A PERILOUS MARCH

Terrible Hardships Suffered by a Party of Marines

IN THE INTERIOR OF SAMAR

den Were Without Food For Severa Days-Relief Party Found Several of the Company Delirious.

MANILA, Jan. 28.-General Chaffee cur tailed his trip and returned here this morning. He says he found the conditions satisfactory everywhere except in Samar, where continuous rains during the past two months has retarded the campaign, especially against such an elusive

The condition of Captain David P. Porter's marines, who took part in the ex-pedition into the interior of Samar, is nuch worse than previously described. They suffered fearful hardships, and were without food for several days. They had seen provided with rations for only five lays. The natives who accompanied the marines declared they were unable to distinguish the edible roots, which the ma-rines did not believe. The anger of the marines against the natives is intense. None of the latter returned with the ma-rines. The marines suffered so acutely from starvation that they are raw the

flesh of two dogs.

When Captain Porter and 25 of his men staggered into camp January 2 they were delirious, and difficulty was experienced delirious, and difficulty was experienced in escertaining the whereabout of their companions. Williams, of the First infantry, headed the relief expedition in the face of a terrible storm which flooded the rivers. He succeeded in reaching the remaining 10 men, who would otherwise have certainly perished. He found them all delirious. Two of the men were discovered in the branches of trees barking like doors some of the marines are so ill like dogs. Some of the marines are so ill that they are not likely to recover. General Chaffee has endeavored to ob-

tain full details of the trip of the marines, but Captain Porter is not yet able lucidly to explain matters. Filipino Officers Surrender

Major Lot and three Filipino Lieuten-ants, with 10 rifles, three revolvers and 24 bolos, surrendered to Major Anderson, of the Sixth Cavalry, yesterday at Lipa, Province of Batangas. Lot was brought in sick on a litter. He is cordially hated at Lips, where he looted \$55,000 worth of

givelry from prominent families. Nick-erson's scouts have captured Colonel Lot, a brother of Major Lot, near Batangas. Lieutenant Larned, of the Sixth Cav-airy, had a slight engagement with some Filipinos, during which he killed two in-surgents and captured a Captain and two soldiers. The general outlook in Batangas Province is decidedly favorable.

Led by Renegade Americans.

A party of insurgents, led by two rene-gade Americans, recently entered Alangulung, in Leyte Province, claiming they were constabulary, but not yet uniformed. The imposters were taken to police headquarters and were royally entertained by the native Sergeant in charge. At a given signal, the renegades and insurgents fell on the police, who, though outnumbered more than two to one, fought desperately, and drove off their assailants after a hand-to-hand fight, in which bolos were the chief weapons. The victory was nota-ble, as the police were completely sur-prised and outnumbered. They lost two men killed and had one man wounded. The insurgents left one man dead.

report on the Philippine tariff bill has been general, both in public and in private here, though many persons admit the statements made in the report are correct. General Wheaton's vigorous criticisms referred entirely to Professor Schurman's speech at Boston, though he holds the holds the professor in high personal esmade such remarks here as those credited

LETTER FROM A SOLDIER. Alleges Inhuman Treatment of Philippine Natives.

SEATTLE, Jan. 28.-Clarence Clowe, of Scattle, who recently arrived home from the Philippines, where he served as a private in Company H, Twenty-fifth Infantry, U. S. V., has authorized the publication of a letter, written by him to Scnator Hoar from the islands June 10, 1960. Clowe asks in the letter honorable discharge from a service that is outraging his conscience. In alleging inhuman treatment by American soldiers toward Filipinos be says in part:

"At any time I am liable to be called upon to go out and bind and gag helpless risoners to strike them in the face, to knock them down when so bound, to bear them away from wife and children, at their very door, who are shricking piti-fully the while, or kneeling and kissing the hands of our officers, imploring mercy from those who seem not to know what it hold our helpless victim head downward in a tub of water in his own yard; or bind him hand and foot, attaching ropes to head and feet, and then lowering him into the depths of a well of water, till life is well nigh choked out, and the bitterness of death has been tasted, and our poor, gasping victims ask us for the poor boon of being finished off, in mercy to

'All these things have been done at one time or another by our men, generally in to the location of arms and ammunition, "Nor can it be said that there is any general repulsion on the part of the en-listed men to taking part in these doings. I regret to have to say that, on the con trary, the majority of soldiers take a to the making of this latest development

FUNSTON IN KANSAS.

