I were 'mates.' We have been friends for 40 years. I tale him when the said: 'We have been friends for 40 years.' years. I told him what I had done, and he said anything I suggested he would do. All my friends said the same. That is the way they treated me in the Northern Pacific transaction," said Mr. Morgan, Mr. Morgan later testified that he had

made a large sale of Northern Pacific stock to Mr. Hill. "How much was it?" asked Mr. Lamb.

"I cannot remember."
"Somebody has testified here that it was \$19,000,000 worth.' '
"Well, that may be."

"This seems rather a large transaction. Can you not tell us something about the negotiations?" asked Mr. Lamb. "A \$10,000.000 purchase of stock does not seem a very big transaction to me. I have forgotten the details," said Mr. Morgan. "Hill and I worked together. I'll

work with him any time."

Mr. Morgan said he did not help or-ganize the Northern Securities Company, he answered. 'It did when they came to but he approved the plan. He thought deliver the stock, but not when they achigh, and \$115 somewhat low for Northern Pacific. The witness wanted to put his Northern Pacific stock in a company that was so large that nobody could buy it. If it was deposited in a small company, it might be bought. He saw Mr. Harriman on his return from Europe, but they did not talk about Union Pacific nor about Northern Pacific, The witness said J. P. Morgan & Co. hold about 120,000 or 130,000 shares of Northern Securities stock at the present time. There was a friendly cross-examination of Mr. Morgan by Francis Lynde Stetson. To him the witness said the retirement of the Northern Pacific preferred stock was not part of the plan which culminated in the formation of the Northern Securities Company, nor was it part of a plan to allow the Northern urities Company to obtain the majority of Northern Pacific common. Mr. Morgan denied that there was any under-standing in the organization of the Northern Securities Company looking to the control of rates or traffic, or any agreement that would in any manner obstruct or contemplate the obstruction of com-merce. He said that all parties to the

agreement had acted independently.

Mr. Morgan said it was never conter plated that the holders of Northern Pa cific preferred could change that stock for common stock. The retirement of the preferred stock as early as possible was part of the reorganization plan of 1896. The retirement, however, was not practicable until after the common stock sold at par or above. The preferred stockholders, the witness thought, would have changed their shares for common stock if they had had the opportunity. This This closed Mr. Morgan's testimony, and the hearing went over until tomorrow, when George F. Baker will be called

MOSES SCHWARZ LOCATED Wanted For Forgeries on the Sev-

enth National of New York. PHILADELPHIA, March 26.-Mor chwartz, who is wanted in New York for alleged forgeries in the Seventh Na tional Bank, aggregating \$100,000, was arrested here today by Detective Sergeant McNaughton, of New York, and Detec-

tive Meyer, of this city.
Schwartz was arraigned for a hearing this afternoon and was held to await equisition papers from New York.
R. W. Jones, vice-president of the Seventh National Bank of New York, made a statement in which he said that Schwartz, as manager of the Manhattan Mercantile Company, 55 South Williams street, New York, had an account with

The Manhattan Mercantile Company falled last Summer, a short time previous to the failure of the Seventh National Bank. While he was a depositor, Schwartz, it is alleged, secured loans amounting to about \$100,-000 on worthless notes. When the fraudulent nature of the notes was discovered, Schwartz, had disappeared, leaving his family in New York. His wife was subsequently shadowed, and Schwartz was cated or. South Sixteenth street, this city. He had been here six weeks Jones said there is an indictment against Schwartz in New York, charging him

with swindling another bank.

NEW YORK, March 26.-Officials of th eventh National Bank declined today to discuss the arrest at Philadelphia of quiries to Sullivan & Cromwell, attorneys for the bank. At the office of Sulliv & Cromwell, a statement was made Schwartz was a customer of the old Seventh National Bank, which had dis counted a large number of notes for him as manager of the Manhattan Mercantile Company. The total amo these notes, it was stated, was \$78,000. It was later discovered that there was forgery in connection with him. Seventh National Bank took up the matter and caused his arrest on the specific charge of forgery of \$1000. The Seventh National Bank is not affected. t is said, as all the facts were known before the reorganization, by which the accounts had been charged off as abso-

WOODWARD'S REPRIEVE.

