# STARTS THREE CRUSADES

### OREGON MEDICAL SOCIETY PLANS TO WORK FOR PUBLIC GOOD.

**Members Take a Determined Stand Against Unwholesome Meats, Impure Milk and Spitting Habit.**

The Oregon Medical Society has three crusades in view:

Against unwholesome meats.
Against impure milk.
Against spitting in public places.

The three subjects came up at last night's meeting of the society, and were laid over as a special order of business at the next meeting, two weeks hence. The other discussions were upon professional topics.

The members of the society believe they have a broad field to work in, if they pursue these three purposes. A great part of the meat supply of the city, they say, is slaughtered and prepared for market in a way that is a menace to health. Milk comes from dairies where unsanitary conditions prevail in violation of the law and hidden from public knowledge. And as for the anti-expectoration ordinance, it is a dead letter. The society is not alone in the movement for reform in the three above-named directions. There is a public sentiment that action is needed to eliminate the three evils, for they are among the most pernicious that affect the health of the city. The movement has not yet proceeded toward a definite course of action. It has been proposed that the City Council establish an office for the inspection of meats, but this plan does not find much favor, owing to the cost it would entail. A plan more generally approved is that of enacting ordinances for co-operating with the Department of Agriculture, whose Bureau of Animal Industry makes inspection of meats on application of abattoirs for the service. It is believed that Secretary Wilson would allow a larger force of inspectors at Portland, should the city approach him in the right way. At present there are two veterinarians in the city in charge of inspection of meats for the interstate trade. Besides these there are four other inspectors under the designations of stock examiners, taggers and laborers.

Only one abattoir in the city has inspection. All the others send meat to market subject only to general laws, which in many cases are not observed. About the city there are one large abattoir and five smaller ones without inspection. The first is south of the city. Two of the others are in the old crematory building, two in guiches back of Albina, and one at Columbia Slough. These are the most important of the slaughter-houses. Government inspection is given to an abattoir that makes application for the service to the Secretary of Agriculture.

Most slaughter-houses prefer to work without inspection, as it interferes with their business, especially if they are prone to slaughter diseased cattle. Government inspection is made before and after slaughter, and statement of the condition of meat is given for the benefit of the owners and purchasers. Under the present laws there is no way of enforcing inspection. And without inspection there is often no way of distinguishing after slaughter whether diseased meat is wholesome or not.

A large part of the meat consumed in Portland is supplied by uninspected abattoirs, and by farmers who slaughter in ways that menace the health of the public. Much of such meat is marketed under very unwholesome conditions. In some of the Front-street markets, especially in Summer time, it is sold under conditions that are exceedingly unsanitary. The Dairy and Food Commissioner is charged with abating such evils. The law also provides:

> Every railroad company or other transportation company in this state, upon application of the State Dairy and Food Commissioner, or his authorized agent, shall give the name and address of any shipper or consignee of any supposed diseased or unwholesome meats or foods of any kind.

A veterinarian said yesterday that the public does not realize the amount of poison it consumes in infected meats. "Several days ago, 15 dressed hogs were received in the city from the country," he said. "All were permeated with foul odors that betrayed the poison in the carcasses. The farmer who sent them had slaughtered them all at one time, and then had proceeded to eviscerate them. Most of them lay all day with their foul contents in them, and in a few hours the impurities had permeated them. That farmer did not kill the hogs as he could clean them, but, with wonderful shortsightedness, killed them all at once.

"It would be very expensive to the city to undertake inspection on its own account. At least three veterinarians would be required, and not less than five laymen. Secretary Wilson would be willing to co-operate with the city. In fact, the Bureau of Animal Industry is instructed to act with city officers in all ways that they may ask."

## FINE SOUVENIR ISSUED.

**Portland Park Commission Prints Its First Annual Report.**

An attractive pamphlet was issued yesterday, the first report of the Portland Park Commission, designed principally to give outsiders an idea how this city is located in reference to the beauty of its natural scenic surroundings. One interesting table shows the annual expenditures for park purposes for the last 10 years, also the estimates made at the beginning of each year:

| Year. | Estimated expense. | Expenditure. |
|---|---|---|
| 1892 | $11,200 00 | $18,603 64 |
| 1893 | 16,200 00 | 15,982 61 |
| 1894 | 10,000 00 | 17,013 35 |
| 1895 | 14,400 00 | 16,616 47 |
| 1896 | 7,000 00 | 8,598 76 |
| 1897 | 7,800 00 | 9,201 45 |
| 1898 | 9,440 00 | 9,085 73 |
| 1899 | 6,750 00 | 7,548 23 |
| 1900 | 10,476 37 | 8,629 27 |
| 1901 (to date) | ..... | 11,513 00 |

The illustrations are profuse and to the point, the first page containing a cut of Mount Hood, and the inside pages being devoted to views of the new Macleay Park, the City Park, and public buildings. The report is the work of a committee consisting of Commissioners Hawkins and Eliot, assisted by Henry Fleckenstein. The excellent views of Macleay Park are from photographs taken by R. B. Lamson and R. H. Blossom. Other equally well-known views are the work of H. A. Hale and L. W. Moody. It is a valuable souvenir to send to friends in the East, and those who are thinking of making their home in the Willamette Valley.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Alex Gilbert, French Vice-Consul at Astoria, is at the Imperial.

