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FOR AN EARLY HEARING.

Motion to Advance Case Involving Validity of Chinese Exclusion Law.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- Solicitor-General Richards today filed a motion in the United States Supreme Court to have the case of the United States versus Len-Yen Tai advanced on the court record. The case is important at this time, because it involves the treaty made between the United States and China, made in 1894, and also the validity of the Chinese ex-Lee Yen Tai is a Chinamar residing in Northern New York, who was admitted as a merchant, when it was al deportation was ordered, but before this order could be carried out he was re-leased by the United States District Judge for the Southern District of New York on a writ of habeas corpus. The plea is set up that the treaty of 1884 annulled the exclusion laws, and that therefore the courts have no power to deport a Chinese person. The question of the advisability admitting Chinese to ball under the de-

The motion was taken under advisement. To Open and Correct Judgment. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Joseph Call, as the representative of the United States, today entered a motion in the United States Supreme Court to open and correct the judgment of that court in the Southern Pacific land cases decided by the court two weeks ago. The land involved amounts

an early hearing is considered desirable

to about 60,000 acres. Insurrection in Formosa Serious TACOMA, Jan. 20.—Advices by the steamship Tacoma state that the insur-rection movement in Formosa is much more serious than at first supposed. Twenty-five hundred natives in Southern Formosa have taken up arms against the Japanese authorities. The prevailing litions are similar to those in the ippines, making it almost impossible for the Japanese troops to follow the in-surgents into the swamps and jungles, where the latter are able to live. In the last battle, the Japanese lost 21 killed and 29 wounded. Twelve insurgent leaders and 156 of their followers were killed or captured. Neither party gained any advantage by this battle. The insurgents are carrying forward such a vigorous campaign that the Japane

CHAMBERLAIN ON BOERS.

First Important Debate of Session in House of Commons.

LONDON, Jan. 20,-The first Important debate of the session began in the House of Commons tonight, on an amendment moved by Frederick Cowley, Liberal, to the address in reply to the speech from the throne. The debate called out Mr. Chamberlain, who spoke vigorously in defense of the Boer War. He made the significant statement that if Lord Rosebery's speech intimated the Boers be lieved they could win a repetition of Lord Kitchener's terms, he wished to in-form them that they were mistaken, Mr. Chamberlain asserted, however, that the government's programme was not one of extermination. The Boers, he said, had already been offered terms the liberality of which surprised even England's most severe critics. Since they had been rejected, the government did not purpose embarrass itself with a further spe Mr. Labouchere Liberal, declined to sup-

port the amendment of Mr. Cawley, be-cause it pledged the Liberals to vote supportation proceedings is also an item in the case. Mr. Richards informed the court plics for the war.

John Dillon, Irish Nationalist, proposed that the questions are so important that

to omit that clause of the amendment providing funds to carry on the war, and to add a clause denouncing the policy of the concentration camps. 7 jected by a vote of 283 to 64. This was re-

Boers Not Suing for Peace

LONDON, Jan. 20.-The Colonial Secre tary, Mr. Chamberlain, in the House o Commons this afternoon said there was no foundation for the report that overtures for peace in South Africa had been made by the Boer envoys.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.-According to the Berlin correspondent of the Journal and American, the Crown Prince of Germany is not enjoying students' life in Bonn at all. He dislikes the restrictions and commands of the corps and the usages and ritual of the students' society to which he belongs. He considers those usages he belongs. He considers those usages stupid, and once he grew so vexed over some commands of the corps that he walked out of the club drinking-room As a result, the leading official of the or-ganization came to Berlin and made complaint to the Emperor, who decided that the Crown Prince should receive the same treatment as all the others. Then the corps sentenced the Emperor's son to two orous campaign that the Japanese week's confinement in his room, and this, we sent 17 companies of militia against it is learned, he suffered before he came to Berlin last Thursday.

STAY BY NICARAGUA

Its Friends Not Dismayed by Commission's Report.