His View of the Metcalfe Incident in the Philippines.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 28.-General Fund ton this afternoon submitted to an ex-amination of the wound from which he has experienced trouble lately. Whether or not another operation would be neces-sary the physician was not ready to saying that it might be two or three days before that question could be determined. In the meantime General Funston said he would remain in Kansas City, resting quietly. He expressed him-self as feeling perfectly well. He said that after undergoing treatment here and ne to take a transport for Manila early in February. His leave of absence

expires March 16. General Funston, in an interview, said of the investigation conducted in Washington recently, regarding the killing of

The whole thing is based on an affidavit made by Private Huskey, formerly of the Kansas Regiment. Huskey swore that he saw Metcalfe shoot unarmed prisoners. That was in March, 1899. In March, 1900, Huskey appeared before a board of Army officers, appointed to investigate Metcalfe's connection with the affair, Here he stated that the previous affidavit was secured from him by a Kansas officer after the latter had got him drunk. Huskey said he signed a paper, but had no

affidavit upon which the charge against Metcalfe was based. He denied every atement made in the affidavit at the aring in March, 1900."

General Funston was ignorant of th hint of a reprimand from the Senate for General Wheaton. He reviewed General Wheaton's long career, and said that he did not believe in subjugating the Filip inos by sprinkling them with rosewater

AT THE CABINET MEETING.

Letter From Chaffee Read, Which Denies Reports of Friction. WASHINGTON, Jan. 28 .- At the Cabinet meeting today Secretary Root read a pri-vate letter from General Chaffee, which denied the reports of friction between th military and civil authorities in the Philippines, and gave a very encouraging resume of the situation. His statement was considered very gratifying by the President and the members of the Cab-

Postmaster-General Payne talked briefly about the progress of the new regulations for "weeding out" publications from sec-ond-class mail. The course of the de-mands in this respect is meeting with

ENGLAND APPROACHED THROUGH THE MEDIUM OF HOLLAND.

Dutch Government Asks That It Be Permitted to Act as a Sort of Diplomatic Agent.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Government leader, A. J. Balfour, announced in the House of Commons today that no overtures for peace had been received from any one authorized to speak in behalf of the Boers. A communication was, however, received late Saturday last from the Dutch Government, which was now under consideration. Mr. Balfour hoped shortly to lay before the House the communication and the reply to it.

The Government of Holland offered in the most friendly terms to help in bringing

WILLIAM ALLEN WHITE SERIOUSLY ILL.



KANSAS EDITOR SUFFERS FROM NE RVOUS COLLAPSE.

William Allen White, well-known Kansas author and newspaper man, is sick, and has given up work for the present. He left Emperia with his family, going to Colorado Springs for a rest. A week ago he had an attack of grip, which has left him in a state of nervous exhaustion

Mr. White gained National fame during the Presidential campaign of 1896 by editorial in his own paper, the Emporia Gazette, entitled, "What Is the Matter With Kansas?" That gave a lift to a book of short stories of Western life, "The Real Issue," which was published about the same time. Since then he has written more remarkably good tales of his early life in the West, called "The Boyville Stories," and recently he has attracted attention by a series of pungent articles in McClure's Magazine on political celebrities. His article on Boss Platt was so full of ginger that Platt made complaint to President Roosevelt, and swore he was going to sue White and McClure, but on sober second thought he concluded not to draw any more lightning in his direction.

opposition, but satisfactory progress is about peace in South Africa. In a combeing made.

Secretary Wilson read the reports of the Agricultural Department's agents in Hawaii and Alaska, which will soon be

eral Wheaton was quoted, are satisfied that the debate in the Senate proceeded upon an entire misapprehension of what statement that a person who General Wheaton was reported to have remarks here as those credited said. It is found that General Wheaton to the professor during his Boston speech did not criticise the United States Ser at sent to jail referred merely to at or its committees, and it is thought at the Department that the misapprehension on that score arose from a genera statement in the dispatch attributing such ticisms to other persons than General

> Lieut, Brown's Sentence Commuted. WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.-Secretary Root today acted on the case of Lieutenant Preston Brown. Second Infantry, who was sentenced by court-martial to be dismissed from the service. It appears from the evidence that Lieutenant Brown shot a native Filipino because he allowed an American soldier to drown when he might easily have gaved him. Secretary Root takes the ground that Lieutenant Brown's action in the matter, while not justifiable, was excusable under all the circum stances, and he, therefore, recommends that the sentence of dismissal be commuted, that he lose 35 numbers in his grade, and that he forfeit one-half of his pay for a period of nine months.