C. W. Rollins, a wealthy hat manufacturer of St. Louis, is at the Perkins.

Harry White, ex-Mayor of Seattle, and a prominent mining promoter, is among the guests at the Perkins.

H. L. Hexter, of Pendleton, who is registered at the Belvedere, is one of the old-time merchants of Umatilla County.

J. P. Vollmer, a prominent merchant and banker, of Lewiston, Idaho, is at the Perkins. He says that everything is prosperous in and around Lewiston.

George H. Adams, one of the prominent young men of Umatilla County, was in Portland yesterday. Mr. Adams is now in the senior class at McMinnville College.

Ex-State Senator Blackman, of Heppner, arrived yesterday at the Good Samaritan Hospital, with his son, Leo. The latter is suffering from appendicitis, and may be operated upon.

Robert Hyde, a prominent young sawmill man of Cascade Locks, is at the Imperial. He anticipates a very busy season among the logging camps and sawmills of the Columbia River.

F. H. Stow, who arrived here from Ohio a few days ago, has been appointed general manager of the Columbia Telephone Company, and it is understood that the plant of the company is soon to be greatly enlarged.

Messrs. Ed Croisan, H. J. Bigger and Walter Lyon, Governor Geer's private secretary, of Salem, were in the city yesterday. They were in consultation with the leaders of Senator Simon's faction of the Republican party as to Marion County politics.

Benjamin Young came up from Astoria yesterday to be at the bedside of his wife, who is dangerously ill at St. Vincent's Hospital. Mrs. Young is afflicted with cancer of the stomach, and little hope is entertained for her recovery. Her daughters, Mrs. Reams and Miss Young, are also at her bedside.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—M. S. Hartson, recently appointed postmaster at Spokane, passed through Washington today.

NEW YORK, March 5. — Northwestern people registered at New York hotels today as follows:

From Portland—J. Day, at the Imperial; C. F. Beebe, at the Manhattan.

From Spokane—M. Steffine, at the Rossmore.

## OUR TRADE WITH GERMANY.

**Figures Show the Cordiality of Our Relations.**

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The cordiality of the relations between the United States and Germany is shown more eloquently than by speeches and more forcibly than by the booming of cannon by the figures which show the commerce between the two countries during the last few years. These figures show that the commerce of the United States with Germany exceeds that with any other country of the world except the United Kingdom; that our imports from Germany in the fiscal year 1901 were larger than in any preceding year, with a single exception; that our exports to that country in 1901 were larger than in any preceding year, and that our total commerce with Germany in 1901 was larger than in any earlier year. This commerce has grown from less than $50,000,000 in 1865 to nearly $300,000,000 in 1901; or, to be more exact, from $29,878,845 in 1865 to $292,226,329 in 1901, the total for 1901 being practically 10 times as great as that of 1865.

An examination of the details shows that the percentage of increase in imports from Germany has been greater than the percentage of growth in exports to Germany, the figures being: Imports into the United States from Germany in 1865, $9,563,743; in 1901, $100,445,902. On the other hand, the exports from the United States to Germany were: In 1865, $20,315,102; in 1901, $191,780,427. Thus the imports into the United States from Germany are more than 10 times as much in 1901 as in 1865, and our exports to Germany about 9½ times as much as in 1865.

The following table, from the official reports of the Treasury Bureau of Statistics, shows the total imports into the United States from, and exports from the United States to Germany at quinquennial periods from 1865 to 1901:

| Year— | Imports. | Exports. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1865 | $ 9,563,743 | $ 20,315,102 | $ 29,878,845 |
| 1870 | 27,015,321 | 42,288,877 | 69,304,198 |
| 1875 | 40,247,712 | 50,466,025 | 90,713,737 |
| 1880 | 52,211,237 | 57,062,263 | 109,273,500 |
| 1885 | 63,241,753 | 62,222,791 | 125,464,544 |
| 1890 | 96,837,683 | 85,563,312 | 184,400,995 |
| 1895 | 81,014,065 | 92,257,163 | 173,271,228 |
| 1900 | 97,374,700 | 187,347,889 | 284,722,589 |
| 1901 | 100,445,902 | 191,780,427 | 292,226,329 |

