PASSED THE HOUSE

River and Harbor Bill, Carrying Sixty Millions.

Sulper Made an Effort to Secure Record Vote, but Failed-The Last Day of Debate.

WASHINGTON, March 21.-The Hou today passed the river and harbor bill which has been under discussion through out the week. Although several amend ments were adopted, not a single dollar was added to the measure, and as passed it carries exactly what it did when it came from the committee, \$60,688,267, in-cluding authorizations. Suizer (Dem. N Y.) attempted to force a record vote on the final passage of the bill, but only three members, Smith (Rep. Ia.), Pitz-gerald (Dem. N. Y.) and Cochran (Dem. Mo.), supported him.

The Proceedings.

When the House met, Mahon (Rep. Pa.), chairman of the committee on claims, asked unanimous consent that the Senate amendments to the omnibus claims bill be nonconcurred in and the bill be sent to conference. Payne, the majority leader, objected, stating that if this action was taken, the conference could bring in a privileged report acceptappropriations. He thought the bill should take its regular course. Retailating for this action, Mahon objected to a request that the Senate amendments to the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill be nonconcurred in and that it he senate conference.

that it be sent to conference.

The House then went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the river and harbor bill. Sev-eral minor committee amendments were adopted. Jones and Cushman (Rep. Wash.) made ineffectual pleas for the adoption of amendments increasing the appropriation for their state.

Something of a flurry was caused by an amendment offered by Gaines (Dem. Tenn.) to an amendment, which was presented and adopted on a motion of Richardson (Dem. Tenn.), to permit the Secretary of War to grant leases to the owners of land abutting lock and dam No. 1, at Nashville. Tenn., for the use of the water power created by that dam, to allow the construction of inlet and outlet cannis, etc. Richardson's amendment met with no opposition yesterday. ment met with no opposition yesterna). Gaines' amendment to the amendment provided that the lesse or grant of this water power should be to the highest bidder. He declared that the right proto be given away was a very

Richardson then explained his connec-tion with the original amendment in which he said he had no personal intert. Gaines insisted that the rights to given away under his colleague's nondment were exceedingly valuable. He said that a New York concern had offered \$329,000 for some rights at Chat-tanooga. At the War Department, he said, it was estimated that the water rights at Nashville were worth several n dollars.

million dollars.

By this time members on both sides of the House were much interested and Burion, chairman of the committee, seemed not adverse to seeing the two Tennessee members fight out their differences, but Gaines denied that there was a difference. Richardson also expressed his willingness to abide by the judgment of the committee in the matter. Burton then explained that if the rights Burton then explained that if the rights were as valuable as represented, he thought that it was proper they should go to the highest bidder. He had accepted Richardson's amendment yesterday, thinking it was sufficiently safe-guarded. After further discussion the

was adopted. After completing the bill in committee was reported to the House. Sulzer (Dem. N. Y.) demanded a record vote on the final passage of the bill, but only three members seconded his demand. The bill, therefore, was passed without

At 4:50 P. M. the House adjourned.

OBJECTS TO CONSPIRACY BILL. Gompers Asks That Original Measure Be Favorably Acted Upon.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Fed-eration of Labor, has sent to the Senate a protest against the "conspiracy," or anti-injunction, bill, as reported to the Senate on the 17th by the committee on judiciary. He says that when the bill was first reported. February 3, "It was received by all partice in interest as a measure calculated to right a wrong too long endured." This feeling, however, was rudely changed, he says, by the latest re-He quoted the opinion of an attor to the effect that the bill, as now re ported, "is completely subsersive of all principles of liberty," and added: "Organized labor seeks no immunity from the law applicable to all other citizens and people of our country. people of our country, but must insist that those things which are legal when performed by other citizens ought not to be illegal when performed by members of organized labor, and it was to recover those rights to the members of organize labor that the original bill was drafted." He concluded by saying that the labor in terests would prefer the defeat of the bill as amended to its passage. He, how-ever, asks that the original bill be favor-

Adulterated Food Exhibit.

