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CONDITIONS AT PANAMA.

Castro Did Not Meet Any Liberals on It Is Not Believed That Argentine Arriving at Agua Dulce.

COLON, Colombia, Dec. 2.-The normal conditions prevail at Panama. At San Pablo, Buena Vista and other points, skulls and bones of the dead bodier which The government forces under General

astro did not meet any Liberals on ar-ving at Agua Duice. The Liberals are supposed to have retreated to the mountain fasinesses, where Castro will pursue them. In Panama, it is thought probable that General Alban will devote his attention shortly to an effort to recapture the

The usual banana shipments to New York are being resumed.

The British cruiser Icarus has left Pan-bma, bound for Callao. The Austrian man-of-war Szigetvar sailed for Port Li-

Postmaster at New York.

be Postmaster at New York.

NEW NOTE FROM CHILE.

Regards It as Favorable.

NEW YORK, Dec. 9.-The Argentine Government has received a new note from Chile, says the Buenos Ayres correspon-dent of the Herald. Great secrecy is maintained, but the note is evidently not fas orable, because, after its reception, the government called the foreign relations committee of Congress and ordered the mobilization of the first and second naval

Sentry Ran Amuck.

TIEN TSIN, Dec. 10 .- A sentry belonging to an Indian regiment stationed here amuck yesterday, and killed two of his comrades. A company of Punjab infantry was at once ordered out to secure his In the meantime, the sentry had been shot by German troops, who then opened fire on the Punjabs. A free fight ensued as a result of which three German privates were killed, and a German officer mortally wounded, while three of the Indian troops were killed and several were wounded. The German troops have been WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The President today appointed Cornellus Van Cott io confined to their barracks until further

DEAD SET ON TARIFF

Republicans Determined to Tax Philippine Products.

Opposition Will Likely Be Whipped Into Line by an Obstinate Majority-No Doubt About Rati-Acation of Canal Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The Republi-cans are determined to place a tariff up-on Philippine Island products coming into the United States, and there is no possi-bility of changing that sentiment. In fact, it is well known that at the time the Treaty of Paris was ratified there was a thorough understanding among Republicans and certain Democrats who voted with them to ratify the treaty that, in case of ratification, Philippine sugar and Philippine products generally could not come in competition with those of the United States by letting down the tariff

wall.

It is probable that many believed the Supreme Court would never take the position that products coming from a territory acquired could not, under the Constitution, be taxed upon reaching the shores of the United States. There are some Republicans that do not agree with the scales of the Division of the United States. the sceheme to have the Dingley rates maintained, but that seems to be the sim-plest way of bringing about Philippine legislation at the present session, and avoiding difficult questions and contro-versies until another ruling of the Su-preme Court may be had. These Republicans form such a small minority that it is doubtful if they can be successful. It is probable that the same views that were entertained as to Porto Rico will be entertained by Republicans in this Congress, and they will finally be whipped into line by the overwhelming majority of the party that is determined to tax Philippine products. Protection papers in the East and protection papers every-where are insisting upon this, and the question of cheap Filippine work on goods to come in competition with goods made by American workingmen is being raised

Canal Bill Sure to Pass

After more or less debate, the Nicara-gua Canal treaty will be ratified beyond any question. This is the last thing in the way of Nicaraguan Canal legislation. Beyond all question, a canal bill will pass at this session of Congress.

Portland Case in Supreme Court. No decision will be handed down in the ent case of A. N. King against the City of Portland, recently argued by J. M. Long and Martin L. Pipes, of Port-land, before the Supreme Court, until after the holiday recess.

Washington Railroad Prospect. The Chelan Transportation & Smelting Company, of Washington, is endeavoring, with the assistance of Representative Jones, to secure permission to build a rall-road for the transportation of ores from the head of Railroad Creek to a point on Lake Chelan, a distance of 18 miles through the Washington forest reserve. The company, before permission is issued the forests will not in any way be in-

TARIFF BILL FOR PHILIPPINES.