May Not Reach Him in Time, Owing to Prostrated Wires.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 26.-Notice the road. I felt it as a moral obligation upon myself towards those who had in-trusted me with their interest to see that who was sentenced to be hanged at Cas-the roud did not pass into the hands of communicated to the officials at Casper. wires were down yesterday and, fearof protection to the minority stockhold- ing they might not be repaired in time to prevent the hanging, one of the attorneys set out last night for Casper, going by way of Grand Island and thence west over the Elkhorn. If the present storm has tied up traffic on the Elkhorn, and it is believed it has done so, then there is a possibility that Sheriff Tubbs cannot execution.

OMAHA, Neb., March 26.-The Frem Eikhorn & Missouri Valley Railroad has 500 telegraph poles down near Chadron. to insure a continuation of the policy of the road and insure the "moral" control. Casper, Wyo., is cut off. The tracks are No other control was contemplated, the badly blocked. It will probably be imposfinancier declared. The project of the sible to get official notice to Casper by holding company for the Northern Pacific telegraph of Woodward's reprieve. No common stock had been contemplated for fear is expressed, however, of the inabila considerable time—as far back as two liy of a messenger to reach Casper before years. Mr. Morgan said Mr. Hill had Friday, the time set for the execution.

LAWYER IS CONVICTED OF THE MURDER OF MILLIONAIRE RICE.

Jury Brings in Verdict After Three Hours' Deliberation at Close of Nine Weeks' Trial,

NEW YORK, March M.-Albert T. Patrick, lawyer, was this evening convicted of the murder, September 23, 1890, of the aged millionaire recluse. William Marsh Rice. The penalty under the statute is death in the electric chair. A scant three hours of deliberation at the close of a trial prolonged for nine weeks, and re-plete with sensational interest, sufficed to enable the jury to reach their verdist.

The issue of the trial establishes the charge that Patrick conspired with Mr.

Rice's valet, Charles F. Jones, to obtain possession of the aged Texan's estate, estimated at \$1,000,000, and that Jones killed his employer by the administration

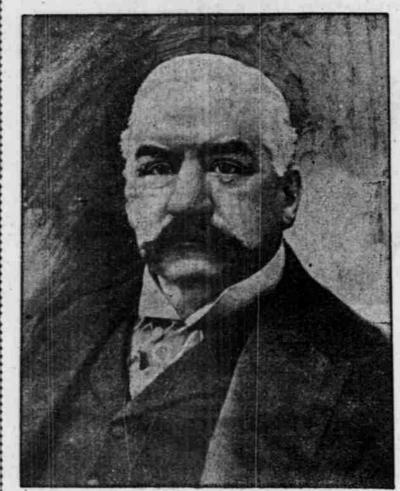
The verdict was known almost immediately in the corridor, where the womer relatives and friends of the prisoner were and a scene of great excitement Screaming hysterically, the prisoner's eldest sister ran about the corridor begging to be allowed to see her brother Mrs. Francis fainted, and on recovering broke from the attendants and ran int the courtroom, from which Patrick had just been removed. There she again awooned. Both women were removed to

carriage. Captain Patrick, after taking leave of Captain Patrick, after taking leave of his son, who was led back to the Tombs, would only say: "It is bard; we will have to try again." None of the jurora could be induced to reveal how the ver-dict had been reached, an agreement having been made to tell nothing. A motion of chloroform at the direct instigation of Patrick.

Recorder Goff, in his charge to the jury, said the defendant was not obliged to F. Jones, valet-secretary of Millionaire

an ante-room, and were sent home in

J. PIERPONT MORGAN



WHO TESTIFIED YESTERDAY IN THE NORTHERN SECURITIES CASE AT NEW YORK.

prove his innocence: it was for the prose cution to prove his guilt, and he was en-titled to the benefit of every reasonable The jury, he said, was to judge for itself of the credibility of any witness. The only thing for it to decide was the gullt or innocence of the defendant of the charge of murder; it should not co itself with any other charge made against

The Recorder Instructed the jurors to disregard all evidence stricken from the record, even though such evidence might ustify a verdict of murder in the firs

degree. There are three main propositions is this case," the Recorder said, "and if they fall of satisfactory proof the whole fabric of the prosecution falls. The proposition are: First, did Charles F. Jones, on Sep tember 23, 1900, with the intent to kid place a towel cone with a sponge saturated with chloroform over the face of Mr. Rice second, did Rice die from the effect of did the defendant, with the intent to procure the death of Rice, counsel and in-duce Jones to place the chloroform over

