

TURNER HAS HIS SAY

Concludes His Speech on Philippine Tariff Bill.

DENOUNCES THE COMMISSION

Washington Senator Also Severely Criticizes Republican Leaders—Bill Appropriating \$500,000 for Spokane Postoffice Passes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Throughout nearly the entire session of the Senate today, the Philippine tariff bill was under discussion. Turner concluded his speech begun last Friday, on the legal and Constitutional phases of the Philippine question. He held in the main that as the Philippines were not a part of the United States government in the islands prior to the falling of Manila, the United States under the principles of international law had no right to the islands.

Teller took the floor to deliver a speech on the pending measure, but had scarcely introduced his argument before he was interrupted by the speaker of the House.

Foraker today offered an amendment to the Philippine tariff bill providing that the rate of duty on Philippine products coming into the United States shall be 25 per cent of the duty rates. The committee bill provided for a 75 per cent rate.

Teller yielded the floor for the day, and the Senate at 4:25 went into executive session and adjourned.

Proceedings in Detail. When the Senate convened today, Hale presented a partial conference report on the urgent deficiency appropriation bill. He explained that an agreement had been reached upon all contested items.

A bill appropriating \$500,000 for the erection of a public building in Spokane, Wash., was passed.

Consideration of the Philippine tariff bill was then resumed. Turner, not having concluded his speech, returned to the floor and continued his speech. Turner pointed out that on January 21, 1898, the Philippines established a republic and that under that government peace and order were maintained.

He maintained that the Republican leaders had deceived and deluded the people, but he did not believe they could continue to do so. "There will come an awakening," he said, "and the day of awakening is now at hand. If I do not believe so, I should despair of my country."

Turner then discussed in detail the attitude of the United States towards the Philippines under the principles of international law. He maintained under those principles the United States had no right in the islands and no right to prevent the Philippines from setting up a free and independent government.

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COMMISSION TESTIFIED BEFORE THE SENATE

Committee on the Engineering Features Connected with the Construction of a Canal Across the Isthmus of Panama.

SENATE CONFIRMS NOMINATIONS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The Senate today confirmed the following nominations: Postmasters—Montana, C. F. Ran. Gierdiva. Washington, J. G. Tuttle. Waterbury, A. M. Stinson. Connecticut, L. A. Inkster. Davenport, W. A. Buckley. Sprague, E. L. Brunton. Walla Walla, A. F. Learned. Port Townsend.

IN THE HOUSE

General Debate on the Olemargarine Bill Was Closed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—General debate on the olemargarine bill was closed today. The friends of the bill have decided to offer an amendment to make the 10-cent tax apply to olemargarine imitation of butter "of any shade of yellow."

The amendment is designed to meet the charge of the opponents of the bill that without this language the bill might be construed absolutely to prohibit the sale of olemargarine. The speakers today were: James Thompson (Rep. Ia.), Doble (Rep. W. Va.), Gaines (Dem. Tex.), and Lamb (Dem. Va.), in favor of the bill and Feeley (Dem. Ill.), Mondell (Rep. Wyo.), Brantley (Rep. Okla.), and Wood (Dem. Tex.), in opposition.

Rev. Dr. Couden, the blind chaplain, in his invocation today, prayed for the restoration of health to Theodore Roosevelt.

The most important committees still in dispute between the two houses were those of the House on the Abra and Well claims, and the state claims for expenses incurred in raising the troops during the Civil War, involving a total of \$4,466,225.

The breaking of the state claims amendment Cannon (Rep. Ill.) said there were claims of other states not covered by the amendment. Thereupon Hemenway (Rep. Ind.) moved that the House agree to the Republican amendment covering state claims with an amendment to provide that all other state claims of a like character under the acts of July 27, 1861, and March 3, 1862, heretofore considered, be re-examined and allowed. This motion prevailed.

Barney (Rep. Wis.) moved that the Senate amendment for the repayment to the states of the Abra and Well claims be adopted, which was agreed to, and the bill was sent back to conference.

The debate on the olemargarine bill then proceeded. Hemenway (Rep. Ind.) supported the House amendment.

At 5:25 the House adjourned.

RACES AT OAKLAND

Two Fifteen-to-One Shots Among the Winners—Track Bad.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 10.—The track was very bad at Oakland today, and there were several upsets. Among the winners were Loyal S. and The Gaffer, 15-to-1 shots.

In the third event Marcato was an even money favorite, but his legs bothered him in the heavy going, and he was beaten a nose by Castake, with little Willie Knapp in the saddle.

In the flat race, won by Dr. Boyle, there was a strong play on Barnato, who made his first appearance, but he failed to show any speed. The results were: One mile, selling—Loyal S. won, Arigato second, Granite third; time, 1:34. Futurity course, selling—The Weaver won, Maraschino second, Vassallo third; time, 1:19.

Selling—Castake won, Marcato second, Flamingo third; time, 1:31. One mile, selling—The Gaffer won, De. cor second, Chando third; time, 1:37. Six furlongs, selling—Dr. Boyle won, Bard Burns second, Tiburon third; time, 1:17.

