PROPOSES A HEAD TAX ON ALL CHINESE.

This Method of Raising Money for the Indemnity Is Likely to Meet With Great Opposition.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Dec. 1-According to mail advices from the Ori-ent. Chinese officials are resorting to all kinds of means to raise money to assist in paying the indemnity agreed on by the powers. Besides a gigantic lottery scheme, in which more than \$100,000,000 is involved, half of which will go into the indemnity fund and half to be given the indemnity fund and half to be given away in prises, and which scheme has received the sanction of the court, it is now proposed by Prince Ching to impose a head tax on all Chinese, whether re-siding within the limits of the empire or in foreign countries. Prince Ching's plan as submitted to the court, is to send commissioners to all foreign countries to collect the tax from Chinese residents, claiming that, as they do not become citi-sens of other countries, they should as-sist in paying the indemnity. Prince Ching's plan has created consid-erable dissatisfaction in the Southern provinces of the Chinese Empire, and is

rovinces of the Chinese Empire, and is liable to result in serious disturbances. It is claimed that the residents of the Northern provinces were alone responsi-ble for the Boxer movement and that they should be called upon to bear the expense caused by their action. The Chinese of the Southern provinces were the friends of foreigners and most of the merchants in foreign countries are from the Southern provinces, consequently the movement on foot to resist taxation for the indemnity is rapidly gaining ground, and it is said that Chinese abroad will refuse to pay the proposed tax. Prince Ching, according to Chinese papers, says that if they refuse, the burden will fall on their relatives in the Southern prov-inces. Other oppressive measures will be enforced against them, and merchants abroad refusing to pay the proposed tax will not be allowed to return to their mother country and will be classified as traitors.

According to the Manila Times, Fisks Warren, of Boston, a Filipino sympathiz-er, who toured the United States with Sixto Lopez, the Filipino emissary, was held up by the United States Commission upon his arrival at Manila, and before he was allowed his liberty he had to hold up his right hand and swear that he would refrain from any utterance or action which would tend to excite resistance to his Government, that of the United States, and after he had taken the oath, he was given his liberty to go and come at pleasure in Manila. Warren accome at pleasure in Manila. Warren ac-companied Sixto Lopez as far as Hong Kong, where Lopez remained. Before Warren left the steamer, he was handed a copy of the act passed by the commis-sion with reference to Lopez and his crowd, after which he came ashore under guard and with but little hesitation took the prescribed oath. Warren's baggage was carefully examined by the authori-ties, but nothing of an incriminating na-ture was found.

Buggestions are being put forward in Japan for the Crown Prince of Japan to visit England to represent Japan at the coronation of King Edward.

Chinese papers tell of a sensational af-fair in Chatong, Unnan. An old man brought into the official Yamun the heads of his faithless wife, an old woman, and her lover, an old man. He had killed both. The ages of the three amounted to 200 years.

Japanese papers have brief dispatches of a collision between the junk Shinje Maru and a ferryboat off Toyoshima. the ferryboat's passengers were drowned.

The Nippon Yusen Kaisha has decided to build a new 6009-ton steamer.

THE CHINESE COURT.

Its Arrival at Pekin Delayed Another Week.

PEKIN, Dec. 1 .- Prince Ching has informed the Ministers of the foreign pow-ers that, owing to the fatigue of the Dowager Empress resulting from her travels, the last stars of the location will be he last stage of th Intre

CHING HAS A SCHEME platforms, representing England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Devonshire and the colonles, were made. The confusion was so great as to render the speakers almost inaudible, but amid a roar of cheers a resolution of sympathy for General Buller was proposed and adopted with great en-thusiasm, and a waving of handkerchiefs and hats followed. Features of the dem-destruction wave the pression of the colonstration were the passing of the col-lection box for the workingmen's me-morial to General Buller, and the large sale of buttonhole portraits and favors of the General. It is estimated that at least 50,000 people were present at the demon-stration in Hyde Park. This makes it the biggest thing of its kind which has occurred for many years.

LENO AT SANDRINGHAM.

