NAVY DEPARTMENT AND DISTRIBU-TION OF PRIZE MONEY.

Criticism That Schley Was Discriminated Against in Favor of Sampson Unjust.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4-Secretary Long has addressed to Senator Knute Nelson, of Minnesota, a long letter defend-ing the Navy Department against what is declared to be unfriendly criticism in connection with the distribution of prize money and bounty. The letter is called forth by one from the Senator asking for information on this point for the use of a Western newspaper.

The Secretary declares the criticism that the department has discriminated in favor of Admiral Sampson and against Admiral Schley in the distribution of prize money and bounty is unjust, be-cause the department has no control over this matter; the money being distributed from the Treasury, and all questions of law and fact relative to prize and bounty having been determined by the courts. The Secretary calls attention to the laws touching prize and bounty as they existed at the beginning of the Spanish War, and says that, although advised by the Attor-ney-General that it might make a distribution, the Navy Department preferred to place the matter in the court of claims, and so far from displaying favoritism, adopted the most effective means in its power to secure a just determination by courts of law of the rights of all con-

Touching the claim of Admiral Sampson for bounty at Santiago, the Secretary says the distribution was made under a decree of the court of claims, which he cites and from which no appeal was taken. He further points out that under the prize laws the commander-in-chief of the fleet is entitled to his "one-twentieth" of bounty by virtue of his position as com-mander-in-Chief, whether he is personally present during the engagement or not.

Says the Secretary:
"As commander - in - chief, Admiral
Sampson would therefore under the law have been entitled to his share of the bounty for the destruction of the Span-ish ships at Santiago if he had been on the north shore of Cuba at the time. This was the law, for which the Navy Department is in no wise responsible.

On this point the Secretary says the department was itself the first to re-alize the inequalities of this law, and to make the recommendation which led to its repeal, so that "a rather amusing fea-ture of the attacks made upon the Navy Department is that the Administration is blamed more than two years after it had

cured the evil." The Secretary concludes the letter with an extract from the report of the auditor of the Treasury for the Navy Department, showing the status of the prize money and bounty cases yet unsettled, owing to delays in the courts, and predicting a settlement within the year,

### ANENT THE CABINET CHANGES. Correspondence Between the Presi-

dent and Long and Smith. WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.-The following rrespondence was made public at the

White House today:
"Treasury Department, Washington,
Dec. 19, 1901.—The President—I respectfully submit this as my resignation of the high office of Secretary of the Treasury, the same to take effect upon the appointment of my successor. In this step toward separation from your executive staff, permit me to thank you for the confidence bestowed upon me and the kind-ness and courtesy of which I have been the recipient at your hands.

"With the most earnest desires for the highest success of your administration, I remain, sincerely, "LYMAN J. GAGE."

White House, Washington, Jan. 4, 1992.-My Dear Mr. Secretary-In accepting your resignation I wish to express my great regret that you feel it necessary to leave the Cabinet, and my hearty thanks for the invaluable services you have rendered. Your service to the Nation has been rendered at the cost of loss to you-heavy loss, from a material standpoint, as must ever be the case with a man like you who deliberately abandons the comparative ease and high ne dary rewards of a large private iness for the exhausting work of the position you have so honorably filled dur-

With all good wishes, believe me most sincerely yours, "THEODORE ROOSEVELT. "To Hon. Lyman J. Gage."

4, 1902 -My Dear Mr. Postmaster-General -It is with the most genuine regret that I accept your resignation, after having vainly tried to prevent your sending it. During our four months' close service together, I have grown not only to value most highly your trained ability and un-swerving rectitude of thought and purpose as a public man, but also to prize your personal friendship. I thank you for the great services you have rendered in office: I deeply regret we are no longer to serve side by side, and I earn-estly wish you well in the future, and bid you God speed in your new duties, for wherever you may be the weight of your influence is sure to be potent on the side of clean and honest government. Faith-

fully yours, "THEODORE ROOSEVELT. "To Postmaster-General Smith." The text of the letter of Postmaster-General Smith, resigning his office, was published at the time Mr. Smith re-

## TREATY OF EXTRADITION.

Signed by Secretary Hay and Danish

Minister Bran. WASHINGTON, Jun. 6.-Secretary Hay and M. Constantin Brun, the Danish Minister to the United States today signed a treaty of extradition between the United States and Denmark. This particular trenty was drafted during Secretary Gresham's administration of the State Department, but was not completed then owing to the objection of President Cleve-land to any extradition treaty that did not permit a country to deliver up its own ens under extradition proceedings Denmark would not agree to surrender her citizens to the United States, and the treaty was allowed to remain in abey-ance until recently, when, finding that the United States had made several treaties without the objectionable mark renewed the negotiations that ended today in the signing of the treaty. As it will go to the Senate for approval, convention is silent on the surrender

## RAYNER IN THE HOUSE.

of a country's own citizens.

