HIS RELATION TO RURAL FREE DE-LIVERY IN MISSOURI.

House Decides to Take Up the Canal Bill January 7, and Continue Debate to Settlement.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Before the House adjourned today over the holiday recess, a special order was made for the consideration of the Nicaragua Canal bill, beginning Tuesday, January 7, and to continue until the bill is disposed of, the order not, however, to interfere with revenue or appropriation bills. The ses-sion of the House was brief, the major part of the time being occupied by De Armend (Dem. Mo.) in making a personal explanation regarding reports circu-lated in his district concerning his course in the matter of the extension of the rural free delivery.

When the House met there was a waste of vacant seats, owing to the holiday exodus. The session was brief. The message of the President relative to the creation of an Arealashia fundamental seats. of an Appalachian forest reserve was laid before the House.

De Armond obtained unanimous consent

to make a privileged statement. He explained that reports were circulated in his district that he caused action on free delivery routes to be held up during his absence in the Philippines. These reports, he said, were circulated by those with head and here circulated by those who lied and knew they lied. He read letters addressed by him to the First As-sistant Postmuster-General last April, none of which, he said, had elicited a reply. He also read a letter received by him after his return from the Orient, but dated July & saying a certain rural free delivery route would be established, and another, dated July & saying the action spoken of in the letter of July 3 had been "held up" to await the final action of the Postmaster-General. De Armond said he wondered whether the Postmaster-General, who had just an-nounced his purpose of leaving the Cabinet, was going because he was wearied by the great labor of solving this ques-tion. In conclusion, De Armond declared that the department had not treated him "frankly, fairly or in a manly way." It had not answered the pertinent question regarding the division of carriers between He charged that the conthe parties. He charged that the con-duct of the department was in the interest of certain Republican bosses in Missouri, one of whom hoped to get into the United States Senate.

Hepburn asked unanimous consent that the Nicaragua bill be made a special order for Tuesday, January 7, and to continue as a special order until dis-posed of, not, however, to interfere with revenue or appropriation bills. Cannon asked whether the passage of the bill would embarrass the Executive in securing the right of way through Nicaragus Costa-Rica. Hepburn said he knew no negotiation that would be interfered with by this legislation. On the contrary, he said, legislation must pre-cede acquisition, the bill itself providing means for the acquirement of the right

Richardson, the minority leader, said this was in no sense a political question and there was no objection to the propo-sition on his side of the House. Cannon said he was in favor of the building of the canal but he thought there should be a place to put the canal before it was authorized. He would, however, not ob-ject and the order for consideration of the bill was made

At 1:45 o'clock the House adjourned un-til January 6, 1902.

#### In the Sennte.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—In the ab-sence of Frye, president pro tem., Per-kins presided over today's session of the

The bill temporarily to provide revenue for the Philippines, which was passed by the House of Representatives yesterday, was referred to the committee on Philip-pines. A bill to increase the official bond of the United States Marshal of Alaska In certain cases to \$75,000 was introduced by Hoar and passed without reference to the committee. At 12:40 the Senate, on motion of Hale, went into executive

At 1 P. M. the Senate adjourned until

#### DUE TO OVERPRODUCTION.

Statement as to Cause of Slump in Copper.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.-Amalgamated Copper claimed and held interest over all the list in the street today and went through a rapid series of bewildering fluctuations. After the erratic market had closed, the directors of Amalgamated met and voted a dividend of 1 per cent and issued a statement placing the blame for the decline upon the shrinkage in foreign consumption. In this con-traction, it was stated. Amalgamated had been forced to bear the largest less in the effort to maintain prices. The statement placed the falling off in ex-ports at 65,000 tons, and said that during the last month the United Metals Selling Company had sold over 100,000,000 pounds for future delivery. Large blocks of the stock were unloaded as soon as business began on the exchange, and about a haif an hour after the opening the gain of 3 points made yesterday was wiped out. Transactions then became very moderate. Efforts of shorts to cover, assisted by what appeared to be adrolt manipulation, ran it up to 66%, or a par-ity with yesterday's close. The stock backed and filled over a range of a point until well in to the afternoon. Trading became excited in the last hour of business and blocks of from 1000 to 3000 shares changed hands frequently on a rapid rise to 694. An equally rapid reaction followed to 684, changes of a point being made between sales, but the buying soon ollowed to 68%, changes of a point being ande between sales, but the buying soon vercame the declining tendency and it Cures.

