NEW MOVE TO GET TIMBER NOW IN CONTEST.

The Governor Takes Part-Tillamook Applications Made for Lieu Lauds-History of Cases.

(Continued from Pirst Page.)

atruct him by wire (being careful of the word-ing of your message) just what you wish done with the matter. Mr. Moreland says it would not be policy to arrest Miner, as in the first place he might not have the letters in his possession; secondly, "It would not pay to art a man with burglars' tools in his posses n when our name is inscribed on the tools.' sion when our name is inscribed on the tools."
Mr. Moreland says the only point to consider
is the recovery of the letters. Who got them
or how they were obtained is of minor importance. The question to be considered is, do
you consider it necessary to get them? Moreland says it is. I have lots more to write You,
but I want to eatch this mall. Kate is all
cooled down now. I feel half sorry for her. I
think she is all bluff. I tused her about the
letters, but she denied all knowledge of them.
I will write again tomorrow. We are all well.
Yours, in haste,

On this letter, in a different hand, is the

Oak: Just received this letter. You had be Moreiand yourself and also talk with You must remember that Hays is probably right in with Parker and that it is not unlikely that Hays is "Miner." Carey is the safest man to advise with. CLAUDE.

The "Oak" to whom this indorsement was addressed is Oak Nolan, cashier in the bank of C. & E. Thayer, at Tillamook. The "Kate" referred to in the letter of Watts is Miss Parker, the stenographer, who was originally one of the entrymen, out subsequently withdrew and became a witness for the contestant. "Care Charles H. Carey, the well-known "Carey" 18 known Portland attorney, and "Moreland" is ex-County Judge Julius C. Moreland, of Portland. What Purchasers Swear To.

The oath taken by the entryman who applies for timber land contains this mat-

I have personally examined said land, and from my personal knowledge state that said land is unfit for editivation and valuable chiefly for its timber; that it is uninhabited; chiefly for its timber; that it is uninhabited; that it contains no mining or other improvements, nor, as I verily believe, any valuable deposit of gold, effect, chanabar, copper of coal; that I have made no other application under said acts; that I do not apply to purchase the land above described on speculation, but in good faith to appropriate it to my own exclusive use and behefit, and that I have not, directly or indirectly, made any agreement of directly or indirectly, made any agreement of contract, or in any way or manner, with any person or persons whomsoever, by which the title I may acquire from the Government of the United States may inure in whole or in part to the benefit of any person except myself.

Every entryman in the entire batch of solemnly swore in this wise. This oath is particularly interesting when considered connection with the letters of Thayer and Watts. The oath required by the state s not quite so ironclad in its terms, but clauses relating to the purpose for which the land is to be purchased is prac-tically the same, and if a collusive conwould defeat the entry before the United States land office, it would seem to be equally competent to defeat the application to purchase from the State Land Board. The oath required by the state is

on say that I am over 18 years of age, .citizen of case I am permitted to purchase the same, and that there is no adverse claim thereto.

How State Figures in It. Of course, section Il is not a school sec-

except selecting it to supply a deficiency in a school section somewhere in the state. This deficiency may have occurred Winters 2 M., R. 7 W. Issae Similer, NW. M. section 4, T. 2 N., R. 2 W. Winters 2 M., R. 7 W. Issae Similer, NW. M. section 4, T. 2 N., R. 2 W. Winters 2 M. surveyed, by reason of its mineral char-acter, by reason of reservation by act of Congress, etc. The land thus lost to the school sections becomes base for lieu selections from the public domain else-In this case the base is the southwest quarter of section 16, 14 south, 25% east, being in the extreme southwest corner of Baker County, which was lost ol fund by reason of its min-