Finished manufactures form the chief features of the imports into the United States from Germany, and foodstuffs and manufacturers' materials form the chief features of our exports to Germany. Sugar, chemicals, cotton manufactures, silk manufactures, leather and manufactures, toys, earthen, stone and chinaware, wool manufactures, iron and steel manufactures, and cement are the principal items in our imports from Germany, while raw cotton, corn, wheat, flour, pork and beef products, mineral oils, tobacco, oil cake and meal, naval stores, wood and manufactures thereof, and copper form the chief features of our exports to Germany. In a few classes of manufactures, however, notably iron and steel, the exports to Germany are considerable, but, as above indicated, the bulk of the movement from the United States to that country is composed of the articles required in Germany for food or manufacturing, and which it does not produce in sufficient quantities at home; while, on the other hand, the bulk of the imports into the United States from Germany are foodstuffs not produced at home or the higher grades of manufactures, such as sugar, wines, coffee, rice, chemicals, gloves, laces and knit goods, woolen dress goods, silk dress goods, cutlery, porcelain and chinaware and toys.

The following tables show the principal imports into the United States from Germany, and the principal exports from the United States to that country in the fiscal year 1901:

| Imports— | |
|---|---|
| Sugar | $15,556,811 |
| Chemicals, drugs, etc | 12,598,985 |
| Cotton manufactures | 10,291,398 |
| Silk manufactures | 3,343,656 |
| Leather and manufactures | 4,135,287 |
| Toys | 3,645,298 |
| Earthen, stone and chinaware | 3,892,925 |
| Wool manufactures | 2,169,571 |
| Iron and steel manufactures | 2,811,906 |
| Cement | 1,241,959 |
| Paper and manufactures | 2,352,464 |
| Books, etchings, etc | 721,789 |
| Flax, hemp, jute manufactures | 695,147 |
| Exports— | |
| Raw cotton | 77,269,794 |
| Corn | 17,366,229 |
| Pork products | 15,996,408 |
| Mineral oil | 8,746,697 |
| Wheat | 7,871,573 |
| Copper and manufactures | 7,816,688 |
| Iron and steel manufactures | 5,978,723 |
| Oil cake and meal | 5,285,863 |
| Wood and manufactures | 4,327,793 |
| Tobacco and manufacturers | 3,941,749 |
| Oleomargarine | 2,647,375 |
| Naval stores | 2,507,007 |
| Flour | 2,011,259 |
| Seeds | 1,288,109 |
| Beef products | 1,161,697 |
| Leather and manufactures | 1,004,088 |
| Paraffin and paraffin wax | 722,245 |

## THIS IS TO PORTLAND.

**A Coast Railroad Would Bring It Big Trade It Now Loses.**

MAPLETON, Or., March 5.—(To the Editor.)—Having been a resident of Western Lane County for the past 14 years, and noticing that its trade during this period has gone to San Francisco, I have asked my neighbors, and now ask Portland, Why are no steps taken to divert this trade to the metropolis of Oregon? Why are the people of Western Oregon and the people of Portland so negligent of their own interests? Belonging, as we do, to the same great state, our interests are surely mutual. It is conceded that we have the finest dairy country in the West, and our fruit and vegetables cannot be surpassed. Our lumbering industry is developing, and will soon be enormous, as we have thousands of acres of the finest timber in the world. The development of our resources, however, is held in check, for the want of proper shipping facilities, and as it is, Portland gets very little of our trade. It has lately occurred to me that all of this might be remedied by a railroad from Yaquina down the Coast to the Alsea, Siuslaw, Umpqua, and as far south as Coos Bay, a distance of 80 miles. A railroad from Yaquina south would do more to develop this part of the Coast, and at the same time insure to Portland the trade that now goes to California, than any other project. H. H. FISK.

**Homeseekers, Attention!**

We take this method of informing homeseekers that farming, fruit and pasture lands can be purchased in vicinity of Harrisburg, Linn County, Or., for less money, quality considered, than elsewhere in the Willamette Valley. Address W. W. Briggs, secretary Board of Trade.

Dyspepsia makes you nervous, and nervousness makes you dyspeptic; either one renders you miserable. Carter's Little Liver Pills cure both.

# WILLIS LOSES RENT SUIT

### COMMERCIAL BLOCK REVENUES GO TO TRUST COMPANY.

**Judge Frazer Decides $1000 Collected After Foreclosure of Mortgage Must Be Refunded.**

Judge Frazer yesterday decided the suit of the United States Mortgage & Trust Company against P. L. Willis, to recover rent for rooms in the Commercial block, in favor of the plaintiff. The company obtained possession of the building about the middle of January on a mortgage foreclosure sale, and found that Willis and nearly all of the tenants in the block had paid a month's rent in advance to Henry F. McClure, of Seattle, through Willis as his agent. Under this decision rents amounting to about $1000 will have to be paid by McClure to the United States Mortgage & Trust Company.