DE ARMOND EXPLAINS IT prices bounded up again to 67%. There was another slump just before the close and the last sale was at 65%. The general movement of the stock throughout the day was of an exceptional character and its dominance of the trading was represented in transactions of 222,800 out of a total for all stocks of 476,000 shares.

The meeting of the directorate at which the dividend was declared and the state-ment in behalf of the company made public commenced as the market was closing and was attended by Mr. Rocke-feller, H. H. Rogers, James Stillman, A. P. Flower and William G. Rockefel-ler. No announcement was made for an hour and when a clerk appeared at the office door with an armful of type-written statements, he was instantly the center of attraction. Half the statements were torn as the clerk attempted to distribute them in the crowd of messengers, financial bureau men and reporters. Announcement was made that the dividend was I per cent, compared with 14 declared in September. .The state-

ent given out was as follows: "The conditions prevailing in the copper trade up to the commencement of the present year were very satisfactory and so far as this country is concerned are still so, every copper-wire, brass and electrical manufacturing concern being run to its full capacity. A large proportion, however, of the copper produced in this country has to find a market abroad. The unsatisfactory trade conditions which have existed during the present year in Europe, together with the fact that the supplies of copper to Europe from sources outside this country have increased, however, jointly caused a fall-ing off in exports of about 65,000 tons. This decrease has in some degree been

ompensated for by increased domestic onsumption. "By adopting the policy of maintaining a firm price, a large proportion of the loss arising from the decrease of exports has been borne by the companies whose shares are owned wholly or in part by the Amalgamated Copper Company. This policy has in the past been the best for these companies, as the portion of the copper which has been sold has realized a larger profit than would have been realized had all the copper which has been produced been sold at a much lower price. It has, likewise, prevented fluctu-ations in price, which would tend to denoralize the business of manufacturers

onsuming copper.
"The officials of these various compan ies, after carefully considering the sit-untion in all its phases, decided that it would be better for the interests of the companies thus represented to refrain from forcing on the market more copper than was actually needed, as such action would only have led to abnormally low prices. The selling agents of these companies were, therefore, instructed not to force upon the market more than was actually needed for consumption, but to maintain a firm price. If officials of other copper-producing companies had taken the same view of the situation and maintained a firm price, there is little doubt that the present unsettled condi-tions of the market would have been in

part, if not wholly, obviated.

"During the present month the United Metals Selling Company, the selling agents for the companies in which the Amalgamated Copper Company is interested, has, notwithstanding these conditions, and considerable over 180,000,000. tions, sold considerably over 189,006,000 pounds of copper for future delivery. During the past two years the companies in which the Amalgamated Copper Com-pany is interested have equipped their mines and smelters with the latest improved machinery and most modern lab-or-saving appliances and one of these apanies has built the largest and best This can equipped smelter in existence. This can be put in commission early in the new year, so that from now on these companies can produce copper at a cost that can successfully compete with any copcan successfully compete with any cop-per-producer in the world. The future prosperity of the copper business depends largely upon such a revival in the for-eign trade as will bring the total con-sumption of copper nearer to the pro-duction than is the case at present."

Victim of the Copper War. LONDON, Dec. 19.-Hugh Kekewich, of the firm of Morrison, Kekewich & Co., a leading member of the Metal Exchange, died suddenly this morning. It is said he committed suicide. The belief prevails that Mr. Kekewich recently suffered heavy losses in copper. The Metal Exchange has closed as a mark of sym-

Sensations in the Sallivan Trial. CHICAGO, Dec. 19.-Numerous sensa ions were sprung in Judge Smith's court today when Alex Sullivan, charged with conspiracy, was cross-examined by As-sistant State's Attorney Barnes. Mr. sistant State's Attorney Barnes. sistant State's Attorney Barnes. Mr. Barnes was going back into Sullivan's early history and had made reference to the killing of Francis Hanford, principal of the North Division High School, 24 years ago, by Sullivan. From his chair on the witness stand Sullivan defied the state to let him explain to the jury his motive for the killing. He drew from his pocket a letter which he said was the one from Hanford reflecting on the character of his (Sullivan's) wife and which had, he declared, prompted the which had, he declared, prompted the tragedy. He asked Attorney Barnes If he would be manful enough to let him produce this before the jury that was trying him for conspiracy. Barnes replied that he would if Sullivan would be manly enough to let the state produce the witnesses who saw him murder Hanford. Here Judge Smith interrupted the colloquy and refused to allow such testi-mony to be offered. Further in the examination the attorney drew from Sullivan the testimony that he was acquainted with Dr. Cronin, but that he had not circulated after the murder of Cronin the report that the murdered man was a British spy.