At the time when the timber land entries were made, there was but little school land base available. There was great activity in the matter of taking timber land. The Northern Pacific was freshly, in the field with a vast amount of forest reserve lieu land scrip, other parties had much of the same kind of scrip, and all were actively placing it. This fine tract of timber in Tiliamook County would not wait. It was regarded as quite essential that it be taken from the free list at once. Therefore the haste to have entries made and the sending of entrymen from Tillamook in such num-Entry, once made, fastened the so that no other applicants could That required no considerable amount of money. There would be rea-conable time for negotiating sale of the timber, as speken of in Claude Thaver's letter, before it would be necessary to make proof and pay for the land. Failure to make the expected sale left the matter in such shape that a large in-vestment would be required. To organise a contest would defer the time for making proof and paying. So Haye contest, though undoubtedly hostile in the beginning, may have served an important purpose for the entrymen. A second con-test, in view of the threatened instability of the first one, would make assurance doubly sure, and offer protection against a possible "falling down" of the first one. The junior contestant was a near relative more of the entrymen and had been in the employ of Claude Thayer. These and other circumstances seemed to indicate that the centest was not altogether hostile. Hays' contest is be lieved to have been instituted in good faith to frustrate the deal nileged to have been made by Claude Thayer and his three associates, but lack of means prevented the carrying out of his plans, and there is not the same confidence in it now that it had in the beginning. If profit was the object of all these men, it is deemed probable that, in the face of the thickening difficulties in the United States Land Office, they may

for their suspicion in the fact that the state land office appears to be in some sort of connection with the men accused of fraudulent collusion on the Tillamook land cases. In short, these critics suspect that the state land department or some official connected with it has "dug up" the desired amount of base for the convenience of the people controlling the Tillamook cases, and that the entire deal will now be driven through the state

land department. The allegations of fraud made before the The allegations of fraud made before the United States Land Office would also lie in the state land office if there were anybody to present them there, but if no-body object there will be no bar to the passing of these lands to title. The price of the state lieu land is \$2.50 per

IS THERE FRAUD IN 11? Deferred payments may stand as long as the purchaser desires, interest being 6 per cent and the land escaping taxation while it is in the name of the state,

Claims in the Same Boat.

If the attempt to get the Jenkins tract through the State Land Department shall succeed, it is presumed that the following list will be put through the same mill: Augusta McLean, SE. & section 24, T. 2 N. William R. Illingworth, SW. 14, section 26 Carl Peterson, S. 14 of NE. 14, NW. 14 of NE. 14, and NE. 14 of SE. 14, section 6, T. 2 N., R. 7 W.

Clark E. Hadley, S. 16 of S. 16, section 11 T. 2 N., R. 7 W.
Eureka H. Quick, lots 3 and 4, and E. 14 of
SW. 14, section 18, T. 2 N., R. 6 E.
Margaret E. Nolan, lots 8 and 4, and E. 15
of SW. 14, section 19, T. 2 N., R. 6 W.
Ashley G. West, SE. 14, section 9, T. 2 N.,
R. 8 W. Shelley M. Bailey, NW. 4, section 25, T. 2

Cora Himes, NW. %, section 12, T. 2 N., R. John H. Hathaway, SW. M. section 9, T. 2 C., R. 6 W. Nellie Allen, SE. W. section 1. T. 2 N., R. Bianche Nowman, lots 3 and 4, and W. 14 of SE 14, section 10, T. 2 N., R. 6 W. George E. Himes, SW. 14, section 13, T. 2 N., R. 7 W. Lavina B. Coates, N. & of N. M. section 14.