Futurity course, selling—Educate won, Clarando second, Alzira third; time, 1:11.

Races at New Orleans. NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 10.—Following is the Crescent City summary: One mile, selling—Balloon won, Joste F. second, Azula third; time, 1:42.

Steeplechase, handicap, over, Ogie second, Lofter third; time, 1:45. Steeplechase, handicap, short course—King Elkwood won, Miss Ratson second, Bristol third; time, 1:45.

St. Charles Hotel stakes, four furlongs—Gold Ornament won, Merry Sister second, Wilton third; time, 0:48.5.

One mile and 70 yards, handicap—Intrusive won, Reseda second, Piedrich third; time, 1:45.

OWNERS OF TROTTERS TO MEET. Association Will Be Asked to Stop Voting by Proxy.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—The biennial congress of the National Trotting Association will be held here Wednesday, for the purpose of electing officers and amending the rules which will govern harness racing in the United States for two years. The chief complaint of the grand circuit managers is that under the proxy system the most important tracks in the country virtually have no voice in framing the rules or choosing the officers.

Three or four men usually holding the proxies of hundreds of minor fair associations and controlling the action of the congress. The committee appointed by the grand circuit stewards will ask that hereafter only those members present at the congress be permitted to vote.

That this request cannot be granted is apparently plain, for the by-laws of the National Trotting Association expressly provide that "each proprietor shall be entitled to one vote, and may vote by a delegate duly authorized, who shall have the power of substitution." It is out of the power of the congress to change the by-laws in this respect, as all proposed amendments thereto must be submitted to the board of review at least two months before the biennial congress, and nothing of the kind has been done. Unless the members take the bit in their teeth and override the by-laws, it will be impossible to comply with the demands.

Major P. P. Johnson, of Lexington, Ky., president of the National Trotting Association, has arrived, and expressed the opinion that the proxy system will not be done away with. He believes, however, that a compromise may be reached.

The rule committee will meet today to consider the proposed amendments to the turf code which were agreed upon last month by the joint conference committee of the National and American Trotting Associations. It is expected that the rule committee will report favorably to the congress on Wednesday, and the recommendations of the conference, with the possible exception of the proposition to remove the distance flag 30 yards near the wire in all races.

BUSINESS ITEMS. If Baby Is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and diarrhoea.

TAFT AGAINST CHINESE

HOPES THEY WILL NOT BE IMPORTED TO PHILIPPINES.

Utterances to Encourage Filipinos to Resist American Authority Great Obstacle to Commission.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—In continuing his statement concerning conditions in the Philippines before the Senate committee today, General Taft said the estimate for preliminary expenses in those islands must include a considerable outlay for school buildings. It was necessary, he said, to make salaries 20 to 25 per cent higher than in the United States.

In this connection, Senator Lodge asked as to the effect of utterances calculated to encourage the Filipinos, who he said, "and resent any impairment of their intelligence. They do not like to be characterized as savages."

"Nor as bulls," assented Governor Taft. In this connection, Senator Lodge asked as to the effect of utterances calculated to encourage the Filipinos, who he said, "and resent any impairment of their intelligence. They do not like to be characterized as savages."

"Such utterances are a great obstacle to the success of our effort," replied Governor Taft.

Senator Patterson made an inquiry as to the effect of Senator Hoar's recent speech in the Senate. "That speech," he said, "was full of sympathy for the Filipinos; it circulated in the Philippines, and I do not subject its author to arrest and imprisonment."

To this inquiry several Senators at the Republican end of the table made vigorous protest, among them Chairman Lodge, who said he did not think it just to Governor Taft to place him in the position of characterizing or criticizing the utterances of any member of Congress. Senator Hoar, however, expressed the opinion that such questions would be legitimate when it came to discussing the statements of the Philippine Commission. Governor Taft begged to be excused from replying to this question at this time.

Governor Taft explained that the military force of the United States had been increased from 21,000 to 41,000 men. Governor added that he had been informed by the Secretary of War that it was the intention to reduce the force to 21,000 men.

"Has the withdrawal of troops produced trouble?" asked Lodge.

"On the contrary," replied Governor Taft, "the reduced force has produced the effect of increasing tranquility."

The committee adjourned until next Friday in order to give Governor Taft an opportunity to make a visit to New York. Governor Taft left this evening for New York for the purpose of consulting specialists with regard to the treatment of the insanity from which he is suffering.

He will return to the Philippines on his trip home from the Philippines. His condition while there necessitated two operations, and it is now feared he may be required to undergo another, so the only reason for not having the desired result is the present purpose of Judge Taft to return to this city Wednesday. Since his arrival Governor Taft has been the guest of Secretary Root, and the two officials had a further conference in regard to the situation in the Philippines this afternoon.