MOVE FOR DELAY, SAYS MORGAN

Hepburn Holds the Panama Offer Should Not Affect the Situation-Policy of Government If Transports Are Sold.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.-The friends of the Nicaragua Canal took a brace today, and have determined to go ahead and fight for their bill, regardless of the supplemental report of the commission. Sen ator Morgan says this report cannot change the status of the situation, and deciares the whole Panama movement is meant to delay or defeat any canal legislation. He says he does not believe that a majority of the Senate will dare take the responsibility of leaving the United States subject to the claim of the stockholders and bondholders of the old Panama con-

cern. Their claims upon the old company smount to about \$250,000,000, with interest for nearly 10 years. While a deal might be made to close this up, Senator Morgan says the new company is morally responsible to the old, and if the United States takes the Panama Canal it will be in a measure similarly responsible.

Representative Hepburn says this supplemental report ought not to change the situation in the least. It does not differ materially from the first report, save in the reduction of the amount of the Panama company's offer of \$69,000,000, and that offer was known at the time the House passed the Nicaragua bill with only two dissenting votes. According to the commission's report, it was purely a matter of concessions, engineering and cost. The House knew as much then as it knows now, and the commission's report ought not to change the temper of the House in the least. He recognises, however, that if the Senate should pass the Panama bill, and there should be a contest between the two houses, the anxiety of the members of the House for a canal, even if it is Panama, might in. duce them to accept the Senate bill, but it will never be done without a hard fight, He maintains that the principal advantage of the Nicaragua route still stands out, and the supplemental report has not touched upon that feature, which is shorter distances from points in the United States on the Atlantic to points on the Pacific. This alone will be work millions to the commerce of the country, and must be taken into consideration before the Nicaragua route is sacrificed. Senator Mitchell, in an interview pub-

ished in New York, relterates statements heretofore made by him, and declares his intention of supporting the Nicaragua Canal. Senator Turner, a member of the mental report has not changed conditions in the committee. The Evening Star, in an editorial discussion of the situation as a result of the new proposition, closes by

If this bill is allowed to remain unequeted in either form, when the session closes, simply because of the rivalry between two possible lines of canal construction, or because of the opposition to any form of canal construction, on the part of transcontinental railroads, the clearly expressed will of the American people will shave been deliberately disregarded by

If Transports Are Sold.

Should the Army transports on the Paific be sold, the War Department will enter into contracts with merchant vessels plying between the Pacific Coast and the Orient for the carrying of troops and sup-There is no intention to charter ressels by the voyage. In his annual report Secretary Root says:

It would be gratifying if the American mer chant marine could furnish vessels to trans-port our men and supplies as part of a regu-lar commerce between the United States and the Philippines.

The department hopes, in abandoning its transport service, to largely assist in building up American shipping on the Pacific by turning over the vast amount of transportation that is now and will always be required to private vessels. According to a report from Wall street,

the Hill-Morgan forces and the Harriman syndicate are likely to lock horns in an endeavor to control this large and important traffic. The transportation service between the United States and the Philippines costs the Government nearly \$10,-000,000 a year, and on account of its great extent the business is naturally sought by the regular transportation companies. It is said the interests arrayed on the Morgan-Hill side are the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific, the Canadian Pacific the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railways, the National Bank of Commerce the First National Bank and the Chas National Bank. On the Harriman side are arrayed the Standard Oil Company. Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the National City Bank and its group of trust companies the Union Pacific, the Southern Pacific the Central Pacific, the Missouri Pacific, the Denver & Rio Grande, the Rio Grande Western, the Kansas City Southern and

the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railways. To Stop Lieu-Land Frauds.

Representative Tongue intends, if pos sible, to put a stop to lieu-land frauds. He today introduced a bill providing that hereafter, when tracts within forest reserves are relinquished, the other lands selected shall be vacant surveyed public lands subject to homestead entry and shall be of approximately the same value as the lands relinquished. This bill was introduced after a conference with Commis sioner Hermann, who gives it his hearty indorsement. A favorable report is also expected from Secretary Hitchcock, who is known to desire such legislation.

Idaho Nominations. National Committeeman D. W. Stanrod and ex-Senator Shoup have made up a list of Federal office-holders for Idaho and submitted it to the President. They recommend Robert V. Cozier for United States Attorney, Charles Warner for Receiver at the Coeur d'Alene Land Office. W. F. Fenton for Postmaster at Boise day.

W. W. Pritchett for Postmaster at Welser,

John L. Uunderwood for Postmaster at Montpelier. It is thought these nominations will be made. Senator Shoup has also urged the reappointment of Surveyor-General Perrault. Bills to Pay Indian War Veterans.

