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No. 73 and 75 First Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

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Redeems the Plainest Face

Produces a clear, healthy complexion by supplementing the natural functions and invigorating the facial tissues. Ask your friends about it.

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Wholesale and Importing Druggists.



Shaw's Pure Malt

America's ORIGINAL Malt WHISKY
Without a Rival Today

Blumauer & Hoch, 105 and 110 Fourth Street
Sole Distributors for Oregon

Heating Apparatus

Is what you need at this season of the year. "Perfect" warm-air furnaces, with any sort of registers, whether black, nickel, brass, copper, silver or gold-plated. Steam and hot-water heaters can be had in any quantity from

W. G. McPHERSON
Heating and Ventilating Engineer, 47 FIRST ST., PORTLAND, OR.

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Fifth and Washington Streets PORTLAND, OREGON

EUROPEAN PLAN

First-Class Check Restaurant
Connected With Hotel.

Rooms—Single..... 75c to \$1.50 per day
Rooms—Double..... \$1.00 to \$2.00 per day
Rooms—Family..... \$1.50 to \$3.00 per day

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CO. (INCORPORATED).

FRONT AND MORRISON STREETS
PORTLAND, OREGON

American and European Plan.

American Plan..... \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75
European Plan..... 60c, 75c, \$1.00



CHAFING DISHES

Our Stock is now Complete.

Twenty Styles. Nickel Plated with Wrought Iron or Nickel Plated Stands.

Also a complete line of FIVE O'CLOCK TEAS.

Mail Orders receive prompt and careful attention.

PRAEL, HEGELE & CO. IMPORTERS CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, LAMPS, CUTLERY, PLATED WARE, HIGH CUT GLASS AND FINE CHINA.
100-106 FIFTH STREET, corner Stark.

FALL and WINTER CARRIAGES

BUILT ESPECIALLY FOR STORMY WEATHER.

STATION WAGONS ROCKAWAYS
BROUGHAMS LANDAUS

A FULL LINE OF DOCTORS' BUGGIES.

CARRIAGES WAGONS, HARNESS ROBES, WHIPS

STUDEBAKER,
320-338 EAST MORRISON ST.

UNCLAINED TAILOR-MADE SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

AT LESS THAN THE COST OF MAKING.

THE FARNSWORTH-HERALD TAILORING CO.
248 WASHINGTON STREET.

WHY IT IS

Because the Pianola will help the pianist without interfering with his control of expression, it has won the hearty enthusiasm and indorsement of the world's greatest musicians, and

It is used by
Ignace J. Paderewski
Moriz Rosenthal
Ernest von Dohnanyi
Mme. Fanny Bloomfield Zeisler

Jean de Reszke
Harold Bauer
Josef Hofmann
Emil Saenger

Mme. Emma Calve
Mme. Galski
and others

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

M. R. WELLS, Sole Northwest Agent, Aeolian Hall, 353-355 Washington St.

The Wyoming Range Deal.
RAWLINS, Wyo., Dec. 6.—The sheep men of this section are in a fair way to realize their hopes in the matter of leasing a large tract of railroad land in the Red Desert country. Additional details relative to the proposed combination have been given out by those interested. It is proposed to lease 480,000 acres at an annual rental of one cent per acre, and it is understood that the railroad company will accept this proposition. Each sheep man will be assessed at the rate of \$30 per year for every 2000 head of sheep ranged on the tract.

Decision in Herlitz Case.
NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—The appellate division of the Supreme Court handed down a decision today in the case of Police Captain Herlitz. The case came before the court on appeal from a judgment allowing a demurrer to an indictment charging willful neglect of duty in permitting the existence of disorderly houses in the Captain's precinct. This demurrer the appellate division overruled. The opinion is to the effect that a house of ill-fame is a common nuisance, whose maintenance it is the duty of a police officer to prevent.

CHINESE EXCLUSION

Question Taken Up by Federation of Labor Convention.

JOHN T. MORGAN ON COMMITTEE

Deputy Commissioner Edward F. McSweeney, of New York, Spoke on the Subject of Restricting Undesirable Immigration.

