Meeting of German Cabinet.

ARE NOT YET AGREED.

Hill Trouble.

nounced that the main points of agreement had been settled, reference was made only to the decision of Messra. Hill

cific preferred stock.

CIVIL CONTROL FAVORED

REPORT OF BOARD OF VISITORS TO NAVAL OBSERVATORY.

Scientists and Naval Line Officers Have Long Waged a Contest for the Directorship.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11 .- A contest between the scientists of the country on one side and naval line officers on the other, which has been waged for several years past, and involving the rich prize of the control of the Naval observatory, has been brought to a critical point by the presentation to Secretary Long of the recent of the heart of visitors to the chreport of the board of visitors to the ob-servatory, in which the issue is drawn sharply in favor of civil control. The board is composed of Charles A. Young. Charles F. Chandler, Asaph Hall, Jr., E. V. Pickering, Professor Ormond Stone and William R. Harper, all men of National repute in scientific research. The particplar bone of contention of late has been a wacancy in the office of astronomical Director, and the board makes the following pointed remarks as applying not only to that, but to other less important places in the observatory:

"It is recommended that no astronomical director be appointed at present, as a dual headship has been found to work unsatisfactorily, and under the existing law, the appointment of an astronomer as sole director of the observatory, which the board considers the proper solution of the question, is impracticable. Vacancies should not be filled among assistant astronomers nor among professors of mathematics in the Navy without examination for each vacancy occurring. No distinction should be made between employes of the observations and the control of the observations.

the observatory and other applicants.

The responsibilities of the positions of assistant astronomer and professor of mathematics are distinctly different from mathematics are distinctly different from those of a computer, although much of the required experience may properly be maintained in connection with the latter position, and be credited in the examinations for the higher positions. As far as is consistent with the routine needs of the institution, the duties of the computers should be so arranged as to encourage them to prepare for advancement within the observatory itself. In no case thould a recolumn to the open section of the contraction of the con whinin the conservatory itself. In his case should appointments he made to the observatory merely by transfer from other bureaus or offices in the service, nor should appointment be made, even temporarily, without competitive examination. Applying these principles to practice, the pard declines to name a person to fill he vacant office of assistant astronomer it the observatory, and instead recommends that the appointment be made aft er a civil service examination under the auspices of the commission. Coming to the more important subject of the bad of the observatory, which involves the sues between the scientists and the line ficers, the board says:

"As every other prominent observatory is under the direction of an astronomer, it is our judgment that the law limiting th superintendency to a line officer of the Navy should be changed, so as to pro-vide that the official head of the observ-atory, perhaps styled simply 'the director,' should be an emlagnt astronomer arhould be an eminent astronomer, ap-pointed by the President, by and with the advice of the Senate, bolding this place by a tenure at least as permanent as that of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey, or the head of the Geological Survey, and not merely by a detail of two or three years' duration. Only in this way can there he a continuous and effective policy of administration, which will accompany to the best of the coast will assure astronomical work of a high will assure astronomical work of a high order. In rank, salary, privilege and prestige, he should be superior to any officer of the ground. The limitation in the selection of assistants should else be removed, and the assistant once appointed should be secure against detach ment or removal, except for cause. The institution should be related to the Navy Department, if continued under its con-trol, in some such way as the royal observatory at Greenwich is related to the British Admiralty. It should be put un-der the control of the Secretary direct, nd not through a bureau as at present.

ARMY BOARD TO CONVENE.

Officers of High Rank Will Consider Important Matters

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.-The Secretary f War has ordered to be convened in Washington November 5 a very import ant board of Army officers of high rank for the purpose of considering several matters connected with the Army, particularly regarding the military posts and reservations. The board consists of Lieutenaut-General Nelson A. Miles. Major-Generals John R. Brooke, Elwell S. Otis, S. M. B. Young, Arthur MacArthur, Brigndier-Generals John C. Rates George Brigadier-Generals John C. Bates, George

f. Randall and William A. Kobbe. The order directs the board to consider the location and distribution of military posts required for the proper accommo-dation, instruction and maintenance of the Army. The board shall make recommendations as to what posts shall be abundoned or retained, which should be enlarged, and to what extent, and the location, size and character of such new posts as may be necessary with a due regard to the proper distribution of the different arms of the service, based upon strategic, saultary and economical con-

The board will also formulate and subof sites for four permanent campgrounds of instruction of the regular Army and State National Guard, together with the probable cost of the sites and the exprocedure root of the sites and the expense of putting them in condition for such campgrounds. The findings of this board will be reported to Congress by the Secretary of War. This order does not apply to the seacoast fortifications, which are under control of the Board of Fortifications.