AN UNFAIR EXAMINATION.

Candidates Were Assisted in Their Preparations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.-The civil serv ice commission has canceled the examination for special statistical compiler of the Department of Agriculture, held June 18 and 19 last, and has made public its report on its investigation of the integrity of that examination. The report says cases of trying to obtain information as | that employes of the Division of Statistics were improperly and unfairly assisted in their preparation for the examination by disclosures made by Mrs. Bertha Burch, an employe, in pursuance of instruction from John Hyde, statistician of the De partment of Agriculture, directing her to give all the help in this examination

which she "legitimately" could. The report says the testimony shows that advance information of a more or less definite character was given out by in the examination, and also that unclass ified laborers in the statistical division were given other unfair advantages, the questions being framed in such a manner that only those experienced in the actual work at the division could pass The report calls attention to an apparent effort by Statistician Hyde to forestall the investigation of the commission and

says threats were made to them. Statistician Hyde stated that only sug-gestions were made as to lines of study that could be advantageously pursued and these were of the most general char-acter and really less definite than the sample questions and sample letters published by the commission itself in advance of its examinations. He further said that an analysis made since the commission rendered its decision of the answers given by all competitors to the six questions upon which the commission laid the greatest stress, shows that only as to one of these six questions had persons employed in the department any advantage whatever over outsiders, this limited and per-fectly legitimate advantage being the un-avoidable result of the work on which

they were employed. Cold Weather Evils.

e he stated that the previous affidavit secured from him by a Kansas officer r the latter had got him drunk. Hussiald he signed a paper, but had no whedge of its contents. This was the

enunication to the British Government the Dutch Government suggests that it might be permitted to act as a sort of diplomatic agent for the Boer delegates. The Government, however, expressly disavows any attempt at intervention, and does not mention any terms.

It was learned by a representative of the Associated Press that the British Government infers that it would not have been approached unless the Dutch authorities were convinced that the Boer delegates now in Europe were willing to accept the cardinal points of the British ce terms, so frequently announced in Lord Lansdowne, the Foreign Secretary,

replied in friendly terms to the Nether-lands' proposa', but instituted inquiries in order to ascertain the extent of the powers delegated to Mr. Kruger and the other Boer representatives in Europe to act in behalf of the burghers in the field. Great doubt is expressed at the Foreign Office here as to whether any negotiations carried on by the Boer delegates through the Dutch Government or other channels will prove effectual. If satisfactory guarantees in this respect can be secured, negotiations will be begun. This doubt in regard to the authority of Mr. Kruger and others to speak for the fighting burghers is perceptible in the statement Mr. Balfour made in the House of Commons today.

A supplementary army estimate of £5,000,000 was issued this afternoon, making the total expenditure for the army during the year £92,915,000.

ROSEBERY BROUGHT IT ABOUT. The Negotations, However, May Be Without Result. LONDON, Jan. 25,-The announcement

of Mr. Balfour caused a sensation in the lobbics of Parliament. Lord Rosebery is generally credited with having brought about this movement on the part of the Dutch Government. It is recalled that Dr. Kuyper, the Dutch Premier, in an represented to have urged the impossibility of Holland's intervening in South Africa unless she had reason to think that both parties wished it. Consequently, it is regarded as certain that the ent move was inspired by the Boer delegates. The Petit Bleu, of Brussels, the organ of the Krugerites, flatly denied last night that the Boer delegates had charged any one to make peace proposals, and professed to be in entire ignorance of the

Dutch communication. The Hague correspondent of the Daily Mail claims to have ascertained that Dr. Leyds inspired the Dutch Foreign Secretury, who was further advised by Pro-lessor Asser, the international jurist, and adds that Dr. Leyds is apparently attempting to draw Mr. Chamberlain to dis-close the terms conditional upon the waiv-