"If you find," he continued, "that Pat rick did counsel Jones and that Jones did kill Mr. Rice, the guilt of the defendant is not lessened because Patrick was not present. Neither shall you deem it less sened if you find that Jones was easily in

duced to do the murder.
"The fact that Jones is a self-confes murderer," the court said, "does not make competent witness. But the evidence of such an accomplice should b received with great caution. The law says shall not be accepted unless it is roborated. This does not mean that there ust have been an eye-witness to the crime. It means that either direct or circumstantial evidence pointing to the same ends shall convince you of the truth of

the testimony manner on the stand, his apparent capac ity to remember details, the admission that he made previous statements that were untrue and his frankness in telling of his own part in a treacherous murde Then you will ask yourselves, was he actsave himself? If so, why did he select

"The prosecution claims," the Recorde went on, "to have traced to the possession of the defendant the general assignment and other alleged forged documents. If you believe that has been proved I charge that you may hold that the failure of the defendant to produce those papers may be taken as evidence that if produced they would be harmful to the defense." The Recorder said further that if the jury believed that mercury or other poison had been given to Mr. Rice for the pur-

pose of hastening his death, they migh take into consideration his weakened pow er of resisting the chloroform.

At the close of Recorder Goff's charge ourt, the jury retired. This was at 1:50 P. M. At 5:55 they notified the officer in charge that they were ready to return to ourt, rather more than an hour of the intervening time having been devoted to

In anticipation of a scene of excitement in the event of a verdict of guilty, the unusual step was taken of ordering all women to leave the courtroom. Amo them were the prisoner's two sisters and Mrs. Francis, with whom he boarded. With grave faces, the members of the jury filed into their places, and some min utes of painful tension clapsed while mes sengers were endeavoring to find the counsel, who had departed, not expecting a verdict for many hours. Calm as ever, and with confidence seemingly unshaken. the prisoner was escorted into the costand facing the jury, with head erect, and hands loosely clasped behind his back.

At the worg "Guilty," pronounced by Foreman Machell, in a tone low but distinct enough to be heard throughout the court, not the slightest change passed over Patrick's face and he remained over Patrick's face and he remained attending in an almost lighter attitude. standing in an almost listless attitude while the customary poll of the jury was the death being taken. His aged father, Captain City, by Patrick, sitting near him, and straining quitted.

Rice, no one connected with the District Attorney's office is able to say. J is not under indictment for murder so far as is known is not under indictment for forgery or conspiracy.

ALABAMA RACE WAR

Serious Trouble Feared Between Blacks and Whites,

JASPER, Ala., March 28.-Information has just been received of a race riot 12 have made an impression upon them. He explained the degrees of homicide and One hundred and fifty shots are reported miles east of Jasper late this evening to have been exchanged, but the casualties cannot be ascertained at this hour. A farmer named Murray came in about ? o'clock for ammunition. The trouble has been brewing for some time, and is the outgrowth of bitter racial feeling, which was further accentuated by white men whipping two negroes on the charge of

Up to Il o'clock tonight nothing further had been heard from the seat of trouble Sheriff Moore has received a telegram from Governor Jelks authorizing him to call out the local militia whenever be thinks it necessary. Captain Bankhead had also been instructed by the Governor to respond to the call of the Sheriff. The seat of the trouble is at a negro co about 12 miles cast of here on Warrio River. The negroes have organized and armed themselves, and are prepared to make a stubborn resistance.

Held Up a Hotel.

EMPORIA, Kan., March 26.-Two nasked men made a bold attempt at the Hotel Whitley, in the heart of the city. They entered the lobby by two dif-ferent doors, and each, with two revolv-ers, compelled Paul Vickery, a clerk; Jesse Reeves, a perter, and W. F. Sullivan, traveling man, to throw up their hand Sullivan was ordered to throw his cash o the floor, and promptly delivered up \$50 Then he and the porter were placed in a cloakroom and the key turned Vickery was ordered to open the safe out convinced the robbers that he was unable to do so, and he, too, after being r was locked in the closet. The robbers then attempted to break open the safe, but not being able to do so, departed. There is no clew to the men.

The La Junta Affair.