CONSIDERING THE EVIDENCE. Schley Court of Inquiry Held Its

First Secret Session. WASHINGTON, Nov. 11 .- At 10 o'clock today, Admiral Dewey and Rear-Admirals Benham and Ramsey, composing the Schley court of Inquiry, met at the quarters in the McLean building behind closed doors, and began the discussion and consideration of the evidence brought forward in the investigation concluded last week. The sittings of the court are to strictly secret. Its present plan is to hold daily sessions from 10 to 12:30 o'clock, adjourning at the latter hour for the day.

as teh work of the body progresses,
Admiral Dewey said after today's session that as yet he could not foretell how
long it would be before the court would
be ready with its findings. He pointed
out that it had taken nearly eight weeks of searching examination to produce the material in hand, and that the court would not be expected to draw its con pediency among the members of the court, the Admiral said: "No we are orking together as a court should."

though this arangement may be changed

DEMAND FOR LIVESTOCK CENSUS. Result of Announcement That a

Shortage of Cattle Is Imminent. CHICAGO, Nov. II .- The report emanat. ing from the National Livestock Association that the country is threatened with a shortage of beef cattle has stirred up much interest, and an effort has been made to have the Census Office announce

ures upon the census of last year ready in time for the convention, the first of the month. While local papers admit a scarcity of high-grade corn-fed hest, they say the supply of ordinary cattle is still equal to all demands being made.

NEW DYNAMPTE GUN ALL RIGHT. Result of Tests Considered by the

Bureau of Ordnauce. NEW YORK, Nov. 11.-Highly successful tests of a new dynamite gun of destruc-tive powers in excess of any weapon hitherto designed have just been private ly conducted by a special board of officers of the Bureau of Ordnance of the United States Army at Flaher's Island. The Government has for several years been en-gaged in the erection on Fisher's Island gaged in the erection on Fisher's Island of fortifications on a colossal scale, intended to make the eastern entrance to the Sound impregnable to naval attack and secure the safety of all the cities along the Sound from New London to New York. In this system of defense the new dynamite gun, which is mounted so as to cover the channel between Fisher's Island and Plum Island, on which heavy batteries have also been crected, is expected to play an important part.

is expected to play an important part.

The utmost secreey has been enforced by the Government relative to the works on Fisher's Island, and the Government has not made public these tests. The gun, which was built at Scranton, Pa., was recently installed in a battery at the western end of the island. It is of the same pneumatic type as the guns of the batteries now in position at Sandy Hook and San Francisco, being 40 feet long, with a callber of 15 inches, but embodies many new features, including rapidity of action and accuracy of fire. A new type of fuse has also been supplied which assures absolute precision of explosion of the shells both on impact and by delay action. The tests were made before a board consisting of Majors McNutt and Birney, of the Bureau of Ordnance, and many artiflety officers from the forts in the vicinity.

With the full caliber projectile the gun proved its ability to hurl 100 pounds of nitro-gelatine, said to be sufficient to annihilate any battle-ship affoat, a distance of about 3000 yards, with a degree of accuracy not excelled by the latest types of heavy rife ordnance. Two days were de-voted to the tests. The first shot hurled a six-inch shell, carrying 50 pounds of explosive, a distance of 5763 yards, bursting on impact with the water and sending a column of water 300 feet into the air. With a 10-luch shell, carrying 200 pounds of explosive, the extreme range was found to be \$460 yards, the shell exploding inder water with the desired delay action

In the test for accuracy, five eight-inch shells were drawned shells were dropped at the respective ranges of 5042, 5025, 5020, 5040 and 4070 yards, all of which would have taken effect, as auming that the target had been a bat-tie-ship about three miles away, or about double the distance of 2500 yards, now generally accepted as the limit of a prac-tical fighting range.

In the test for rapidity of fire, five full

caliber shells, weighing 1185 pounds, or more than half a ton each, were dis-charged in 11 minutes and 55 seconds, almost bringing the weapon within the class of rapid-fire places. The test for endurance called for the firing within two endurance called for the firing within two hours of 25 "air shots," or what in an ordinary gun would be called blank cartridges, but no difficulty was experienced in firing 40 shots in that time without any appreciable loss of pressure in the storage reservoir, the air pressure in the gun remaining uniform at each shot at 1000 counds.

FOR A NEW DEPARTMENT.

President Asked to Establish One of Commerce and Industries.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11 .- Elliott Du rand, Laverne Noyes and several other Chicagoans, representing the National Business League, today presented to the President a memorial urging him to rec-ommend in his message to Congress the establishment of a department of commerce and industries, and also the reor-ganization of the Consular service on a civil service basis. The President said it would be manifest

ly improper for him to tell what he would recommend in his message, but assured the members of the delegation that any suggestions they might make would receive grave consideration,

The delegation also invited the President to attend a banquet to be given in his honor during the Winter by the association. The President expressed his appreciation of the invitation, but said he could not accept it at this time. The President has been tendered similar invitations from organizations in various cities, but thus far has not seen his way clear to accept any of them.