First Music-Hall Artist to Appear

Before the King. LONDON, Dec. 1 .- The theatrical event of last week was the summoning of Dan Leno to Sandringham, where he, Ella-line Terriss and Seymour Hicks performed before the court. Leno is the first music-hall artist who was ever in-vited, and the papers are full of inter-views with him. His wife and family and a large crowd of admirers met Leno on his return as if he were a victorious General. The King gave him a diamond scarfpin. Among the support of Miss Terriss and Mr. Hicks was Holbrook Blinn, who was very proud of being the first American actor to be summoned by the King. Mr. Blinn says the King's appearance is remarkable in contrast with the current reports of his ill health. Returning from a day's shooting. His Maj-esty, in shooting costume, received his guests in the heartlest manner. His cheeks were ruddy. The Queen appeared, for the first time since Queen Victoria's death, in a white evening gown. The King manifested a special interest in Dan Leno, and said: "I suppose, out of defer-

ence to you, we ought to smoke during the performance, but I trust you will amuse ds without it." "The Belle of New York" was revived at the Century Theater Wednesday, with every sign of success. Sullivan and Ellen Dupont are the only members of the

original cast in the present production, Madge Lessing taking Edna May's old part, while Elfie Fay makes the hit of the play as the Bowery girl, which Eila Snyder introduced in London.

Souse and his band played by royal command tonight at Sandringham, before their Majesties, King Edward and Queen Alexandra and the royal family. The concert lasted two hours. At its close Mr. Sousa was presented to King Edward, who received him very graciously. The King displayed keen delight at the music. All arrangements were made for the convenience of Mr. Sousa's party. Dinner was served on board the train going to Sandringham, and supper on

the train returning to London. The band played on the occasion of the first birthday of Queen Alexandra since the accession of King Edward, Maud Reese Davis and Dorothy Hoyle arrived at Sandringham at 6 in the evening, and performed after dinner. The programme included classical and sacred music, and a particular feature was a selection of the American hymn tunes for which an elaborate peal of bells had been especially brought from London. Mrs. Sousa was also present,

GOLD PAYMENTS IN SPAIN. Opposition to a Bill Introduced in

the Cortes Saturday.

MADRID, Dec. 1.-The official gazette publishes the text of a bill introduced in the Chamber of Deputies Saturday by the Minister of Finance, which requires the payment in gold, or in notes or checks equivalent to gold, of the customs duties on imports of grain, cost oils, petroleum and their products, gasoline, benzine and codfish, dried fish, coccoa, coffee, tea, spices, etc. The bill further provides that a reduction of from 10 to 30 per cent be made on the duties payable according to the rate of exchange, provided this rate of exchange is below 19 per cent. The newspapers and many members of the Chamber of Deputies denounce this measure as a coup d'etat, declaring that it had been submitted to ho one except Senor Sagasta, the Premier. They claim it will burden the working classes and

THE NATIONAL BANKS

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CONTROL. LER OF THE CURRENCY.

Disadvantages of the Present System of Sub-Treasuries-Strengthening Gold Standard Law,

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1-The annual report of William B. Ridgeley, Controller of the Currency, has been prepared for transmission to Corgress. The report starts with a detailed statement of the resources and liabilities of the National banks, as shown by the five reports of condition made in remores to the call of

condition made in response to the call of the Controller. In commenting on this statement, the Controller says: "The authorized capital stock of the 4279 National banking associations in ex-istence on October 1, 1901, was \$663,724,195,

which is a net increase during the year of \$20,721,900. There was an increase in capital stock of \$21,674,500 by banks organized during the year, including \$130,-600 of newly organized associations, which increased their capital stock to that amount subsequent to the date of or-ganization. The associations which were in existence on October 31, 1990, increased their capital stock during the year to the extent of \$21,815,000. There was a decrease of capital stock of \$5,040,000 by voluntary

'On October 31, 1901, the outstanding circulation of National banks amounted to 2550,832,715, an increase for the year of 2552,213,447, and since the passage of the act of March 5, 1900, of \$105,806,855."

The Controller has prepared tables showing the aggregate resources of National, state, savings banks, private banks and loan and trust companies from reports made to him or obtained from other

sources. The result of this investigation shows the existence of 12,972 banks of all kinds in the country with an aggregate capital of \$1,138,042,124; surplus and undivided profits of \$693,465,095 and \$270,855,-253, respectively; deposits \$8,619,255,110, and loans and discounts, \$6,451,630,743. Statistics obtained from one National, three other incorporated, and two private

banks in Hawall, three incorporated banks in Porto Rico and seven incor-porated banks, including branches in the Philippine Islands, making an aggregate of 16 institutions in these new territorial consessions, show an aggregate capital of

\$4,312,978; surplus and undivided profits, \$1,627,250; deposits, \$23,018,602, and loans, \$18,908,262 Under the various acts of Congress 6006 banks with an authorized capital of \$736,467,682 have been organized, of which