LA JUNTA, Colo., March 26.-Mrs. Hen-rietta Miller, the aged woman from Los Angeles, Cal., who was assaulted in the Santa Fe Railroad yards here on Monday night by a colored man, and whose condition was regarded as critical yesterday was much improved today and the physicians in attendance upon her at the hospit al here say she will be able to continu her journey to Denver in a few days.

The body of W. H. Wallace, the railway porter who was identified by Mrs Mills

as her assailant, and who was lynched last night, dangled from the telegraph pole on which he was hanged until this morning when it was taken down by or der of the Mayor. Coroner Green Rocky Ford, summoned a jury to hold an

Andrews' Speculations.

DETROIT, March 28.-Disclosures by Court Commissioner May of their deal ings with Frank C. Andrews, vice-president of the wrecked City Savings Bank show the stupendous character of hi epeculations. From August 5, 1961, to Feb ruary 6, 1962, he bought, through Mo Laughlin & Co., stocks and bonds of all classes amounting to \$12,954,215. Through Cameron, Currie & Co. he bought be-tween October 31 and February 10 to the unt of \$3,533,660, and sold to th unt of \$10,465,660, a total of \$12,998,60 The two totals amount to \$27,952,815.

CHICAGO, March 26.-Dr. Robert E. Gray, of Garden City, Kan., who has been on trial in the Criminal Court for the last fortnight on the charge of causing the death of Miss Irma Brown, of Garden malpractice, was tonight ac

ing the further proceedings. A smile of triumph lit up the face of Assistant District Attorney Osborne, who hastened from the court immediately after Recori-AGAIN EVADES KITCHENER'S MILI-TARY CORDON.

> Combined Movement of the British Forces Results in the Capture of Over 100 Boers.

LONDON, March 26.-Incomplete reports of the results of the combined movement of the British columns against General Delarey have enabled Lord Kitchener to announce the capture of over 100 prisoners, three 15-pound guns, two pompoms and quantities of stock, wagons, etc. General Delarey appears to have successfully evaded Lord Kitchener's cordon. In a dispatch dated from Pretoria at noon yester

day, Lord Kitchener says: "At dusk on the evening of March 23, the combined movement against Delarey was undertaken by columns of mounted men, without guns or impedimenta of any sort. The columns started from any sort. The columns started from Commando Drift, on the Vaal River, and traveled rapidly all night, and at dawn, March 34, occupied positions along the line from Commando Drift to the Lichtenburg blockhouse line. The troops moved rapidly eastward, keeping a continuous line, with the object of driving tinuous line, with the object of driving against the blockhouses

forcing an action.
"The result has not yet been fully reported. Kekewich's column, after the commencement of the movement, captured three 15-pounders, two pompons, nine prisoners and 100 mules, carts and wagons. General Kitchener's column captured 89 prisoners, 45 carts and wag-ons, and 1000 cattle. There are a few more prisoners on the blockhouse line. The troops covered 80 miles in 24 hours, Rochfort's and Rawlinson's columns have not yet reported their fesults." Lord Kitchener in a later message says:

"All the reports are now in. The total number of prisoners is 135."

Next Canadian Contingent.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 26.—The rumors which have been in circulation here for the last few days in regard to the possi-bility of another Canadian contingent go-ing to South Africa have crystallized into the statement that the Imperial authori-ties have asked for a mounted force of 2000 men. It is said that the matter was before the Cabinet yesterday, but strict reticence is observed as to the action, if any, which was decided upon. From what can be learned, the Imperial Gov-ernment has suggested that the force should be equipped and transported at its own expense.

The application doubtless will be ac-ceded to, and should this prove to be correct, Canada's contribution of troops will be brought up to a total of 7000 men.

CAUSE OF LEPROSY. to Enting Improperly Cured

Fish

LONDON, March 26.-Dr. Jonathan Hutchinson, formerly president of the Royal College of Surgeons, who recently returned to England after studying the causes of leprosy in South Africa, has arrived at the conclusion that the primary cause of the disease is the use, as food, of badly cured salt fish, which is sent inland from Cape Town and elsewhere on the west and south coasts, and is largely consumed by the farmers in the industrial

Dr. Hutchinson obtained conclusive evidence that leprosy, in many circum-stances, may be communicated from person to person. He does not believe that it is either infectious or contagious in the proper sense of these words, but may be communicated by eating food contami-nated by leprous hands.