INDIAN LABOR PROBLEM.

Whites Object to Aberigines Working the Road.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11 .- A labor pr such as has arisen only rarely Indian service, confronts the erlor Department as a result of the tion of 50 Indians of the San Carlos, Aria. the agency farmer, went to work on roads the reservation. Official advices re ceived by the Interior Department today announce that the citizens of that vicin ity met last night and finally remon-strated against the employment of in-dians on road work outside of the reser-vation. No details were given. It is said here that the construction work on which the Indians have been engaged is not being done by the Government. It is supbased that the basis of the objection is competition by persons supported by the Severnment. The San Carlos Indians Gevernment, have the reputation of being industrious and hardworking. A full report has been telegraphed for.

The Kentucky Collectorship. WASHINGTON, Nov. IL—A spirited contest is in progress for the Kentucky Collectorship of Internal Revenue made vacant by the resignation last Saturday of C. E. Sapp. Senator Deboe, ex-Governor Bradley, Commissioner of Internal Revenue Yerkes and several other prominent Kentuckians saw the President today on that subject. There are four cancer of the progression of the subject. day on that subject. There are four can-didates. If the Kentuckians cannot agree on a man, it is said it be nearly certain that the President will appoint J. H. Craft or General Basil Duke.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 11.-General Duke tonight authorized the statement that un-der no circumstances could be accept the position of Internal Revenue Collector for the District of Kentucky.

Roosevelt Not Ensily Pleased. Washington, Nov. 11.—President Rossevelt has not yet been able to secure a pair of horses to his liking. He has tried at least a dozen pairs, but all of these have had some defect. The hostler of the White House stables returned from a trip to Baltimore, where he visited the horse market, but found no suitable horses with long tails. The President is opposed to the practice of docking the tails of horses, and will not consider the purchase of this class of animals, no mat-

purchase of this class of animals, no matter what other qualifications they may Took Luncheon With Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11 .- Senstor War. ren, of Wyoming, took luncheon with the President today, and had a general talk with him regarding the irrigation of arid lands in the West.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE made to have the Census Office announce the result of the livestock census made last year in time for the National convention of the stockmen here next month At the present time there are no reliable figures to show the condition of the visible supply of cattle in the country, but the census figures of last year will give a basis from which to make close estimates. Assistant Secretary Johns, of the National Association, says the Census Office in stantus and we will forward same by mall. Manufacture the ecisbrates of cold curs, Lexalive Brosso-Quining Tablets.

TO DECIDE BOERS' APPEAL

ADMINISTRATION COUNCIL OF THE HAGUE COURT WILL MEET.

Appeal From the Decision That the War Is Not a Question for Arbitration to Come Up.

THE HAGUE, Nov. II.—The administration council of the Arbitration Bureau will meet November B to decide an appeal of the Beers against the rolling that the war in South Africa is not subject to the court's arbitration.

Work of Compensation Commission. LONDON, Nov. 11 .- The South African Compensation Commission today heard counsel in behalf of the French claimant, Martin, now of New York, who demanded \$30,000. The chairman remarked that it was clearly established that Martin was not deported by the British military authorities, and that, therefore, his claim was not within the scope of the commis-sion. General Sir John Argah, the representative of the government, announced that the government had settled with the Netherlands claimants for an aggregate sum of £37,500.

Denied by Boer De.egates. LONDON, Nov. 11,-The story circulated in the United States by a news agency today under an Amsterdam date ourporting to give the peace terms which the Boers are willing to accept, and alleging that they are to be embodied in a formal document for circulation among the powers, was seemingly started in an English provincial paper, and is denied by the Boer delegates at The Hague.

What Germany Alms to Obtain. NEW YORK, Nov. 11 .- A dispatch from Beriln to the London Times and the New York Times says the North German Gasette, explaining the agreement reached with Great Britain in regard to the claims for compensation arising out of the South African War, states that Geraims to obtain all the concessions which she herself, as a beiligerent, would he prepared to grant to the subjects of neutral powers.

GERMAN PAPERS DISAPPOINTED. Their Comment on the Speech of Lord Salisbury.

BERLIN, Nov. 11.—The German papers, in discussing the speech of Lord Balls-bury at the Guild Hall banquet in Lonion, express disappointment at the speech which "contains no word of conciliation for the Boers, and no prosepct of peace.' The Vossische Zeitung says:

"The time, we believe, is near when public opinion of Great Britain will find the courage to openly demand a change of policy in order to avoid a further weakening of Great Britain's position in the world."