American Deserters Hanged. MANILA, Feb. 10.—Edmund A. Dubose and Lewis Russell, deserters from Company E, Ninth Cavalry, and who stole arms belonging to the regiment and joined the ranks of the Philippine revolutionaries, were tried and sentenced by the military commission, were hanged February 7 at Gubat, Province of Abatan, in the presence of 300 people. The execution was held in the presence of the military commission, and the two officers had a further conference in regard to the situation in the Philippines this afternoon.

Headquarters for Ninth Infantry. HELENA, Mont., Feb. 10.—It is reported at Fort Harrison that, following the departure of the Eighth Infantry for service in the Philippine Islands, this post will be made the headquarters of the Ninth Infantry. The choice rested between Forts Harrison and Assiniboite.

Permanent Census Bill Reported. WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Senator Quay's bill reporting the permanent census bill agreed upon by the Senate committee Saturday.

\$1,400,000 IN OHIO CITY. Twelve Great Manufacturing Plants in Springfield Burned.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 10.—The largest fire in the history of Springfield broke out in the Champion Chemical Company's plant of the East-street shops today, and in an hour and a half 12 manufacturing plants were destroyed, causing a loss of \$1,400,000. The fire started in some chemicals in the Champion chemical plant. The companies were greatly handicapped by the light produced by the fire. Ten firemen were caught in the water of the Krell-French Piano Company, and got out rolled down the steps and jumped out of a window. A company of the National Fire department, which was called to the scene, was unable to check the spread of the flames. Some of the whole front of the building, which is five stories high, was ablaze. The fire, which started in the piano factory, instead of going upward, the fire burned downward, shooting down an elevator shaft.

The total number of men employed by the different plants, and the amount of property lost, are as follows: Owen Machine Tool Co., \$50,000; Springfield Foundry Co., 20,000; Indiana Frog & Switch Co., 50,000; Miller Gas Engine Company, 20,000; Green Manufacturing Co., 50,000; Springfield Foundry Co., 20,000. The insurance is \$100,000 on the contents and \$100,000 on the building—a total of \$200,000.

The great East-street shops were built nearly a year ago, and are the second largest in the world, being rivaled only by the great Krupp gun works at Essen, Germany.

Origin of Chicago Theater Fire. CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—Belief that the fire early this morning, which practically destroyed the Orpheum Theater, was of incendiary origin, is further strengthened today. At 4 P. M. Bremen explorer, the basement discovered two gas jets, the tips of which had been removed, spouting flames 30 feet high. As the flames were burning, the gas jets were unable to check the spread of the flames. Some of the whole front of the building, which is five stories high, was ablaze. The fire, which started in the piano factory, instead of going upward, the fire burned downward, shooting down an elevator shaft.

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GRIP? A DISEASES

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey Cures Grip, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and All Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

CURED OF GRIP AT 70. Gentlemen: I take pleasure in informing you that although I am 70 years old I have been cured of a severe attack of the Grip by using Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

MRS. ELIZA REAM, Reading, Pa. December 11, 1901. I had a very bad spell of grip and Duffy's Malt Whiskey did me good; it is better than all the medicine I have taken. JESSE WEIB, West Chester, Pa., Nov. 20, 1901.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is absolutely pure and unadulterated, and contains no toxic oils.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold in sealed bottles only. It is our own patented bottle, and has the name "Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey" blown in the bottle, and has the trade mark, "The Bull's Head," on the label. It is offered in flasks or any other kind of a bottle, or in bulk, it is not "Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey." When a remedy has

been before the public so long, has been recommended and prescribed by doctors, and has carried the blessings of health to so many thousands of homes as "Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey," imitations are bound to arise.

It is the only whiskey recognized by the Government as a medicine. This is a guarantee. All druggists and grocers, or direct from Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

FREE—if you are sick and run down, write Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y., for a free copy of our booklet. It will cost you nothing to learn how to regain health, strength and vitality. The booklet is sent free, by mail, either, etc. Send 4 cents in stamps to cover postage. Valuable medical booklet—free! Mention this paper.

building had been equipped with fire-escape, the use of which the law provides.

\$200,000 Suburban Home Burned. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Feb. 11.—Brookside, the suburban summer home of J. H. Rook, was burned this morning. Loss, \$200,000.

FOR FREE RURAL DELIVERY. Three-Carrier Route Will Be Established From Cleone.

GRESHAM, Ore., Feb. 10.—Postmaster Hofer, of Cleone postoffice, or Fairview, has received notice from the department that free rural delivery will be an assured fact from his office in a very short time. He has been instructed to receive applications for three carriers, who will be examined by the special agent who has been detailed to establish the routes. The agent will be here in a few days to make all arrangements, and free delivery will be established from that office in a few weeks. By order of the President planning rural carriers in the classified service, all applicants must pass an examination in simple branches, including reading and writing; they must live on their routes or within the territory served by them; they may be between the ages of 17 and 55 years, and women may compete, but are not desired as carriers unless in the judgment of the special agent all local conditions are favorable. Exceptions are made in favor of war veterans who are physically sound.