Chairman Payne Submits His Measure to Ways and Means Committee. WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.-Chairman

Payne, of the ways and means committee, presented to his Republican colleagues of the committee, at the meeting today, a tariff bill for the Philippines, which he had drawn to meet the conditions of the recent Supreme Court decision.

The Payne bill is quite brief, with two main features. Applying the Dingley law as against Philippine exports to this coun-try, and applying the Philippine commit-tee's tariff schedule to goods entering the Philippines. A further section grants a rebate of customs tax on goods which have paid an internal revenue tax in this country. There is no proviso in the measure that it shall be temporary, so the rates, if imposed, would be applicable un-til Congress otherwise acted.

As soon as the committee assembled, Payne offered his bill, and it opened an extended discussion on the several fea-tures involved. Russell (Rep. Conn.) and some other Republican members strongly favored a proviso to the bill offered by Payne, by which the tariff rates would be rayne, by which the tariff rates would be scaled down 15 to 20 per cent on goods passing between the United States and the Philippines. This was urged on the ground that Great Britain now had 40 per cent of the trade of the Philippines, and Germany and other European countries held a cer-tain percentage, while the United States had but 8 per cent of the trade. For this reason it was urged by Russell that the United States should have some conces-sions as against foreign countries.

Secretary Root is preparing a bill, which he expects to submit to Congress in a day or two, fixing duties for the Philippines to meet the Supreme Court's decision. The official opinion at the War Department is strongly adverse to the proposition which has been broached by some Republican members of Congress to frame a new tariff schedule for the Philippines.
Secretary Root, accompanied by Colonel Edwards, chief of the Insular Division of the War Department, was with the Re-publican members of the committee throughout the afternoon, going over the Philippines tariff situation. Mr. Root em-phasized the fact that the new tariff of the Philippine Commission had gone into effect only a few weeks ago, on November 15, and he favored a continuance by Con-gress of the rates established by the commission. Representative Russell there-upon determined not to further urge the proposition he had put forward earlier in the day for a 15 per cent preference to American goods. The committee came to no final action, adjourning until tomorrow, when a measure may be agreed upon After the meeting the members stated that the discussions and the hearing of

goods entering the United States from the Philippines. The proposal to grant a re-bate on taxes on goods paying an internal revenue tax is still under discussion. CONF'RMED BY THE SENATE.

be applied against goods entering the Philippines, and the Dingley rates against

" had practically determined that

Two Oregon Men in a Long List of

the Taft tariff rates of November 15 w

Consuls of the United States. WASHINGTON, Dec. 9 .- The Senate today confirmed the following nominations To be Consuls of the United States-O D. J. Hughes, Connecticut, Consul-Gen eral at Coburg; Robert E. Manefield, In-diana, at Valparaiso; F. B. Gessner, Ohio, at Zittau, Saxony; Edward A. Creevein, States Supreme Cour. Connecticut, at Giauchau, Germany; A. cess until January &

B. Garrett, West Virginia, at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico; Charles P. H. Nason, Pennsylvania, at Grenoble, France; Will-lam H. Hunt, New York, at Tamatave, Madagascar; L. A. Martin, West Virginia. at Cludad Porfiro Diaz, Mexico; William B. Sorsby, Mississippi, at Kingston, Ja-maica; C. V. Herdliska, District of Colum-bia, at San Juan del Norte, Nicaragua;

William L. Sewell, Ohio, at Pernambuco, Brazil; E. H. Gunsaulus, Ohio, at To-ronto, Canada; George Sawter, New York, at Antigua, West Indies; Ethelbert Watts, Pennsylvania, at Prague, Austria; Frank PROTECTION PAPERS ACTIVE R. Mowrer, Ohio, at Ghent, Beigium; A. H. Williams, New Hampshire, at Saltillo, Mexico; Richard L. Sprague, Massachu-setts, at Gibraltar, Spain; Pietro Cuneo, Ohio, at Turin, Italy; George W. Colvig, Oregon, at Barranquilla, Colombia; C. K. Bolles, Pennsylvania, at Kiel, Germany; Robert P. Skinner, Ohio (Consul-General), Marseilles, France; Henry B. Miller, Ore-gon, at Niu Chwang, China; George E. Baldwin, Ohio, at Nuremburg, Bavaria; James I. McCallum, District of Columbia,

> Presidential Appointments. WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The President today sent the following nominations to

at St. Gall. Switzerland.