Senator Mitchell today introduced a bill appropriating \$3,256,658 for the payment of balances due sundry claimants in Oregon and Washington arising out of the Indian wars of 1855 and 1856; also a bill appropriating \$9985 for the payment of claims arising out of the Cayuse Indian War in Oregon in 1847-48; also a bill providing that veterane of all Indian wars in the United States shall be entitled to admission to the various Soldiers' Homes in the United States on the same terms as veterans of the Civil War.

Additional Pay for Volunteers. Senator Foster and Representatives Cushman and Jones today introduced bills providing for the payment to all voluneers who served in the Philippines after their term of enlistment expired at the rate of \$3 per day for officers and half

Eight Hundred Taxpayers at School Meeting.

NO FUND FOR KINDERGARTENS

Bodge Question of Increasing Teachers' Salaries and Refer It Back to the Directors-Also the New Schoolhouses.

Just about 900 school taxpayers crowded the assembly hall, stood on the stair-

THE CRUISER PHILADELPHIA

LEVY 2.9 'MILL TAX in a way that counteracted the effect of his previous effort, "I do not." Then everybody laughed again, and even the cholman exchanged smiles with himself: "Well," said Mr. Seton, in such supernaturally solemn tone that a third up-roar followed, and even the speaker him-self condescended to smile.

Threaten to Elect Women.

"Now, here," said Mr. Seton, in a voice that scattered all the Nyelsm of the audi-ence and brought attention to his demands, "we want an addition of four rooms at Brooklyn. We give fair warn-ing to the Board of Education. You," with a shake of the finger at the chair-man and Directors Williams, Warren and Wittenberg, "will have to add those four rooms. If you do not, we shall nominate a woman for School Director each year, and finally you will find yourselves in the minority.

The menace was received good-naturedly by the male Directors, Mrs. Sitton, the fifth Director, blushed so furiously that Mr. Seton thought it best to sink into his chair. At the same instant an unknown taxpayer felt called upon to tumble down the stairway leading to the basement. The only damage resulting was the breaking of a glass door. The gentleman was not injured, and 800 or more of his fellowthat amount for enlisted men, this addi- ways and lined the railing of the light well taxpayers who jumped out of their chairs

FIGHTINGATPANAMA

Gen. Alban Is Killed.

MANY OF HIS MEN ARE LOST

Government Boat Fired by Crew and Sank-Philadelphia Is Protecting American Interests-Five Gunboats Sank.

COLON, Colombia, Jan. 20.-Via Galveston.—A naval battle began at 6 o'clock this morning in the barbor of Panama. General Carlos Alban, Governor of Panama, was killed during the fighting, which continued for some time. The govern-ment boat Lautaro was fired by her crew and sank. The revolutionary fleet con-sisted of the steamers Padilla, Darien and Gatien. They are trying to force a landing off Saoana. The government ships were the Chilean line steamer Lautaro, the Pacific Steam Navigation Company's steamer Chicuito and the Panama Canal Company's ste mer Boyaca. The first-named steamer was seized by General Alban, and the other two have been char-tered by the Colombian Government. The government forces are throwing up entrenchments. The United States cruiser Philadelphia is close to the scene of the fighting.

ngnting.
Some of the men killed on board the government ship Lautaro have been brought ashore, where they are being buried. Fire broke out on the Lautaro, and later the crew of the Philadelphia went to her assistance and attempted to put out the fire. While they were thus engaged the Lautaro sank. It is reported here that the Lautaro crew rebelled, and that the firing of the vessel was an act of treason.

The revolutionary gunboat Padilla sur prised the Lautaro at the opening of the fight, and began shooting at close range. Many men on board the Lautaro were killed. It is impossible to locate the rev-olutionary gunboat Gatten. The slow movements of the Padilla. which are noticeable from the shore, lead to the belief that she has been damaged. The government gunboat Boyaca has just moored to the dock here. She brings troops from Chiriqui. She reports that the revolution-ary steamers Padilla. Darlen and Gatlen drew off when they became aware of her presence. The Darien is now said to be in sinking condition. The death of Governor Alban is deeply deplored, for he was loved by his soldiers and enjoyed the esteem of the community. It is asserted that the death of the Colombian leader may have the effect of bringing to the government's side large numbers of men anxious to avenge his loss.