Discussed Schley Case With Cummings of Naval Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.-Hon. Isidor Rayner, the counsel for Admiral Schley before the court of inquiry, spent some time on the floor of the House of Repre-sentatives today. He had been at the Supreme Court, and later visited the House, where he served as a member of Con-gress for some years. Mr. Rayner joined Representative Cummings, of New York, a member of the House committee on naval affairs, and learned from him the general situation of affairs concerning the many bills proposed in the Schley case. It is understood the friends of Admiral Schley have expressed favor to a bill which has been introduced, making the judgment of Admiral Dewey the judgment of Congress. However, the informal talks today led to the conclusion that a bill of this character. bill of this character was not likely to be reported in the naval committee, and

LONG SPEAKS IN DEFENSE that if action was to be taken, it must be on one of the various other plans

New Government Dock Tested. NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 6.—The official test of the new Government dock was made today in the presence of the Board Examiners. The battle-ship Illinois tered at 11:45 o'clock, and was successfully docked, Congressman Meyers, May-or Capdeville and other distinguished men, including Commandant Merrill, of the naval station, the attaches of the station and others were present. The li-linois was drawing 24 feet of water when she entered. The battle-ship has a dis-placement of 11.565 tone. The dock's nom-inal lifting capacity is 15,000 tons, but it can, if necessary, lift 15,000 tons.

Should Be Restored to Russin. WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.-Justice Brown, of the United States Supreme Court, today delivered the opinion of that court in the case of Leon Alexandroff, the Rus-slan subject, who is under apprehension in Philadelphia on the charge of being a deserter from the Russian cruiser Variag, holding that Alexandroff should be restored to the Russian Government.

Another Schley Resolution WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.-Another Schley esolution was introduced in the Hous today by Representative Schirm, of Maryland. It provides an appropriation of \$12,-000 for bronze tablets commemorating six great naval victories, beginning with those of Paul Jones in 1797, and closing with the battle of Santiago Bay, "Commodore Winfield Scott Schley commanding," in

Fifth Assistant Postmaster-General. WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.-The creation of another Assistant Postmaster-Generalship, to have charge of the free city and rural delivery service, is contem-plated in a bill shortly to be introduced in the House by Representative Watson of Indiana. The new office, if the bill shall pass, will be the Fifth Assistant Postmaster-General.

Mensles Abourd the Wisconsin. WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Surgeon-General Van Reypen has been informed of a slight epidemic of measles aboard the Wisconsin while she was out in the Pacific, but does not regard it as at all serious, as he has had no further report since the vessel arrived in American waters.

Famous Lenz Case Closed. PITTSBURG, Jan. 6 .- A case famous in international diplomacy was closed today by the payment of \$7500 damages to Mrs. Lenz, the mother of Frank G. Lenz, an American wheelman who was killed by Turkish officials. The money was turned over by the State Department.

To Re-establish Army Canteen. WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.-A bill to re-establish the Army canteen was introduced today by Representative Kern, of

# THE OLD LIBERTY BELL.

It Starts on Its Journey to Charleston Exposition.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.-The old Liberty bell, accompanied by Mayor Ash-bridge and an official escort of City Coundimen and city department heads, started on its journey to the Charleston Expo-sition at 9 o'clock this morning. As the special train left the Pennsylvania station a salute of Zi guns was fired at the League Island navy-yard.

At Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 6.—The passage of the Liberty bell through Harrisburg today was not marked by any for-mal greeting on the part of the city of-ficials and organizations. Union station, however, and other points of vantage from which the precious relic could be viewed were crowded. A delegation of citizens from Carlisle and other points in the Cumberland Valley met the train here to act as an escort through that re-gion. This is the first time the bell has ever gone through this historic valley, and every town and hamlet along the route accorded it a fitting reception.