SCRANTON, Pa., Dec. 6.—The labor convention disposed of much routine business today. Two sessions were held. The afternoon meeting was adjourned an hour earlier in order that the committee which were announced by President Gompers could organize and take up the work that has been laid out for them. The overshadowing feature of the day was the able address of Edward F. McSweeney, Deputy Commissioner of Immigration. He spoke for more than an hour, and was generously applauded for the great amount of information that he gave the delegates. During the course of the two sessions, 88 resolutions were presented and referred to committees. They cover nearly every variety of subjects that affect workers. One of them, a denunciation of Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese Minister, for an alleged derogatory remark against the American people, and another conveyed the "sincere and hearty thanks" of the Federation of Labor to President Roosevelt for the position he took in his message to Congress on the question of Chinese exclusion. The committee on credentials made an over report on contest of seats at the afternoon session, and its recommendations were accepted, except in one instance.

The first hour of the second day's session was taken up by the calling of the roll and the reception of resolutions which were not read, but were sent to appropriate committees. One of the most important contests over seats was brought by Francis Dispanaga, of the Mosaic Workers' Union, against the seating of D. S. Wood, president of the Ceramic, Glass and Enameling Workers' International Union. Dispanaga's fight against President Wood is not personal, but one over the question of jurisdiction. Max Hayes, of Cleveland, introduced a resolution providing for the admission of minors under 18 years of age into unions at a reduced per capita tax.

Delegate Deltrich, of Washington, D. C., presented a resolution protesting against subsidy legislation by Congress, and another resolution called for the appointment of a committee to draft a memorial to Congress to prohibit the granting of injunctions by courts against organized labor.

Other resolutions provide for boycotts against concerns located in various parts of the country. The spirit of the day, he said, is being violated by the whole sale. He recalled the railroad wreck in Michigan last week in which a large number of immigrants were killed, and asserted that these immigrants should not be allowed to work in California, to which state they were en route when their lives were crushed out.

Speaking of the Chinese exclusion act, Mr. McSweeney said the Japanese should also be excluded from the United States, because they are more undesirable than the Chinese. In conclusion he said that the immigration laws should be revised and reconstructed from the beginning by experts. All the pending legislation before Congress to remedy the present evils will only make more confusion. Labor contractors, he said, are each year perfecting their method for the bringing of alien classes to this country and the Bureau of Immigration is not being extended.

At the conclusion of McSweeney's address recess was taken until 2 P. M.

Among the more important resolutions passed at the afternoon session, were these: Denouncing Wu Ting Fang for having made the alleged remark that when the American people "are biased" they are beyond argument and reason; does not appeal to them; asking working men to unite for independent political action in a party having for its avowed object the overthrow of the capitalist system of production and distribution; and establishment of a co-operative commonwealth; asking Congress to amend the Geary act so as to exclude Chinese, Japanese, Malays and all people of Asia; the extraction, and to prevent the use of the American Pacific Islands as a bridge over which excluded races may pass to the United States; denouncing anti-scalp legislation, because the pretext brokerage business is legitimate, a convenience to the public and a means of cheapening such travel; asking Congress for the franchise of 100,000 acres of land in the District of Columbia, providing for a general defense fund by laying a tax of 2 cents per month on every man in the Federation of Labor; amending the alien contract labor law so as to include musicians.

After President Gompers had announced the committees, the convention adjourned until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Committee on Chinese Question.

SCRANTON, Pa., Dec. 6.—The great labor convention now in session here is fully organized. A special committee of it was appointed this afternoon on the Chinese question, and I was made one of its members. To them will be referred all resolutions on that subject. These are already considerable in number, and among them is a carefully premeditated set of resolutions and resolutions drafted by myself.

JOHN T. MORGAN.

EPISCOPALIAN CONFERENCE.

The Negro Question Was Taken Up Yesterday Afternoon.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 6.—The third day's session of the Episcopal missionary conference opened with holy communion in the churches. This was followed by a conference on recognized agencies in St. Luke's Church. The Right Rev. George W. Peterkin gave an interesting address on "The Clergy" and was followed by John W. Wood on "The Laity." Rev. Dr. H. L. Dunning spoke on the subject of "The Children."