The court held that on coming into possession of property at mortgage foreclosure sale the purchaser—which in this instance was the mortgagee—is entitled to the rents from that time on, no matter if it was customary for the tenants to pay the rent in advance on the first of the month.

Judge Frazer stated that the common law provided that when a mortgagee comes into possession after the rent is due and paid he is not entitled to any of the rent, but the statutes of Oregon provide that a mortgagee is entitled to rents from the time of entering into possession.

The defendant contended that it would work a hardship on the tenant, but in answer to this the court said the tenant would have recourse against the owner of the property for the amount overpaid.

The building was sold about eight months ago, subject to the mortgage, by Richard Nixon, as receiver of the Portland Savings Bank, to the Topaz Land Company for $1200, and this company transferred the property to Mr. McClure. The rents aggregated $18,000 per year, which the purchaser collected, making the investment very profitable.

## PROMINENT ROGUE RIVER VALLEY HORTICULTURIST

HON. J. H. STEWART, OF MEDFORD.

Hon. J. H. Stewart, whose portrait is given herewith, may truly be called the father of commercial horticulture in the Rogue River Valley. After an almost life-long residence in Illinois, devoted largely to horticultural enterprise in one form or another, Mr. Stewart came about 17 years ago into the Rogue River Valley, and in the face of adverse counsels set about the business of creating a commercial apple orchard near where the town of Medford now stands. He acquired a property which long had been under a hoodoo, as its nickname of "Poverty Ranch" implies. He planted it with orchard stock grafted by his own hand and brought from his former home in Illinois, and the outcome was a business success which has never before been equaled in Oregon in a similar line of effort. From this beginning there has grown up in the Rogue River Valley an orchard development which renders each year from 300 to 500 carloads of orchard products, and which has helped to establish the name of the Oregon apple and pear in the highest repute the world over.

Mr. Stewart, it is gratifying to say, is among those prophets who have lived to enjoy the advantages following their own insight and efforts. The moderate fortune which he brought to Oregon 17 years ago has been multiplied by his successes here. Today, at upwards of 70 years of age, Mr. Stewart is hale, hearty and stalwart, and as earnestly engaged in the work of extending the industry which he founded as he was in the original labors of his early residence in the state.

Mr. Stewart is a native of Maine—of the country which forms the northeast corner of the United States. But his breeding, his temperatment, his spirit, is of the West. His home is near Medford, in what he calls the most perfectly adapted country in the world for the production of the highest types of apple.

## TO GET VAUDEVILLE STARS

**Manager Baker Sends His Assistant East for This Purpose.**

George L. Baker, proprietor of the Baker Theater, has sent his assistant, C. O. Brown, to Chicago, where he goes to procure new vaudeville attractions, Mr. Baker says, in view of his recent experiences with vaudeville entertainments, that there is an increasing demand for such productions. He has decided to reopen the vaudeville performances next Sunday, continuing them for an indefinite period. In order to give the theater-going public the very best that exists in the vaudeville line Mr. Baker decided to send his assistant to Chicago. Mr. Brown will be there for some time and will secure the very best attractions possible.

**Corn Products Trust Directors.**

NEW YORK, March 5.—At a meeting of the Corn Products Company, three additional directors have been elected—J. Ogden Armour, W. G. Oakman and W. H. Nichols—thus completing the list. The election of officers already has been announced.

Take the best when you need medicine. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine money can buy.

## TAX MONEY ROLLS IN RAPIDLY.

**Over $250,000 Has Been Paid Into the Sheriff's Office.**

Over $250,000 taxes on the 1901 roll have been collected since the books were opened February 17, which shows that the new law is operating as smoothly as its most ardent supporter could hope for. Tuesday the Ladd estate paid in $30,000, and the total collections for the day were over $60,000. There have been 3700 receipts issued, showing that many people have already paid their taxes. Applications for statements have been filed by at least 10,000 persons, including the heaviest taxpayers, and clerks have been busy all night for several weeks making them out. Money can be taken in very fast after taxpayers have been supplied with statements. It is expected that more than $800,000 will be collected within the next 10 days. The Sheriff states that business men and others are slow about paying taxes on personal property. A penalty for delinquency will be added after April 7.

## COURTS TURN OUT CITIZENS.

**Seven Men Complete Naturalization Before Circuit Judges.**

The making of citizens takes up considerable time of the Judges and Clerks at the Courthouse nowadays. Yesterday seven persons were admitted to citizenship in the State Circuit Court, as follows: Fred Watrin, W. F. Hardy, John W. Mason, J. S. Fourncer, John A. Cronquist, Aaron Anderson, Charles Davidson.

A father and two sons were turned away because they failed to bring the necessary witnesses with them. Near the time of every election a large number of persons complete their naturalization, which is accounted for by the fact that the discussion which occurs regarding election draws their mind to the subject of citizenship.