Lebaudy and Alliance Francaise. CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—The prosperity and growth of the Alliance Francaise, expecto develop largely within a short time as a result of an announced gift of \$1,000,-000 from Robert Lebaudy, a French multinillionaire, is not likely to materialize to the extent supposed. It has been learned that M. Lebaudy has made no official proffer of any such gift to the Alli-ance, although he intimates that in the future a substantial sum will be given by him. It is not believed, however, that the gift, when it does come, will amount to over \$25,000, and it was said today that the donation was not expected for several

months, or possibly a year, Status of Argentina-Chile Dispute. VALPARAISO, Chile, Jan. 6.-In re-plying to an interpellation in the Champer of Deputies concerning rumors to the effect that Argentina had given Chile 24 nours in which to reply to the question of police in the Ultima Esperanza territory, Senor Yanez, the Chilean Minister tory, Senor Yanez, the Chilean Minister of Foreign Affairs, announced that the dispute between the two countries was in same status today as it was on De-

President of Columbia University. NEW YORK, Jan. 6.-Professor Nicholas Murray Butler, who has been acting president of Columbia University since the resignation of Seth Low, was elected president by the board of trustees today. Dr. Butler is not quite 40 years old, is a graduate of Columbia, and studied in Europe. He has been president of the National Educational Association, and is editor of several educational periodicals.

Big Vote Colonization Scheme.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—State Superintendent of Elections John McCullagh said late tonight that he had discovered what he believed was a big colonization scheme to be worked in the special election of a Congressman from the Seventh Congressional District. He said he did not know in whose interest the reported colonization had been made

Decree Cutting the Price of Gas. HAVANA, Jan, 6 .- General Wood has ssued a decree fixing the price of gas Spanish gold per 1000 cubic feet. The former price was about \$3.75 per 1000 cubic feet. This decree also regulates the price for the use of 200 16candle power electric lights in pulpits at \$1 10 per month each.

Wireless Telegraphy Line to Alaska. CHICAGO, Jan. 7 .- Alaska and the United States may soon be connected with onlined States may soon be connected with a line of wireless telegraphy. Seattle, Wash., capitalists are negotiating with Chicago firms for equipment for the proposed line, and the promoters believe that with the opening of the Summer season the line will be in operation between Nome

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 7.—Mayor A. A. Ames, who is serving his fourth term as executive of this city, is ill with pneumonta. He was stricken a week ago, and all of yesterday was delirious. It is

feared he will not recover. How to Prevent Pneumonia.

How to Prevent Pneumonia.

It is a well established fact that pneumonia can be prevented. This disease always results from a cold or from an attack of influenza. Among the tens of thousands who have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for these diseases, you will not find a single case that has ever resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that it is a certain proventive of that dread disease. The fact is it counteracts any tendency of a cold or attack of the grip toward pneumonia. It is famous for its quick cures of cold and grip. Try it. All druggists sell it.

# **DECIDES AGAINST CARTER**

SUPREME COURT REFUSES TO IN-TERFERE IN HIS CASE.

Alleged Accomplices of Man Who Defrauded Government Also Lose Before Same Tribunal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The United States Supreme Court today refused to interfere in the case of Captain Oberlin M. Carter. The decision was rendered in the proceedings instituted by Captain Car-ter for the purpose of securing a writ of habeas corpus that would release him from prison at Leavenworth, Kan. The case originated in the United States Circuit Court for the district of Kansas, by which petition for writ was denied. To-day's opinion was delivered by Chief Justice Fuller, and affirmed the opinion of the Circuit Court.

GREENE AND GAYNORS ALSO LOSE. Supreme Court Holds They Must

Stand Trial in Georgia. WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The United States Supreme Court today affirmed the lecision of the United States Court for the Southern District of New York in the case of Benjamin Greene, John F. Gay-nor, William T. Gaynor and Edward H. Gaynor, Greene and the Gaynors are charged with complicity with Captain O. M. Carter, now serving a term in the United States prison at Leavenworth, Kan., on the charge of defrauding the Government of a large sum of money while superintending public works at Sa-vannah, Ga. Greene and Gaynor have sought by habeas corpus proceedings in New York to avoid being sent to Georgia New York to avoid being sent to Georgia for trial. The New York court refused to grant the writ, and the opinion rendered today confirms that verdict. The opinion was delivered by Justice Peckham. Commenting on the action of the New York court in ordering the removal of the

"We think that a fair interpretation of the language used by the Dietriot Judge in granting the application for the warrant of the removal shows beyond ques-tion that from the evidence taken by the commissioner the Judge was of the opinion that there existed probable cause, and that the defendants therefore should be removed for trial before the court in which the indictment was found. The Judge says he did not express any opinion what-soever on the merits of the case. He was not called upon to do so. It was suffi-cient if, all the evidence being taken into account, there existed such probable cause for believing the defendants guilty as to warrant their removal for trial on the of-fense charged."

lefendants to Georgia for trial, Justice

Peckham said:

### RESTORED TO RUSSIA.

Decision of Supreme Court in the

Case of a Deserter. WASHINGTON, Jan. 6 .- Justice Brown, of the United States Supreme Court, today delivered the opinion of that court in the case of Leon Alexandroff, the Russlan subject, who is under apprehension in Philadelphia on the charge of being a deserter from the Russian cruiser Variag, holding that Alexandroff should be re-stored to the Russian Government.