The Daily News this morning claims credit for the initiation of the peace The paper says that after Lord Rosebery's speech at Chesterfield they sent Dr. Bisschop, who was recently ounsel for the Dutch Government before the compensation committee, and who is neither Briton nor Boer, on a mission to the Continent to invite the Boer delegates to a consideration of the basis of nego-tiations which Lord Rosebery suggested, namely, to grant the Boers self-govern-ment on the Canadian model, no unnecessary prolongation of the military occu pation, complete amnesty to the Boers and colonial rebels, and grants of money to enable the Boers to restart their farms. Dr. Bisschop had long confer-ences with the Boer delegates on the Continent with the exception of Mr. Kruger But he was assured that the ex-President had delegated his authority and that it was not necessary to see him. According to the paper, Dr. Blaschop persuaded the delegates to hold a conference and discuss the proposals. Then followed the visit of Dr. Kuyper to London. The Daily News declines to reveal the outcome of these conferences, but partially avows that the Boer delegates still insist upon independence, and it is said that the government ought to reply, setting forth Great Britain's terms and leaving the responsi-

billty of a refusal to the Boers. Referring to this matter editorially, the government has already replied and has

BOER PEACE PROPOSALS answered, as otherwise Mr. Balfour would not have been in a position to promise the papers on the subject, this promise showing that no further negotiations were

This was the impression in the lobbles as a result of the announcement of the government leader, and semiofficial state-ments in semiofficial journals this mornments in semiomical journals this morning declare the outlook for peace not hopeful. Those acquainted with Boer sentiments assert that Measra. Fischer and Wolmarns and Generals Schalkburger and Botha are willing to recognize British annexation, while Mr. Kruger, Dr. Levis General Deset and President Dr. Leyds, General Dewet and President Stexn still insist upon independence. Therefore, at present, it is considered hopeless to arrive at any agreed basis of negotiations.

The Standard this morning declares that the government will have nothing to do with any overtures from Mr. Kruger or The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News says he understands Holland con-

sulted the European powers before approaching Great rBitain.

Kitchener's Weekly Report. LONDON, Jan. 28.—A long dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Johannesburg. Monday, January 37. gives details of the military operations since January 21. They are mostly unimportant, but indicative of continued activity on the part of the Boers. General Methuen's Yeomanry got in trouble near Rictolel, Western Trans-

vaal, and lost eight men killed, five wounded, and 41 made prisoners. The latter have since been released.
This was offset by General Bruce-Hamilton's pursuit of the Boers in the vicinity of Ermelo, Transvaal Colony, resulting in the discrepant of a Boer langer at Nels. the dispersal of a Boer laager at Nels-pan. The Boer losses were two men killed, four wounded and % made prisoners, including Field Cornet Devilliers Captain Dejaager and Lodewate Dejaager a former member of the Volksraad, in addition, Colonel Plumer captured 55

Lord Kitchener reports that Field Cornet Bodes' command quarreled while dis-cussing the question of surrender. Bodes and three of his followers surrendered. The week's Boer losses were 31 men killed, 29 wounded, 322 made prisoners and 53 surrendered.

A LIBERAL VICTORY.

Conservatives Defeated in a By-

Election in England. LONDON, Jan. 28.-At the by-election to fill the seat in the House of Commons for Dewsbury, rendered vacant by the retirement on account of ill health of Mark Oldroyd (Liberal), the Conservalives made strenuous efforts to capture the seat. Mr. Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, wrote a letter declaring that "It was not a contest between Liberals and Conservatives. There are only two parties; these for the country and those for the Boers." The poll resulted as fol-

Runciman, Liberal 5600
Joe Haley, Conservative 4512
Quelch, Socialist 1507

Schwab in Austria.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—According to the Vienna correspondent of the Herald, the reception of Charles M. Schwab at the Austrian capital was a splendid one. Emperor is quoted as saying that would gladly welcome the news that any number of Americans were coming over here, and he meant to show that in his reception of Mr. Schwab. The steel trust's president made a record in getting an in-vitation to the court ball. All the invitations had long since ceased, and the books of the court were closed. The an-swer at first was "impossible," but that there is no "impossible was shown by the fact that Mr. and Mrs. Schwab wer

Mr. Schwab made a record and aston ished people here by ordering a special train to take him to Budapest. So enthus astic were the Hungarians over his large-handedness and enterprise in the matter that they met him with cries as he arrived and departed of "Eljen Schwab!" the first word meaning "bravo.

BERLIN Jan. 28.—Herr Spahn, in behalf of the Centrisis, interpellated the gov-ernment in the Reichstag today regarding the attitude the Bundesrath was likely to ary, 1899, rescinding the Jesuit exclusion

Count von Posodowsky-Wehner, the Im perial Secretary of State for the Interior, who replied in behalf of the Imperial apprehensions of the Protestants in regard to the readmission of the Jesuits Germany and to the necessity for the most mature consideration. He said the Bundesrath's decision might be expected during the present pession.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Associated Press is authorized to state that the British For-

eign Office has never heard of the matter referred to in a dispatch from Vienna yesterday, said to have been circulated by certain of the powers subsequent to the against the annexation of the Philippines by the United States. It can also be anened armed intervention in case of a Eu ropean coalition against the United States. According to an official statement here, there never was any cause for such a threat, as the matter was completely dropped when Great Britain refused to sign the collective note.