WASHINGTON, March 21,-The House committee on commerce presented the ap-pearance of a laboratory today, as Dr. Wiley, chief of the Bureau of Chemistry of the Agricultural Department, presented to the committee many samples of adulterated foods, in connection with the advocacy of the Hepburn pure-food bill. It was well known, he said, that the basis of certain jellies was apple skin and cores, these by-products also being shipped to Europe for making champagne. The methods of coloring and flavoring fellies so as to deceive the eye and taste were each detailed. Dr. Wiley maintained that it was not fair that those making pure goods should be undersold by those making adulterated goods.

Protection of Miners WASHINGTON, March 21 .- The Senate committee on mining has made a favor-able report on the House bill for the proof miners in the territories amending the bill so as to avoid the requirement for the use of shot-firers in lighting fires, and inserting in its place settled by the use of water or carried out of the mines.

Calls for Philippine Correspondence WASHINGTON, March 21.-Representative Galnes, of Tennessee, today intro-duced a resolution directing the Secre-tary of War to transmit to Congress the minutes of several conferences in the Philippines between representatives of General Otts and commissioners repre-senting the people of the islands, relative to the settlement of the pending diffi-

Sale of Arizona Canal. PHOENIX, Ariz., March 21.—Papers have been filed here transferring the own-

ership of the Buckeye Irrigation Canal Company, west of Phoenix in the Gila Valley, to Baltimore capitalists. The sell-ing price of the property was \$70.000. Im-REPEAL OF WAR REVENUE ing price of the property was \$70,000. Im-provements to the extent of \$30,000 are provements to the extent of \$30,000 are contemplated at once. The president of the new company is Dr. John F. Goucher, president of the Woman's College at Baltimore, and notable in missionary work; secretary and treasurer, W. H. Appar, New York; engineer, J. C. Utrich, Denver, Others of the directorate are James R. Thorpe, Denver; Thomas Armstrong, Phoenix, and J. S. Day, Buckeye.

NO AMENDMENTS ADOPTED LEASE OF METROPOLITAN

ceedings at New York. NEW YORK, March 21.—Argument was heard by Justice Gildersleeve in the Supreme Court today in the proceedings begun by H. Content and by I. and S. Wormen, to restrain the proposed lease of the Metropolitan Street Railway to the interurban Street Railway Company. Both actions are based on the claim that the action contemplated, which was ratified at a meeting of the stockholders yesterday, is illegal and fraudulent, in that it involves the transfer of the earnings of the Metropolitan system to persons other than the stockholders of the company. The argument was opened for the plain-NEW YORK, March II.-Argument was

SENATE PASSES THE BILL WITH-OUT DIVISION.

feasure for the Protection of the President Passes by a Vote of Fifty-two to Fifteen.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Two important measures were passed by the Senate today, the bill for the repeal of the war revenue taxes and that for the Argument in the Restraining Proprotection of the President of the United States. The war revenue bill was passed

involves the transfer of the earnings of the Metropolitan system to persons other than the stockholders of the company. The argument was opened for the plaintiffs by Treadwell Cleveland, who recited the principal points of the agreement between the Metropolitan Street Railway

PROMINENT CANDIDATE FOR SECRETARY OF INTERIOR



W. S. M'CORNICK, SALT LAKE BANKER.

W. S. McCornick, the Sait Lake banker, is being prominently mention ecessor to Secretary Hitchcock, of the Interior Department. His candidacy is being supported by several prominent Western Senators. In an interview San Francisco Mr. McCornick stated that he considered his chances good in the event of a vuenncy

can. In return, the Metropolitan turns over to the Interurban \$24,000,000. The Interurban is to guarantee the stockholders of the Metropolitan 7 per cent dividend.

The Metropolitan, according to shrewd men, is a good stock. In 19 years it will be vastly more valuable. The stockholders will thus be juggled out of their earnings on the long years of prosperity be-

ore this concern."

Mr. Guthrie, in reply, declared that many of the statements made by Mr. Cleveland were without foundation. He declared that last year the Metropolitan system had been operated at a deficit of \$31,000. He contended that the directors had the interest of the small stockholders at heart when they came to consider the financial situation.

and ordered that all papers, including briefs, should be submitted to him by

A COLLEGE FEUD

Results in Battle Between Medical and Dental Students.