In delivering the opinion of the court, Justice Brown outlined the history of the case, relating that the proceeding had been instituted by Alexandroff to avoid an order from the Vice-Consul of Russia, or the commanding officer of the Russian cruiser Varing. He said that Alexandroff that come to this country as a conscript, and part of a crew detailed to take charge of the Variag, which was under onstruction in this country, under an oder from the Russian Government; that the vessel was still in the stocks when he arrived, and that it was afterward launched; that he remained here with other members of the crew during the Winter of 1900-01, receiving pay for his services; that in April of this year he deserted and left Philadelphia, and went to New York, where he took out naturalization papers. While there he was arization papers. While there he was ar-rested and returned to Philadelphia on complaint of the Russian Vice-Consul. Justice Brown held that the orders nam-ing Alexandroff as a part of the detail to take charge of the vessel were sufficient proof of his membership of the crew of the Russian warship, and that such order took effect when the Variag was launched. Justice Brown dealt with the

from Russian men-of-war, holding that it applied to Alexandroff. Justices Gray, Harlan and White and Chief Justice Fuller united in a dissenting opinion, delivered by Justice Gray, who held that the provision in the treaty be-tween the United States and Russia applies only to a finished ship and the crew on board of such ship, and not a ship in Alexandroff's desertion was doing neither naval nor military duty, and to surren-der the prisoner to the Russian Government was not in conformity with the with that government; neither his surrender be urged on the ground of an observance of the comity of nations, as that plea could not be held to apply in the absence of express treaty stipulation. The treaty, he said, should be construed like any other contract, and it should not be stretched or strained in favor of another nation.

treaty between this country and Russia

providing for the surrender of deserters

### REMANDED WITH INSTRUCTIONS. Case Involving Validity of Portions

of Railroad Land Grants. WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.-In an opinion anded down by Justice Brewer, of the Supreme Court of the United States, today, the cross-appeals of the Southern Pacific Reliroad Company against the United States, and the United States against the Southern Pacific Company, involving the validity of certain portions of the land grants to the railroad company, were decided. The cases involved a portion of the Southern Pacific grant which conflicted with the Atlantic & Pacific grant. The judgment of the Court of Appeals for the ninth circuit was reversed in both cases and the case remanded with the following instructions:

"To enter a decree quitting the title of the United States to an equal, undivided mojety in all alternate sections within the place or granted limits of the Atlantic & Pacific in California, so far as those limits conflict with the like limits of the Southern Pacific, excepting there-from those lands in respect to which there has been some prior adjudication, and to dismiss the bill as to other lands without projudice to any future, suit or action."

### KENTUCKY CONSTITUTION VALID. Decision Regarding Long and Short Haul by Railroads.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.-The United States Supreme Court today rendered an pinion holding as valid the state constitution of Kentucky concerning long and short hauls by railroad companies, and statutes enacted under that provision of the constitution. The case on which the decision was rendered was a proceeding against the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, which company was indicted under the law upon the charge of making a greater charge for a short than for a long haul, and a fine assessed. The verdict of the lower Kentucky State courts was favorable to the state law and constitution, and this finding was affirmed by the State Court of Appeals. Today's opinion was delivered by Jus-tice Shiras and affirmed the opinion of

When citizens of Kentucky volumtarily seek and obtain a grant from the state of a charter to build and maintain a public highway in the form of a railroad, it would seem to be evident that they take hold and operate their road

Steamer Laurada Case Decided. WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.— The United States Supreme Court, by a divided court today affirmed the decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in the case of the United States vs. the steamship Laurada. The Laurada was seized by the Government authorities before the beginning of the war with Spain, charged with violating the neutrality. with violating the neutrality laws. The decision of the court is favorable to the steamship.