It is authoritatively asserted that Dr. Leyds' European agent for the Trans-vaal has held no conference with officials since his arrival in Berlin.

A Thrust at Emperor William. BERLIN, Nov. 11 .- Referring to the various meetings held throughout Ger-many to denounce the recent reflections cast by Mr. Chamberlain in his speech at Edinburgh upon the conduct of the German troops in the war with France, the Cologne Volks Zeitung excuses the demonstration by pointing out that no German Government organ has printed a semi-official repudiation of Mr. Chama semi-official repudiation of Mr. Cham-berlain's sentiment, and that in the absence of auch repudiation public opin-ion must find expression in other ways.
"The movement shows," says the paper,
"that the German people cannot under-stand how British insolence can be put up with and how anybody can demonstra-tively show Angiomania." This is re-garded as a thrust at Emperor William.

As Viewed by London Papers. NEW YORK, Nov. 11 .- The London correspondent of the Tribune says that most of the unionist papers endeavor to extract consolation out of Lord Salisbury's speech at the Guild Hail, but the Mail is disappointed and describes it as upt one of his happiest efforts, while the pro-Boer journals complain that it adds nothing to the knowledge of the nation

Charges Against the Ministry. NEW YORK, Nov. II.—The Paris Jour-nal des Debats, quoted in a dispatch to the London Times and the New York Times from Paris, in referring to Lore Salisbury's Guild Hall speech, insists tha the British Ministry made the war in South Africa inevitable, and that it has

British Colonies Not in It.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11 .- According to the London correspondent of the Tribune, the City of London Corporation is one of the most conservative bodies in the civilized Year after year representatives of the self-governing colonies are passed over in issuing invitations to the Lord Mayor's banquet. This year the Agents-Genera actually caused a request to be made to the Lord Mayor that Greater Britain should in some way be editably represented at the Guild Hall, having regard to the tour of the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the prominent part the colo-nies had taken in assisting the mother country in South Africa. The civic authorities recognized the colonies by a spe-cial car in the annual street pageant, but could not see their way to comply with the suggestion of the Agents-General, the excuse being that all available space in the Gulld Hall had al-ready been allotted. Its antiquated invitation is one of the several things the Corporation of London faithfully adheres to, and there are many persons of no political, social or commer cial influence who are supposed to have a traditional right to attend the banquet. Not a few believe the Guild Hall ceremeny should really be what the pr sion purports to be, a summing up of the events of the previous 12 months. If this principle had been adopted the colonies would certainly not have been ignored.

Appeal of French Liberals.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11,-The Paris cor-NEW YORK, Nov. II.—The Paris cor-respondent of the London Times and the New York Times says the "Parliamentary group of Liberal action" has issued an appeal "to all Frenchmen dealring the country's internal and external greatness: all wishing to live under a system of lib-erty without license, and of exclal progress without violence; all desiring that the flag be respected in France and abroad and without violence; all desiring that the fiest be respected in France and abroad, and economy practiced in the national finances; all desiring liberty of conscience, education and association." The ad-dress says it is necessary to over-turn the Ministry, which trifies with the most precious liberties, encourages col-lectivist doctrines and imperils the na-tional fortune by prodigalities. The cortional fortune by prodigalities. The cor-respondent thinks the manifesto an apt ilistration of the saying that "language meant to conceal thought."

Charges Against the Ministry. NEW YORK, Nov. 11 .- The Paris Jour nal des Debats, quoted in a dispatch to the London Times and the New York Times from Paris, in referring to Lord Salisbury's Guild Hall speech, insists that the British Ministry made the war in South Africa inevitable, and that it has

combine and regulate the markets under certain conditions; says the Tribune's London correspondent. These representations, it is understood, are due to the belief that American capitalists are endeavoring to acquire controlling interests in undertakings having business relations with the state, and desire to defeat them.

INSURGENTS TRIED TO REPEAT THE SAMAR TACTICS.