## TWO YEARS FOR FORGERY.

**J. W. Bragg Pleads Guilty and Is Sentenced.**

J. W. Bragg, charged with forging the name of M. McKay to a time check for $37, executed by Smyth, Howard & Mason, pleaded guilty before Judge Frazer yesterday, and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. A second indictment against Bragg, charging him with the larceny of the check, was dismissed. Bragg is 22 years old, and informed the court that he did not desire to make any statement except that he had never been in trouble before. He said he came to Portland from Virginia two years ago, and worked as a laborer.

## BURGLAR PLEADS GUILTY.

**Thomas Sullivan Admits His Theft and Gets Three Years.**

Thomas Sullivan pleaded guilty in the State Circuit Court yesterday to a charge of burglary in breaking into a toolhouse occupied by Frank D. Jones, John Almater and William Turnbull. He was sentenced by Judge Frazer to three years in the penitentiary. Sullivan's excuse was that he was drunk when he committed the crime, and was sorry he did it.

**Court Notes.**

In the suit of A. W. Lambert against Olive McGuire, Mabel O. Montag and others, heirs-at-law of C. A. McGuire, deceased, to foreclose a mortgage for $809 on an acreage tract in Multnomah County, a decree was rendered yesterday by Judge Frazer.


"Children and Fools"

This is particularly applicable in cases where persons seriously troubled from the effects of coffee drinking and who take up Postum Food Coffee in its place, attempt to make the new beverage with a little hot water and two or three minutes' boiling. That sort of a "lick and a promise" produces a drink that is simply exasperating. It is flat and tasteless, whereas the person who will boil the Postum full 15 minutes after the actual bubbling and boiling begins, will have a beverage that is something.

There is a point between 12 and 15 minutes of boiling when the character of Postum is changed, the food value is extracted and the delicious flavor which much resembles the milder and more expensive grades of Java coffee is produced.

A lady in Salem, Or., says: "Whenever I drank coffee at night, I always passed a restless, wakeful night. Extreme nervousness and a weak stomach have followed me ever since I have been using coffee. Finally I got into such a state that my dyspepsia took the form of spasms and heart weakness.

"I suffered intensely, and when a physician was called, he inquired, among other things, if I drank coffee, and insisted that I leave it off. I did so, and took up tea, which I found almost as bad. Finally husband brought home a package of Postum, and we tried it strictly according to direction, for we believe in the adage that 'children and fools judge of a thing half done').

"The new coffee was delicious, and from that day until now (which is a year), it has been our only drink at meals. My dyspepsia, spasms, etc., are things of the past. My husband had suffered for some years with bilious headaches and indigestion, but during the past year, on Postum Food Coffee, he has entirely recovered his health and gained much in weight. Our friends frequently comment on our improved appearance and change in complexion." Name of writer supplied by Postum Company, Battle Creek, Mich.


# CRUSADE FOR PURE MILK

### COMMISSIONER BAILEY TO SEARCH FOR ILL-KEPT DAIRIES.

**Few Obey the Law; but Maybe They Will When They Know What It Is.**

Dairy Commissioner Bailey, who is about to begin a crusade against ill-kept dairies, will find plenty to do. This is the general opinion of people who are familiar with the condition of dairies about Portland. People who supply milk to Portland are in large part ignorant of the law or evade it. "Not one dairy in 50 observes the law," said a creamery man yesterday, "and I doubt if that one does. For example, the law prohibits dumping of manure within 150 feet of where dairy cows are stabled. And how many dairymen follow the statute as to proper ventilation of barns?"

Mr. Bailey fully appreciates the difficulty he will be under, and realizes he will have to use judicial discretion in enforcing the law. He hopes by patient work to improve dairy conditions. If prices paid for milk were more remunerative, say from 12½ to 15 cents per quart, he could hope for better success.

Cleanliness is nearer to godliness in dairying than in any other work. It is well known that could consumers see how milk is prepared for them at many dairies the sight would not be entirely agreeable. The creameries, which receive milk from farmers, are usually strict with their suppliers. One of the most up-to-date has laid down the following rules:

Milking must be done in a mostly cleanly manner, with dry hands. Filth, dirt, dust, etc., must be brushed from the udders, flanks and legs of the cows, and pails must be held upside down while this is done. The first few streams from each teat must be milked on the floor, as such milk is often tainted.

Milk pails must be of a good quality of tin, smooth inside. They must be thoroughly washed and scrubbed every morning and well rinsed every evening after milking, and must always be kept in such position that air can circulate in them.