OMAHA, March 21 .- About 300 students of the Omaha Medical & Dental College engaged in a pitched battle in one of the lecture-rooms of the college. The fight lasted for three hours without a moment's intermission, and ceased only when combatants were completely ex-

For years there has been a feud between the medical students and the dental students. While the freshmen of both classes were left to themselves in a lecture-room awaiting the arrival of an le-structor, they began calling names, and blows quickly followed. In a few minutes students in other classes began to join in the fray and the fight quickly sprend over the whole building. Students even left the patients in the infirmary to participate. Furniture was broken up to provide clubs, and table legs and chair backs were hurled across the room, re-

gardless of consequences. When the smoke of battle cleared away there was hardly a whole desk or piece of furniture, in the room. Many heads were broken, and Frank Miller, a medical student, and to have several stitches in on the top of his head, where he had been struck by the top of a desk. The floor was spattered with blood. Members of the faculty were poweriess to inter-fere, although they made repeated efforts to induce the fighters to desist,

Cleveland Has Little to Say. PRINCETON, N. J., March 2L-Ex-President Cleveland was today shown a dispatch from Lincoln, Neb., which said that W. J. Bryan, commenting editorially in the Commoner upon Mr. Cleveland's recent letter to a Mississippi editor, deounced him as a "traitor in general and

a political nonentity."

"I am not at all troubled about it," was the only comment Mr. Cleveland would The ex-President was asked what he

thought of the prospects of pulling to-gether the Democratic party for the Presi-cential campaign, and replied: "I don't know much about it; but there seems to be some effort in that direction. I don't care to express any further opinion on it at present."

To Cure Grip in Two Days. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

Company and the Interurban Rallway Company.

"This little Interurban Company," he said, "with a \$500,000 capital, assures a 7 per cent dividend on \$20,000,000 worth of Metropolitan stock. The gist of the plan is this: To this little railroad is to be leased all the great property of the great Metropolitan, and what is it to pay? Twenty-three millions. What is it they receive? I assert that the Metropolitan has in its treasury today \$13,000,000 of unpledged securities. It also has \$11,000,000 of the foods. The Interurban is to pay \$25,000,000 on the installment plan when it can. In return, the Metropolitan turns over to the Interurban \$24,000,000. Company and the Interurban Rallway may devolve, or any sovereign of a forshall be punished as a principal. Secretary of War is directed to regular Army a guard of officers and men to protect the President. "without any unnecessary display," and lations as to the dress, arms and equip.

The Proceedings. Soon after the Senate convened Teller presented resolutions of the Co Legislature praying for intervention by an offer of its good offices by the United

States Government to terminate the con-test between the Boers and the British. The resolutions were referred to the committee on foreign relations.

At the conclusion of routine business consideration of the bill to repeal war taxes and for other purposes was taken up on motion of Aldrich, chairman of the committee on finance. The measure was read at length. All of the amendments prepared by the Senate committee to the House bill were agreed to during the reading of the measure. After a short de-bate, the bill was read a third time, re-ported to the Senate, and then hild aside until after the measure for the protec-

The bill for the protection of the President was then taken up, and Patterson addressed the Senate. He was in according with the purpose of the bill, so far as the President and Vice-President were con The feature of the measure to which he was particularly opposed was the provision that counseling and advis-ing the murder of the President was a

In response to an inquiry by Patterson Hoar declared his belief that one who advised or counseled the killing of the Prestdent was as guilty as the man who actubelieve that if the pending law should be placed on the statute books it would sup-press anarchy or anarchists. He declared that such law as that proposed would open a Pandora's box of evils and force Congress to repeal it before long. Under no possible contingency, therefore, he give his support to sections 3 and 5 of the bill.

Fairbanks cordially supported the pending bill. It contained no party issue, and he hoped no party lines would be drawn upon it. Referring to the argument that the bill creates class legislation, Fair-banks said the bill was not intended for the personal benefit of the President merely, but for the benefit of the people and to bring about the orderly administration of the Government. The bill had not been conceived in heat of passion, but was the fruit of wisdom and deliberation. "It is inspired by the obvious necessity," said he, in conclusion, "of tional safeguards, so as to render impos-sible, so far as human wisdom can go, injury to the President, and thereby in-

jury to the Government,"
After some further discussion of the pending bill, the war revenue bill was laid before the Senate, and Tillman made an argument in favor of retaining duty of 10 cents a pound on tea. owners of the teas now in this country in bond, he said, would get the benefit of the removal of the duty to the amount of \$5,000,000. Since the duty had been levied on tes, the United States has been ceiving a better quality of tes, which had been supplied to the people at no in-considerable price. He said, too, that the experiment of ten culture was being made

in South Carolina, and he believed it would be successful. This was a "baby" industry and really needed protection. The tea culture industry gave occupation to many colored children, and might do much other good.