### \$4,000,000 LIABILITIES.

Crude Rubber Company Now in the Hands of a Receiver.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.-In an interview explaining the condition of the Crude Rub-ber Company, which has just passed into the hands of a receiver, Charles R. Flint. one of the men most interested in the company, said the company owed \$1,000,000 to five bankers. He declined to give the names of the bankers, however, saying that they were not worrying about the incident, and that it was not a matter of

great public interest. He continued:
"The public can only be interested in
the debts which affect creditors widely distributed, or the banks with which they do business. This does not affect either. The 20 banks who have lent the \$2,000,000 owing on crude rubber are fully insured. They will get their money from the sale of the rubber. The other \$2,000,000 is a contingent liability which arises from the company's indorsement of notes given it by customers for value received. Ex hundred thousand dollars of this sum is on the notes of George Watkinson & Co., of Philadelphia, who have failed. The other \$1,200,000 is upon notes of absolutely solvent companies and every dollar of these will be paid upon maturity. "Mr. Watkinson informs me that his

firm has assets exceeding its liabilities of \$400,000. As the firm's assets consist largely of accounts due from 10,000 retail ers, it is fair to assume that there may be a material shrinkage in their value, but at the worst they will probably have but a small deficiency. This the Crude Rubber Company will be able to pay out

of its equities in rubber, "The sale of the stocks of the Crude Rubber Company was made after a con-sultation with all of the principal credltors, and was made in their interest. One million dollars worth of crude rubber was sold to the United States Rubber Company at a concession in price. This is to be paid in cash at 60 days, and the money will go to the banks which have made advances. The other \$1,000,000 of rubber on hand or in transit has been turned over to the International Crude Rubber Company, to be sold on a com-mission of 1 per cent. All the proceeds, less the commission, will be turned over to the receiver to pay the debts of the company. The creditors are fully se-

Mr. Flint declared that the company's osses were the result of a falling mar-

The order of Judge Lacombe appointing William W. Ladd, Jr., temporary receiver of the Crude Rubber Company, under a bond of \$50,000, was filed today in the office of the Clerk of the United States Circuit Court.

Japanese Want American Goods. NEW YORK, Jan. 5,-The Tokio Tesudo Kubushiki Kwaisha, a Japanese con has concluded arrangements through Mitsul & Co., of New York City, whereby American firms will furnish the equip-American firms will furnish the equip-ment, valued at \$500,000, for the first elec-tric traction system in Tokio, the largest contract of its description ever awarded Americans by a far Eastern concern.

Americans Get English Contracts. NEW YORK, Jan. 6. - The De Beers Consolidated Diamond mines, of Kimber ley. South Africa, have just awarded con-tracts to American concerns for struc-tural material and complete electrical equipment for a large plant, which will utilized for general power purposes. The value of the combined contracts is about \$200,000,

# Governor Nash's Message a Strong One Regarding Corrections of Strong and Mike Dogovan.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 6.-The Ohio Legslature convened today in blennial session. Both branches elected the officers nominated at the Republican caucus last Saturday evening.

At noon the annual message of Goverand the House. It was noted for its recommendations of a new system of tax-ation under which all taxes for state purposes are to be raised from corporations. franchises and liquor traffic, etc., and all direct taxation for county, municipal or other purposes are to be left to the counties. It is a system of home rule in local

Concerning corporations, the Governor

"Because they are created by the state and possess certificates bearing the im-press of her seal, people are led to believe press of her seal, people are led to believe that they are safer to do business with and are more entitled to credit than are private partnerships and individuals. In very many cases they are less worthy of confidence. They are authorized by the state to do business before one dollar of capital stock has been paid. This is an unfortunate condition of affairs. The state, before she gives these corporations her approval and permits them to do business, ought to require that all their cap-ital stock be paid in and the money invested in the business they propose transact. She cught to make sure of this

fact by a report made to some competent "We should go further and require these companies to make annual reports, to be filed with and inspected by this officer. This report could show among other things, how much of the capital stock has been paid; how the money is invested, what the assets are; the amount of liabil-ities and the names of the stockholders. In fact, there should be such a record of every corporation that the people may know at all times whether it is worthy of credit and confidence. I believe with some such regulations Ohio corporations would be placed upon a solid financial

"The publicity which would be given by such action could not by any possibilinjure a really worthy and se against unworthy and failing corporations. As matters now stand the Sec retary of State knows nothing about corporation after it leaves his office with charter from the state. He cannot even rations chartered by the state during the last 50 years are now dead, nor how many are still iving. The state creates the are still iving. The state creates the thing, allows it to do business, sends it the cold and knows nothing about it forever. It is high time that a change should be made."