Milk must be taken from the barn immediately after milking to a place where the atmosphere is pure and free from odors. It must there be thoroughly strained and aerated. If no aerator is used, aeration must be accomplished by pouring from one vessel into another. One vessel must be held two or three feet above another, and the process of pouring must be performed at least a dozen times. The milk must also be poured a few times the last thing at night and the first thing in the morning. Night's milk must stand in pure atmosphere uncovered, under a roof but outside a building, unless well ventilated. No milk from a diseased cow must be sent to the factory, nor any bloody, stringy or ropy milk, nor milk from a cow within a month of calving, nor from a fresh cow until a week after calving, nor until such milk will boil without curdling. Night's milk should not be mixed with morning's milk. If for want of sufficient delivery cans this is unavoidable, the mixing must not be done until just before starting for the factory.

## TO PLAY JOHN STORM.

**Edward Morgan Goes to Tacoma to Join "The Christian."**

Edward Morgan, the first John Storm in "The Christian" when it appeared in London, England, in April, 1899, arrived here yesterday from Chicago on his way to Tacoma, where he will rehearse with "The Christian" Company touring the West, and expects to appear with it in Seattle, Monday night, for the first time. Morgan has recently been the John Storm in the company touring the East and Middle West, but this company closed at Chicago last Saturday, and he has cast his fortunes as leading man with the Western company. Mr. Morgan is a tall, well-proportioned, good-looking Englishman, and when he talks he has a charming smile. He has a finely modulated voice. "Am I tired of playing John Storm? Not a bit of it," he said to an Oregonian man, last night. "It is a good part, and the public wants it. 'The Christian' was first played at New York, in October, 1898, and it is still being played to enormous audiences. Our Western company will now play 'The Christian' in this country exclusively. The programme is Tacoma, Thursday night, and then Victoria and Vancouver, B. C. I look forward to our visit to Victoria, B. C., with a good deal of anticipation, as I lived in that city for about two years when I first came to this Coast. That was before I went into the theatrical business. I made very many pleasant friends there. Have I appeared in Portland before now? Oh, yes. I have pleasant recollections of the city. I played here with the Frohman company playing 'The Prisoner of Zenda,' 'Mayflower' and 'The Gentleman of Europe.' I also appeared here in James O'Neill's 'Monte Cristo.' I look forward with pleasure to the approaching visit of our company to this city. We shall then next play in San Francisco, and gradually work our way East."

A friend who was with Mr. Morgan said: "He has not told you, but he is an excellent cricketer and football player."

"Oh, that's some little time ago," said Mr. Morgan.

**LOWEST RATES**

**To All Points East.**

Apply via Rio Grande lines. Through sleepers. Personally conducted excursions once a week. Call at office, No. 124 Third street.

## DAILY METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, March 5.—8 P. M.—Maximum temperature, 48; minimum temperature, 40; river reading at 11 A. M., 8.6 feet; change in the past 24 hours, 0.6 foot; total precipitation, 5 P. M. to 5 P. M., 0.86 inch; total precipitation since Sept. 1, 1901, 28.25 inches; normal precipitation since Sept. 1, 1901, 33.65 inches; deficiency, 5.40 inches; total sunshine March 4, 0:00; possible sunshine March 4, 11:18.

PACIFIC COAST WEATHER.

| STATIONS. | Max. temp. | Precipitation last 12 hours. | Wind. Velocity. | Wind. Direction. | State of weather. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Astoria | 48 | 0.12 | 10 | E | Cloudy |
| Baker City | 48 | 0.00 | * | SE | Cloudy |
| Bismarck | 42 | 0.00 | * | W | Clear |
| Boise | 52 | 0.00 | * | E | Cloudy |
| Helena | 48 | 0.00 | 10 | S | Pt. cloudy |
| Kamloops, B. C. | 42 | 0.00 | * | E | Cloudy |
| Neah Bay | 44 | 0.04 | 12 | E | Raining |
| Pocatello | 44 | 0.00 | 12 | SE | Cloudy |
| Portland | 48 | 0.05 | * | NW | Cloudy |
| Red Bluff | 56 | ** | 26 | SE | Raining |
| Roseburg | 62 | 0.00 | 16 | SE | Cloudy |
| Sacramento | 58 | ** | 26 | S | Raining |
| Salt Lake | 50 | 0.00 | * | SW | Cloudy |
| San Francisco | 56 | 0.08 | 24 | SE | Raining |
| Spokane | 54 | ** | * | N | Pt. cloudy |
| Seattle | 48 | 0.16 | * | E | Raining |
| Walla Walla | 62 | 0.00 | 8 | S | Pt. cloudy |

*Light. **Trace.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The storm yesterday off Cape Mendocino has increased very much in energy, and it is central this evening over Southern Oregon, and apparently moving slowly eastward.

The following maximum wind velocities have been reported during the last 24 hours: San Francisco, 38 miles, southeast; Sacramento, 32 miles, southeast, and Red Bluff, 32 miles, southeast. No high winds have so far occurred at stations in the North Pacific States, but storm northeast warnings are continued at the mouth of the Columbia River and along the Straits of Juan de Fuca.