At the conclusion of Tillman's speech the war revenue repeal bill was passed, without division or further comment.

Consideration was resumed of the bill for the protection of the President, and amendments were offered by Morgan, Mallory, McLaurin (Miss.), Teller and McCumber. The substitutes offered by Culberson, Bacon and Patterson were rejected. The bill was then passed, 35 to 15, as follows: 15, as follows:

AYES-52. Foraker McMillan
Foster, La. Martin
Foster, Wash Mitchell
Frye Nelson
Gallinger Perkins
Gambie Piatt, Conn.
Gibson Pritchard
Hanna Proctor Carmack Clay McCumber Mallory Rawlins Taliaferro Tillman Weilington

END OF THE SCHLEY MATTER. House Committee Indorses the Presi-

The oleomargarine bill was made the unfinished business. The Senate, at 4:45 P. M. went into executive session, and at 5:10 P. M. adjourned until Monday.

dent's Stand. WASHINGTON, March 21 .- The House committee on naval affairs, by a vote of 7 to 4, today adopted a resolution concurring in the decision of President Rossevelt as to terminating the agitation of the Schley controversy and indefinitely post-poing all bills and resolutions on the subject. The report of the sub-commit-tee as adopted states that the controversy has been the subject of four officia inquiries and investigations, viz., by President McKinley, by the United States Court of Claims, by the Navil Court of Inquiry asked for by Admiral Schley, and by President Roosevelt on appeal from the finding of the Naval Court of Inquiry; and concurs in the recommendation of President Roosevelt and the members of the court of inquiry that no further action be had in the matter. In conclusion the report says:

"Your subcommittee, having in view the interest of the American Navy and of all

interest of the American Navy and of all concerned, fully concurs in the conclusions. We therefore recommend that further consideration of said bills and resolutions be indefinitely postponed and that no further action be taken thereon."

The vote was on party lines except The vote was on party lines, except Mudd (Md.) voted with the Democrats against adopting the report. In detail the vote was:

Ayes-Foss, Dayton, Loudenslager, But-ler, Watson, Cousins, Roberts, Repub-

licans.

Notes—Mudd (Rep.), and Rixey, Kitchin and Wheeler, Democrats.

Prior to the disposition of the subject, Mudd moved a favorable report on the resolution giving the thanks of Congress to Admiral Schley and the officers and men who served with him in the battle of Santiago. This was olst by a vote of 4 to 7.

Michigan Men and Reciprocity. WASHINGTON, March 21.—The Repub-lican members of the Michigan delegation held another conference today on the Cuban reciprocity proposition. It is stat-ed that the Michigan men will oppose the bill in the House and cast their votes against its passage.

MISSOURI ICE GORGE.

Dynamite Is Being Used to Break the

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., March 21 .- An ice gorge which had been forming in the Missouri River at this place for some time has reached a point which has caused being used, but without effect up to the

At 11 o'clock tonight the water in the Missouri River remains about the same as early this morning, showing a total of 11 feet. A gorge has formed between Chamberlain and American Island, divert-ing the channel to the west side of the island, where the water and heavy run of ice is passing freely. This is very likely to leave the channel permanently on the west side of the island, as with an open channel there, no pressure exists to clear

out the gorge on the east side,
A three-foot rise is reported at Evarts,
and the water will doubtless go somewhat higher, yet it is felt that the critical stage

Maine Rivers Overflow.

BANGOR, Me., March 21 .- The Penob scot River, which overflowed its banks lest night, is still rising. The lower streets of the city are flooded. It is probable that attempts will be made to break the ice other gorge above the city is still intact. Flood news of an alarming nature comes tonight from the Arocstook, Maches and Union Rivers. On the Aroostook it is reported that the new mill of the Ashland Manufacturing Company, at Ashland, and 20,000,0000 of logs are in danger of being carried out. Should this occur, the loss will be from \$300,000 to \$400,000.