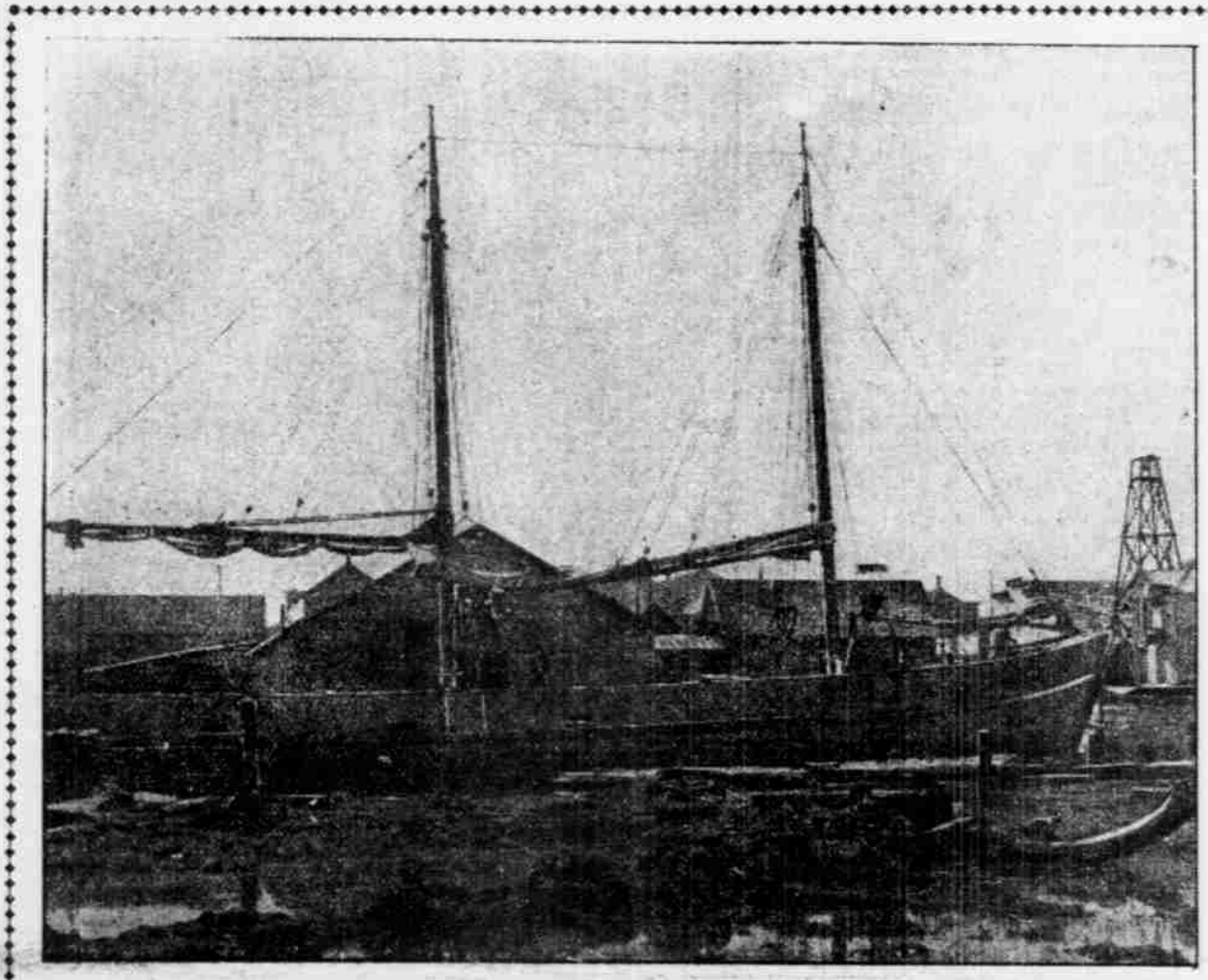
This afternoon the subject, "What We Are Doing for the Negro," was treated by Bishop C. Kinkaid Nelson, of Georgia. He made a strong appeal for the education of the colored race along industrial lines. He declared emphatically that there is no decent, capable negro in the

South today who need be without work for 12 hours. Continuing he said: "The Southern people as a class have no sympathy with the outrages that are perpetrated. The best of them are opposed to the disregard for law and order that is sometimes manifested, and I wish to warn you against believing all you read about the enormities that are chronicled. Too often these are the products of the imagination of newspapers and have no foundation in facts."

PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS.

Voted in Favor of an International Diploma Treaty.

CITY OF MEXICO, Dec. 6.—The session today of the Pan-American conference was taken up with a discussion of Chile's proposition regarding the practice of the learned professions, chiefly whether, even if accepted, the convention would be of any practical value. These doubts were strengthened by the explanations of C. M. Pepper, of the United States delegation, to the effect that in his country this matter came under state legislation, over which the Federal authorities had no control. Gil Fortout, of Venezuela, asked Mr. Pepper whether a professional diploma issued in one of the states of the United States was recognized in the other.



THE BARGE C. H. WHEELER WHICH WENT ASHORE NEAR YAQUINA BAY, OR., WEDNESDAY.

ers. Mr. Pepper replied that each state made its own terms, and that there was no obligation on the part of any of them to accept of diplomas issued in another. Gil Fortout said that that was really very serious, and he did not see the use of going any further. The question was whether the delegations were in favor of the proposed convention in a general way. This being put to a vote, the convention generally held a meeting tonight, which terminated at midnight. The neutrality clause was remodeled so as to eliminate all mention of the words "neutrality" or "neutral," and the clause made to provide merely that through traffic, if merely in transit through the territory of one of the contracting nations, and destined for another of said nations, shall under all circumstances pass through unimpeded and untaxed. The clauses which have aroused opposition were also satisfactorily arranged. It was decided with respect to clause 19 that the other nations associate themselves with the United States in obtaining necessary information as to the prospects and inducements for the realization of the project, and with respect to clause 12 that the whole committee appointed by the conference should continue in existence, and that the president of the conference should appoint persons resident in the United States to associate themselves with the committee in its work on behalf of the proposed international line.

John Barrett presented a letter from E. C. Goodwin, director of the Pacific Commercial Museum, of San Francisco, asking that the branch of the projected Pan-American Bank be established at San Francisco, which would enlarge trade relations of the entire Pacific Coast with South America. The letter was referred to the Pan-American Bank committee.

The unsatisfactory progress of the work of the conference is occupying the attention of those interested in its success, and accordingly this afternoon the members of the United States delegation held a meeting at the residence of President Roosevelt to discuss with him in general what means should be taken for expediting business. Various plans were talked over, but nothing definite was done. The committee on the Pan-American Railroad held a meeting tonight, which terminated at midnight. The neutrality clause was remodeled so as to eliminate all mention of the words "neutrality" or "neutral," and the clause made to provide merely that through traffic, if merely in transit through the territory of one of the contracting nations, and destined for another of said nations, shall under all circumstances pass through unimpeded and untaxed. The clauses which have aroused opposition were also satisfactorily arranged. It was decided with respect to clause 19 that the other nations associate themselves with the United States in obtaining necessary information as to the prospects and inducements for the realization of the project, and with respect to clause 12 that the whole committee appointed by the conference should continue in existence, and that the president of the conference should appoint persons resident in the United States to associate themselves with the committee in its work on behalf of the proposed international line.

ALABAMA RACE WAR.

Troops Called Out to Protect Negro Rioters.

ANDALUSIA, Ala., Dec. 6.—The Governor sent troops tonight to aid Sheriff Bradshaw in protecting the negro rioters now in jail here, and the town is under martial law. The Sheriff is fearing an attack at any moment by a mob from Opp, and is prepared to protect his prisoners at all hazards. Three negroes, names unknown, were caught and killed by a posse of citizens near Opp today for alleged implication in the riot, and the whole country is in arms against the negroes.

Up to a late hour tonight the mob had not made an appearance. The troops are on guard, and knowledge of this fact may prevent an attack.

News has just been received here that yesterday morning a negro committed suicide near Opp. He was being pursued by a posse with bloodhounds, and, seeing that escape was impossible, the black shot himself.

Burns Again on the Stand.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Dec. 6.—James F. Burns, the defendant in the suit for \$100,000 of stock in the Portland Mining Company, which has occupied Judge Green's court for several weeks, was on the stand all day today. His testimony was a recital of the transactions involved in the controversy between himself and Doyle in this suit.