4379 were in active operation at the close of the report year, 1340 in voluntary liqui-dation and 387 in charge of receivers or finally closed. Geographically, the largest number of banks chartered during the report year were organized in the Middle States. In the Pacific States, including Hawali, 14 banks of the smaller class were organ-

ized, with an aggregate capital of \$360, 000, and 12 of the larger class, with \$1,500,-000 capital. During the last session of Congress a bill to provide for the extension of the charters of National banks passed the House of Representatives, but failed to receive consideration in the Senate. Controller Ridgeley urgently recommends that this bill, or a similar measure, be enacted into inw. Comparing the volume of business of

the savings banks of the United States with those of the European countries, the report shows that in the matter of deposits the United States, as for years oast, stands at the head. The banking power of the United States since 1890

shows an increase of 121 per cent. In commenting on the present system of sub-Treasuries, the Controller calls attention to the disadvantages and de-

rangements its operations cause in our financial matters, and says: "There could be no better illustration of this than its operations in the last few months. The result has been to needless-ly lock up and take out of circulation vast sums of money just at a time when it was hadly needed for moving crops and transacting the regular business of the country. If the Secretary of the

the prices of other commodities and se-curities which the Amalgamated group is anxious to keep up. The Times is of the opinion that the Amalgamated Company opinion that the Amagamated Company only endeavors to sell copper when its managers believe it is useless to try to maintain the corner any longer, or when they believe it inconvenient to lock up so much money in one article. In view of the THE PARITY OF METALS MAY NEED TO BE ALTERED. big consolidation scheme in the United States and the withdrawal of the invest-ing public since the New York panic of

Sixto Lopez' Secretary Awalting Deportation-Ilo Ilo Election.

FINANCES IN PHILIPPINES

May 9, the Times says it would not be surprised if some powerful capitalists were to consider it prudent to increase MANHLA, Dec. 1.-The financial situation in the Philippine Islands is causing much alarm. In an interview published in Ma-nila Henry C. Ide, chief of the Department American Missionary at Samakov of Finance and Justice, referred to the probable enforcement of an alteration, n the immediate future, of the present Government parity of two Mexican dollars for one gold dollar. The United States dollars Postoffice here now refuses, except to Government employee, to issue money or-ders in exchange for Mexican silver. The banks of Manila have been making from 6 to 8 per cent on exchange. Merchants and others are forced to carry their accounts in Mexican silver. The commet cial community had relied upon the Unif-ed States Philippine Commission to continue the parity of two Mexican dollars for one gold dollar, which the commis-sion itself created. The commission is unable to act in the matter without the authority of Congress. This authoriza-tion has been requested. Charles A, Conant, special commissioner of the War Department, to investigate the state of coinage and banking in the Philippines and report to the Secretary of War recom-mendations for remedial legislation, who is now in Washington, was the bearer of the commission's view on this matter. The stores of Manila are compelled to accept two Mexican dollars for one gout dollar, while Chinese speculators are pay-ing as high as 6 per cent premium in American paper for American gold, Local bankers say that if the salaries of all insular employes were paid in the local or Mexican currency, independently of the fluctuations of this currency, and if the Government had not attempted to enforce a rate of exchange, the present financial would never have arisen

Mr. Patterson, the Englishman acting as secretary to Sixto Lopez, Anguinaldo s agent, and who refused to take the oath of allegiance to the United States when he landed at Manila, is awaiting deporta-tion from the jsiands as a result of this Impressed by the Menneing Attitude refusal. Patterson had been accorded tem-SOFIA Dec 1.--- M Mihalowsky, presiporary liberty at the request of the Brit-lah Consul at Manila. Patterson, through dent of the Macedonian committee, recent-iy made a speech at Varna, in Bulgaria, his lawyers, brought a writ of habess corpus returnable next Tuesday. The Brit-ish Consul withdrew his protection from in which he denounced M. Saratoff, ex-president of the committee, and the Macedonians as agitators, murderers and blackmailers. Among other crimes he ac-cused them of kidnaping Miss Ellen M. Patterson, and the latter has been ar-rested, W. Morgan Shuster, Customs Col-lector for the Philippines, declaring that Stone, the American missionary. The Macedonians of Sofia held an indighe had evidence of incriminating corre-spondence by Patterson, and that he has been aiding the Filipino insurrection. Ball nation meeting here today. Violent speeches were made denouncing M. Mihalfor Patterson was refused. owsky, and in which M. Saratoff was eu-Change in Departments. as the hero of Macedonian youth

The Milltary Departments of Northern and Southern Luzon have ceased to exist Major-General James F. Wade, formerly Major-General James F. Wade, formerly in command of the Southern division, will leave Manila tomorrow to assume command of the American forces on Cebu Ial-and, and Major-General Lloyd Wheaton, of that place. Bulgarian official circles are evidently much impressed by the menacing attitude of the United States formerly commander of the Northern Department, will take command of the Department of the North Philippines.

Engagements in Batangas.