Rain has begun falling in Northern California, and it will probably spread northeastward to include the greater portion of this district by Thursday afternoon.

WEATHER FORECASTS.

Forecasts made at Portland for the 28 hours ending at midnight Thursday, March 6:

Portland and vicinity—Occasional rain; brisk easterly winds.

Western Oregon—Rain; cooler in south portion; easterly winds, with northeasterly gales along the coast.

Western Washington—Cloudy and threatening, with probably rain; northeasterly winds, with northeast gales along the coast.

Eastern Oregon and Southern Idaho—Probably rain; easterly winds.

Eastern Washington and Northern Idaho—Increasing cloudiness, followed by rain; easterly winds.

EDWARD A. BEALS, Forecast Official.

NEW TODAY.

**MORTGAGE LOANS**
On improved city and farm property.
R. LIVINGSTONE, 224 Stark st.

**MORTGAGE LOANS**
On improved city and farm property, at lowest current rates. Building loans. Installment loans. MacMaster & Birrell, 311 Worcester bld.

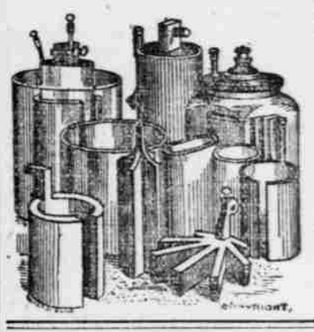
**MORTGAGE LOANS**
On Portland real estate at lowest rates. Titles insured. Abstracts furnished.
**Title Guarantee & Trust Co.**
7 Chamber of Commerce.

**W. T. SLATTEN, Dentist**

Bridge work, $5; gold crowns, $5; full set teeth, fully guaranteed, $5. Extracting without pain. Free examination.
**Room 211 The Failing, cor. Third and Washington.**
Bring this with you, or will be charged regular rates.

**RANCH EGGS 15c per dz.**
Eastern sugar-cured hams, lb.....12½c
Boneless hams, lb.....10c
Picnic hams, lb.....9c
5-lb pail lard.....50c
Best creamery butter.....55c and 60c
Dairy butter.....45c and 50c
LA GRANDE CREAMERY,
204 Yamhill. Both phones.

**A GOOD GENERAL**
Goes into battle with his fight half won if his men are well disciplined and have seen hard service. The same thing applies to a good musical firm. If their pianos and organs have a reputation for good service and have seen many years of testing, they are half sold when ordered from the factory. That is why such pianos as the KNABE, STECK, HARDMAN, FISCHER, PACKARD and LUDWIG have won in the battle of competition a reputation that many another piano factory has fought to obtain.
**WE REALIZE**
What it means to feel one has such resources behind him when it comes to selling such pianos as these. In fact, it makes competition easy.
**WHAT WE KNOW ABOUT ORGANS**
You know also, and that is that the ESTEY, MASON & HAMLIN, PACKARD and CCHICAGO COTTAGE are the only best organs made. Write us for terms and catalogues of both pianos and organs and information as to our easy-payment plan.
**ALLEN & GILBERT CO.**
Successor to The Wiley B. Allen Co.
209-211 First Street
PORTLAND, OREGON.



**Naval and Military Batteries**
Are about the only kinds we don't supply; but almost every kind of electrical battery you may want we have or can get at short notice—open circuit work, for electro-plating, for the use of physicians and masseurs. Chemicals, jars, porcelain cups, zinc and other essentials to a complete electrical outfit.
**Western Electric Works**
305½ Washington St.,
Portland, Or.

**WHEATINE**
The cleanest, purest and sweetest of breakfast foods. Absolutely free from pasty raw starch and irritating outer husk or fibre. All reliable grocers. Cook as directed.
SEND FOR "WHEATINE DAINTIES" DEPT. 3
EMPIRE MILLING CO., SAN FRANCISCO

## CLASSIFIED AD. RATES

"Rooms," "Rooms and Board," "Housekeeping Rooms," "Situations Wanted," 15 words or less, 15 cents; 16 to 20 words, 20 cents; 21 to 25 words, 25 cents, etc. No discount for additional insertions.

UNDER ALL OTHER HEADS except "New Today," 30 cents for 15 words or less; 16 to 20 words, 40 cents; 21 to 25 words, 50 cents, etc.—first insertion. Each additional insertion, one-half; no further discount under one month.

"NEW TODAY" (gauge measure agate), 15 cents per line, first insertion; 10 cents per line for each additional insertion.

ANSWERS TO ADVERTISEMENTS, addressed care The Oregonian and left at this office, should always be inclosed in sealed envelopes. No stamp is required on such letters.

The Oregonian will not be responsible for errors in advertisements taken through the telephone.