Philadelphia Will Prevent Bombard-

The dispatches were as follows:
"Fighting in bay. Governor killed. Ex-

uarters. Crew has deserted her. he received by tomorrow morning. At the Colombian Legation great regret is ex-pressed by the officials at the death of

Quite III.

war is confined to two provinces, Laguna. The Governor says General Wheaton is

that that officer assured him shortly fore he sailed that the natives of the Province of Batangas and its vicinity would all be pacified before the close of next March. The Provinces of Cebu and Bohol, until recently disturbed by insurgent operations, have settled down, the fighting men having all surrendered.

The Filipinos are very anxious to secure

proved by the sea voyage, and will spend several days at his old home in Cincinnati before going to Washington, Governor Taft is accompanied by his wife. During his absence his place on the commission will be filled by Luke E.

Vanderbilt to Attend Coronation. NEW YORK, Jan. 20 .- Among the Amer-Icans who will be present at the corona-tion of King Edward VII of England will William K. . Vanderbilt, who will sail for Europe in a few days. Before that event Mr. Vanderbilt will attend the horse

Chicago's First Coal Dealer. CHICAGO, Jan. 20.-Charles A. Reno who is said to have been the first retail coal dealer in Chicago and to have supplied the domestic trade entirely with a one-horse wagon at one time, is dead at his home in this city. He was 84 years

bill today. Page 2. House considered the urgent deficiency appropriation bill. Page 2. Domestic.

Motion to have Supreme Court advance case involving validity of Chinese exclusion act. Page 1.

Portland exported one-fifth of entire amount of wheat shipped from United States in December. Page 5. British ship Ardnamurchan makes fastest par age on record from Santa Rosalia. Page 5.

British ship Falkirk ordered from Astoria to Tacoma, to load wheat. Page 5. German ship Brunshausen destroyed by fire at Big steamship combine still under discussion

Pacific Coast.

Episcopalian Church in Seattle destroyed by enor Geer issues statement as to loan of Land Board to H. A. Johnson. Page 4.

Portland and Vicinity.

M. C. Banfield elected president Port of Port-land, vice Hughes. Page 8. Oregon bidders secure contracts for 4000 tons of forage for Philippines. Page 14. treet-car men ask for better pay. Page 14. Washington politicians meet here to discuss

Police Jail two highwaymen. Page 10 meeting decides on levy of 2.9 mills Page 1.

WHICH IS GUARDING AMERICAN INTERESTS AT PANAMA.

the time their enlistments expired until the date of their discharge or muster out. More for Light and Fog Signal.

Senator Turner today introduced a bill increasing the appropriation for a light and fog signal for flarwn's Point, Tacoma Harbor, from \$8000 to \$8200. Ratifying Treaty With Indians. Representative Tongue today introduced a bill providing that adult heirs of any deceased Indian to whom a patent has

been issued for lands allotted in the fore agreement with the Grand Ronde In dians and appropriating \$28,500 to pay them for a tract of 25,791 acres thereby relinguished.

Public Land Laws for Alasks. Representative Lacey introduced a bill extending the public land laws to Alaska, Drain Meets Roosevelt.

Representative Cushman today presented Adjutant-eGneral Drain to the President, The latter laid before Mr. Roosevelt number of suggestions of changes that should be made with regard to the state militia, among other things suggesting the propriety of having the General Government bear the expense of the annual encampments of the militia of the several states, and to also furnish the new rifles of .30 caliber free of cost to the states in exchange for the old Springfield rifles which have been turned in.

For Removal of Indians.

Senator Stewart today introduced a bill appropriating \$12,000 to defray the expenses of transferring all of the Wenatchee Indians of Washington, now livng near Wenatchee and Mission, to the Colville reservation.

ITINERARY OF PRINCE HENRY Cities He Will Visit While in the United States.

BERLIN, Jan. 20 .- Admiral Prince Henry, of Prussia, while in the United States, will visit Chicago, Milwaukee, Niagara Falls and Boston. These points are em-braced in the itinerary which has been cabled here by Dr. von Holleben, the German Ambassador at Washington. This programme was submitted to Emperor William and Prince Henry today and has een approved by them. Its general outline follows: Pebruary 22—The arrival of the Prince

and his suite at New York. February 23-The official welcome by the representatives of President Roose-velt, the Governor of the State of New York and the Mayor of New York City. February 24-The launching of the yacht at Shooter's Island, and a dinner to be

given by Prince Henry.