Were Fully Armed and Completely Routed Them.

of insurgents, commanded by Leno Cos. The Filipinos apparently attempted to repeat the Samar tactics, but the Ameri cane, who were breakfasting, fully armed, completely routed the insurgents, who left five men dead on the field, each having a rife and ammunition. One American Settlement of Harriman-

was seriously wounded.
Captain Noyes, of the Thirteenth Infantry, commanding a detachment of 50 men, has captured a deserter named Richler, of the Sixth Artillery, wearing the uniform of an insurgent Lieutenant. NEW YORK, Nov. IL-The Mail and Express says:

"The delay in the announcement of the terms of the Northern Pacific settlement, it was learned today, is due to the inability so far to agree upon the details for the control of the Burlington and the sur-render of the Northern Pacific preferred stock owned by the Union Pacific. "This is the ground for the current re-port that there bad been a hitch in the deal, and it caused a considerable selling of Union Pacific stock. When it was au-

Situation in Samar. CATBALOGAN, Island of Samar, Nov. II.—The insurgents are flocking northward. They are suffering greatly from famine. Many isolated belomen have surand Morgan to give up a half interest in the Burlington to the Union Pacific and to permit the retirement of Northern Pa-

"In their efforts to determine how the Burlington should be financed, they met with unexpected difficulties, although it was agreed by both sides, it is said, that a proprietary company should be organized for this purpose, as well as another proprietary company for Great Northern and Northern Pacific. There was a disposition on the part of the Union Pacific to surrender its Northern Pacific stock in weeksness for shores in a new proprietary. To Regulate Chinese Immigration. exchange for shares in a new proprietary company, but members of the Harriman syndicate objected to paying a large syndicate objected to paying a large amount of cash for a one-half interest in the Burlington. The price of \$200 a share was thought to be too large, and if all cash were paid for Burlington it would mean an outlay of \$200,000,000, which was entirely different from what the Harriman scople had in mind. "It was said today that the most likely way out of the difficulty would be the surrender of the Northern Pacific holdings of Union Pacific in exchange for an in-terest in Burlington. The former are about \$77,000,000 par value, and are said to

have cost something more than that fig-But if the Northern Pacific and Great Northern accepted the exchange the Northern Pacific would be buying its own stock. It is believed that the two proprietary companies will afford a method of getting out of this dilemma, but at the moment things are not progressing very

BRIDGE CHARGE IN QUESTION,

United States Supreme Court Sends It Back to State for Hearing.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.-A decision was rendered by the United States Su preme Court today in the case of the Missouri, Texas & Kansas Railroad Com-pany vs. the Board of Railroad and Wareiouse Commissioners of Missouri. case came to the Supreme Court on a writ of error from the Supreme Court of the State of Missouri, and the decision of the State of Missouri, and the decision of the lower court was reversed. The prin-cipal issue was on the question of the re-moval of the case to the Federal courts. The case involves the legality of the charge made by the railroad company for transporting passengers and freight across its bridge over the Missouri River at Booneville, Mo. The state law fixes the rate for carrying passengers in Mis-souri at 3 cents per mile, and it seems that the railroad company attached an extra charge of 25 cents for their transportation across the bridge, and that an extra charge was also made for freight cross-ing the bridge. The practice was attacked by the Railroad Commissioners. In the Supreme Court of the state the law was case to the Federal courts on the gr that the company is a corporation of Kan-sas was overruled by the State Supreme Court, and it is this opinion that is now reversed. The case, therefore, goes back for further proceedings.

New Through Railway Line. CHICAGO Nov. IL-The Record-Herald

temorrow will say:
"A new through railway line from Chi cago to St. Louis is believed by residents of Springfield and other towns in the certral part of the state to be a certainty in the near future. The rumor is that the Chicago & Northwestern Rallway has completed the deal by which it will absorb the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis line, and thus gain an entrance into the desirable St. Louis territory."

MISS STONE IS HOPEFUL.

Forgetting Berself in Her Anxiety for Her Companion.

SOFIA. Nov. 11 .- From another letter that has been received from Miss Ellen M. Stone, the abducted American missionary, it appears that she is enduring the trials of her hard experience with forti-tude, forgetting herself in her anxiety for her companion, Mme. Tolka. Miss Stone does not dare to complain of the treatment to which they are subjected, but she finds the confinement irksome, and the weather extremely trying.

The tone of the latest letter received from her is hopeful. The brigands, by dating the letters at places in Macedonia, and delaying their delivery, seek to create the appearance of being far distant. The Bulgarian Government continues to interfere in the negotiations with the object of forcing a transference of them across the frontier.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets, druggists refund the money if it fails to E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

Salt Rheum

It may become chronic.

It may cover the body with large, inflamed, burning, itching, scaling patches and cause intense suffering. It has been known to do 80.

Do not delay treatment. Thoroughly cleanse the system of the humors on which this ailment depends and prevent their

return. The medicine taken by Mrs. Ida E. Ward, Cove Point, Md., was Hood's Sarsaparilla She writes: "I had a disagreeable itching on my arms which I concluded was salt rheum I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and in two days felt better. It was not long before I was cured and I have never had any skin

Hood's Sarsaparilla Promises to cure and keeps the promise. It is positively une-

qualed for all cutaneous eruptions.