M. D. Rending, NE. M. section 13, T. 2 N., Onk Nolan, SW. 4, section 5, T. 2 N., R. 8 W. Maydelle Kiger, NW. 4, section 24, T. 2 N.,

R. T.W.
Charles A. Balley, NW. 4 of SE. 4 and N.
5 of SE. 5. section 4. T. 2 N., R. I.W.
Charles A. Balley, NE. 4 of SE. 4, section
5, T. 2 N., R. I.W.
D. C. Bowers, W. 4 of SE. 4, and E. 5 of
SW. 4. section 15, T. 2 N., R. I.W.
Ovilla Bowers, SE. 4, section 15, T. 2 N., R.
T.W. Maurice Leach, S. & of N. 4, section 11, T. 2 N., R. 7 W. W. J. Stevens, N. 15 of S. 15, section 11, T.

ry Johnson, NW. 4, section 1, T. 2 N., John P. Allen, lots 1 and 2, and S. % of NE. 4, section 1, T. 2 N., R. 7 W.
William Barker, NE. 4, section 12, T. 2 N. ert Sturgeon, NE. M. section 24, T. 2 N., Mille A. Coles, N. & of SE & and N. & of SW. & section 14, T. 2 N., R. 7 W.

John J. Purcell, N. & of S. & section 2 T.

2 N., R. 7 W.

Catherine C. Witherell, S. 14 of SE. 14, section 14, T. 2 N., R. 7 W. Catherine C. Witherell, N. 1/2 of NE. 1/4, section 14, T. 2 N. R. 7 W.

Catherine C. Witherell, N. 1/2 of NE. 1/4, section 23, T. 2 N., R. 7 W.

George W. Kiger, W. 1/2 of W. 1/4, section 11, T. 2 N., R. 6 W.

Frank F. Fitzpatrick, SE. 1/4, section 18, T. 2

Young S. 1/2 N. R. 1/4 of NE. 1/4, section 19, T. 2

Section 19, T. 2

Young S. 1/2 N. R. 1/4 of NE. 1/4, section 19, T. 2

Section 19, T. 2

Y. Be sure to get the genuine; substitutes

Y. Be sure to get the genuine; substitutes

Fred C. Baker, lot 1, NW, 14 of NE, 14, and N. 14 of NW, 14, section 15, T. 2 N., R. 6 W. Mary J. Martin, NE, 14, section T. T. 2 N., R. 6 W. N. 6 W. Oliver A. Quick, lots 1 and 2 and E. 14 of NW. 14, section 18, T. 2 N., R. 6 W. William P. Eason. NE. 14, section 30, T. 2 N., R. 6 W.

Sarah A. Bailey, SW. 4, section 12, T. 2 N., Edith Tuttle, lots 1 and 2, and 8. % of NE. %, section 3, T. 2 N., R. 7 W. Erick Erickson, E. % of SW. %, section 23, T. 2 N., R. 7 W. T. 2 N., R. 7 W.

Erick Erickson, E. ¼ of NW. ¼, section 20, T. 2 N., R. 7 W.

Charles B. Handley, N. ¼ of NW. ¼, and SE. ¼ of NE. ¾, section 3, T. 2 N., R. 7 W.

Charles B. Handley, NE. ¼ of NE. ¼, section 4, T. 2 N., R. 7 W.

William E. Martin, SE. ¼, section 24, T. 2 N., R. 7 W.

John E. Embum, NE. ¼ of NW. ¼, section 30, T. 2 N., R. 7 W.

John E. Embum, lots 3 and 4 and E. ¼ of SW. ¾, section 20, T. 2 N. R. 7 W.

N., R. 6 W.
Thomas Lyster, SW. 4 of NE. 4, and W. 4 of SE. 4, section 23, T. 2 N., R. 7 W.
Thomas Lyster, NW. 4 of NE. 4, section 21, T. 2 N., R. 7 W.
John F. Watts, E. 1/2 of W. 4, section 29, T. 2 N. R. 6 W.
Jens F. Larsen, NE. 4, section 19, T. 2 N., P. 6 W.