Big Bridges Threatened, FREDERICKTON, N. B., March 21 .- The freshet in the St. John's River continu as rain has been falling for three days Both big bridges at this point are jammed by the ice, and they are likely to go out. One person was drowned in the Nashwak Valley last night. At Renniac there is a log jam of over 6,000,000 feet.

Freshets in Nova Scotia. HALLI N. S., March II .- From all parts of the province comes news of fresh-ets of unparalleled severity and washouts on the railways have to a great ex-tent demoralized the system. Belated mails are the rule. Lumber and pulp mills have had a very hard time with rain for more

KENTUCKY CONSPIRACY. Ex-Internal Revenue Collector Louisville District Indicted.

LOUISVILLE, March 21.-Indictments against ex-Internal Revenue Collec-tor Charles E. Sapp, Leonard Parsons, as-signment clerk, and Collector Sapp and Joseph Potoning, were returned by the Federal grand jury yesterday and made public today. Bail in each case was fixed at \$1000 by Judge Evans. The cases will not come up for trial before the October term of the Federal Court.

Two of the indictments are against Sapp, Parsons and Potoning jointly, while a third is against Potoning individually. It is alleged that on November 5, 1839, Sapp, Parsons and Potoning conspired to solicit and receive assessments and contributions for political purposes. It is further alleged generally that Joseph Po-toning, at the request of Sapp and Par-sons, assessed and received 360 from each of the storekeeper gaugers in the internal revenue service in the Fifth District of Kentucky.

Woolen Trust Divided. BOSTON, March 21.—The directors of the American Woolen Company have de-clared the regular quarterly dividend of 1% per cent on the preferred stock.

LOSS OF APPETITE

IS LOSS OF VITALITY, VIGOR, TONE

That stands to reason.

It's common in the Spring when the blood, which needs cleansing, fails to give the organs the stimulus necessary for the proper performance of their functions.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cleanses the blood, restores appetite, gives vitality, vigor, tone-this is one of the reasons why it's called the Greatest Spring Medicine.

Take it.

"I have taken Hood's Sareaparilla, and it has created a good appetite and cleansed my blood." -Adolph Rhode, Plattsmouth, Neb.

seemed all run down. I advised him to get a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as he had used It some years before with good results. He did not complain any more of poor appetite."-Mattie Groff, Cedar Bluffs, In.

"I have used two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the medicine has given me entire satisfaction. I had a tired feeling, could not sleep, had no appetite, and at times was troubled with dull headaches, but this medicine has given me new life and done me so much good that I recommend it to all who are overworked or run down in health."-H. Reese, Glen Rock, Wyo.

"I was all run down, had no appetite and could not sleep. I had the biues and felt as though I did not have a friend in the world. I was troubled very badly with catarrh in the bead, and this was beginning to affect my stomach. Previous to this I had suffered a great deal from boils on my back and arms, and I had a felon on my thumb. I was almost crazy, and did not care whether I lived or died. One day I was told of some one who had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I concluded to try it. When I had taken nearly all of the first bortle I began to feel better, and I procured another bottle. When I had taken half of this my appetite returned, and I could eat with a relish anything that was set before me. I grew stronger and gained 25 pounds in my weight in six months. My complexion became clear, and my cheeks and lips were red. I take from three to four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparida every year, and regard It as the best of medicines."-Mrs. Ada E. Schelling, 421 South Santa Fe avenue, Denver, Colo.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA PROMISES TO CURE AND KEEPS THE PROMISE.

(Continued from First Page.)

appropriations for improvement of mouth of the Columbia, at the same time stating their belief that that improvement will not be permanent, and he therefore thought it just to ask for a small appropriation for a short stretch of the river where the improvement would be permanent and afford a navigable channel from Vancouver to the sea.

Increased Appropriation Defeated. Representative Jones offered an amendment to increase the appropriation for the Okanogan and Pend D'oreille from \$10,-000 to \$25,000, which was defeated. He asserted that the country tributary to these rivers would not be developed until water transportation was afforded, and this could not be had with less than the amount asked by his amendment.