Several small engagements have curred in Batangas Province in the last few days. The forces of the insurgent leader Caballos have become badly oemoralized. His followers are broken up into several small bands. Caballos holds two American prisoners,

acction with the case of Miss Stone, the Wright May Be Saved. American missionary, whose release from the Buigarian brigands our Government is General Smith has cabled Quartermas-ter-General Humphrey that he believes the United States Army transport Wright, formerly called the Bay State, which struck an uncharted rock last weck at the entrance of San Jacinto Harbor and the is feet of water may be saved now seeking to enforce. The Dixle is en-gaged in the training service, and has a number of landsmen aboard. Her movements while on the Mediterranean cruise are chosen with the intention to give the best training experience possible to the sank in 15 feet of water, may be saved with the aid of a powerful tug and driv-ers. Smith is of the oninion that the men aboard, and if, as reported, she has been sent to Smyrns, this, it is believed by naval officials, is without special sig-Wright struck upon rocks which had re-cently been cast up by volcanic disturbances

overstocking the same, by which process

ing testimonial of its virtues for all time D D SPECIAL PRICES THIS WEEK

WOODARD, CLARKE & CO.

OF THE YEAR

The man who shaves himself is his own master.

The man who buys our Safety Razor is a walk-

This two-blade Safety in morocco case, satin lined, complete, regular price \$3.50, special \$2.79.

Our Superb Seven-Blade Set for every-day shovers, each blade marked for its day of the week, in elegant satin-lined morrocco case, complete, regular \$10, special \$7.95 Two-Blade Outfits complete with collaps ble brush, perfumed soap, cosmelic, comb, all ready for a quick and easy shave,



OUR TWO GREAT LEADERS The "Woodlark Peerless," regular \$2.50, special \$1.65 "Anton Berg," genuine Swedish hand-made, reg. \$2.85, special \$1.95 These are absolutely guaranteed to be the best razors ever

Money back if not satisfactory. Sent postpaid on receipt of price. Canadian money taken at full value,

Woodard, Clarke & Co.

riving title from Spanish or Mexican grants.

25c. A dentist writes as follows: "I am much pleased with the practical utility of your Sozo-"Sec. 3. All leases to run 10 years, with the privilege of renewal for a sec ond term of 10 years, the first lessee hav ing the preference for such second term, DONT. I have used it a great deal in my practise, especially in Typhoid Fover, for provided he shall have complied with the requirements of this law and the terms cleansing and purifying the mouth, and found it of great value and comfort to my of his lease, and has not allowed his asehold to deteriorate. "Sec. 4. The revenue derived from the

patients." leases herein authorized shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States, and the net revenue, after deducting the expense of administering this tract, shall be held in trust to be paid to such states and territories wherein the leaseholds are By mail; 25c, and 75c. Hall & Suekel, N. Y. City situated, as provide a state engineer and other proper means for devoting the same to the diversion or storage of water and to the diversion or storage of water and its distribution for irrigation of agricul-

tural lands. Only such revenue as is de-rived in any state or territory shall be returned to it for such purpose. "Sec. 5. The Secretary of the Interior shall have the power to cancel a lease when its holder becomes ineligible, and

and townsite freeholders are also prop-erly excluded. shall administer this act, making all needful rules and regulations for that purpancy at the year ending on January 1. 1961, is to exclude combinations of capi-"Sec. 6. Nothing in this act shall de prive the United States of control of all reservations for any purpose, now exist-

tal forming for the purpose of getting leasehold control of these lands, to the exclusion of the Western rangemen and stockgrowers who now occupy them in ing or hereafter created. "Sec. 7. This act to take effect and be in force from and after its passage." The following is a statement of the pur-pose and effects of the bill: omm

"To absolutely guard the rights of all "The purpose of this proposed legisla-tion is to prevent the further free use

the s

against combinations by a few, the leases are not open to bid. There will be no auction at which the strong can overin common of the public domain in the come the weak. Every man has his rights defined by the law, and none can take arid grazing region, and thereby to pre-vent the destruction of the forage by

"The leaseholder, being compelled to

"The owners of the wast Mexican and

Spanish grants are excluded from free-hold or other privilege under this law, by limiting its beneficiaries to holders

under the land laws of the United States,

"The fixing of time of pastoral occu-

A TYPHOID FEVER EXPERIENCE.

THE MORNING OREGONIAN, MONDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1901.

FATE OF MISS STONE.

Believes She Is Dead.

"We hope that the dreadful news is

we pay over the ransom money.

BULGARIANS MORE VIGILANT.

of the United States.