Santos-Dumont's Trials

MONTE CARLO, Jan. 28 .- Santos-Dumont made a trial ascent of his airship this morning. Everything worked amouth ly. The vessel readily answered her helm in the light breeze prevailing. After a tour of the harbor. Santos-Dumont steered his craft back to her shed, amidst the cheers of the assembled crowds. He made a second trip during the afternoon. He was out 45 minutes, and salled in three different directions over the open sea, perfecting evolutions with ease and rapidity at a heightof about 100 meters,

Food Supply in War Times.

LONDON, Jan. 28.-Gerald W. Balfour, president of the Board of Trade, in the House of Commons today rather contemptuously dismissed an amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne regarding the old-time question of the food supply in war times, say-ing that the subject was threadbare, and that so long as the United Kingdom re-tained command of the seas, it was quite sufficient to depend upon the ordinary

Germans Favor Retaliation. BERLIN, Jan 28 .- "The feeling of Ger. many is for a tariff war rather than for tariff peace," said Baron Heyl Zu Herrn. sheim (Liberal), in a debate before the tariff commission today. "The only was to deal with America and the British colonles is to answer with tariffs as high as

theirs." Herr von Kanitz (Conservative) agreed that the sentiment of the country

favored retaliation upon the United States

Prince of Wales Leaves Berlin. BERLIN, Jan. 28.-The Prince of Wales left Berlin today on his way to Strelltz. Emperor William and Prince Henry of Prussia bade him farewell at the railroad station. There was much kissing between the royal cousins, but the public main-tained an attitude of cool indifference.

PARIS, Jan. 28.-The Chamber of Dep utles today adopted the waterways bill which contemplates improvements in the existing canals and the construction of two new canals, one at a cost of over 600,-

Emperor Gives Yachts to Navy. BERLIN, Jan. 28.—Emperor William to-day presented his yachts Meteor and Comet to the Germany Navy. The Me-teor, which will be renamed the Orion.

GREATEST OF ALL PHYSICIANS.

Discoverer of Paine's Celery Compound to Whom Thousands Owe Life and Perfect Health.



Excepting its handful of magnificent t statesmen and its military heroes," says the most recent writer upon America. "the people owe more to Dartmouth's physician-teacher than to any one man.

"In every walk of life among the high est office-holders at Washington, in the gery in the Vermont University. Next he homes of the best people in the large cities among the every-day folks of the and medical botany in Dartmouth College country, families in comfortable circumstances, families that 'live from hand to of the chair then vacated by Professor mouth, and could not if they wished af- Robby and occupied the chair the most ford the services of any but an ordinary physician-everywhere I have met people to whom Paine's celery compound has markable prescription. been a blessing."

The story of the life-work of this giant among men has been often told and is that has recently appeared from men and familiar to most readers. The likeness above is probably the best portrait of him vet printed.

It was the world-famed discovery . by Professor Phelps of an infallible cure for those fearful ills that result from an impractice of medicine.

when he first formulated his most re-In view of the overwhelming testimony women of National reputation, the picture of Professor Phelps is particularly interesting.

Paine's celery compound makes people well. It is the one true specific recognized and prescribed today by eminent paired nervous system and impure blood practitioners for diseases arising from a which has endeared the great doctor to the debilitated nervous system. Professor world, and made his life an era in the Phelps gave to his profession a positive markable medical achievement of this cure for sleeplessness wasting strength, generation

cut, and graduated in medicine at Yale. neuralgia, rheumatism, all nervous dis-His unusual talent soon brought him eases of kidney troubles. From all such reputation and prominence among his pro- complaints Paine's celery compound has fessional brethren. First he was elected succeeded again and again where everyto the professorship of anatomy and surthing else has failed No remedy was ever so highly recomwas appinted lecturer on materia medica mended, because none ever accomplished so much, The next year he was chosen professor

Today Paine's celery compound stands

without competition for feeding exhausted nerves and building up the strength of important one in the country, at the time the body. It cures radically and permanently. The nervous prostration and general debility from which thousands of women suffer so long that it finally gets to the value of Paine's celery compound to be a second nature with them-all this suffering and despondency can be very soon removed by properly feeding tha nerves and replacing the unhealthy blood by a fresher, more highly vitalized fluid, A healthy increase in appetite and a corresponding gain in weight and good spirits follow the use of Paine's celery com-

Paine's celery compound is the most re-

while the Comet is for the use of the officers at Wilhelmshaven. Emperor Will-lam has promoted Vice-Admiral von Diedrichs to be an Admiral.