February 25-A reception in honor of Prince Henry and a dinner in his honor, to be given by the Mayor of New York City, and if consistent with these func tions, a reception by the Press Club. February 35-The Prince and his party will proceed to Washington, where the Prince will reside at the German Em-bassy. He will exchange calls with President Roosevelt, and be entertained at

dinner at the White House. February 37-The official receptions and dinner at the German Embassy, February 18-The Prince and his party will start for Chicago. The apportionment of the Prince's time between Chicago, Milwaukee, Niagara Fal's and Bos-ton has not been precisely made. Cablegrams on the subject of the programme are still being exchanged.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.-It was announced by the Hamburg-American Steamship Company today that the Deutschland, of that line, which will take Prince Henry of Prussia home, will sail on March II in stead of March 8, as originally planned.

Pope Receives a Duchess. ROME Jan. 20.—The pope, who was in excellent health, received the Grand Duchess of Saxe-Weimar in audience to-

tional payment to cover the period from of the High School last night, when the question of an increase of teachers' salaries came up for decision. Just about 600 taxpayers shouted when the question was referred back to the Board of Education, and about the same number indulged in an uproar when the annual tax was levied and when the request for a kindergarten appropriation was denied. The meeting was called to order by

Chairman Beach a little before 8 o'clock. The reports of the board and of School Clerk Allen were read, and were received been issued for lands allotted in the for-mer Siletz Indian reservation may sell ing the Taxpayers' League, made a mo-their inheritance; also a bill ratifying the agreement with the Grand Ronde Inport of the schools, and the erection of new buildings "within the limits provided by such levy at such places and of such character as to the said Board of Direct-ors may seem meet and necessary." In support of his motion Mr. Teal spoke

of the necessity of better school build-ings, and of the requested advance in the salaries of the teachers. The salaries, he said, should be increased, and the increase hould be given first to the hardest-worked teachers-those of the primary grades and then to the others Judge H. H. Northup moved that the

resolution be tabled, and the motion was lost, Mr. Lents moved that the levy be increased to 2.9 mills. Whitney L. moved as an amendment that the Board of Education be directed to spend \$5000 for teachers' salaries, the sum to be divided as equally as possible, the poorest paid to receive the benefit first. More Buildings Wanted

Director Wittenberg had different views. The Board of Education was one of the most economically managed institutions of the city. He did not say so because he was a member of the board. "Leave it to me," he declared, in a voice that sent waves of air rushing up the light well, "and I will spend more money than can be obtained from the tax. The schools are closely packed, and the air is contaminated We want \$100,000 for our schooliouses. (Applause.) We may take that sum from other institutions and devote it to the schools. We have teachers who are now receiving \$1200 a year who, if they engaged in mercantile pursuits, could get 00." (Suppressed applause.)
"Why don't they get it?"

one 'way back in the crowd (accompanied by a general titter).
"There is sickness in the schools which are not well built," went on Mr. Wittenberg, without heeding the interruption. "From 48 to 50 pupils are crowded into ne room in some of the buildings. The Atkinson School is ready to tumble down. The teachers of Portland are underpaid. speak from experience, because I emloy 1509 hands. The salaries should be increased. The lower grades should re-ceive the increase first, the upper grades

afterwards.

director who would say that the schools were unhealthy; and yet had signed his to a recon With a Balance on Hand. Rufus Mallory spoke of the businesslike methods of the board, which, after a year's work, had a balance of \$20,000 on

P. V. Holman was surprised to find a

"If the matter comes up the board will use its judgment," said School Director Williams Mr. Snow asserted that the board had shirked its duty in relation to the salary question.

hand. He was in favor of referring the question of increased salaries to the Fourd. "It is the duty of the directors to pass on the teachers' salaries." said Zera Snow.

"I'm with you on that," exclaimed Director Wittenberg, jumping from his seat.
"Like Dewey, I signed the report as a matter of form," explaining the peculiar position in which Mr. Ho man's remark placed him, Waldemar Seton spoke for Brooklyn and the Brooklyn Sub-Board of Trade and its component members. He explained the

needs of his community. As for the kin-dergarten, that was another matter. "It is a proposition," said Mr. Seton, will most likely get stranded on The enemies of the kindergarten laughed

uproariously at this. Whereupon Mr. Seton looked angry. "I do not see what you are laughing at," he said, with a look and in a tone that stopped the hilarity. "No." he went on, ished by the present city charter.