Americans, Who Were Breakfasting,

BERLIN, Nov. IL—Count von Bulow, Imperial Chancellor, after going this morning to Potsdam to confer with Emperor William, called a cabinet meeting this afternoon. The North German Gasette asserts that the object of the meeting was to act upon changes made by the Bundesruth in the tariff bill. It is ascertained by a representative of the Associated Press from inside sources that some important changes have been made. MANILA, Nov. 11.—Major William L. Pitcher, of the Eighth Regiment of In-fantry, communding the Mindoro expedi-tion, reports that the garrison of Abra de Ilos was attacked yesterday by a force

Major Pitcher says he recently captured three officers and a large part of an insurgent company, all fully armed. It is believed the insurgents recently received an illicit supply of munitions of war.

rendered. Only fear caused by Lukban's proclamation, threatening with death those who surrender, prevents a general submission of the insurgents, but it is expected that this will be secured in a few days.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Secretary Root has approved certain suggestions made by Governor Taft for the better regulation of the immigration of Chinese into the Philippine Islands. The main object of the modifications suggested is the better enforcement of the immigration laws of the United States as applied to the Philippines. When these laws were put in operation by General Otis in 1898, it was provided that bona fide Chinese residents of the Philippines, who might leave that country, would be allowed to return upon the production of the required legal certification. The principal changes recommended by Governor Taft are that the privileges of returning to the islands be limited to one year and a half, and that this privilege be wholly denied to all Chinese who left the islands tion laws of the United States as apdenied to all Chinese who left the islands during or before 1898, and who have not since returned.

BECKHAM TO DURBIN.

Governor of Kentucky Severely Arraigns Executive of Indiana.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 11 .- Governor FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. II.—Governor Beckham tonight addressed to Governor Durhin, of Indiana, a letter replying to the criticism by that executive of the courts and officials of Kentucky in his recent letter refusing to honor the requisition for Taylor and Finley, wanted for alleged complicity in the assassination of Governor Goebel. He severely arraigns Governor Durbin for his refusal, charging that in doing so he violated his outh that in doing so he violated his oath office to support the Constitution of the United States, and that he became "a party after the fact to that most infamous crime in the history of this state, the coldslooded and dastardly murder of an emient and distinguished citizen of Kentucky.

The Kentucky Executive also charges that Governor Durbin's action in refus-ing was the result of the political bargain made before his election to office, and characterizes his charges against the courts and officials of Kentucky as serious and inexcusable misrepresentations. He takes the stand that the Governor of a state has no discretions. state has no discretionary powers, but only ministerial powers, in the honoring of legally drawn regulations from other states, and this is taken here as an indication of the Seventh National Bank of the that steps will shortly be taken in the courts to compel Governor Durbin by mandamus to honor the regulations. If the such proceedings are instituted, they will been organized in New York The object of the such proceedings are instituted, they will been organized in New York. The object of the such proceedings are instituted, they will been organized in New York. The object of the saccitation is to secure the removal of the male is ous disorders of the male is of legally drawn requisitions from other ficially stated that the condition of the reor-

ALABAMA RATIFIES.

New Constitution Will Have a Ma-Jerity of 27,000.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 11.—Returns from 40 countles in Alabama indicate that the new constitution will be ratified by 27,000 majority. Jefferson County and the City of Birmingham gave a very heavy vote for ratification. Leaders of the opposition to the new constitution allege that frauda were committed in Birming-ham and throughout the state. General Charles M. Shelly, who is chairman of the campaign committee, opposed to the ratification, gave out the following state-

We have carried whole counties by large majority against ratification of the new constitution, notwithstanding fraud-ulent methods in this and other towns in Northern Alabama. We do not think it is possible for advocates of ratification to commit frauds in the black belt or negro countles sufficient to change the result." If the new constitution is adopted, 35 per cent of the negro vote will be elim-inated from politics in Alabama, O. W. Underwood, chairman of the Democratic Campaign Committee, said tonight: "I claim the state for the new con-

Injunction Against Railroad. EL PASO, Tex., Nov. II.—The motion to dissolve the injunction against the Bis-bee Railway, restraining it from crossing

stitution by 27,800 majority."

a pase near here already occupied by the Southern Pacific, was overruled by Judge Parker at Alamogordo, N. M., today. The final hearing will occur December 9, and until that date at least the Bisbee is re-strained from constructing its tracks in the disputed territory.

Telegraphic Brevities. Prince Christian, eldest son of the Crown Prince of Denmark, is severely ill with scarlet

William Simpson, a Louisville, Ky., sales-man, committed suicide when confronted with a shortage of \$1000. The Governor of Ersoum, while traveling to-ward Musz, was assaulted by a band of Kurds and atripped of everything.