Dr. Hutchinson suggests as preventive measures legislative control of the fish curing companies, the diffusion of infor-mation in regard to the danger of communication and the establishment of iso-lation homes for lepers during the stage of the disease involving the risk of con

American Club in London. NEW YORK, March M .- A most engrossing subject in clubland continues to e the new club founded by Anglo-Amer ican millionaires, says the London cor-respondent of the Herald. As already an-

nounced, it will be called the Columbia and it is further said it will be the mos elaborate, the most extensive and the most expensive club in Europe. guineas (\$262) with an annual subscription of 15 guineas (\$78), is much higher than

any sum ever exacted in any London Negotiations are in progress for the pur chase of the building in Dover street and Piccadilly. The syndicate offered to pay \$950,000 for the property, and it is ex-pected the purchase will be completed in a few days. The membership, which is lim

A Pathetic Tragedy.

NEW YORK, March 26.-A most pa thetic tragedy caused by an unhappy mis understanding was revealed at the ner's Court at Colwyn Bay, says a London dispatch to the Herald.

On Monday a young man named David Richards missed a small hox of money belonging to the shop of which he manager. He asked his sweetheart Lil lian Keay, who was the only one who saw him put the box of money away, to restore it, thinking she had taken it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Has won success far beyond the effect of advertising only.

The firm hold it has won and retains upon the hearts of the people could never have been gained by even the most lavish expenditure of money.

The true secret of the popularity of Hood's Sarsaparilla Is explained entirely and only, by its unapproachable MERIT.

Based upon a prescription which cured people considered incurable, which accomplished wonders astonish ing to the medical profession,

Hood's Sarsaparilla Includes the concentrated values of the best-known vegetable remedies - such as sarsaparilla, yellow dock, pipsissewa, uva ursi, mandrake and dande lion, united by an original and peculiar combination, proportion and process, giving to

Hood's Sarsaparilla curative power peculiar to itself. Its cures of mild and extreme cases

of scrofula, eczema, psoriasis, and every kind of humors, as well as of catarrh and rheumatism - prove it to be the best blood purifier ever produced Its cures of dyspepsia, biliousness, nervousness, loss of appetite and that

tired feeling, make Hood's Sarsaparilla beyond question the greatest stomach tonic, nerve-builder and strengthrestorer the world has ever known. It will cure you or any one in your family of any of these troubles

You can rely upon Hood's Sarsaparilla as a thoroughly good medicine. Buy a bottle and begin to take it today.

DELAREY HAS ESCAPED DISEASE DESCRIBED BY SYMPTOMS

The Diagnosis Made Easy by the Famous Symptom Questions; the Cure Made Certain by the Wonderful Medication Which Reaches Every Part Subject to Catarrh.

THE TREATMENT THAT CURES

Dr. Copeland's treatment, that has lifted the darkness and blight of the word "incurable" from hundreds of thousand of cases of Catarrh of the Head, Throat, Ear Tubes, Bronchial Tubes and Lungs,

works as curative action for two reasons: (1) It reaches every diseased spot from the orifice of the nose to the deepest part of the lungs and the innermost recesses of the middle

Instead of irritating, inflaming and feeding the fires of the disease, it soothes, quiets, heals and cures.

The head and throat become dis-

eased from neglected colds, caus-ing Catarrh when the condition of the blood predisposes to this con-

"Is your voice husky?"
"Do you spit up slime?"
"Do you spit up slime?"
"Do you ache all over?"
"Do you ache all over?"
"Do you snore at night?"
"Be your nose stopped up?"
"Does your nose discharge?"
"Does your nose bleed easily?"
"Is there tickling in the throat?"
"Is there tickling in the throat?"
"Is there pain across the eyes?"
"Is there pain in front of head?"
"Is there pain in front of head?"
"Is your sense of smell leaving?"
"Are you lesting your sense of taste?"
"Do you sleep with your mouth open?"
"Does your nose stop up toward night?"

blood predisposes to this con-

HEAD AND THROAT

BRONCHIAL TUBES

This condition often results from

catarrh extending from the head and throat, and if left unchecked,

extends down the windpipe into the bronchial tubes, and in time attacks

the lungs.

"Vave you a cough?"

"Are you losing flesh?"

"Do you cough at night?"

"Bo you cough at night?"

"Bo you take cold easily?"

"Is your appetite variable?"