After the excitement had subsided the amendment to the resolution raising the levy to 2.9 mills, and the resolution itself, were put to a vote and carried amidst F. B. Gibson moved that not to exceed \$16,000 be added to the total sum of the teachers' salaries. The motion was car-

when they heard him feeling his way

downstairs, were greatly disappointed to

learn that he had not been killed.

Rufus Mallory moved that \$5000 be appropriated for the kindergarten sch The motion was hardly proposed before a dozen cries to lay it on the table were heard. The friends of the kindergartens arose to support the schools, but they

G. E. Withington, S. Grutze and F. C. Miller were appointed examining clerks for the ensuing year, and then a motion to adjourn was made. Mrs. Dr. Mary Thompson and some other stalwart champions of the kindergartens voted against it in order to make another effort to gain the appropriation, but it was car-ried overwhelmingly, and the taxpayers dispersed.

TAFT IN SAN FRANCISCO. Civil Governor of the Philippines Is

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.-W. H. Taft, Civil Governor of the Philippine Islands, who arrived here on the transport Grant, is quite iil, the Philippine climate and the arduous duties he has performed having told on his constitution. He feels that after a few days of rest in this city he will be atrong enough to undergo the trip East and make his report to the Secretary of War. Governor Taft says he hopes to leave for the East Thursday. He says the angus and Samar, and that the operations in Batangas occasionally range into the neighboring provinces of Tayabas and

doing splendid work in the islands, and

a Legislature as a step toward the permanent establishment of a civil government. The present civil government ha been working with great zeal, and had far exceeded expectations, the Governor says. The chief difficulty at present is the lack of police protection in the provinces. Small bands of robbers still infest the back districts. They terrorize the na-tives, and until the strong arm of the law is able to suppress them absolute peace in the islands will not be obtained. The native Filipino police have proved success. They were appointed by the civil government, and, officered by Americans, they do good service. hey do good service. Governor Taft says that he is much im-

races in which his own trotters are to take part. Mr. Vanderbilt has just given a farewell house party at his Oakdale, L. I., home, Idle Hour, 25 guests accom-panying him to Idle Hour from this city.

Wright, one of the other members.

old, and came to Chicago in 1818. Mr. Reno became a Police Commissioner in 1872 and held the office until it was abol-

Hot Naval Battle in Which

OFFICIAL REPORTS OF BATTLE. ment of Towns.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20 .- Meager details of the fighting between the vessels of the Colombian Government and those of the insurgents in Panama Bay were received in official circles today. They consisted of a dispatch from Consul-General Gudger, at Panama, and another from Captain adelphia, which is lying in Panama Bay,

itement great. GUDGER."
"The insurgent steamer Padilla attacked the Lautaro yesterday morning at close Is now on fire and sinking. MEADE."

Up to 10 o'clock no additional advices had come either to the department or to Dr. Silva, Colombia's representative at this capital. The officials of the State and Navy Departments are watching the outcome of the contest with much interest. It is believed that fuller reports will

(Concluded on Third Page.)

SUMMARY OF THE DAY'S NEWS Isthmian Trouble. .

Great Naval battle in harbor of Panama. in which government lost heavily. Page 1. General Alban was killed. Page L. Philadelphia is protecting American interests, Page L

Itinerary of Prince Henry while in the United Official statement of attitude of England towards United States in War with Spain, Page 3.

More revolutions in China. Page 3. Philippines. General Bell determines upon war in the strictest sense in Batangas. Page 3. His order involves reconcentration in a modi-

Congress. Isthmian Canal Commission reports in favor of the purchase of Panama canal. Page 2. Senate will begin debate on Philippine tariff

fled form. Page 3.

Annual convention of the United Mineworkers of America opens. Page 3. Bank cashler at Great Folls, Mont., short in

Marine.

Page 5. Three of 11 escaped convicts on McNeil Island recaptured. Page 4.

Oregon Supreme Court renders four opinions.

Unknown woman takes carbolic acid, and dies.