Like Bill in the House. WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.-Representative Cooper, of Wisconsin, chairman of the insular committe of the House, will in-troduce, probably tomorrow, a bill providing a system of civil government for the Philippines. The bill is the result of the Philippines. The bill is the result of extended conferences which have been held of late between the War Department officials and Senators and Representatives interested in insular affairs, and it follows to a large extent the recommenda-tions of the Philippine Commission. Provisions are incorporated regulating cor porate franchises, establishing regulations for mining, timber and land operations, the Kentucky court. Justice Shiras in and establishing the preliminary steps by which the self-government shall be taken by the people of the island.

Dr. Robertson. WINNIPEG, Man., Jan. 6.-Dr. Robert-on, superintendent of Presbyterian mis-

PORTLAND BASEBALL CLUB DIREC. TORS MAKE SELECTION.

He Will Have Full Charge of Selections of the 1902 Team-Marshall at the Business End.

The directors of the Portland Baseball Club met last night at the Commercial Club for the purpose of electing a man-ager for the 1902 baseball team. The man selected for the position is Samuel Vig-neux, catcher of last year's team. Vigneux is to be the playing manager

of the team. He will have entire charge of the selection of players for next sea-son's nine, and will be back in the game himself. Mr. Marshall will act as business manager and handle the financial

The other clubs in the league are al strengthening their teams, and the Port-land Club will do the same. The team next season will be substantially the same as last year's team. A few changes will be made to strengthen the weak points Vigneux is now ready for business, and will keep his eye open for any good men that he can get on the team. The grounds at Twenty-fourth and Vaughn streets are in first-class condi-

on, considering the season. A keeper has been kept there all Winter, and a comfortable house built for him in one corner of the field. It is expected that the Portland team will have a game here during the annual convention of the Traveler's Protective

Association next June.

Samuel A. Vigneux, the manager for 1902, started in his professional baseball career in 1895 as a catcher in the Amsterdam, N. Y., team of the New York state League. He stayed with that team until the league broke we are distanced. til the league broke up and finished the season with Cooperstown, N. Y., a strong independent team. In 1896 he was with the same team. The following year Vig-neux played with Guelph, Ontario, in the Canadian League. In 1858 he was with the champion Richmond team of the At-lantic League. During that season he caught 88 games and led the catchers in fielding. Allentown, N. Y., of the same league, had him behind the bat in 1899. In 1900 he was again with the Atlantic League, but in the Jersey City team unti it disbanded. After that he played with Meriden, Conn., for the remainder of the season. Last year he played with the champion Portland team in the league, and made an excellent showing for himself behind the stick. In fielding he led the catchers of the league, his average being .968. His batting average sacrifice hits, and was a good base-run-ner. Vigneux expects to have a fast team in the race for the pennant next season and will do all in his power to make it

### IN THE NORTHWEST LEAGUE. official Announcement That Butte

winning one.

and Helena Will Take Places. BUTTE, Mont., Jan. 6.-Announcement was made here today that Butte and Was made here today that Butte and Helena would take places in the North-west League. President Lucas, of the league, wired from St. Paul that the Northern Pacific had made satisfactory rates, and the work of organizing the league began today. Manager McCloskey, of the Butte team, will go East to secure players.

NEILL AT LOS ANGELES. Has Gone to Meet Donovan on Janunry 10.

The Los Angeles Express, of January 3 orints the following concerning the Neill Donovan fight, which the Portland sports thought to be a "pipe dream":
"Al Neill, the San Francisco middle weight, is due today, and on his arrival he is to be met by Manager McCarey, of the Century Athletic Club. McCarey says that San Pedro will be the place se lected for training quarters for Neill. He does not know whether it will be Hank OHIO LEGISLATURE CONVENES Griffin's old place or Baxter's sail loft.

"Al Neill has had a successful career in term of fighting, and has yet to be knocked out. His last fights with Tommy Tracey in the Pacific Northwest are spoken of in the highest terms.

"Nelll is a clean fighter and does not sort to the foul tricks that have brought the game into disrepute in many sec tions of the country. His record for squareness is of the best, and it is related of him that he never was mixed up in a contest had had a 'queer' look about

'Mike Donovan, the Rochester boy who will arrive tomorrow, has not been fighting long either, but he has carved out for himself quite a large reputation already. Donovan is an extremely aggressive fighter. He is the type of a mar at which any audience likes always is doing something worth watching.'