Challenges McLaurin to Resign With Him From Senate.

DRAMATIC SPEECH BY LATTER

He Reviewed the South Carolina Controversy and Wanted to Know if He Was to Be Read Out of the Democratic Party.

FRENCH BARK HENRIETTE.

The diminutive French bark Henriette finished loading her lumber cargo yesterday. She has on board the first cargo of red-

rood lumber ever shipped foreign from Portland. The vessel is such a small carrier that her total curgo is only about 500,000

feet, and of this amount 370,000 feet is redwood. The goes to Queenstown or Falmout's for orders, and was disputched by Balfour, Guthrie & Co. The Henriette came into the river under charter for wheat leading, but on account of the poor condition

Richmond Pearson, North Carolina, at challenged his colleague, McLaurin, to re- equaled in American politics had been

arose to a question of personal privilege today, and proceeded to explain what he

charged was a conspiracy to discredit

him in his own state for facts and views

tain Democratic leaders. He declared he

was being humiliated and, according to public prints, was to be excluded from

the Democratic caucus because he had acted upon certain public issues in a way

which he considered was for the best in-

terests of the country and the people of his state. He announced himself a

believer in the old Democracy, and, after

denouncing the new Democracy leaders, who, he said, had brought destruction

upon the party, declared he could not be driven from his old allegiance into a party with which he did not care to

affiliate. Regarding Federal patronage in

South Carolina, McLaurin said he sought

to have Democrats appointed, and where

this could not be accomplished he tried to have such Republicans selected as

would give satisfaction to the people. He

did not want the crime of burning a Postmaster repeated in his state.

Jones, chairman of the Democratic Na-

tional Committee, denied that he had any "ulterior motives" in not inviting Mc-

Laurin to enter the caucus. Tilknan re-

viewed the whole controversy. Hoar took occasion to express the opinion that it was

very doubtful whether both the South Carolina seats in the Senate were not in

reality vacant. He contended that when

the resignations were offered last Spring to the Governor, they could not be with-

drawn thereafter, having become im-

The Climax.

The climax came when Tillman chal-

lenged McLaurin to join with him in pre-

paring their joint resignation and hand-

ing it to the presiding officer of the Sen-

ate. This challenge McLaurin did not ac-

cept, and the episode was brought to an

abrupt close by Lodge moving an execu-

McLaurin, in bringing the matter up,

"I arise to a question of personal privi-

lege in connection with the publication of the statement that I have been excluded from participation in the Democratic

party caucus." With evidence of consider.

able emotion, he proceded to explain that if such was the case, and if he were to be

without assignment upon committees, the rights of his state, which he in part rep-resented in the Senate, would suffer. The

nly notice he had ever had, he said, that e was to be excluded from the Demo-

cratic caucus came last Spring, before the

adjournment of the Senate, when the

Committee, in the cloakroom, asked him

why he no longer attended the Democratic caucuses. He had replied that in view of

his opinion on the questions growing out

of the Spanish War he thought his pres-ence might be embarrassing. The Demo-

"Then, perhaps, it would be less embar-rassing to you not to be invited to the

McLaurin said he had replied: "Cer-

This incident, McLaurin declared, was

the cuimination of a long series of events in a contest waged by an element of the

Democratic party against him.

The entire Senate by this time had become interested. Several Republicans

crossed the political aisle to the Demo-

Continuing, McLaurin said he could be

cratic side, to listen better to what Mc-Laurin had to say.

eratic chairman had replied:

mediately operative.

tive session

of her decks she could not meet the requirements of the surveyors, and was obliged to take jumber.