Reports Oregon Timber Frauds. Father Joseph Schell, of St. Louis, Or. today concluded a series of interviews with the Assistant Secretary of the Inin the case, making charges against sev. eral Oregon men, and asserting that officials of the General Land Office have the river to overflow the lowlands for 40 miles up the river. The ice is packed so tight that the bed below the gorge for several miles is almost dry. Dynamite is ter has been investigated by a special would hold that the free use of the cables ter has been investigated by a special agent, who was sent there by Secretary Hitcheock, and Father Schell asserts that this inspector substantiates his claims. It is further alleged that the officials have not made complete reports of the matter. Father Schell, before leaving for New York tonight, was assured by the de partment that it would make a thorough investigation of the case-that the department desires to put an end to all classes of frauds. It is possible that the Department of Justice will be asked to take hold of the matter, if the Interior Department finds that the charges made are substantiated. Representative Cushman today introduced a bill granting title to the City of Juneau, Alaska for a small tract now occupied by the city school.

Volunteer Officers to Be Brevetted. Among the volunteer officers who have been named to receive brevet rank in recognition of their gallant and distinguished service in the Spanish War are the following, from the First Washington Volunteers:

Brevet Brigadier-General, Colonel John

H. Wholley; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonels, Major William L. Luhn and Major John J. Weisenburger: Brevet Majors, Captain George H. Fortson, Captain Albert H. Otis; Brevet Captains, Lieutenant Milo C. Corey, George M. Ureher, William L Luhn and Edward E. Southern; Brevet Lieutenant, Corporal Alexander. Idaho officers to be brevetted are: Mcjors Figgins and McConville, of the First Idaho, and Captain Whittington, of the same regiment.

Senator Foster has been advised that during the coming Summer the Department of Agriculture will conduct extended soil investigations in Washington, commencing near Walla Walla, and working through Spokane Valley. It is desired to ascertain whether that region is adopt ed to successful tobacco growing.

Foster Holds Nomination Up Senator Foster has asked that the nomination of E. D. Scheble, as Postmaster at Wenatchee, be held up, in view of rather severe charges that have been filed against him by telegraph. He hopes to have the case fully investigated be fore the Senate takes the matter up.

Goes Back to Chinese Mission. NEW YORK, March 21 .- Two missionarics have arrived here as passengers on the liner Teutonic. One is on his way to China to brave again the perils of mission work after baving been rescued from the Boxers. The other is a young clergy-man who sought mission work in Africa. but turned back at Liverpool when h heard there was danger of catching fever in Africa. This is the Rev. R. D. Schoon-maker, of Plainfield, N. J. The Presby-

MAN'S MISSION ON EARTH.

Medical Book Free.

"Know Thyself." a book for men only; regular price, 80 cents, will be sent free testiled postpaid) to any male reader of this paper, 6 cents for postage. Address the Penhody Medical Institute. 4 Builtinch street, Borton. Mass., established in 1890, the oldest and best in America. Write today for free book. "The Key to Health and Hapiness."

Editor's Note Medical Institute has been a fixed fact, and it will remain so. It is as standard as American Gold.

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals.—Boston Hereld.

THE SUGAR MEN BOLT terian Board of Missions had delegated him to Africa. On his return he said: trenched behind a dam, bidding defiance to the clifzens' power. Two of the possempt mother in my care. I am her eldest son, and she has begged me to give up the outlaws have suffered some, as quite my mother in my care. I am her eldest son, and she has begged me to give up my aspirations for a missionary career. Being doubtful as to just what I ought to do, immediately upon arrival in England I sought advice from the Rev. John Watson, the mybesiate.

Watson (Inn MacLaren). He unhositatingly told me to go back to my mother.
Another thing which influenced me was
a meeting I had in Liverpool with a young
physician who had just returned from
Africa, wasted to a skeleton by African
fever.

The other missionary—he who is return-ing to China—is the Rev. John Weiget, a nephew of Bishop Anzer, of Ratisbon, Bavaria, He said that at the time of the Boxer outbreak he was conducting a mission of the Jesuit Fathers in the Province of Shan Tung. The Boxers destroyed the mission and he was about to be executed, when he was saved by the inter-cession of a mandarin.