Catherine L. Brown, NW. M. section 17, T. 2 William O'Hara, lots 1 and 2, and E. 14 of W. 14, section 3, T. 2 N., R. 6 W. 15 action 10, T. 2 N., R. 6 W. 14, section 19, T. 2 N., R. 6 W. T. 2 N., R. 7 W. John A. Brant, W. & of NE. & section 30, F. 2 N., R. 7 W. Robert M. Watson, S. & of S. & section 2, F. 2 N., R. 7 W. Bertha B. Martin, SW. W. section 24, T. 2

Annie Tone, S. 14 of N. M. section 2. T. 2 N., Arthur Sanders, SE. 4. section 30, T. 2 N., Mrs. H. Larsen, SW. M. section 10, T. 2 N., Charles H. Himes, SW. %, section 17, T. 2

Delphina Whalen, SW. M. section 25, T. 2 N., Sarah J. Himes, NW. & section 13, T. 2 N., Smith, NE. 4, section 25, T. 2 N., R.

Frank Skomp, lots 2 and 3, SE & of NW. 4. NE & of SW. 4. and NW. 4 of SE &. section 7, T. 2 N., B. 7 W. im J. Himes, SW. M. section I, T. 2 N.,

Thomas Coates, S. % of N. %, section 14, T. 2 N., R. 7 W. Alma Barker, SE. W. section 12, T. 2 N., R. James W. Hunt, SE. K. section 6, T. 2 N., George H. Handley, lots I and 2, and W. 14 of NE. 14, section 10, T. 2 N., R. 6 W.

NAME OF APPLICANT WITHHELD.

Land Agent Geer Does Not Regard This as Public Record. SALEM March 7.—State Land Agent La.
B. Geer refuses to make public the name of the person who has made application for the 160 acres of land in Tillamook County for which Eugene Jenkins, Charles E. Hays and G. O. Nolan have been contending. No application for the land is on file in the State Land Office. An apof the thickening difficulties in the United States Land Office, they may have composed their differences and chosen to reach the end in view through the instrumentality of the state land department.

There is now plenty of school land base to be had for \$1.75 per acre. But where so much as \$14,000 acres is desired, it is not state land. If order to secure so much as \$14,000 acres is desired, it is not state land. If order to secure so much as \$14,000 acres is desired, it is itle to it. Mr. Geer filed in the Oregon City Land Office alist of lieu land selections covering the tracts, and also dewho have felt that the state land office was not conducted entirely in the interest of the public, as it should be, find fuel for their suspicion in the fact that the approved by the United States Land Office list will then be filed in the State Land Office, and at the same time the ap-plications for the purchase of the land will be filed. The description of the land offered as base for the lieu land is also

withheld Wishes to Protect Applicant. State Land Agent Geer said, in refusing to make the name of the applicant public, that he withholds the information in order to protect the applicant. That is, if the applicant should fall to secure the land through the State Land Office, he desires to give the intending purchaser an opportunity to secure the land by some other means, if he so chooses.

No Record in State Land Office. acre, and one applicant is permitted to take as much as 200 acres—twice as much as can be taken under United States laws. But it takes less ready money to buy land. Inquiry at that office elicited the from the state, it being necessary to pay But it takes less ready money to buy land. Inquiry at that office elicited trom the state, it being necessary to pay down only one-fifth of the purchase price. nothing to do with the matter as yet,

MR. CLARK'S

WILL DOUBTLESS HAVE STRONG INFLUENCE IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION.

An Interview With the Brother of the Secretary of State Brings Out Some Very Remarkable Facts.

Of particular interest at this time is the publication of an interview with Mr. W. H. Clark, a brother of Secretary of State George A. Clark, of Topeka, Kan. in whose office he is employed. In the course of the interview Mr. Clark said: "Along in 1890 I was living in Junction City, Kan., and working at my trade of printer on the Republican. I had a bad attack of rheumatism, and could not seem to get over it. All sorts of medicines failed to do me any good, and my trouble kept getting worse. My feet were so swollen that I could not wear shoes, and I had to go on crutches. The pain was