Are as small as homoeopathic pellets, and as easy to take as sugar. Everybody likes them. Carter's Little Liver Pills.

#### REPORTED THE CANAL BILL

HEPBURN'S ARGUMENT IN PAVOR OF THE MEASURE.

Concentrates Authority and Respon sibility for Construction of the Work.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18,-Representative Hepburn, chairman of the House committee on commerce, today made the report of the committee in favor of the Nicaragua Canal bili. After stating the terms of the bill, the report says in part: "The purpose of this bill is to concentrate authority and responsibility for the construction of this great work in the hands of the President. It has been be-Heved by your committee that this course would be a safer one to be pursued in

carrying out the purposes of the bill in-

of Vice-Admiral. As Pearre represents the district from which Admiral Schley comes, and has been an active adherent of the Admiral, the proposition to unite Admirals Sampson and Schley and Captain Clark, of the Oregon, in advancement to the rank of Vice-Admiral is represented as a conclisiony step. A similar garded as a conciliatory step. A similar bill was introduced in the Senate by Pen-

A Trust Amendment.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.-Representa tive Jenkins, of Wisconsin, who proposed a Constitutional amendment to control trusts in the last Congress, today introduced a similar measure providing for a Constitutional amendment providing for Government regulation of trusts and other commercial organizations.

His bill last year was favorably re-ported by the House committee on ju-diciary and received the support of the majority in the House, although the vote was not the necessary two-thirds required on Constitutional amendments.

Presidential Appointments. WASHINGTON, Dec. 19 .- The President

#### OREGON'S RESOURCES.

Just how fully The Oregonian will cover the resources of Oregon in its annual number that will be published on January I next may be appreciated by a reference to the full-page article of A. W. Prescott on hop-culture in this

state that will appear in the New Year's edition Mr. Prescott shows in this article how the yield of hops in Oregon has creased from 1935 bales in 1880 to 00,000 bales in 1901. In 1880 the acreage planted to hope in Oregon was 304. In 1901 17,500 acres in this state were used for growing hops. The State of Washington in 1880 produced 4990 bales of hops. In 1901 the 2000 acres of land in that state planted to hops yielded a total of 28,000 bales. California in 1880 produced 8540 bales of hops. In 1901 50,000 bales of hops were picked from the 7000 acres of land in that state devoted to

It will be noted from the above that Oregon leads all the Pacific Coast States in the production of hops today. Oregon this year produced more than twice the amount of hops grown in the State of Washington, and 16,000 bales of hops in excess of the yield in California.

Mr. Lake, in this article, fully covers the extent of the hop industry in Ore gon, methods of cultivation and picking, and with the aid of the most valuable statistical matter, which he has prepared as the result of much painstaking care, he shows conclusively why Oregon is one of the best fields in the United States for hop culture on a large scale.

The average yield of hops, as shown by Mr. Lake, in New York State, is 800 pounds per acre. The average yield of hops in Oregon per acre is 1200 pounds. The cost of production of hops in New York is 10 cents a pound, while in Oregon this cost approximates 7 cents a pound only

In Oregon a hopyard yields at least a two-thirds crop the first year. In New York no crop is produced until the second year, and a full crop is not expected until the third year. In England the first crop is not harvested until the third season after planting.

In Germany, Herbert Myrick, one of the greatest of the world's authorities on hops, says that it costs from 20 to 30 cents a pound to produce hops. In England, on the authority of the same writer, the cost varies from 12 to 20 cents a pound, and in New York from 8 to 29 cents a pound. The average cost of hop production on English soil approximates 16 cents a pound.

The advantages of Oregon as a hopgrowing state may be fully appreciated after reading the following statistics: In Germany the highest yield of hops per acre is 800 pounds; the lowest yield is 400 pounds; the average yield amounts to 500 pounds. In England the highest yield is 1000 pounds; the lowest yield is 500 pounds; average yield 900 pounds. In New York State the highest yield is 1500 pounds; lowest yield 400 pounds; average yield 800 pounds. In the Pacific Coast States the highest yield is 2000 pounds; lowest yield 600 pounds; average yield

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volving the expenditure of so large a sum of money, all the work and all the expenditure to be made at a distance so far from the Capital, than any other Wilmington, N. C., to be Recorder of far from the Capital, than any other method that could be devised. We have tried to concentrate authority and responsibility, rather than to disperse it among many persons.