KILLED BY A PRINCE

Wilhelmina's Husband Is in a Bad Scrape.

THE FATAL ENDING OF A DUEL

Death of Major Van Tets, the Aide-de-Camp, Who Was Wounded in the Queen's Defense by the Prince Consort.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—A dispatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says that Major Van Tets died Thursday evening. Major Van Tets was wounded in defense

of Queen Wilhelmina by Prince Henry, or, as all Dutchmen now contemptuously call him, "The German." Van Tets was one of the 19 noble youths who formed the bodyguard of the smiling young Queen when she was married in February, and who have been since at their royal mistress' beck and call on every occasion. They pride themselves in their servitude, and in this matter-of-fact 20th century their chivalrous devotion to Queen Wilhelmina is a pretty thing to see. It is whispered that every man of the 19 handsome youths who surround Her Majesty's carriage when she drives abroad, skate with her when she skates, ride with her when she rides and dance attendance on her generally, has been at one time or another head over ears in love with the dainty little lady in whom Holland's hopes are centered.

Official contradictions notwithstanding, nobody at The Hague doubts for a moment that the Queen and her consort have been at loggerheads practically ever since the wedding. Prince Henry is an unpleasant person. He eats too much, drinks too freely, and hunting occupies him far more than his wife, and Wilhelmina on her side is not a woman to allow herself to be neglected with impunity. It is said that she stanch Van Tets' wound with her hands and insisted on her husband begging the pardon of the lookers on as well as of herself before she would forgive him. All the romance of the marriage of Wilhelmina and the man she herself chose has disappeared.

TURKEY IN MORE TROUBLE.

Customs Guard Shot an Austrian Vice-Consul.

VIENNA, Dec. 6.—A dispatch to Nieu Prie Press from Constantinople says the new Austro-Hungarian Vice-Consul at Smyrna, Herr Haler, was fired at and wounded November 29, by a customs guard attached to the tobacco excise administration.

Turkish Garrison Mutinied.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—The Constantinople correspondent of the London Times and New York Times says the garrison at Mecca, which has not been paid for a long time, has mutinied. As a result money to pay the troops there was sent from Constantinople on Wednesday. Hundreds of Turkish women pensioners gathered on Wednesday in the precincts of the Porte weeping, shrieking and demanding their pay. The Grand Vizier dispersed them by telling them they would forfeit their pensions if they did not cease their clamor.

Missionary advices bring news that Harpoot is tranquil, but the adjoining villages of Erzurum, Durehish and Bitlis have been ravaged by Kurds, against whom the authorities are powerless.

Turkish Soldiers Killed.

BOMBAY, Dec. 6.—Forty Turkish soldiers have been killed near Lohela, in Yemen, Arabia, in a conflict with tribesmen who had rebelled on account of excessive taxation.

SPENCER EDDY'S AGENTS.

Reports Miss Stone and Mme. Telika Are Alive and Well.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Secretary Hay received a cablegram today from Mr. Eddy, care of affairs at Constantinople, dated Pera, near Constantinople, Decem-

ber 5, saying that he had just learned from Salonica that the agent whom he had sent out has returned and reports both Miss Stone and Mme. Telika alive and well.

May Be Surrendered Soon.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Sofia says that the surrender at Salonica of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, and her companion, Mme. Telika, is impending.

REVISING THE CREED.

Progress of the Presbyterian Committee Sitting at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The Presbyterian committee on the revision of the creed occupied most of its session today with a discussion of the Divine purpose, which will be incorporated as one of the articles of the brief doctrinal statement. There was considerable difference of opinion as to the expression of this portion of the creed, but it was explained that the divergence of views was as to the phraseology, and not as to the conception of the Divine purpose. Other features of the statement considered today related to the doctrine of God and to the doctrine of the Divine revelation. No final conclusions

Senator Mitchell Introduced Two Lighthouse Bills—Geological Survey in Alaska—Removal of Jesse Carr's Fences.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Chairman Foss, of the House Naval committee, who visited the Pacific Coast last summer, has assured Representative Jones that he would like to see a second dock constructed at the Puget Sound Navy-yard, in order that more repair work could be undertaken at that point. While Mr. Foss doubts the possibility of securing the authorization of a second dock at this session, he will use his best efforts toward building up the Puget Sound yard and increasing its general efficiency. In the hope that a second dock may ultimately be authorized.