"Are you sitches in side?"

"Do you cough until you gag?"

"Are you low-spirited at times?"

"Do you sold until you gag?"

"Are you low-spirited at times?"

"Do you spit up yellow matter!a!?"

"Do you cough in the mornings?"

"Is your cough short and hacking?"

"Bo you cough in the mornings?"

"Is your cough short and hacking?"

"Have you a disgust for fatty foods?"

"Have you a disgust for fatty foods?"

"Have you fel you are growing weaker?"

"Is there ticking behind breasitione?"

"Do you feel you are growing weaker?"

"Is there as burning pain in the throat?"

"Do you cough worse night and mornings?"

"Do you cough worse night and mornings?"

"Do you cough worse night and mornings?"

This condition may result from

several causes, but the usual cause

is cutarrh, the mucus dropping down into the throat and being

"Do you bloat up after cating?"
"Is there disgust for breskfast?"
"Have you distress after eating?"
"Is your throat filled with alime?"
"Do you at times have distribute?"
"Is there rush of blood to the head?"
"When you get up suddenly are you dizzy?"
"Is there gnawing sensation in stomach?"
"Do you feel as if you had lead in stomach?"
"When stomach is empty do you feel faint?"
"Do you beleh material that burns throat?"
"If stomach is full do you feel oppressed?"

Denfness and ear troubles result

from entarrh passing along the Eu-stachian tube that leads from the

She denied any knowledge of the box.

He thereupon shot her dead, turned the

revolver upon himself and killed himself

During the inquest on the two bodies

ichards' employer rushed into the court.

holding up the missing box, which had

been the cause of the tragedy. It had

been found near the place where the un

happy murderer and suicide had said he

European Iron Combination.

LONDON, March 27 .- The Daily Mail

today declares that negotiations are on foot for the formation of a gigantic iron

combination in Europe, the object of

which is to keep up prices. These nego-tiations were instituted by the British

ironmasters. In view of the American

demand for pig iron and steel, continue the Daily Mail, there are many difficu

ties in the way of the formation of such

a combination, and the matter has not yet developed. According to a dispatch from Brussels, the principal Belgian and

German firms are not inclined to join, this combination, because the fall in prices

enables them to compete in the American

Coming London Weddings.

NEW YORK, March 26.-The wedding

of the Lord Chancellor's daughter, Lady

Evelyn Gifford, will occur early in April, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. Lord Lytton's wedding will

come about the same time, at St. Mar-garet's, Westminster. His own place, Klebworth, has been lent to him for his

honeymoon, and he will then go to Italy for a long journey.

World's Gold Supply Short.

LONDON, March %-At a meeting here

today of the shareholders of the Bank of

South African mines during the last two

and a half years the world's gold supply was short to the extent of £40,000,000.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 25,-(Tues

day.)-An official bulletin on the subjec-

of cholera at Mecca and Medina admits that 1129 deaths from that disease have

The Pope's Wish for Pence.

occurred in the two cities mentioned.

Africa, the chairman said it was lated that owing to the closing

EAR TROUBLES

"Is there nausea?"
"Are you costive?"
"Is there vomiting?"
"Do you beich up gas?"
"Are you lightheaded?"
"Is your tongue coated?"
"Do you hawk and spit?"
"Is there pain after sating?"
"Are you nerrous and weak?"
"Do you have sick headache?"
"Do you have sick headache?"
"Is there disgust for breakfast?"

SYMPTOMS OF

throat to the ear.

"Is your hearing falling?"
"Do your ears discharge?"

THE STOMACH

CATARRH OF

swallowed.

CATARRH OF

CATARRH OF

the lungs.

ditton.

AVOID CURE-ALLS. In Catarrh, as in other maladies, avoid blind doctoring by patent cure-alls. Get individual treatment for your individual ailment at the Copeland Institute.

THE PROPER COURSE FOR SUFFERERS

The proper course for sufferers in this: Read these symptoms carefully over, mark those that apply to your case and bring this with you to the Copeland If you live away from the city, send by mail and ask for information of

"Do your ears litch and burn?"
"Are the ears dry and scaly?"
"Have you pain behind the ears?"
"Is there throbbing in the ears?"
"Ie there a huzzing sound heard?"
"Do you have a ringing in the ears?"
"Are there crackling sounds heard?"
"Is your hearfing had cloudy days?"
"Do you have earsche occasionally?"
"Are there sounds like steam escaping?"
"Do you cars hurt when you blow your nose?"