The Nebraska conference of the Colorado Mission, Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints, convened in Omaha. Three persons have been killed and 25 others injured in a mining accident at Stamure, Prus-

sia. Thirteen are still entombed. Burgiars blew open the safe of the Bank of Chatham, at Chatham, Ill., and secured \$1500. The burgiars escaped on a bandear. A flow of oil has been struck in a well at Debeque, Colo., at a depth of 200 feet. A gushing oil flaid is expected to be developed. The owners of all the petroleum works in Gal-licia, Austro-Hungary, have decided to form a

trust to end the existing reckless competition. King Edward has decided to have the cele brated Koh-I-Noor diamond mounted in the own of Queen Alexandra for the coronation. Fire at Broad and Franklin streets, Boston, this morning, did \$100,000 damage to the es-tablishment of the Murphy Varnish Company. The Municipal Council of St. Cloud has de cided to give the name of Santos-Dumont to a street leading to the balloon park in St. Cloud. The 300-pound cannon, captured in the Philippines, donated by Secretary of War Root to Hamilton College, Utica, N. Y., has been re-

H. G. Harby, a wealthy citizen of Plorida was shot and killed on a train by J. H. Red-ing, his brother-in-law, and a member of the last Florida Legislature. William Ogden, of McLean County, has bought 180,000 acres of land in Western Kan-

ATTACKED BY FILIPINOS ARE YOUR KIDNEYS DISEASED?

If Any of Your Family Either in This or Past Generations Have Been Troubled With Kidney Disease, Make a Test of Your Urine and Satisfy Yourself.

Miss Ciara Arnot, Secretary of the Northshore German Club of Kenosha, Wis., Says She Has Been Permanently Cured by Warner's Safe Cure.

WARNER'S SAFE CURE, to begin with, is purely vegetable, and contains no harmful drugs, is a most valuable and effective tonic, it is a utimulant to digestion, and awakens the torpid fiver, putting the patient into the very best receptive state for the work of the restorer of the kidneys. It goes right at its work, and does it with absolute method, preparing the tissues, southing where soothing is needed, stimulating the enfeebled organs and healing at the same time. It builds up the body, gives it strength, and restores the energy that is or has been wasting under the baneful suffering of kidney disease. In the morning put some urine in a glass or bottle, let it stand "14

hours; if there is a reddish sediment in the bottom of the glass, or if the prine is cloudy or milky, or if you see particles or germs floating about in it, your kidneys are diseased and you should lose no time, but get a bottle of WARNER'S SAFE CURE, as it is dangerous to neglect your kidneys for even

You begin with no symptoms more definable than by the term lassttude. You are languid, low spirited, weak and flabby, and a constantly drubbing ache in the small of your back. Then come chills, scalding and pains when you urinate and a frequent desire to urinate. Your appetite is nearly gone and your digestion is not good.

WARNER'S SAFE CURE silays the backache at once, improves the appetite, relieves and removes the pain and restores the patient to robust health



Miss Clara Arndt, secretary of the Northshore German Club, composed of young society folk engaged in the higher study of the Teutonic language at Kenosha, Wis., writes a grateful letter, which is a fair sample of thousands written every week by people who have suffered with kidney disease and been cured by WAR-NER'S SAPE CURE. Miss Arndt writes: "I know WARNER'S SAFE CURE saved my life Last Spring I had a severe at-tack of jaundice, with other complications, caused by the diseased condition of my kidneys and liver, which laid me up for several weeks. I lost my appetite, became nervous and irritable, lost flesh and courage and found no relief until our druggist advised me to my WARNERS SAFE CURE. The first builts belief we SAFE CURE. The Brat bottle helped me, so I tried another and then another, and inside of a month I was well and have enjoyed good health ever since. I gladly indorse WARNER'S SAFE CURE."

Thousands of letters are received from grateful patients, who, like Miss Arndt, have been permanently cured by WARNER'S SAFE CURE of a complication of diseases which originated in the kidneys.

FREE. As evidence of their complete confidence in WARNER'S SAFE CURE as an absolute cure for all diseases of the kidneys bladder, liver and blood, the manufacturers. Warner's Safe Cure Company, Rochester, N. Y., will send any one who writes and mentions having seen this liberal offer in this paper, a trial bottle of this valuable medicine absolutely free, postpaid, together with a medical bookiet containing many convincing testimonials of wonderful cures. This is locked upon as a plain business proposition bythe WARNER SAFE CURE COMPANY, because they know that WARNER'S SAFE CURE never fails to cure, and that the sufferer with kidney disease who uses a trial bottle will realize that that the sufferer with kidney disease who uses a trial bottle will realize that its effect is beneficial, and will continue to use it until a cure is effected. The genuineness of this offer is fully guaranteed. All letters answered by regular practicing physician and treated strictly confidential. You can get WARNER'S SAFE CURE at any drug store; regular size it a bottle, reduced from it is a bottle. If your drugglest does not have it write Warner's Safe Cure Company, Rochester, N. Y.

sas, which will be converted into the largest wheat reach in the world. The Japanese naval department is proparing to establish a steel plate factory at Kure, at a cost of 6,000,000 ym. The plant will be in working order in three years.