The report refers to the "exhaustive report made by the Isthmian Commission, of which Admiral Walker is the head in which every feature of this enterprise is fully and at length discussed," and adds: "No doubt is expressed by the commis

sion as to the practicability of the enter-prise; on the contrary, they join with a score of predecessors in expressing their belief that the work can be carried to a successful termination within the limits of reasonable cost and reasonable time. All of the great political parties are committed to the policy of the cor

of this canal."

The report then quotes the declarations of the various party platforms and Presidents McKinley and Roosevelt favoring the canal. In conclusion, it says:

"In view of the many thousands pages written and spoken in advocacy of the immediate undertaking and completion of this work: in view of the pledges made by the parties that it should be under-taken and completed; in view of the recommendations made by the President of the United States, and in view of the almost universal demand of the American people that Congress should at once do something effective in the inauguration and speedy completion of the isthmian canal, your committee content themselves with this brief report, embodying their earnest recommendation that the bill

#### Nominations Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19 .- The Senate today confirmed the following nominations: H. N. Price, Surveyor-General of Arizona: Receivers of Public Money, E. B. Mathers, Buffalo, Wyo.; Levi R. Davis, Sundance, Wyo; Frederick Miller, Santa Fe, N. M. Register of Land Office, Fred W. Daniels, Buffalo Wyo.

THREE VICE-ADMIRALS.

Bills for the Promotion of Schley, Sampson and Clark. WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.-Representa-

tive Pearre, of Maryland, introduced a bill reviving the grade of Vice-Admiral bill reviving the grade of Vice-Admiral again given a life sentence, but secured a and the United States had commented of the Navy and authorizing the appointment of Admiral W. T. Sampson, W. S. Schley and Charles T. Clark to the grade taken place in February.

Deeds for the District of Columbia, vice Henry P. Cheatham, whose term of office soon expires.

The following nominations were sent to the Senate: James Reynolds, Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico; Norman Hutchinson, of California, secretary of the legation at Santiago de Chile; Wilder S. Metcalf, pension agent at Topeka, Kan. Postmasters: California, Frank Hickman, at Hanford; Eugene Don, at Santa Clara;

Pension for Mrs. McKinley. pension of \$5000 a year to Mrs. McKinley, wife of the late President.

#### Met a Strange Death.

YORK, Dec. 19.-The body of Thomas McCabe, of Hibernia, was found on Middle Mount, N. J., 200 feet beneath the surface of the earth at the bottom of a mine hole. McCabe had been missing for more than a week. John Downs was the last man to see McCabe alive. After going down to the Rockaway the two men started for Hibernia, deciding to go over the top of Middle Mount. Downs says that when about half way over he turned around to speak to McCabe, but could are nothing of him although it. could see nothing of him, although it was bright moonlight. Downs gave the alarm in the village. Sarching parties were or-ganized. Andrew McCabe, teller in a Brooklyn bank and brother of the miss-ing man, was notified. When near the top of Middle Mount he saw a small hole in the earth. It was not is inches across McCabe called for a rope. He was let down 200 feet, when he saw a hand stick-ing up out of the dirt not far away. He dug the dirt away and soon disclosed

End of a Celebrated Case. DENISON, Tex., Dec. 18.-W. R. Gaines, a firemen on the M., K. & T., was killed this morning at Checotah, I. T., in a well-to-do. Gaines was convicted of the murder of Koch and given a life term. A new trial was secured and Gaines was

#### WILL CEASE HIS TESTS

MARCONI WANTS NO TROUBLE WITH CABLE COMPANY NOW.