Alaska Geological Survey.
Representative Jones has urged the Geological Survey heretofore to spend more money in investigating Alaska. He will endeavor to secure an appropriation of \$100,000 in the urgent deficiency bill, for immediately enlarging the scope of the work.

White Pass Road Wants Contracts.
Representative Cushman today called at the War and Postoffice Departments to present General Manager Newell, of the White Pass & Yukon Railroad of Alaska. Mr. Newell is here to secure Government recognition for his road in the matter of transportation of troops, supplies and mails.

The Treasury Department has issued warrants, aggregating \$25,000, being the proceeds from a sale of land belonging to the Puyallup Indians.

Lighthouse Bills.
Senator Mitchell has introduced a bill for the construction of additional quarters for three keepers at Yaquina Headlight station and a bill for the construction of a light station at Cape Blanco, Or.

Removal of Carr's Fences.
Representative Tongue today called at the Department of Justice to urge speedy action looking to the removal of fences erected on the public lands of Southern Oregon by the Jesse Carr Livestock Company. He was assured that the United States Marshal was now on the field with a force, carrying out the instructions of the department.

Secretary Dunbar at Washington.
Secretary of State I. N. Dunbar and wife, of Oregon, called on the members of the Oregon delegation today. They will visit the Charleston Exposition next week, before returning home. Mr. Dunbar's visit to Washington is purely of a personal character.

DENIED BY DEWEY.

The Statement That Schley Has Been Found Guilty on Five Counts.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The World this (Saturday) morning publishes a dispatch from Washington saying that Admiral Dewey has denied the statement published yesterday that the Schley court of inquiry has reached a decision in the case, and that Admiral Schley has been found guilty on five counts.

GERMAN TARIFF DEBATE.

America and American Markets Again Referred To.

BERLIN, Dec. 6.—The United States was again fully referred to during the tariff debate in the Reichstag today. Herr Speck (Centrist) said: "We are asked, What shall Germany do without American cotton? I ask, What will the United States do with its cotton? Without an American market we have no more interest in American friendship than America has in ours. I am far removed from declaring a tariff war with the United States, but we must preserve our self-respect. We do not need foreign countries. Who shall stand the damages if no commercial treaties are made with the United States? Clearly the United States.

Heil Zee Herrnhell, National Liberal, also devoted a paragraph to the United States. He said: "The history of our differences with the United States is one chain of humiliations."

The budget bill was submitted to the Reichstag today. The estimates for revenues and expenditures balance at 2,309,742,466 marks. Count von Rulow, the Imperial Chancellor, is authorized to borrow 12,683,945 marks for the meeting of various of nonrecurring and extraordinary expenditures. The revenue side of the account includes a supplementary loan of 25,000,000 marks. An accompanying explanatory statement notes a considerable deficit and says that owing to the financial position of the individual states of the empire, it is supposed to have recourse to matricular contributions to cover the 58,900,000 marks required. Therefore, it is deemed advisable to provide only 24,000,000 marks by an increase of the matricular contributions and furnish the remainder out of the above-named loan.

PRICE OF LEAD.

Satisfactory Agreement Reached at the New York Conference.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—The miners of lead and representatives of the American Smelting & Refining Company, who have been holding conferences in this city for the past two weeks to consider the question of production and price of lead for the coming year, have reached a satisfactory agreement as to price at 3 1/2 cents a pound, a reduction of 1/2 cent, and to produce only such an amount as is necessary to meet the demand for consumption. This does not necessarily mean that there will be a reduction in the present output of lead, as the situation at present is such that the consumption about equals the output. Should the demand lessen, however, the miners will at once reduce their output proportionately.

Train Wrecked at Station.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 6.—A large part of the handsome railway station here was wrecked this morning by the Orient express, the air brakes of which failed to work. The train dashed into the station at full speed, jumped the platform, and came to a standstill in the middle of the waiting-room. A few of the passengers were badly bruised. The people about the station and in the waiting-room had remarkable escapes.

ANOTHER DRYDOCK

Chairman Foss Wants a Second One at Puget Sound.

TO INCREASE REPAIR WORK

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