"One day I was setting the type of an article for the paper, telling what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People had done for a man afflicted as I was, and I was so impressed with it that I deter-mined to give the medicine a trial. For a year my rheumatism had been growing worse, but after taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a short time I began to improve. I bought four boxes in all, but I did not need to finish the last one. Be-fore the fourth box was half taken the pain and the swelling had all disap-peared. That was 10 years ago, and rheu-matism has never troubled me since. I am 46 years old now; I weigh 191 pounds and can truthfully say that I haven't felt better in the past 20 years than I do right now, I could name, off hand a half dozen people who have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People at my suggestion, and who have received good results

them."
Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People go directly to the seat of the disorder, purifying and enriching the blood by elim-inating poisonous elements and renewing health-giving forces. They are a positive specific, not only for rheumatism, but for such diseases as lecomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neu-raigia, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, of fevers and of other acute diseases, paipitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions and all forms of weakness either in male or female. Dr.

the papers being in the control of the State Land Agent, whose duty it is to make the selections of lieu land. The papers in his hands in this case Mr. Geer

does not consider public property.

It should be explained that the State
Land Office is under the management of a commission, composed of the Governor, Secretary of State and State Treasurer, This commission has power to sell state land and care for the proceeds. The duty of selecting lieu lands is intrusted to the Governor, who is authorized to appoint a State Land Agent, "to select all lands do-nated to the state by the United States, and to ascertain all losses sustained by the state by reason of the occupancy of sections 16 and 26 by or through the United States Government, and when such losses have been ascertained, then to se-lect from the best timber or other lands, owned by the United States Government land in lieu of said sections 16 and 25 oc-cupied by the Government."

The act from which this quotation is taken also provides that the State Land Commissioners shall proceed immediately in a school section somewhere in the state. This deficiency may have occurred from various causes—by reason of section with the section of th State of Oregon, and empowered to locate the lands to which this state is entitled under the laws of the United States or otherwise, . . . and is hereby author-ized to appoint such agent or agents as

may be necessary in the performance of his duties."

All lieft land selections are made over the signature of the Governor, but the details of the selections are attended to by State Land Agent L. B. Geer. The work of ascertaining losses is left en-tirely to private enterprise.

In the present case some person whose name is not disclosed has made applica-tion for the purchase of the 180 acres in question, and has furnished 160 acres of base. Upon this base the State Land Agent has selected the 160 acres as lieu land, and if the selection shall be approved, the selection and application will be filed in the State Land Office. By this means no third person can step in and purchase the land, for the selection and the application to purchase will be filed at the same instant.

Not a Public Matter.

In speaking of the matter today, State Land Agent Geer said, in addition to the reasons heretofore stated, that he does not know whether the person who has applied for this tract is in any way interested in the contest that has been pending in the Government Land Office, and knows othing concernig the merits of that con-As soon as the officials at the Oregon City Land Office shall have finally acted upon the selection, the information asked for will be made public, but until then the State Land Agent will consider the application in his hands as a personal matter and not a public record.

The procedure in this case is the same as in all others. While complaints of a general nature have been made, no particular case has before come into promi-nence, and this one would probably not attract public attention but for the vigorous contest made over the land in the Oregon City Land Office. Some people approve the practice, while others condemn it. Since this case has come to public notice, the facts have been thus freely stated

Chess Tourney Near the End. MONTE CARLO, March 7.-The com-mittee in charge of the international



"A GORDON Hat (soft or stiff) by any other name-would be as good."-

True. But-

Nine-tenths of the satisfaction of having a good thing comes of knowing that it's good.

The tenth tenth is the ability to get an-

chess tourney set apart today and tomor-row for the playing of drawn and ad-journed games. Four games were begun this morning, and at adjournment at 1 P. M. the following results had been record-ed: Schlechter beat Poplel, thereby add-ing half a point to his score; Mason beat Janowski in their adjourned came that ing half a point to his score; Mason beat Janowski in their adjourned game, thus scoring one point; Telehman and Wolf drew, each player scoring an additional quarter of a point, and Marocay and Mieses drew their game, adjourned from yesterday, thereby scoring a quarter of a point each. The last-mentioned game will have to be replayed. In the afternoon sessionTschigorindefeated Pilisbury. There are now four drawn games on the list to are now four drawn games on the list to be replayed tomorrow.