This incident is important as demonstrat-

ing the schism in the Macedonian camp. Reports received here today from Dub-

nitza announce increasing vigilance on

Government in the Stone affair. They de-

do any more in the matter than they have

Movements of the Dixle.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1-Naval officers

say the reported dispatch of the cruiser Dixle from Naples to Emyrna has no con-

clare, however, that they are unable

part of the authorities and the police

their cash reserves.

alonary:

otherwise.

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nossible

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one already.

The Greatest Razor Sale Situation Is Causing Much Alarm-

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.-Rev. Dr. Henry C. Pakell, representative of the American Board of Foreign Missions, of Boston, at Samakov, Bulgaria, has sent the following dispatch from Sofia, Bulgaria, to the World, concerning rumors of the death of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the missing mistrue, but there is reason to make us fear "If the captives are dead, the fact would account for the determined insist-ence on the part of the brigands that the ransom money should be paid before the captives are surrendered to us. "It would account, also, for the bri-gands' stubborn refusal to give safe conduct to one of our representatives to see Miss Stone and Mme. Tsilka in order to certify to us that they are allve before "It would appear that it was really on this point, and not on the contention that sum offered by us was insufficient, that negotiations (for the surrender of the captives) were broken off recently. "Besides, the brigands intimated that they would delay giving up the prisoners until Spring, although it is their first interest to close the matter as quickly as These considerations necessarily weigh with us in view of the reports now previ lent (that the two women are dead). Moreover, we have some confirmation of the grave news, and we are sending men to learn the facts." Englishman Will Be Deported.



court's journal has been postponed for one week. Great preparations are being made for the reception of the royal party. All the palaces and temples have been re-painted and rebuilt. The foreign residents of Pekin never have seen these buildings looking so imposing as now. Upon the day of the reception, the route followed by the royal cortege will be lined with Manchu bannermen and elaborate cere-monies will be observed. The condition of Pekin has improved

immensely and good discipline is mainong the European troops sta-re. Chinese officials have setained an tioned there. verely punished all offenders against foreigners. This has had a salutary effect on the demeanor of the people. The Chi-nese officials now manifest an increased desire to cultivate personal relations with the diplomatic corps. The settlement of claims between the local officials and the missionaries, not included in the general indemnity, has been arranged. Payments on these claims amount to 5,000,000 tacls. In an edict, the Dowager Empress has authorized the instruction of foreign sci-ence in Chinese schools. The policy of Sir Robert Hart, Collector of Imperial Maritime Customs, in the matter of the disputed points of the tariff is to deal generously with the importers.

Japan's Objections to Treaty.

LONDON Dec. 2 -- According to the Times, Japanese objections to the Man-churian convention are based upon the prohibition of the employment of Chi-ness artillery in Manchuria and the vagueness of the clause in the convention which regulates the withdrawal of Russian troops.

Heir Apparent Deposed.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 2-The heir appar-ent, Pu Chun, has been deposed by imperial edict on the ground that his father, Prince Tuan, was the author of the Boxer trouble.

"BULLER SUNDAY" IN LONDON.

Bemarkable Demonstration in Fa

vor of the Disgraced General. LONDON, Dec. L-"Buller Sunday' passed without serious incidents. The government had taken every precaution passed with to prevent disturbances. This included the reading at three parades last week of a special order in the military regulawhich forbids officers or soldiers from taking part in any meetings, demon-strations or processions for party or political purpo

A large body of police, many of whom were mounted, were stationed along the line of the procession and notably in front of the War Office. The trades unlons

and workingmen's societies, with bands and banners, assembled along the embankment this afternoon. There were thousands of spectators. Owing to the difficulty of marshaling the large bodies of men, the procession was late in start-ing. It was headed by a huge banner on which was a pertrait of General Bul-The procession traversed Northumberland avenue, Pall Mall, St. James street and Piccadilly to Hyde Park. The windows of clubland, and especially of the service clubs, were crowded with

sightscers. At Charing Cross several mounted po-lice rode up to the head of the proces-sion and attempted to selze a plaster bust of General Buller. The man carry-ing the bust dashed it to the ground. This incident caused much indignation, but the leaders were able to curb and re-traction the paraders some of whom incers. is incident caused much indignation, t the leaders were able to curb and re-rain the paraders, some of whom shed to attack the policemen. Oppo-e the War Office there was much onning and cries of "Shame!" from e men in the procession, but otherwise e proceedings were without incident. When Hyde Park was reached it was most dark. Here speeches from several but the remains were able to carb and re-strain the paraders, some of whom wished to attack the pollcemen. Oppo-site the War Office there was much groaning and cries of "Shame!" from the men in the procession, but otherwise the proceedings were without incident. When Hyde Park was reached it was incident.

gold payments bill applies to both im-ports and exports. A royal decree orders that, pending the approval of the bill by the Cortes, the law shall be enforced im mediately.