Genca; Henry D. Saylor, Pennsylvania, at Dawson City, Yukon Territory, Canada.

Treasury—To be Collectors of Customs: Levi M. Wilcuts, District of Duluth, be able to "wash their dirty linen at Now the

Minn.; William H. Devos, district of Mil-waukee, Wis.; Louis T. Weiss, commis-

sioner of immigration at Baitimore; Washington Haverstick, of Wisconsin, general inspector Treasury Department.

Navy-Medical Director William K.

VanReypen to be Surgeon-General and Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Sur-

gery; Captain Royal B. Bradford, United States Navy, Chief of the Bureau of Equipment, with rank of Rear-Admiral;

Captain Charles O'Neil, United States Navy, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance,

Artillery-First Lieutenant George M.

Navy-Commander Augustus G. Kellogg, retired, to be transferred from the fur-

War-To be chaplain, George C. Stull,

Had be not been reappointed today, Ad-

miral Van Reypen would have retired within a year in the grade of Captain. On

December 28 next, however, he will have served 40 years in the Army and Navy, and so may retire as an Admiral. He

nance and Equipment, respectively, fol-lowing the custom in such cases.

REJECTED BY COMMITTEE.

tmendment of Chile to Proposal for

a Pan-American Bank.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 9 .- At the session

of the International Conference today, the first article of the proposed conven-

tion with respect to the exercise of lib-

eral professions was taken up for dis-cussion. Volney W. Foster, of the United

States delegation, offered a resolution to the effect that, inasmuch as the colleges and universities of the United States are

now under the patronage of the National Government, and in that respect differ from the status of other Latin-Americans,

the delegates would earnestly recommend

that they should respect and recognize

the diplomas of learned professions of the

at the same time urge the Latin-Amer-

ican republics to empower the proper au-thorities for the appointment of special commissioners to consider and decide up-

on professional credentials presented by American citizens with a view to obtain-

ing license to practice. The resolution

vas referred to a committee. The proposal for a Pan-American bank

was taken up, and the report from the committee was read, rejecting the amend-ment of Chile, which was that the nations

interested give the bank an annual sub-

sidy of \$100,000 in gold for five years.

Augusto Matte, of Chile, then presented another amendment as follows: "That

the character in question, and said bank

be aided by all the republics of America

in every form compatible with their in-ternal legislation, either by way of an-

nual subsidies, for a limited period, or of exemption from taxation, or in any other

In supporting this amendment, Mr. Matte said that if the proposed Pan-American Railway was to be subsidized,

he could see no reason why the Pan-American Bank should not be also sub-

The vote on the report of the committee

was defered, and the session then closed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. & - The United

States Supreme Court today took a re-

Supreme Court Takes a Recess

manner considered expedient."

there be established in New York, some other important center, a bank

several states of the United States

will then be succeeded by Dr. Rivey. Admirals O'Neill and Bradford were re-appointed chiefs of the Bureau of Ord-

with rank of Rear-Admiral

lough to the retired pay list,

Apple, at large.

silent, did he not fear that the movemen tionalism. For many years the people of the South had realized that they had not obtained their fair share of the Na-tional benefits. McLaurin recalled the fact although Samuel J. Randali had advocated a protective tariff he had been voted for in a Democratic National con-vention for President. Hancock, although he declared the tariff was a local issue, had been nominated for President, and David B. Hill, although he opposed the bavid B. Hill, although he opposed the income tax, had not been read out of the Democratic party. The holding of such views by Northern men, no matter how diverse, did not endanger the prestige of certain leaders, and consequently they were immune from attack. But when a Southern man, said McLaurin, tried to get the benefit of the tariff for his people, those whose political career might be ended by the success of his efforts were ready to crush and humiliate him. He had contended that if the tariff were robbery, his section should share in the booty. Upon the issue of that speech he had later gone into a campaign in South Carolina, and, although his Democracy had been attacked upon the stump, the

washington. Dec. 2.—The Senate people of his state had indorsed him. He chamber was the scene of a highly declared that during that campaign calumny. State—Consule of the United States: people of his state had indorsed him. He declared that during that campaign calum-

Principal Charge Against Him.

repetition of the horrible affair at Lake

he felt that he was compelled to support the Administration that conducted it. He

still thought that the conduct of the war

should have been nonpartisan, and during its progress he had never heard from

President McKinley's lips a word con-

cerning party advantage.