MIXED ON THE LAW.

Information About Reclamation o Arid Lands For "Rancher."

BEND, Or., March 4.-(To the Editor.) I notice by your paper that the Pliot Butte Development Company, which has applied to the state for a contract to reclaim a large tract of arid land in this section, makes the statement that it has expended about \$40,000 on irrigation ditches. I wish to refute this statement. The company has spent its money for timber and desert lands as a speculation. Now it wants the state to give it a lien on about 80,000 acres, one-half of which it can never irrigate. A lien on this land uld be equivalent to ownership. the company was acting in good faith, why did it not go ahead and put in the ditches without waiting for a contract from the state? Give these companies a lien on the land, and it will be cheaper for the homeseeker to buy improved land in the Willamette Valley. Again, the companies can charge exorbitant rates for water for irrigation. The homesecker is legislated against in behalf of the sproulator.

The writer of the foregoing is laboring under a misconception of the law. The development company is in that section by virtue of the law. It could, if it so desired, go ahead and reclaim the land without authority from the state, but it would then have no security for its investment. The state has entered into no contract for the reclamation of the land, but the officials state that the contract will provide that a state engineer estimate the cost of the improvement, and the rules under which the irrigation service shall be rendered shall be approved by the state land board. The law is designed to be in the interest of the development of the state. The land lies useless now. The purpose of the law is to offer inducements that shall result in settlement and cultivation of the country. Nobody will take part in this, of course, unless there be room for profit. The settler himself is actuated by a desire for profit. Reasonable enforcement of the law will prevent unreasonable profit to anybody. It should be remen that the state does not own the land. By its reclamation, it is to secure it from the Government, under the Carey arid land act.

AFTER CANDY PEDDLERS.

Confectionery Dealers Object to Their Selling in Front of Stores.

The rights of candy peddlers to sell their wares in front of confectionery stores may be tested in the Municipa Court in the course of a few days. For nearly a month past, confectionery dealers have complained to the police that the peddlers have stationed themselves in front of the stores, and have refused to move on when ordered to do so.

The police say they have no power to act in the matter, as under the construction of the law by the City Attorney the peddlers may offer their goods in front said he would probably have the peddler arrested as a general nuisance and try the issue in the court. The outcome of the case will be awaited with interest by the police, who have had more one encounter with the peddlers.

CITY AND COUNTY STATISTICS

Marriage Licenses. James S. Jessin, 31; Annie Larson, 30. Death Returns.

March 4-Lee Chung Tong, 67 years, 145% Second street; consumption

March 3-Boy, to wife of R. Kiel, Fulton. March 3-Girl, to wife of A. Duvall, 544 Willams avenue. March 4-Girl, to wife of John Larsen, 871

Building Permits.

S. A. Walker, two-story dwelling, Exeter street, between Willamette boulevard and Dawson street, \$1200.

Joseph Burke, two-story dwelling, northwest corner Kindt and East Seventh streets, \$1300.

Real Estate Transfers. 2050 E. E. Jones to C. E. Hall, part lot 7, block lachel Campbell et al., to T. P. Monroe lots 11 and 12, block 10, Miller's Addi-

Abstracts, and title insurance, by the Pacific Coast Abstract Guaranty & Trust Co., 204-5-6-7 Feiling building.

More Strikes at Thunder Mountain. BOISE, Idaho, March 7.—Recent advices from Thunder Mountain tell of further rich strikes of gold in the southwest dis-trict, which is being thoroughly pros-pected. Some of the quartz being taken out is plastered with gold so thickly that it can be dug out with a knife. On two claims in which General Passenger Agent D. E. Burley, of the Oregon Short Line, is interested heavy seams of gold-bearing quartz have been found,

the ability to get another like it.

So look for the
GORDON trade mark.