"Do you constantly hear noises in the ears?"
"Do you hear better some days than others?"
"Do the noises in your ears keep you awake.""
"When you blow your nose do the ears "Is hearing worse when you have a cold?"
"Is roaring like a waterfall in the head?"

CATARRH OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Catarrh of the kidneys and bladder results in two ways, first by taking cold; record, by overworking the kidneys in separating from the blood the poisons that have been absorbed from catarrh, which

affects all organs.

"Is the skin pale and dry!"
"Is your hair getting gray?"
"Is the skin a waxy look?"
"Is the hair dry and brittle?"
"Is the skin dry and brittle?"
"Is the skin dry and harsh?"
"Do the legs feel too heavy?"
"Is there nauses after eating?"
"Do the joints pain and ache?"
"Is there nauses after eating?"
"Are the eyes duil and staring?"
"Are the eyes duil and staring?"
"Is there out an in small of back?"
"Are they cold and clammy?"
"Have you pain in top of head?"
"Has the peraphration a had odor?"
"Is there a desire to get up at night?"
"Are there deark rings around the eyes?"
"Bo you see spots floating before the eyes?"
"Do you see unpleasant things while asteep?"
"Do you see unpleasant things while asteep?"
"Do you see unpleasant things while asteep?"
"Does a deposit form when left standing?" affects all organs.

CATARRH OF THE LIVER

The liver becomes diseased by catarrh extending from the stomach into the tubes of the liver-

into the tubes of the liver.

"Are you irritable?"
"Are you netwous?"
"Do you get diary?"
"Have you no energy?"
"Do you have cold feet?"
"Do you have cold feet?"
"Do you set tired easily?"
"Do you set tired easily?"
"Do you have hot flushes?"
"Is your eyesight blurred?"
"Have you pain in the back?"
"Is your flesh soft and flabby?"
"Are your spirits low at times?"
"Is there bloating after eating?"
"Have you pain around the loins?"
"Do you have surgling in bowels?"
"Do you have rumbling bowels?"
"Do you have a sense of heat in bowels?"
"Do you have a sense of heat in bowels?"
"Do you have a sense of heat in bowels?"
"Do you have a paipitation of the heart?"
"Is there a general feeling of lassitude?"
"Do these feelings affect your memory?"

"Do you have a paintation of lassitude "Is there a general feeling of lassitude "Do these feelings affect your memory"

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can, publishes an article today said to have been written by the pope. This article calls upon Christians throughout the world to pray to God for the conclusion. sion of peace between the noble British nation and the galiant Boers.

New Russian Loan. BERLIN, March 26.-The prospectus of the new 4 per cent Russian loan of 400.-000,000 marks has been issued. It is free from taxation. Subscriptions are receiv-able April 13. The issue price is 97½ per

(The total of the Russian loan is 393,000 -000 marks, which covers Russia's portion of the Chinese indemnity. Of this amount 200,000,000 marks is now offered for subscription in Germany, Holland and Russeription

Sale of Limoges Ware. NEW YORK, March 25.—Information from Madrid has just reached London art circles to the effect that the famous Ger-

leos collection of Limoges enamels has just been bought, says a London dispatch to This collection is one of the most valuable in the world, and comprises some of the finest and most important pieces of this ware known.

New British Army Rifle.

LONDON, March 26.-The War Office has approved the new rifles and they will probably soon be issued to the whole British Army. The new arm is 19 ounces lighter and its barrel is five inches shorter, but it has the same range as the rifle now in use. It has the Mauser breech mechanism, but an improved bolt action. It is provided with a wind gauge and a foresight. It will hold 19 rounds of am munition in the magazine

Miss Stone Coming Home, SALONICA, Roumelia, March 26.-Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, has started for London; thence she will sail for America.

House of Commons Adjourns. LONDON, March 26.-The House of Commons, after a brief session today, adjourned until April 7 for the Easter holl.

In Hayti a new species of tobacco has been produced by cross fertilization, which grows from five to seven feet in height, bearing a leaf 25 inches long by 15 in whith. Three or even four cuttings can be made from one plant between November and March. ROME, March 26.-The Osservatore Ro-mano, the semi-official organ of the vati-