While without official knowledge of the

charges brought against him by his Dem-

its effort to restore order in the Philip

pines, and to that end had voted for an increase in the standing Army, and that

he was in favor of the upbuilding of

No Whipping Into Line,

He said he had not wished to vote against his party upon the question of

ratifying the peace treaty, and had it not been for the reopening of hostilities in the Philippines, he would have deferred

he declared, "the dictates of reason and

conscience should not be stifled by the

With bitter words, McLaurin then pro-ceeded to exceriate the new leaders of

the Democratic party, who had, he said, guided the party to its destruction during the last six years, and were trying to

crucify those who would seek to draw

the Democratic party back to its old al-legiance. He still proposed, he said, to vote in his judgment for what he be-

lieved to be along the lines of Democratic principles, but he did not propose to place

himself against a proposition which he believed to be for the best interests of

the people simply because it was advo-

cated by Republicans. In conclusion, Mc-Laurin said he did not propose to be drawn from his own party nor to be

forced into affiliation with the party with

which he did not care to ally himself, and

Jones Takes the Floor.

When McLaurin took his seat. Jones of

Arkansas took the floor. Some of the statements made by McLaurin Jones con-

sidered a reflection upon himself, and he

cerning the incident to which McLaurin-

had referred. At the extra session of Congress last Spring, he had been asked

by the caucus officer for the list of Sen-

ators who were to be summoned to a caucus, and McLaurin's name being men-

tioned, he (Jones) had said that he him

self would see the Senator from South Carolina. "I met him in the cloakroom,"

said Jones, "and, recalling the fact that

he had not attended a Democratic cau-

conscience and best judgment.

said he desired to offer a statem

to the opinion of his colleagues.

party lash."

he American merchant marine.
"If these are the only charges," said

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••

IN MAIN CONVENTION HALL.

Resolution to Boycott Machine-Made Cignes Was Defented.

SCRANTON, Pa., Dec. 9.-The conference of the American Federation of Labor was in acreion only two hours today, ad-journment being taken until tomorrow morning, in order to enable the several committees to consider the large number of resolutions still in their hands.

There was a lively discussion on the foor over the question of boycotting ma-

Petitioning Congress to amend the marine laws so that every seaman shall have the right to quit any merchant versel on which the service has become co-Now the principal charge against him noxious to him; also to prohibit towing in was that during the McKinley Adminis-

gauntiet. The incident today was the di-rect sequel of the very bitter controversy, age," and that he had renewed his for-which arose between the Senators in mer contract with President Roosevelt. lowing resolutions, which were adopted: That the federation refuse to recognize South Carolina last Spring. Mr. McLaurin Entertaining the high personal regard arose to a question of personal privilege that he did for both the late President labels gotten up by rival unions of the Tobaccoworkers' International Union; re-indorsing the blue label of the Tebaccoand his successor, McLaurin said it would be unnecessary for him to say that neither would stoop to so ignoble an act. workers' Union; that the federation draw up a form of obligation that will instruct which did not meet the approval of cer- It was true than an unfortunate condition all new members to demand the union label wherever they purchase manufacthat he had recommended good men for the International Union of Journeymen office because he did not degre to see a Horseshoers, and indorsing the label of the Actors' National Protective Union. ville, when a negro postmaster had been Some business of a purely routine nature burned to death. He had voted for the same spirit in which he had cast that vote

> Well-Known Kansas Politician. PITTSBURG, Kan., Dec. 9.—John Ran-olph, aged 44 years, one of the most ocratic colleagues, from the newspapers he understood that the principal charges rominent attorneys and politicians in this were that he had not opposed the ratifi-cation of the treaty of peace with Spain; that he had upheld the Administration in died here today. He was once a well-known educator.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY'S NEWS. Congress.

illman challenged McLaurin to resign with him from the Senate. Page 1. epublicans are determined to have a tariff on Philippine products. Page 1. Frye introduced the new ship subsidy bill.

able to agree on question of exclusion of Japanese. Page 1.