So look for the GORDON trade mark. Victims of Pennsylvania Mine Horro

is to consult a competent physician and not to resort to those medicines which claim to care all manner of diseases. The California Fig Syrup Co. was the first to manufacture a laxative remedy which would give satisfaction to all; a laxative which physicians could sanction and one friend recommend to another; so that today its sales probably exceed all other laxatives combined. In some places considerable quantities of old-time catharties and modern imitations are still sold, but with the general diffusion of knowledge, as to the best medicinal agents, Syrup of Figs has come into general use with the well-informed, because it is a remedy of known value and ever bedeficial action. The quality of Syrup of Figs is due not only to the excellent combination of the laxative and carminative principles of plants, known to act most beneficially on the system, with agreeable and refreshing aromatic liquids, but also to the orginal method of manufacture. In order to get the genuine and its beneficial effects one should always note the full name of the Company-California Fig. Syrup Co .- printed on the front of every package. not tests. He said there was no fire in the main entry, but could not tell the conditions in the other parts of the mine, Mr. Louttit also said that the mine had been a course of much troughout the mine had been a course of much the mine had been a source of mu

Men of Affairs

One may sail the seas and visit every land and everywhere will find,

that men of affairs, who are well informed, have neither the time

nor the inclination, whether on pleasure bent or business, to use those medicines which cause excessive purgation and then leave the internal

organs in a constipated condition. Syrup of Figs is not built on those

the internal organs and leaves them in a healthy condition.

ies. It acts naturally, acts effectively, cleanses, sweetens and strengthens

If in need of a laxative remedy the most excellent is Syrup of Figs, but

when anything more than a laxative is required the safe and scientific plan

Louttit also said that the mine had not been declared safe by him. He refused to advance any theory as to how the explosion occurred.

Cause of the Delay. WASHINGTON, March 7 .- Inquiry here liscloses the fact that the delay in the listribution of the first installment of the Chinese indemnity, amounting to 1,125,000 tacks, among the powers grows out of the refusal of the foreign powers to accept the proposition of the United States looking to a slight pro rata reduction of their claims to bring them within the total which China agreed to pay. The report of the Ministers who were charged with the consolidation of the claims of the various pay the sum of 450,000,000 taels as compen-sation in full for all injuries inflicted by the Boxers, Rather than undertake to reopen the negotiations with China, with a view to forcing that country to undertake to pay the 12,000,000 taels additional, the United States Government proposed that the powers interested should scale down in sufficient amount to wipe out this small balance of 12,000,000 taels, but, as already stated, the proposal has met with strong opposition on the part of at least two powers.

A Sedalia Fire. SEDALIA, Mo., March 7 .- Fire today destroyed Cannon's Grand Central dry goods store and seriously damaged adjoining property, including the dry goods store of

C. A. Genther, Loss, \$100 000 Quarantine Line Unlawful.

AUSTIN, Tex., March 7.—In a decision just handed down, the Supreme Court of Texas holds that the State Livestock Sanitary Board has not the authority to establish a cattle quarantine line at vari-

ance with that of the Federal Commis-

Murder and Torture by Robbers. BUTLER, Pa., March 7.-Three masked men broke into the house of Henry Smith, a wealthy retired farmer living at Saxonburg, Pa., last night and brutally murdered him and tortured Mrs. Smith in a fiendish manner. They then ransacked the house and secured \$200, and after destroying considerable pro ty about the house, escaped. crowd of indignant neighbors has started in pursuit of the murderers, and they have been traced to Freeport. Smith was over 80 years of age.

Moltke's Birthday Cake.