CENSORSHIP IN COLOMBIA Will Not Be Allowed to Interfere With Our Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, March 21.-The State and Navy Departments have been interior, relative to 100 alleged fraudulent timber entries in Tillamook County, which are said to have been made by Oregon and Washington farmers, under contract to relinquish the lands to an Eastern company. Father Schell presented a number of papers to the department panama, and the State Department had in the case, making charges against seving the ca notice, for there have been many such in recent years which never were enforced and telegraphs is necessary to the exer-cise of that power, and would not permit any interference with it. With a war ves-ael on either side of the isthmus, there is little doubt of the physical ability of the Government to protect its cable communi-

> Transit Will Not Be Interrupted. NEW YORK, March 21.-There are no fears of immediate disturbances on the rallway or of an interruption of traffic, says a dispatch to the Herald from Pan-ama. When circumstances demand it marines will be landed to keep the rallroad open to protect property.
>
> The British cruiser Amphion and the Prench cruiser Protet are still in port.

Generals Gomez and Castillanos and Colonels Nunez and Gomez have arrived here from Barranquilla. They report that the Colombian warship General Pinzon will bring reinforcements under General Gevte.

Rebel Steamer Off Panama PANAMA, Colombia, March 12.—The revolutionary gunboat Padilla was report-ed last night to be about 20 miles off this ort. Two Government gunboats left here

OUTLAWRY IN TEXAS. Citizens' Posse Surrounds a Band of Desperadoes,

AUSTIN, Tex., March 22.-For the past two weeks there has been an epidemic of burgiaries and lawlessness at Litton Springs, this county, and last night it developed that the lawbreakers have or-ganized into a sort of vendetta. Reports from Litton Springs at midnight were that there had been trouble between the lawless element and the citizens. The outlaws are said to have assembled shortly after midnight last night and begun their maneuvers by shooting into the Palmer House, which seems to be their point of attack. turned out in pursuit with bloodhounds. The dogs were billed by the outlaws, and at 1 o'clock this morning it is reported that the outlaws are surrounded at Hol-



Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspenele. Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness. Bad Taste in the Mouth. Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TOR-PID LIVER. They Regulate the Bow-Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

a number of shots have been exchanged, At 2 o'cleck A. M. a peace of citizens left the city for the scene of the attack, and it is thought that with the coming of daylight the outlaws will be captured.

Result May Be Far-Reaching, BALTIMORE, March 21 .- The first seaof a joint commission representing Methodist Epistopal Church and the Episcopal Church South, began today at the Women's College in this city. The conference was held in private. A memher of the commission of the Northern branch of the church said today that the result of the conference will undoubtelly

be fir-reaching, and it will be impossible

to predict the scope of the general re-

IN THE AIR.

The Germs of La Grippe Are Conveyed Through the Atmosphere. No one can escape the La Grippe germ No one can escape the La Grippe germ because when an epidemic of the disease is prevailing the air is laden with it. The reason that every one does not have the disease at the same time is because the persons who are enjoying perfect health are able to successfully resist and throw off the infection, while those,



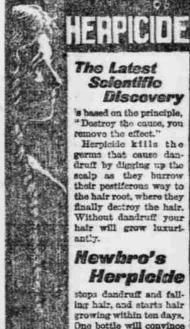
The first symptoms are those of acute atarrh resembling a hard cold and if prompt treatment is applied at this time it can easily be broken up; one of the best remedies at this stage is Stuart's Catarrh . Tablets, sold by druggists everywhere, and if taken freely, say one tablet every hour, or two for two or three days, the danger of pneumonia and serious com-

plications will be averted.

The Rev. L. E. Palmer, Baptist clergy-man, of Ceresco, Mich., makes a state. ment of interest to all catarh and grip sufferers. He says: "Stuart's Catarrh Tablets have certainly been a blessing to me. I have used them freely this Fall and Winter, and have found them a safe-guard against La Grippe and catarrhal troubles from which I have suffered for years. I feel that I can freely and conscientiously recommend them."

Persons who suffer from catarh of the

head and throat are very susceptible to La Grippe and such will find a pleasant, convenient and safe remedy in this new catarrh cure. Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are composed entirely of harmless antiseptics and may used as freely as necessary as they caine, opiate or poisonous drug of any kind.



you of this.

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