Fire during a gale of wind Sunday night was followed by the complete destruction of every mercantile and several of the finest houses in Pucwash, N. S.; loss, \$50,000. Controller of the Currency Ridgley has of-

tariff of 10 cents a pound on tea imported into

The gruiser Olympia, which has been under going repairs at the Boston yard, will be put in commission December 18, and be assigned to the North Atlantic squadron. She will be the flagship of Admiral Higginson.

Baron Massahide, of Tokio, has obtained from Director-General Sheag, of the Chinese rail-way, a concession for the erection of import-ant telephone lines, which, will connect the largest cities throughout China.

While the Sultan of Johore was out riding with Miss Tyler, one of the saddle borses felt, with Miss Tyler, one of the saddle burses fell, breaking its neck. Miss Tyler was thrown on the sidewalk and rendered unconscious. Though severely injured, she will recover.

At a special conference of the general authorities of the Mormon church yesterday the action of the council of apostles in selecting Joseph F. Smith as president of the church in succession to ine late Lorenzo Snow was sustained. Negotiations are being carried on by J. P. Morgan whereby it is expected that the Break-Morgan whereby it is expected that the Break-er Island plant of the Troy (N. Y.) Steel Cum-pany will soon be absorbed by the United States Corporation. The plant, which is the largest in the stale, has been idle for five years, and is now in the hands of a receiver.

At one time it employed 3000 me Webfoot Hard Wheat Flour

WOMAN'S WEIGH

Does not always keep pace with woman's will. There are energetic, home-loving women who by sheer force of will keep themselves going, and fancy that strength of will can take the place of strength of body. But it can't. Every day will see a loss of

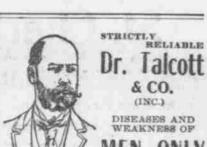


diseases which sap the strength and undermine the vitality. Dr. Pierce's Pavorite Prescription dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and and cures female weakness. Where the

disease is marked by loss or flesh, there is a steady regaining of weight coincident with the cure which proves the renewal of health to be thorough and permanent. of neath to be thorough and permanent.

"Three years ago," writes Mrs. John Grahsm,
of sois Plumb Street (Frankford), Philadelphia,
Penna. "I had a very had attack of dropsy
which left me with heart frouble, and also a
very weak back. At times I was so had that I
did not know what to do with myself. I came
to Philadelphia two years ago, and picking up
one of your little books one day began to read
what your 'Favorite Prescription' had done for
others, I determined to try it myself. I took
seven bottles, and to day I am a strong, well
woman, weighing ros pounds. Have gained 20
pounds aince I started to use your 'Pavorite
Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the bowels and stimulate the sluggish lives

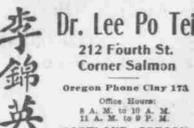


A Damaged Prostate Gland

The Prostate Gland (so-called neck of bladder) is a structure very rich in nerves. When the terminations of these nerves are kept in a constant state of excitement, by chronic inflammatory processes, it appears very clear that by transmission of the traitation to other nerves the nation this irritation to other serves the patient may be subject to nervous phenomena of the most varied character. Prematureness, Loss of Vitality, etc., are not weaknesses, but symptoms of this inflammation. We have prepared a colored chart, which we will send free on application, by which say one interested can readily understand why, if he has been treated for a weakness, he has not been cured. We particularly solicit this class of cases, and can promise a speedy cure. can promise a speedy cure.

PORTLAND OFFICE. 2501 Alder Street, cor. Third St. San Francisco Office, 197 Market Street.

CHINESE MEDICINE OFFICE.



PORTLAND, OREGON. WALLA WALLA, Wash., Sept. 13, 1901. WALLA WALLA, Wash, sept, is 18th.
Dr. Lee Po Tel-Dear Sir: Please accept my heartfelt thanks for the benefit I received from your treatment, and to all who are afflicted I wish to say that you are a physician of the highest type, as I have been treated by the most eminent doctors in the States of Washington, Oregon and California, but all failed, and you cured me in two weeks. I worked last week, the first work I have done in two years. With many thanks, I remain, yours truly.



HEADACHE

Positively oured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspep. sia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nauses, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TOR-PID LIVER. They Regulate the Bow-

els. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill. Small Dose.

Small Price.