Drouth in India.

LONDON, Jan. 28.-The Viceroy of India telegraphs that the drouth is drying the crops in Bengal, the Northwestern provinces and in Punjab, The Autumn crops are fair in the Province of Scind and in the Bombay Deccan.

Queen Alexandra Is III. WINDSOR, Eng., Jan. 28.-Queen Alexandra is again slightly indisposed owing to a cold. This has caused a postpone-

ment of King Edward's return to London.

Japanese Soldiers Frozen to Death. LONDON, Jan. 29.—The Tokio correspondent of the Daily Express cables that over 200 soldiers have been frozen to death

Electricity on Vienna Car Lines. VIENNA, Jan. 28 .- The entire street-car system of Vienna was transferred today

New Chicago Sky-Scraper.
CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—One of the largest private building projects in the history of Chicago, involving an expenditure of \$2.250,000, has been provided for by the purchase from C. W. Marks by A. Montgomery Ward of the property at the southwest corner of Michigan avenue and Washington street for \$600,000. The building planned for this ground, which has a frontage of 162.6 feet on Washington street and 91 feet on the avenue, will cost \$1,000,000, the authority for erecting 16 stories having been granted by special city ordinance. The section to replace the eight-story structure between this and the new Ward bulding wil cost \$1,250,000, and will conform to the new building.

For State Exhibits at St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, Jan. 28.-A number of excitizens of Onio, who now reside in St. Louis, compose a delegation that left here tonight for Columbus, to meet the members of the General Assembly and talk over the matter of an appropriation for a state exhibit at the Louissana Purchase Exposition. It has been estimated that an appropriation of \$300,000 could profitably be expended in presenting the commercial, industrial educational and other interests of Ohio at the great exposition, in pro-viding a building, and in assisting in the proper location of exhibits.

Among the numerous letters received at

proposed aerial tournament to be held in St. Louis in 1903. President Francis, of the Exposition

Company, left the city last night for Frankfort, Ky., where he will join the world's fair delegation, which started Sunday night, to appear before the Legis-lature of that state. President Francis intends to make a personal appeal for large appropriations to defray an adequate exhibit from his native state.

Hinsey Acquitted.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—After 23 sessions, committee of five past chancellors of I erdomain Lodge, Knights of Pythias, has unanimously voted to acquit John A. Hin-sey of the charges brought against him.

the headquarters of the Louisiana Pur- Mr. Hinsey was the head of the insurchase Exposition Company were four ance department of the Knights of Pyth-from London aeronauts and airship ex-perts, asking for information about the appropriation of the department's funds were made against him at the meeting of the supreme lodge in Chicago last July. A few weeks ago he was tried on criminal charges brought against him before Judge Dunne and acquitted.

> Justice of Pence an Embezzier. MARYVILLE, Mo., Jan. 28.—Alvin Charles, a member of a prominent family, aged 55 years, has been lodged in jail on the charge of embezzlement of \$1600, funds belonging to the local Odd Fellows' lodge, of which he was for 13 years secretary. Charles is a Justice of the Peace.

Those unhappy persons who suffer from nervousness and dyspepsia should use Carter's Little Nerve Pills, made express-ly for this class.

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, how-

ever, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders

pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety

and without pain. Sold at \$1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.



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M. HISHOP PILLS have been in use over fifty years by the leaders, elders, and their fullowers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of abuse, dissipation, accesses, or digarette-smoking. Cures Lost Hanhood, Lost Power, Variencele, Afrophy, Hydrocele, Insommia, Palais in Back, in Bide, in Face, Nervous Twitchings, Shaky, Back, Nervous Beblility, Headanche, Unitiness pations. Nervous Beblility, Headanche, Unitiness pations. Nervous Politics, Hydrocele, Case pations, Nervous Principles, Case of Bishop Representations, Similar and potency function. Durit get despondent, a cure grans. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Fifty cents a box; six for \$2.9, by mail. A written guarance, to care or money refunded, with air boxs. Circular free. Address, Bishop Represent Co...

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