When He Gets His System in Working Order, However, the Monopolists Will Know of It.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Dec. 12.—Marconi's attorney here has informed counsel for the Anglo-American Telegraph & Cable Company that Marconi will temporari's cease his tests of wireless telegraphy and without admitting the rights of the Angle-American Company, will notify that company prior to resuming the tests. The situation otherwise is unchanged to-

Governor Boyle, of Newfoundland, gave a largely attended luncheon today in honor of Marconi. Among the guests pres-ent were Premier Bond, the Cabinet Min-laters, the heads of departments, Marine Lioyd's Underwriters officials and repre-sentatives of the press. The affair was practically a state function. Replying to

toust to his health, Mr. Marconi said: "If my system of wireless telegraphy can be commercially established between different parts of the earth, the possi-bility of which, I may state, I have not the slightest doubt, it would bring about an immense cheapening of rates as at present existing. The system of sub-marine cables of today fulfills the demands of communication to a great ex-tent. But the great cost of cables themseives and their heavy working expenses cause the existing method to be beyond the reach of a majority of the people inhabiting the various countries of the world. But could this new method be applied, I believe the cost of what we now call the cabling to England might be reduced at least 20-fold. The present rates are 25 cents a word. I don't see why, eventually, with the wireless sys-tem, this cost should not be reduced to I cent a word or less."

Observing that he was half a Britisher by birth, Mr. Marconi continued: "With regard to the British Empire,

the wireless system has a special importance, as facilitating the method of ommunication between the mother coun try and her great colonies beyond the seas, and it cannot but result in still more firmly cementing the bond of unity and a common cause in the interest of civilization of which the empire has, during the anxious times of the last two or three years, given such a splendid example to the world. This colony of Newfoundland is the first in which a message was received by cable from across the ocean, and I am glad to say it has equally been the first to receive a message across this same ocean without a cable. It is my sincere wish that if there is anything useful in my method this country should not be the last nor the least to participate in its benefits.

#### CABLE COMPANY EXPLAINS. The Anglo-American Concern's Re-

lations With Marconi. NEW YORK, Dec. 19 .- Solicitors of the

Anglo-American Telegraph Company have made public the following statement: "There seems to be some misapprehen sion as to the action of our clients, the Anglo-American Telegraph Company (Ltd.), with respect to the experiments in wireless telegraphy recently carried out at St. John's, N. F., by Mr. Marconi. In a letter addressed to Mr. Marconi by the company's legal advisers in Newfoundland, after stating the company's intenion to take the necessary steps to secure a recognition of their rights in the colony,

the letter proceeds:
"'However, they (the company) instruct
us to inform you that they are not averse to giving the most careful consideration to any proposals which may be put for-ward by you with a view to the further entinuance of your work.

"As to the statement said to have been elegraphed from St. John's by Marconi on the 17th inst., to the effect that in conse quence of the threatened legal proceeddiscontinue wireless telegraph tests be WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Senator Han-today introduced a bill granting a the following from a letter from Mr. Marconl, dated the previous day (the 16th) to the company's advisers:

I may mention that prior to the ceipt of your letter I had decided to dis-continue the test and remove the instruments tomorrow.

Marconi Explains It.

ST. JOHN'S N. F., Dec. 19.—Regarding the public statement of the solicitors of the Anglo-American Telegraph Company. Mr. Marconi explains that the letter from the Anglo-American Company to him which is referred to therein was only its which is referred to therein was only its second letter to him, and was written after the substance of its first letter to him had been given to the world from here. He said further that this first letter was such that the outside world was under no misapprehension as to its purport. It was served on him last Monday. It stated that unless the Anglo-American Company received an intimation from him (Marconi) that same day, that he would abandon his work and remove his ap-paratus forthwith, the Angio-American Company would institute legal proceed-ings to restrain him from further work, and would hold him responsible for any damages the Angio-American Company might sustain.

Upon receipt of this letter Mr. Marcon wrote the Anglo-American Company say-ing he did not wish to interfere with its rights, remarking at the same time that wreck, and a celebrated criminal case was ended. Gaines shot Charles Koch, a brother-in-law, to death. Before Koch was killed he and his wife inherited a large sum of money, Gaines being already pany then rejoined with its second letter, which is the one quoted in the statemen in question. This letter was served or Marconi after the press of Great Britain

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THIS WEEK ON OUR ENTIRE LINE OF AMERICA'S RICHEST

# CUT GLASS "CELEBRATE"

This reduction will aid in placing the finest line of cut glass shown in Portland within the reach of every lover of a high-grade ware.