Notes and Queries. The custom of having a birthday cake is aggregate to 462,000,000 taels. Before that widespread in Germany. I know for certain that it is prevalent in the Province of ship of Peter Person and Alex Hayes, whose birthday it is has years are stuck round the cake or the Torte, a thick one in the middle called the Lebenslicht, the light Organized laborers to the number of 7000 are of life. For persons advanced in years one employed by the candle must do duty, as otherwise too of Amsterdam.

ick William, later on the Emperor Freder-ick, presented him with a cake adorned with 70 lights. Only he or she who celebrates his or her birthday may put out the light of-life; it is unlucky if done by any other member of the family,

Excitement Among Kamiahs. RAMIAH, Idaho, March 8 .- There has

een great excitement among the Kamiah Indians for several days, and it has just leaked out that an Indian coun-cil was held Monday at the camp-meeting grounds above here, when a number of resolutions were passed condemning the effort of the council recently held in Lapwai, which urged the retention of C Stranahan as Nez Perce Agent Superintendent of the Lapwai School. The Indians were reported to be Saxony, in Hanover, and the mark of local chiefs, several speeches were made Brandenburg. As many lights as the one threatening an outbreak if Stranahan was

Pabst beer Brewed from carefully selected barley and hops - never permitted to

leave the brewery until properly aged.

Mrs. Clementine Richmond, Vice-President of the Forum Club of Chicago.

every branch of science has been developed the blood is put in perfect order.

in the endeavor to prolong human life. In Mrs. Clementine Richmond, of Chicago, and put into practical use whereby thou- ation of the womb got relief by taking sands of lives, which would have otherwise Wine of Cardui. This medicine stopped been lost, have been saved. Today the the drains and relieved the blood of the artificial means, all go to show what con- lating menstruation. She says:

trol science has over the human functions. women by regulating the disordered men- of your little books was left at my door and Wine of Cardui-Now.

as I read how other sick women had been cured by using Wine of Cardui, new hope sprang up in my heart and I tried it. I was very pleased to find that relief came very soon and at my next menstrual period the pains were greatly lessened and within seven weeks I was well."

Health may be secured by every woman who will treat herself as Mrs. Richmond did. But you need not suffer eight long years before relief comes. You can secure VER since the days when people be- ses which nine times out of ten cause their it this week. Continued suffering makes VER since the days when people be-lieved somewhere on the earth there ses which nine times out of ten cause their it this week. Continued suffering makes trouble. With the menses appearing regexisted a fountain of eternal youth, ularly health returns, the drains cease and The women who write of these happy cures are women who act-who when they are' a convinced go directly to their druggist and this way the means have been discovered Ill., after suffering eight years with ulcerget the medicine and take it. No one has ever been cured by putting off treatment. Are your menses irregular? Are they painful? If they are, you cannot afford to practice of medicine is almost an exact poison that was in her system and could let this trouble run on a day longer. Wine science. Controlling fevers, destroying the not escape. Correct menstrual habits of Cardui is the treatment you need. Any germs of infectious disease while they are cleanse the blood, but irregular menses both woman who has ever taken it will tell you in the blood, deadening the nerves by weaken and poison it. Wine of Cardui that. If you think your case needs advice, anæsthetics and producing respiration by cured Mrs. Richmond's troubles by regupartment, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., "As a specific for female troubles Wine of Chattanooga, Tenn., and a letter of advice Upon the same exact scientific demon- Cardul is certainly a superior medicine, I will be sent you. If you begin taking stration the greatest specific for woman, suffered for eight years with ulceration of Wine of Cardui today, you will feel the im-Wine of Cardui, has been developed and the womb and although my family physi- provement in a very few days. Thedford's more than a million complete cures bear cian prescribed different remedies, and I used Black-Draught, its companion medicine. testimony to its worth. There is no mys- a number of douches and washes. I seemed helps greatly in effecting a core by regntery about Wine of Cardui. It is a simple only to get worse and finally gave up in lating the bowels which are frequently conand natural emmenagogue which brings despair and decided that health would never stipated in cases of female trouble. Go to strength and health to sick and suffering be mine again. Fortunately this spring one your druggist and secure a \$1.00 bottle of

WINE OF CARDUI

RELIEVES ALL "FEMALE ILLS"