The New Spanish Prince,

MADRID, Dec. 1 .- When the Princess of the Asturias, sister of the King, who was married February 14, 1901, to Prince Charles of Bourbon, gave birth to her son Saturday, the Queen Regent, the Infanta Isabella and all the Ministers were pres-ent at the palace. They were richly clad, The new-born Prince was put on a silver tray and handed to his father with great ceremony. He received, passed the infant around and presented him to Premier Sagasta, the Ministers and other dignitaries. The royal salute was fired. A telegram was sent to the Pope, asking his bleming, is expected the Pope will consent to the young Prince's God-father. He will be christened next Friday. His name will be Alfonso Andrew. A local decree has conferred the order of the Golder Ficece and other decorations on the newborn baby.

Brutal Germans in West Africa.

BERLIN, Dec. 1.-A private dispatch received from Cameroons, West Africa, says that a merchant named Wittenberg has been sentenced to five years in the penitentiary there for impailing a negro on a ramrod. A merchant named Kelt-nech has also been sentenced to three years in the penitentiary, for pouring petroleum on a negro's hands and then set-ting him on fire. Another merchant named Haeslop has been sentenced to eight months in jail for destroying the eye of a negro chief with a whip.

Increase In Austro-Hungarian Army. VIENNA, Dec. 1.--A council of Austro-Hungarian Ministers, held Saturday at which Emperor Francis Joseph presided discussed a proposal to increase the stand ing army of Austria-Hungary by 100 bat-

talions. The measure was declared to be imperative in order to enable the nation to maintain its position in the triple al-The Minister of Finance raised liance. objections to the proposed increase, and no decision was reached, although the proposal was generally favored.

Von Tote Not In a Duel.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 2 .- The statement that Queen Wilhelmina's aide de camp, Major Von Tote, is suffering from periton-Major itis and not from the effects of a duel fought with the Consort, Prince Henry, is confirmed. The assertion that Queen Wilhelmina's recent illness was caused by a premature birth is also confirmed.

Dillon Advised Force.

LONDON, Dec. 2.-John Dillon, M. P. addressing an Irish League demonstration at Loughrea yesterday, counselled the evicted tenants to take back their farms by storm, and that they should fight and suffer if necessary. He said the league funds were being given to assist those who showed a soldler's spirit,

Petition Against Tariff BIII.

BERLIN, Dec. 1 .- The Socialist petition against the tariff bill has received nearly 3,500,000 signatures. Much doubt is expressed regarding the outcome of this proposed tariff legislation.

To Get Rid of a Troublesome Corn

restrictions and supervision as to insure true that the Emperor Frederick was the Government against loss and give re-

the effect that it does not properly safe-guard the gold standard, but leaves it possible for the Secretary of the Treasury

value rendered more secure from any future uncertainty, it should be done without any delay. "Since the passage of the act March Chicago Record-Herald.

14, 1990, the total amount of circulation which the National banks have outstand-ing has increased from 254,625,320 to \$359,832,715, an increase of \$105,806,230, or over 41 per cent. "The provisions of the act have also

added somewhat to the elasticity of the National bank currency. It. however, leaves much to be desired in the way of elasticity, the lack of which is the greatest fault of our National bank issues

"Congress has already had under dis-cussion and consideration various meas-ures for the modification of the National bank currency. There is much discussion on the subject by bankers and financiers. and many plans are urged for adoption. Somewhere between the views of the nr-dent advocates of asset currency and those who oppose it with vehemence as unsafe and unsound in every respect, there should be found a safe middle ground."

Encournging Home Industries,

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.-The War Department, desirous of encouraging home industries, has directed the depot quartermaster at Philadelphia to purchase a supply of white gloves manufactured in New York, and send a limited number to several of the more important military posts for trial as to whether the gloves are equal in wearing qualities to the white Berlin gloves made in Germany and now furnished the Army.

The Guard at McKinley's Tomb.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.-The detach-ment of troops assigned to the duty of guarding the vault containing the remains of the late President McKinley in the West Lawn Cemetery, Canton, O., has been reduced to five non-commissioned officers and 40 privates, under command of Lieutenant William Ashbridge, Thir-teenth Infantry. The remainder of the guard has been sent to the post at Fort Wayne, Mich.

The Switchmen's Strike.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 1.-Reports from the managers and officials of the different roads affected by the switchmen's strike assert this evening that they have the situation well in hand, and that new men who have taken strikers' places are now working to good advantage. In spite of good reports made by the railroad officials, the strikers' officials are cialming decid-ed advantage gained today. Their statement is that at midnight last night the 200 men employed by the Jones & Laughlin connecting road struck on orders from the strike committee

The Copper Situation.