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20 per cent, less than manufacturer's list .=

Our second consignment of Antique Bronzes, Brasses, Carved Ivories, Koras, all of rare beauty and pronounced by compoisseurs to surpass in excellence any ever shown on this Coast. Contrary to the prevailing custom, we do not place arbitrary or excessive prices upon these art gems, but are seeking by moderate profits to make our establishment headquarters for seekers of the rare and beautiful in Oriental Art. These goods are now on sale. NO DUPLICATES.

A delayed shipment of Traveling Sets in seal, stamped leather, with ebony fittings, are displayed today; rich in design, elegant in finish, they supply an ideal gift at a moderate cost.

## WOODARD, CLARKE & CO.

to consider proposals from Marconi for a | tificate for \$10,000 worth of lace stock compromise. This led to the opening of negotiations which are now in progress in London between the Anglo-American and the Marconi Companies. Marconi thinks it strange that the Anglo-American Comcany, in giving to the world what is intended for a fair statement of its position, falls to refer to or explain its first letter, which he says virtually amounted to an attempt to compel him to abandon all scientific research in Newfoundland,

#### Marconi Soon to Marry. INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 19.-Miss Jose-

phine Holman, flancee of Mr. Marconi, said today she had received several tel-egrams from him within the past two days. Miss Holman further admitted that she was about to join him in New York. It is known among her intimate friends that her wedding outfit has been completed. It is believed by some of her friends that the marriage may take place next week in New York.

#### DOWIE BROKE DOWN.

"Elijah the Second" on the Stand in His Own Behalf.

CHICAGO, Dec. 19.-"Dr." John Alex-ander Dowle, the self-proclaimed "Elijah the Restorer," broke down when he went on the witness-stand today in his own behalf, and, between choking sobs, told how his confidence in his brother-in-law and legal opponent, Samuel Stevenson, had been shaken. The portly figure of the aged witness shook spismodically and tears streamed down his face as he related memories of Stevenson's espousal of Dowle's sister, now deceased. Later, as he was cross-examined, his meek and lowly demeanor changed, and he deounced Stevenson, called him an "abominable traveling companion," and said that he was no use in "Zion" and was always blundering. Judge Tuley's court was packed to overflowing with the followers of "Elljah II," who followed minutely the "doctor's" testimony, and who, at the end of the day's session, gathered around him to act as his bodyguard back to "Zion

C. J. Barnard, general manager of Dowle's Zion Bank, told of Stevenson's objection to the manner in which the lace industries were being managed, and how he had asked for \$150,660 to give up his interest in them. During the cross-examination of Barnard, Attorney Reeves drew from him the test many that the cer-

#### CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Gat H. Fletcher.

made out to Mary Ann Stevenson, and which had disappeared, came to light after Mrs. Stevenson's death in Dowle's own safe, Mr. Barnard related that Dowle had said wonders would never cease, and that he was utterly at a loss to find the document among his private

The American Cigar.

#### Ideal For Children.

" As an antiseptic and hygienic mouth wash, especially where there are artificial dentures, and for the care and preservation of the teeth and gums, I cordially recommend Sozobont. I consider it the ideal dentifrice for 25C. children's use," Sample for 3c.

ANTISEPTIC

Bymail; 25 and 75c. HALL& RUCKEL, N. Y. City

#### Tonight

Just before retiring, if your liver is sluggish, out of tune and you feel dull, billous, constipated, take a dose of

#### Hood's Pills

And you'll be all right in the morning.

#### Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills. Perfect Health.

Keep the system in perfect order by the occasional use of Tutt's Liver Pills. They regulate the bowels and produce

A Vigorous Body. For sick headache, malaria, biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases, an absolute cure

TUTT'S Liver PILLS



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Finest Importations.



## THE THRONGS

Which have crowded our store during the past week from early morn till late at night, have furnished eloquent evidence as to the

#### BEAUTY . VARIETY . ELEGANCE

Of our stock. We have never had anything to equal it before. It far surpasses any similar display ever made in the Northwest.

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#### A DAZZLING DISPLAY

Of the most beautiful of the world's creations in DIAMONDS, STERLING SILVERWARE, JEWELRY, CHOICE POTTERY, WATCHES, CUT GLASS, FINE LEATHER GOODS, BRIC-A-BRAC --- UP-TO-DATE----- UNIQUE



Sterling Silver Hair Brushes and Dainty Tollet Articles.





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## SELECT EARLY

We will set aside your selection for you. But FIVE DAYS until Christmas-we shall be greatly rushed during the last days. Call and inspect our stock as early as you can.

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