### INDOOR BASEBALL LEAGUE. Committee Named to Arrange for Schedule and Trophy.

Representatives of the Multnomah Amateur Athletiq Club, Light Battery A, and the Third Regiment, O. N. G., met at the Armory last evening and organized an indoor baseball league. H. H. Thompson, of the Third Regiment, was elected president; Frank Randall, of Light Battery A, vice-president, and H. W. Or-mandy, of the Navai Battalion, secretary-

A committee, consisting of Dobie, M. A A. C.: Randall, Battery A, and Butler Third Regiment, was appointed to draw up a schedule of games, their instruction being that each team play three games with each of the other two. The comm tee was empowered to raise necessary funds for carrying out the schedule, and the proposition of a trophy. A schedule will be announced in a days. Contrary to expectations, the Y. M.

C. A. was not represented, as it was generally supposed that they were auxious to enter the league.

### TACOMA PLAYERS BEATEN. Portland Golfers Win the One-Tie-All-Tie Cup.

An interesting golf match was played at the Waverly golf links yesterday af-ternoon, W. E. Hacker and E. J. Fransioli of Tacoma, playing against Charles E. Ladd and Thomas Kerr, of this city. The contest was the third one for the "one-tie-all-tie" loving cup, put up by Messrs, Ladd and Kerr, The cup was Messrs. Ladd and Kerr. The cup was put up as a joke after one of the Tacoma Both Mr. Hacker and Mr. Fransioli are

prominent golfers in Tacoma. They came over in the private car of Mr. Cooper, of the Northern Pacific, and expected to have a walk-over. The weather yesterday was excellent, and it was only during the first part of the match that the co tante were troubled with the rain. The match was won by Ladd and Kerr, five holes up. This made the third time that they have won the cup, and they become the permanent possessors of it. Messrs, Hacker and Francioli announced intention of offering another "onetests for it will take place in Tacoma.

### McGOVERN-SULLIVAN CONTEST. Louisville, February 22, Agreed Up-

on as the Time and Place. NEW YORK, Jan. 6.-The 25-round bout between Terry McGovern and Dave Sul-livan will take place before the Southern Athletic Club, of Louisville, on the after noon of February 22. On behalf of the club, Tim Hurst met the men with their

# subject to the constitutional inhibition we are considering, and we are without power to challenge its validity." VIGNEUX TO BE MANAGER ONLY THE MASTERS WORK SUCH CURES

Doctor Copeland Asks That His Friends Call On or Write Those Who Testify That They Have Been Cured, and Investigate for Themselves.

The Copeland Specialists never in any statement published by them attempt to frighten or delude the people who may be suffering from any chronic disease. Frequently, however, by their warnings and instructions, they have saved great suffering and loss of life.

Repeatedly during the past ten years have the Copeland physicians issued warnings through the public press upon the startling prevalence of Catarrhal conditions and the evils resulting therefrom.

The Copeland Physicians have cured thousands suffering from all forms of Chronic Disease. In fact. they have been public benefactors because they have placed their incomparable treatment and medicine within the reach of the rich and poor alike. They are now giving their time, treatment and medicines in every case, no matter what your disease, for \$5.00 per month.

Don't be distressed by big fees of medical sharks. Copeland Specialists are the masters that cure.

### ALL HIS LIFE HE SUFFERED FROM CATARRH-CURED BY COPELAND TREATMENT

Mr. E. W. Mathews, Wendling, Or.-Employed by the Booth-Kelly Lumber Co. "I had catarrh all my life. I can remember that As a Child

was choked up and could not breathe

through the nostrils. I suffered in this



Mr. E. W. Mathews, Wendling, Or.

way until my treatment at the Copeland Institute, which brought me prompt re ilef.
"I did not know what it was to breathe nostril would be stopped up and some-times the other. When I had cold my

head would become so stopped up and the nose so firmly closed that I

Could Not Breathe through it. I breathed almost entirely through the mouth, and at night would wake up with my throat dry and parched My head and throat were filled with

Hawking and Spitting continually. Gradually I lost my sense

of smell and when I began treatment it was nearly destroyed. "Before my treatment at the Copeland Institute I had used enough medicine to drown me. I took

Forty-eight Bottles of one kind, but it was like taking so OFFICE HOURS-From 9 A. M. to 12 much water, and it was the same with M.; from 1 to 5 P. M.

a long time and finally decided to try it. Under the treatment I received my Annoying Symptoms Disappeared. Now I breathe freely through my nostrils at all times, my smell is as acute as it ever was, and I have no trouble of any

"This testimonial is cheerfully given as evidence of the wonderful benefit I have derived from the Copeland treatment. I would advise all sufferers to try

### OTHER CURES.

Mr. D. P. Mitchell, 151 Seventeenth St., Portland, Or.-I had suffeerd from catarrh for 15 years. My head, throat, ears and stomach were in bad shape. I could not breathe through the nostrils; my throat was raw and sore and I coughed all the time. My hearing was so much im-paired that I could not understand comon conversation.