LONDON, Dec. 1. - The Times, in its financial article, discussing the copper sit-uation, says it thinks it very improbable that the Amalgamated people have engineered the fall in copper prices in or-der to force other mines to join the com-bination, because such a policy, even if successful, would be dangerous, inasmuch as it would have the effect of depreciating

ed by the Government deposited with the National banks and kept there until need-ed, it can be done under such regulations, restrictions and supervision as to insure the Government deposited with the in his speeches. He siways refers to his grandfather, William the Great, as his ideal, his model and his inspiration. It is directed that the directed the dir

nificance as bearing on the Stone case.

lief from the present system." Referring to the criticism which has been made of the act of March 4, 1900, to father, a splendid soldier, a pure and honest statesman-"the wise Kalser." the people call him. It was this indifference his father's merit and neglect of his other people for not understanding him. He is neither a German nor an Englishman. He is more like an An His ideas and his methods are American."-

The Trouble in the Nation Family. Nebraska State Journal,

Carrie Nation can prove her assertion that David would not get up and make the fire on a cold morning, perhaps, she will head off any claim he may make for alimony. The courts ought to establish a precedent one way or the other in this matter so as to stop the everlasting conundrum that married folks always propound to each other, sooner or later. Which shall make the fire on a cold morning ought to be judicially determined and put in the books. Of course the fact that Carrie wrote it down in black and white that David was a "h-l-bound hypocrite" was a very small grievance compared to the fire-making incident. Words are but words, but making a fire on a cold morn ing is a deed.

Boers Escape From Camps.

LONDON, Dec. 1.-A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Pretoria gives indication why, with continuous captures, the Boer forces do not seem to diminish. The dispatch says that Boers are constantly escaping from the concentration campa and towns to rejoin the fighting forces, and that measures will have to be taken to stop this leakage. The Boers in the towns are still irreconcilable, says the dispatch, and believe their cause will eventually triumph.

French Beet Sugar Production

PARIS, Dec. 1.-The internal revenue report shows that the beet sugar production for the month of October this year is practically the same as for 1900, but the deliveries for consumption have fallen off from 60,000,000 kilograms to 43,000,000 kilograms. The customs returns indicate that Colonial sugars are largely replacing home-grown sugar. The outlook for home growers and manufacturers is not

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. L-Director Campbell, of the Lick Observatory, has made a thorough search of the heavens for the phenomenon witnessed at Chicago a few nights since. Professor Campbell failed to find the slightest trace of a comet.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.-"Dutch" Reiniger, a local middleweight boxer, is dying at St. Elizabeth's Hospital from injuries re ceived in a prizefight Friday night with Jim Driscoll, a Chicago middleweight. Driscoll has been arrested.

"GARLAND" STOVES AND RANGES Awarded first prize, Paris Exposition, 1900.

Old Aunt (despondently)-Well, I shall not be a nuisance to you much longer. Nephew (re-assuringly)-Don't talk like that, aunt. Tou know you will!-Punch.

Ho Ilo Election.

In the approaching elections at Ill 110, Panay Island, there are four candidates for the Mayoralty and 57 candidate to fill six vacancies among the City Counciln In these elections the American candidates will probably be elected by the solid American vote,

Confirmed a Death Sentence.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1. - President Roosevelt has confirmed a sentence of death imposed by a general court-martial convened at Nueva Caceres, Philippine Islands, upon Private Daniel Healy, Com-Twenty-seventh Infantry, who pany C. was tried for and convicted of murder and sentenced to be hanged. This is the second instance since Mr. Roosevelt en-tered upon his duties as President of the United States wherein a death sentence imposed upon an American soldier has been approved by him. In but one case did the inte President McKinley sign the death warrant of a soldier of the United States-that of Phineas Foutz, an Onio soldier, who murdered his Filipino sweet-

heart. It is said at the War Department that Healy's crime was the shooting of a Sergeant of his company while the latter was asleep.

GRAZING ON PUBLIC LANDS

Bill Drawn Up by Cattle-Growers' Association.