McKinley Memorial Association changes itz plan of work. Page 2. Treaty signed giving United States perpetual control of route for the Nicaragua Canut.

arnegie's letter offering to give the United States \$10,000,000 for a great university will be sent to Congress. Page 3.

Beer concentration camps. Page 3. De Witte's interpretation of new German tariff bill creates a stir in Germany. Page 3.

McEachern and Walthour are in the lead in the stx-day bieyele race. Page 3. Pacific Const.

our-masted ship in breakers 12 miles north of Gray's Harbor. Page 4. Freight trains collided at Salem. Page 4.

Mrs. Jane L. Stanford has executed de grant and gift in favor of Stanford Univerthat on great public questions he would act according to the dictates of his own

Oregon Supreme Court has rendered five opintons. Page 5. Suit to recover amount of G. W. Davis' defaication begun in the Circuit Court at Salem,

Commercial and Marine. Bulls and bears alternate in keeping Wall street excited. Page II.

Portland exporters have made heavy purchases of wheat. Page 5. French bark Asie and two German vessels ar-rive at Astoria. Page 5.

Food and Dairy Commissioner has split up with Deputy Carlson. Page 8. Federal officers receive Government order to

keep out of politics. Page 12. Trial of Murderer Dalton begins in State Circuit Court. Page 10.

rench ship Belen sails without her captain

NO ACREEMENT YET

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Labor Delegates Still Discuss Exclusion of "Japs."

RED-HOT COMMITTEE MEETING

Morgan of Portland Is the Lender in the Fight to Keep the Little Brown Men Out-Resolutions Adopted by Convention.

SCRANTON, Pa., Dec, 9.-The special ommittee of the Federation of Labor convention on the Chinese question, with line members present, held another meeting this afternoon. It was a fire and volcano upheaval from start to finish. On the matter of re-enacting the law excluding Chinese we were all agreed, but upon and other native Asiatic, also, red-hot war at once broke out. The battle raged throughout the remainder of the session, The report of the committee may be finished and go before the convention some time tomorrow, but more probably a day J. T. MORGAN.

chine-made cigars. It is the same question that the Clgarmakers' International Union has brought up at previous conventions of the federation, and the union has always been defeated in its light against the introduction of machinery is the cigar trade. The matter came up in the form of a resolution, in which a cer-tain company was denounced for making elgars by enild labor and machine, and which called upon the federation to assist in unionizing the various plants of the company. The committee reported the resolution back with the recommendation that the word "machinery" be stricken out and the resolution adopted. The ci-garmakers insisted that the term "ma-chinery" should not be eliminated, and argued that cigars made by machinery are not as good as those made by hand, and that the machine would drive hand cigarmakers out of the business. The speakers in opposition to the cigarmakers roposition argued that to oppose machinery would be folly and the union could not successfully fight the law of progress. The resolution, with the word "machinery" stricken out, was finally adopted as recommended. The following utions were also adopted:

Pledging the Journeymen Tailors' Union its contest for free shops.

'The committee on labor reported the for was disposed of. Before the adjournment President Gom-

ers announced the appointment of W. D. Malone, of the Amalgamated Street-Car Raliway Employes, and President John D. Mitchell, of the United Mineworkers, as a committee to take charge of the street-car strike in this city.

he, dramatically, "they are true, and I glory in them." General. Special committee of labor convention #till un-

Foreign. England will improve sanitary condition of

Champion Pugilist Jeffries spends a day it

Eastern wheat markets are still making new records, Page 11.

Portland and Vicinity.

cus for more than two years, I asked what his status was. He replied that his

relations with the party were such that