### AMUSEMENTS.

Marquam Grand Theater—Calvin Heilig, Mgr. Thursday, Friday, Saturday nights, March 6-7-8, Popular Matinee Saturday at 2:15 o'clock. The event of the theatrical year (first time here), James K. Hackett's Great Romantic Success, "THE PRIDE OF JENNICO," presented by special arrangement with Mr. Daniel Frohman. Evening prices—Entire parquette, $1.50. Entire parquette circle, $1. Balcony, first 3 rows, $1; second 3 rows, 75c; last 6 rows, 50c. Gallery, reserved, 50c; balance, 25c. Boxes and loges, $10. Popular Matinee prices—Adults, to any part of the theater, 50c; children under 14 years of age, 25c. All seats reserved.

CORDRAY'S THEATER—
ONE WEEK, COMMENCING SUNDAY NIGHT, MARCH 2.
AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
FIRST TIME AT POPULAR PRICES.
WALTER E. PERKINS' COMEDIANS PRESENT
"THE MAN FROM MEXICO."
By H. A. DuSouchet, author of "My Friend From India." An established laughing success from Maine to California. Better and brighter than ever. A cast of superior merit. One roar of laughter from start to finish.
Usual prices—25c and 50c.

CORDRAY'S THEATER—
ONE WEEK, COMMENCING SUNDAY, MARCH 9, AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
MISS JESSIE SHIRLEY AND HER OWN COMPANY
IN REPERTOIRE, FARCES, COMEDIES, DRAMAS.
CHANGE OF PROGRAMME NIGHTLY.
SPECIAL SCENERY, ELEGANT COSTUMES.
USUAL PRICES—25c AND 50c.

FREDERICKSBURG MUSIC HALL—
SEVENTH AND ALDER STREETS
LITTLE EGYPT,
LITTLE EGYPT,
LITTLE EGYPT,
LITTLE EGYPT,
LITTLE EGYPT,
LITTLE EGYPT,
LITTLE EGYPT,
Of the Seely dinner fame.
ADMISSION FREE.

### AUCTION SALES TODAY.

At Baker's auction rooms, cor. Alder and Park. Sale at 10 A. M. Geo. Baker & Co., auctioneers.

### MEETING NOTICES.

OREGON COMMANDERY, NO. 1, K. T.—Special conclave this evening at 8 o'clock. Order of the Black Cross.
W. S. MACRUM, Rec.

AMERICUS LODGE, NO. 1, K. P.—Auditorium Hall, meets every Thursday evening. Work tonight in Page rank. Visitors are cordially invited.
F. P. BAUMGARTNER, C. C.
ED. D. CURTIS, K. R. S.

PORTLAND LODGE, NO. 68, K. OF P.—Work in Page rank Friday evening, 7th. All brother Knights cordially invited to attend. Meets Elks' Hall, in Marquam building.
R. W. FOSTER, Act. K. R. & S.

HARMONY LODGE, NO. 12, A. F. & A. M.—Special meeting this evening at 7:30 o'clock. Work in E. A. degree. Members requested to attend. Visitors welcome. By order W. M.
E. T. TAGGART, Sec.

### DIED.

MONPIER—Wednesday evening, March 5, at 9:30, Manila E. Monpier. Funeral notice later.

PELL—In this city, March 5, 1902, at 581 First st., Mrs. Emma Pell, aged 39 years. Funeral notice later.

### FUNERAL NOTICES.

JACKSON—In this city, March 4, 1902, Mrs. Hannah Jackson, aged 55 years, at J. E. Logan's residence, 380 Larrabee st. The funeral will take place Friday, 2 P. M., at Bethel A. M. E. Church, 10th, near Everett. Friends invited.

EDWARD HOLMAN, Undertaker, 4th and Yamhill sts. Rena Stinson, lady assistant. Both phones No. 507.

J. P. FINLEY & SON, Undertakers. Lady assistant. 275 Third st. Tel. 9.

Clarke Bros., 289 Morrison St. Fine flowers and floral designs.

NEW TODAY.

FOR SALE—30 CEDAR DOORS, TRANSOMS and casings, fitted with the best Corbin locks and butts; will be sold at a bargain. Doors can be seen at 127½ Fourth st., upstairs. Thomas A. Jordan, room 3 Worcester building.

SHEEHY BROS. CARRY A SELECT LINE of wall paper, painting and kalsomining; good work. 108 Sixth.

**MORTGAGE LOANS**
Ample funds at 5 to 7 per cent interest on favorable terms. F. V. Andrews & Co., Hamilton building.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

DO YOU WANT A BARGAIN IN A NEW, modern 8-room house on East Side? Porcelain bath, oak mantel; sewered. Small cash payment, balance installments. G. H. Dammeier & Co., 503 Marquam.