CHICO, Cal., Dec. L-The following bill for the leasing for grazing purposes of vacant public domain and reserving all rights of homestead and mineral entry has been drawn up here and will be presented to Congress:

"Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that all vacant public lands west of the 100th meridian west from Green-wich shall be leased for stock-grazing purposes, subject to the right of home-stead and mineral entry under existing laws of the United States, and when so

"See, 2. Leases of such lands shall not be subject to bid. The uniform rental shall be 2 cents per acre per annum, payable annually in advance, and prefer-ence for such leases shall be given to cowners of cultivated agricultural land.

owners of cultivated agricultural land, for leasable lands abuilting upon their freeholds in proportion of 10 acres of leasehold to one acre of freehold. A like preference of 10 acres of leasehold to one acre of freehold shall be given to stock-growers who are also freeholders; this preference shall apply only to lands with-

in the counties upon which their stock habitually range. If in case of either of the preferences above provided there shall not be sufficient leasable lands in the county to give each person entitled to the preference the maximum propor to the preference the maximum propor-tion of 19 acres to one, then said lands shall be prorated between the persons en-titled to such preference. The further preference to lands not leased under the foregoing provisions of this section shall be given to stockgrowers who were in actual use and occupancy of said lands during the year ending on January 1, 1901, to be leased to them in proportion to their respective interests in and use to their respective interests in and use thereof. Where the states lease state lands the bona fide holders of such state leaseholds shall be beneficiaries of the

leaseholds shall be beneficiaries of the preference given above to stockgrowers who are also freeholders; provided that such state leaseholds are not held by any one person in tracts exceeding 640 acres in any one body. Freehold rights under this section shall not apply to townsite property, nor to any lands de-

more arid, and springs and watercourse losing their flow. Used free and in com the Western range is practically mon. without law, and the competitors for its occupancy attempt to hold it against each other by violence and armed force, causing the destruction of life and prop-erty. This domain belongs to all of the people, but has been used by a few as a means of acquiring wealth, without compensation to the rest of the owners. The availability of the region involved for agricultural settlement has been in-jured by the increase of its aridity that has followed the extirpation of its covering of grasses and forage plants, and the land's potentiality as a producer of wealth will disappear unless it is protected by law and its users are compelled to for and protect what they occupy. pay "The proper policy of this Government is the encouragement of settlers to occupy all parts of the public domain upon which families may gain a living. To this end the proposed law reserves all the rights of the homestead settler. The Govern-

ment encourages the adventurous mineral prospector, and this law reserves all his rights to make mineral entry in any part of the domain that it covers. "Besides these prospective entrymen, there are existing rights that must be

protected. The present agricultural settler, who tills land, raises crops, and keeps domes-

tic stock, finds under the present system of free use of the public domain that flocks and herds are driven upon his freehold, consume the forage upon which his domestic animals should feed, and inflict such injury upon him that he is fre-

quently constrained to sacrifice his property and seek another location, only to be again overtaken by the same Intoler able conditions. The proposed law gives him the preference of a leasehold on abutting public domain, which he may protect from the trespasses which now infure him. "The next preference is given to free-

holders whose pursuits are pastoral, to protect themselves in like manner from mads, and secure the range needed for their stock.

"Lands not taken by either of the foregoing classes of freeholders shall be sub-ject to lease by stockgrowers who were In use and occupancy during the year ending January 1, 1901, each to have a leasehold in proportion to his interest, so that none, not even the least, can be

excluded. "The possessors of leaseholds to state lands, in area limited to \$10 acres, are given the same rights as freeholders.



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pay for the land he uses, will forage against extermination by over-stocking. The vegetable covering will increase and will more and more con-serve the moisture, increasing the means of irrigation. The law proposes that the net revenues of the leases shall be held by the United States in trust for the use of the states where it is derived, in the storage and distribution of water. Such use of the rentals will be the devotion of an existing public asset to a public pur pose of supreme importance to the arid West, and will render unnecessary the West, and will render unnecessary the demand that the taxpayers of the whole ountry be burdened for that purpose by congressional appropriations. "It is intended that the bill shall pro-

tect the forage of the public range, get revenue from its use, defend the rights of present freeholders, exclude no existng intrest, however small, and shall acelerate settlement and tillage by con-ervation of moisture and the support of irrigation.

"With these ends in view, it is submitted to Congress by order of the Cattlegrowers' Association, through its on legislation. "JOHN P. IRISH,

"Oakland, California. "HENRY M. PORTER. "Denver, Colorado. "A. B. ROBERTSON, "Colorado, Texas. "Colorado, Texas "BARTLETT RICHARDS, "Ellsworth, Nebraska, "M. K. PARSONS, "Salt Lake, Utah."

Turks Again Besiege a Monastery. CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. L-Official reports received here from Mush are to the effect that Andranik, a leader of Armenian bandits, has again occupied an Armenian monastery in the neighborhood of Mush, where he and his forces are surrounded for a second time by Turkish troops, Fresh Turkish outrages in Armenia are reported from the Mush, Sassoun and B this districts.

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