Everything I are caused great distress, was sick at the stomach and nauseated, with a heavy oppressed feeling in the stomach. I lost 20 pounds and my strength was greatly exhausted. Drs. Copeland & Montgomery cured me.

Mr. Joe H. Boos, Butte, Mont .- 1 suffered 10 years with my head, throat and

pronchial tubes. My nostrils were stopped up, forcing me o breath through the mouth, and clogged with crusts and senbs. I had nosebleed

without any apparent cause.

I had frequent attacks of asthma, when the bronchial tubes seemed to contract and to produce a tightness in the chest that made it impossible to fill the lungs with air. At night I would be propped up with pillows in order to get sleep or

I would say to all sufferers from catarrhal troubles that the Copeland treat-ment is all right. It cured me after every-thing else had failed.

### HOME TREATMENT.

If you cannot visit the office, mark the following list of symptoms, mail them to Dr. Copeland and he will give you a full and complete diagnosis of your case free of charge:

"Do you sleep with mouth wide open?"
"Is there pain in front of head?"
"Is your throat dry or sore?"
"Have you a bad taste in the morning?"
"Do you cough?"
"Do you cough?"
"Is your tongue coated?"
"Is your tongue coated?"
"Is vour appetite failing?"
"Is there pain after eating?"
"Are you light-headed?"
"When you get up suddenly are you dizzy?"
"Do you have hot flashes?"

when you get up stadenly are you dizzy?"
"Do you have liver marks?"
"Do you have liver marks?"
"Do your kidneys trouble you?"
"Do your kidneys trouble you?"
"Do you have pains in back or under skoulder-blades?"
"Do you wake up tired and out of sorts?"
"Is your strength failing?"

# OUR SPECIALTIES.

Chronic catarrh in all its forms, Asth-ma, Incipient Consumption, Rheumatism, Discuses of the Blood, the Stomach the Kidneys, the Nervous System, and the Skin, all treated under the uniform rate

of \$5 a month. Medicines free until cured CONSULTATION FREE.

# The Copeland Medical Institute The Dekom, Third and Washington

W. H. COPELAND, M. D. J. H. MONTGOMERY, M. D.

much water, and it was the same with
everything I tried. I had watched the
cures made at the Copeland Institute for SUNDAY-From 10 A. M. to 12 M. This signature is on every box of the genuine

Laxative Bromo-Ouinine Tablela

the remedy that cures a cold in one day. anagers, Sam Harris and Tom Sharkey, lother with hammer and tongs. Only a today, and they came to a satisfactory few blows had been exchanged in the agreement. The conditions of the match are 25 rounds at 126 pounds, weigh in at directed punches on Ogiesby's jaw, sent agreement. The conditions of the match are 25 rounds at 125 pounds, weigh in at 16 o'clock, February 22. The purse offered and agreed upon is 60 per cent of the gross receipts, to be divided as follows: 65 per cent to the winner, and 35 per cent to the loser. It was also stipulated that if Bob Fitzsimmons should not go to Louisville to referse the contest.

Jeffries-Sharkey Match. NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The details of the match between Jeffries and Sharkey have been finally determined upon at a meeting between Managers Kennedy and Delaney and Sharkey, who was represented by Aivie King. The men agree to fight for 62% per cent of the gross receipts, the winner to take 75 and the loser 25 per cent. The fight will take place on some date between March 28 and April 5, to be decided upon later. The scene of battle will be the Mechanic's Pavilion,

go to Louisville to referee the contest, Tim Hurst is to act as referee.

Yosemite Club management have agreed to post \$3500 forfeit each with Harry Cor-bett as final stakeholder. The principals will go into active training at once.

Rugby Football Game. One of the most lively contested association football matches of the season will be played January 18 on the grounds of the Bishop Scott Academy, between the Ancients and present younger players of the Portland Football Club. The Ancients will be picked from the senior mem-bers of the club and other players who were shining lights of the former association club, which blossomed here several years ago, and will be captained by Ernest A. S. Cawston. A. E. King will head the

Oglesby-Clifford Fight a Draw. BUTTE, Mont., Jan. 6.-Kld Oglesby ex-champion lightweight of the State of Montana, and Jack Clifford, formerly of California, but now of Meaderville, fought six rounds to a draw tonight before the Butte Athletic Club. Both men were in superb condition and from the momen was first called the men were at each

Portlands.



This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tableta